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No. 97.]

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A RETAIL LIST
OF
NEW
BEAUTIFUL & RARE
PLANTS

OFFERED BY

WILLIAM BULL, F.L.S., F.R.G.S.,
F.R.H.S., M.A.I., & F.R.B.S.,

SOCC. HORT. BEROL., BRUXELL., ST. PETERSBURG ET PARIS,
ET SOC. AGRIC. ET BOT. GANDAV. SOCIUS,

NEW PLANT MERCHANT,
KING'S ROAD, CHELSEA,
LONDON, S.W.

CONSERVATORY OF PLANTS
JUNED 1874.



Mr. WILLIAM BULL'S ESTABLISHMENT FOR NEW AND RARE PLANTS

Is under the distinguished patronage of
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HER ROYAL HIGHNESS THE CROWN PRINCESS OF PRUSSIA.
HIS SERENE HIGHNESS THE DUKE OF TECK.
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SON ALTESSE LE PRINCE SALM SALM.
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GARDENERS.

The greatest reliance may be placed on Mr. William Bull's recommendations, as every possible care is taken that only Gardeners (or Gardeners and Bailiffs) of thorough ability, practical experience, steady habits, and whose integrity is unimpeachable, are entered on his register.

WILLIAM BULL, F.L.S.,

BEGS TO ANNOUNCE THAT HE IS NOW OFFERING FOR THE FIRST TIME MANY

BEAUTIFUL PLANTS

WHICH ARE

PERFECTLY NEW TO THIS COUNTRY,

COMPRISING INTRODUCTIONS FROM

MADAGASCAR, PERU, JAVA, PHILIPPINE ISLANDS,
NEW CALEDONIA, ST. CATHERINE'S, RIO NEGRO, NICARAGUA,

UNITED STATES OF COLOMBIA, COSTA-RICA, PARA, NATAL,
JAPAN, ASCENSION, SOUTH SEA AND FIJI ISLANDS, &c., &c.

AN INSPECTION OF WHICH IS INVITED.

THE PRINCE CONSORT'S GOLD MEDAL,

THE LINDLEY MEDAL,

MANY GOLD BANKSIAN MEDALS,

AND

UPWARDS OF ONE THOUSAND PRIZES

AND AWARDS

HAVE BEEN MADE TO

WILLIAM BULL, F.L.S.,

FOR NEW AND RARE PLANTS ALONE

AT THE PRINCIPAL LONDON FLOWER SHOWS.

Mr. W. BULL mentions this as conveying some idea of the importance of his collection

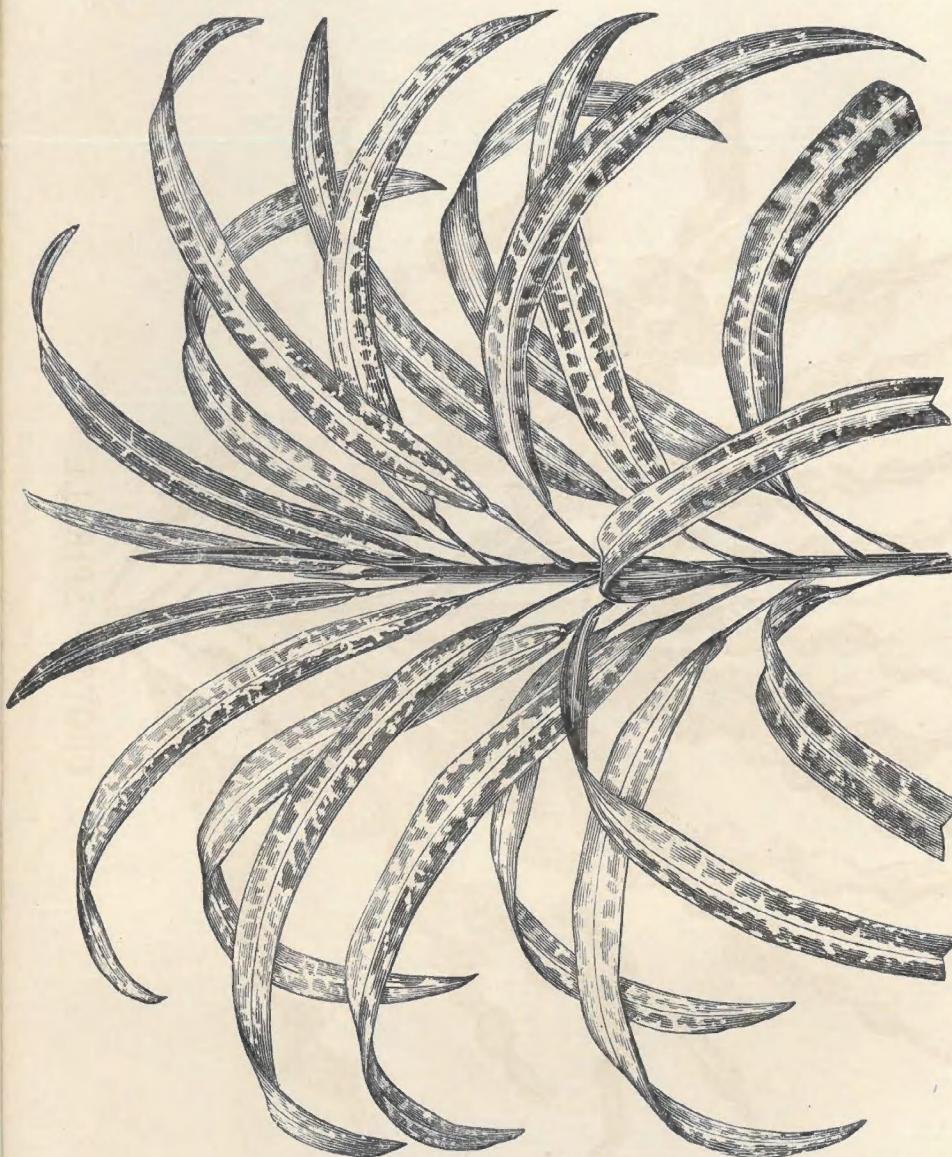
Mr. W. BULL begs to intimate that Ladies and Gentlemen possessing plants that have grown too large for their houses, can have them exchanged at his Establishment for New Plants.

Mr. W. B. wishes to remark that his attention is especially directed to the introduction of New, Rare, and Beautiful Plants, and that he will be happy to make arrangements with *Botanists* or *Naturalists* going abroad for the transmission of *Plants*, *Seeds*, &c.; and will be glad to purchase or make arrangements for the sending out of any first-rate *Seedling varieties* of *Plants* that may be raised by *Amateurs* or *Gardeners* in this country.



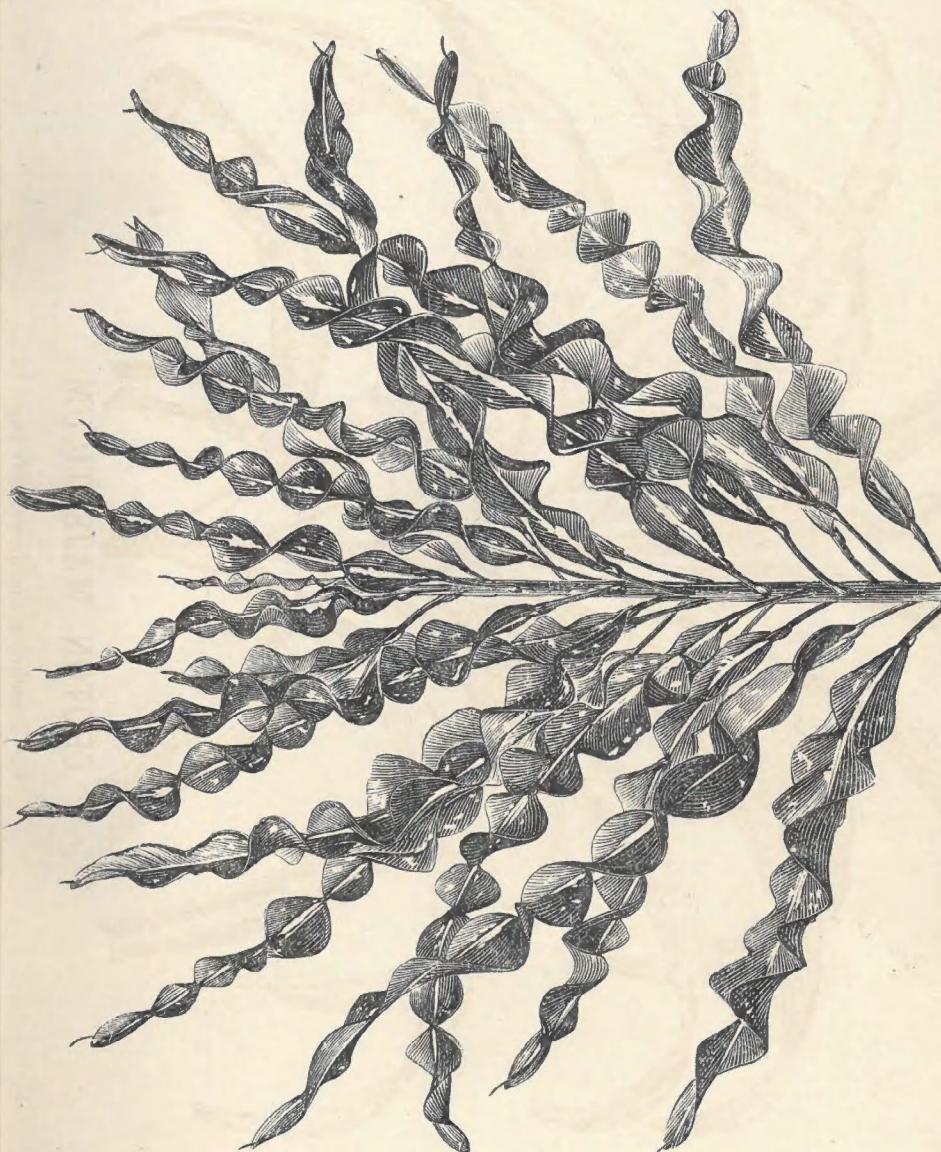
DIPLADENIA BREARLEYANA.

For description and price, *vide* page 13.



CROTON MAJESTICUM.

For description and price, *vide* page 19



CROTON SPIRALE.

For description and price, *vide* page 13.

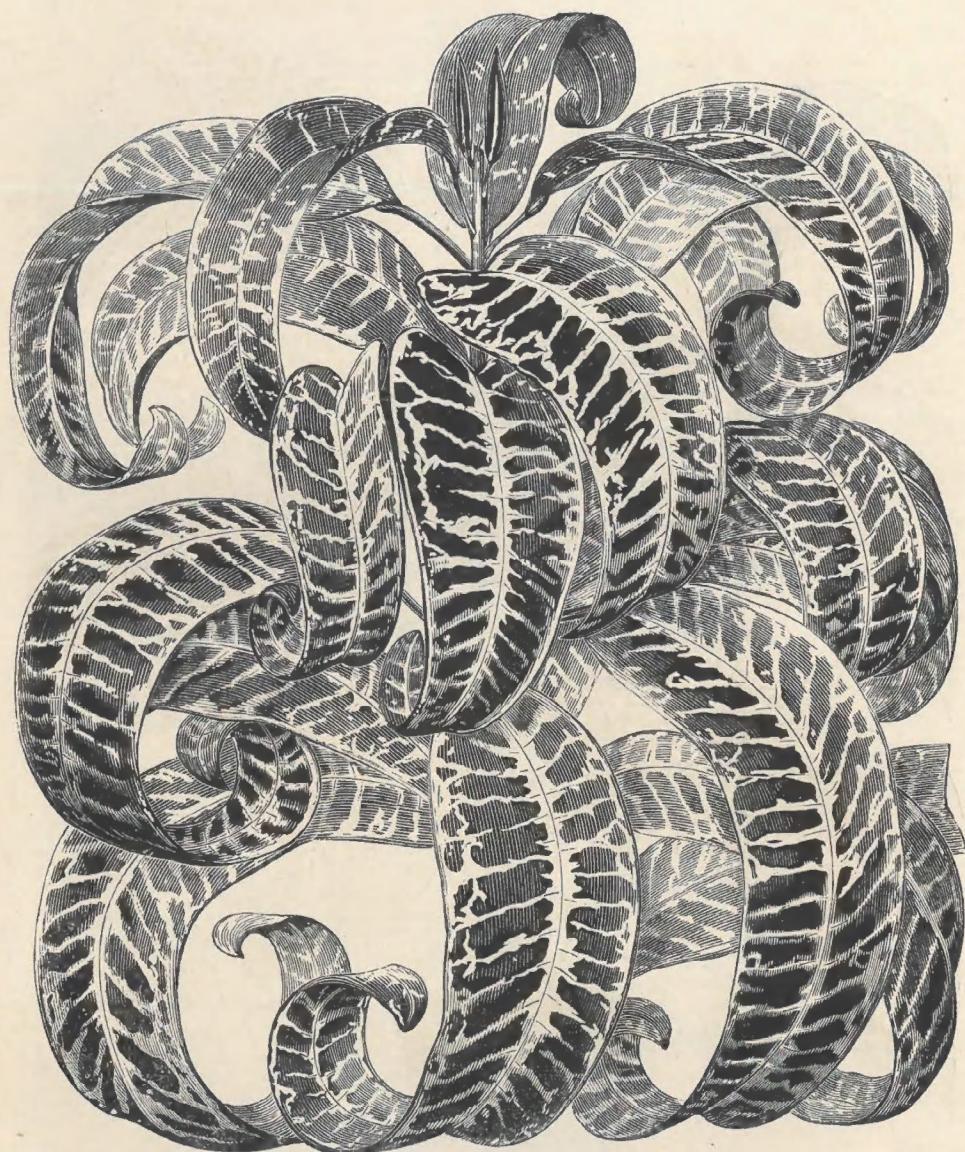


CAMPSIDIUM FILICIFOLIUM.

For description and price, *vide* page 3.



ERYTHRINA PARCELII.



CROTON VOLUTUM.

For description and price, *vide* page 18.



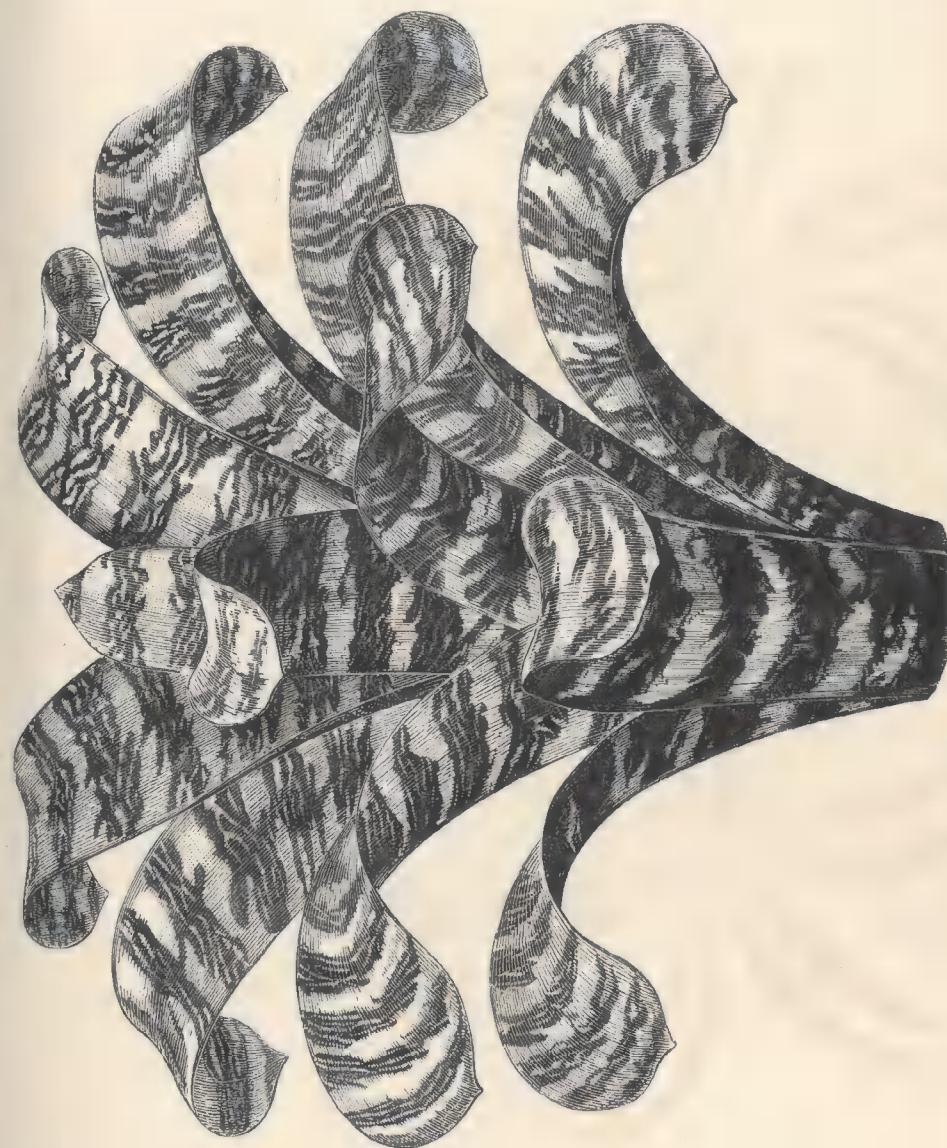
GYMNOGRAMMA DECOMPOSITA.

For description and price, *vide* page 6.



HIPPEASTRUM VITTATUM HARRISONIÆ.

For description and price, *vide* page 6.



TILLANDSIA MUSAICA.

For description and price, *vide* page 9.



SPATHIPHYLLUM PICTUM.

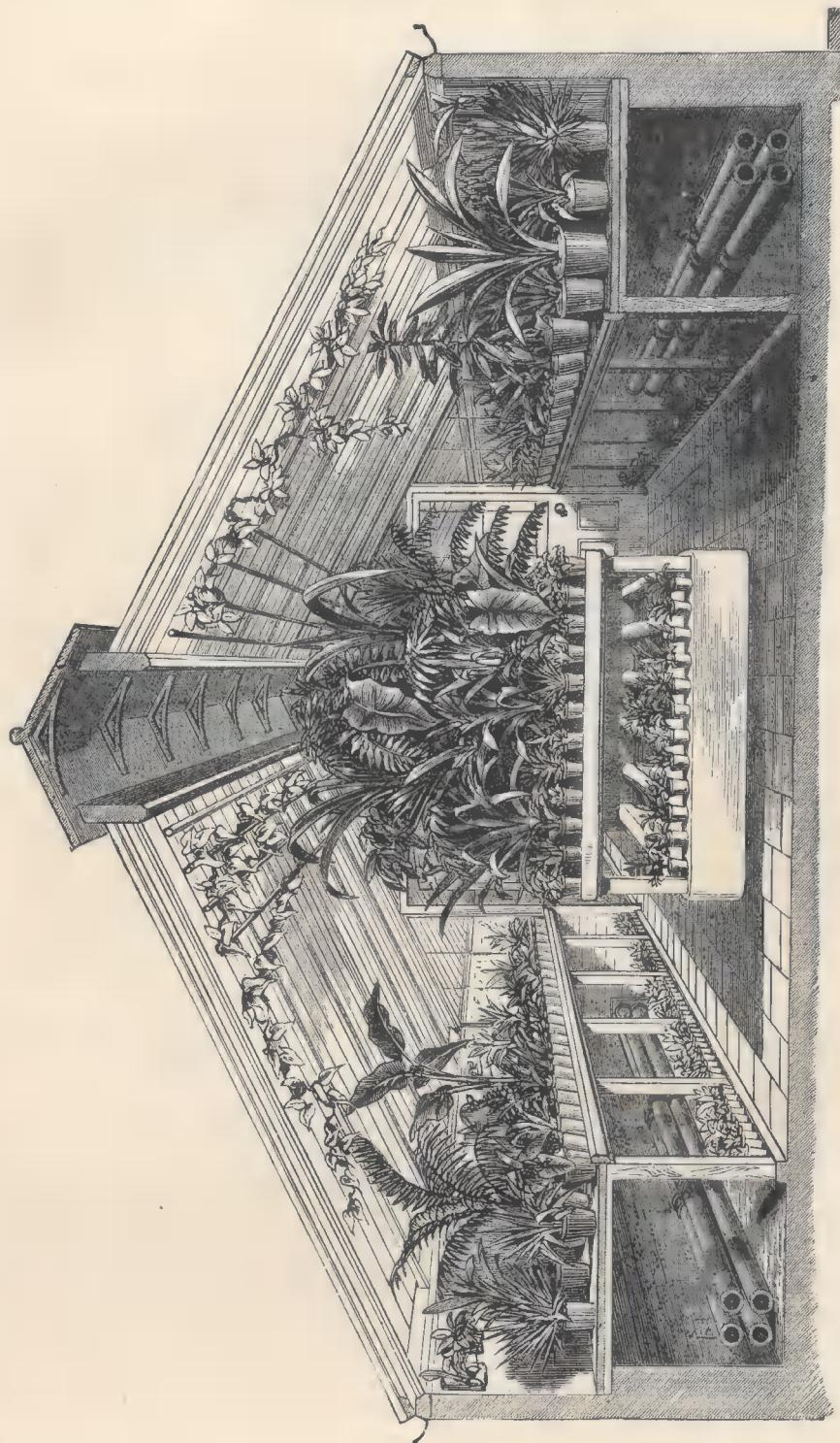
For description and price, *vide* page 13.



PELARGONIUM QUEEN VICTORIA.

For description and price, *vide* page 9.

NEW PLANTS INTRODUCED BY WILLIAM BULL, F.L.S.



MR. WILLIAM BULL'S HOUSES EXCLUSIVELY FOR NEW PLANTS NOT IN COMMERCE.

NEW PLANTS

ANNOUNCED FOR THE FIRST TIME.

In offering the following NEW PLANTS, Mr. William Bull begs to say that they will all be found to partake of the usual excellence of his introductions, and to maintain the high reputation of the plants previously sent out by him.

ARALIA GRANATENSIS.

This free-growing stove shrub was sent from New Grenada as an Aralia, from which genus, however, it appears widely to differ. It is a soft-wooded plant with alternate leaves, which in young plants of a foot and a half high are about a foot long, and nearly as much in breadth, of a soft herbaceous texture, peltately attached, and of a pale green colour, the under surface being clothed with cobwebby hairs. These leaves are ovate in outline, three-lobed, with ovate-acuminate lobes, and there is a peculiar white patch at the lower side of the base of the terete petioles. The stems are marked by a ring at each node, showing the presence at an earlier stage of a convolute stipule, as seen in Artocarpads. 10s. 6d.

BERBERIS CORDIFORMIS.

A neat looking shrub, raised from seed obtained from Rio Grande do Sul. In the young state the leaves are long stalked, simple, of a roundish cordate figure, blunt at the apex, and dentate at the margin, the teeth rather distant and terminating each in a slender spinous point. They are slightly glaucous on the under surface. 1 guinea.

BIGNONIA AURANTIACA.

A slender woody stove climber, a native of South America. The stems are furnished with opposite pinnate leaves, having from three to five leaflets, which are of moderate size, elliptic-oblong and acuminate. The flowers are tubular, an inch and a half across the face of the limb, and of a pleasing orange yellow colour. 10s. 6d.

BILLBERGIA SAUNDERSII.

A charming and distinct stove epiphytal perennial, the leaves of which are few in number, and embrace each other in a tubulose manner at the base. They are lorate in form, 1 foot long, somewhat acute, with fine marginal spines, dull green on the upper surface, the lower surface and the cylindrical tubulose or amplectant portion purplish, scattered over with unequal whitish blotches, which are also apparent on the upper surface. The flowers are in slender half-nodding racemes a foot long, the scapes being furnished with long crimson bracts, those of the inflorescence loose and spreading, lanceolate, 3 inches long, and nearly an inch broad; they are solitary in the axils of the bracts, upwards of 2 inches long, the calyx deep dull crimson, and the corolla, which extends 1½ inch beyond it, indigo blue towards the tip, the anthers being orange-coloured. It comes from Bahia. 1½ guinea.

BORONIA MEGASTIGMA.

A remarkably effective Australian greenhouse plant, desirable not only on account of the peculiar colour of its flowers, but also for their fragrance. It is of slender habit, with twiggish branches, clothed with spare foliage, and bearing copious axillary flowers. The leaves are sessile, pinnate, with 3 to 5 narrow linear rigid leaflets. The flowers are drooping, half-an-inch in diameter, sub-globose campanulate, the nearly orbicular concave petals being maroon purple outside, and yellow within. The aromatic fragrance of the flowers is most delicious. 10s. 6d. and 15s.

CAMPSIDIUM FILICIFOLIUM.

A free-growing slender woody climber, from the Fecjee Islands, and referred doubtfully to *Campsidium*, from the analogy of its foliage. It has opposite imparipinnate leaves, which are about 5 inches long, including a petiole of 1 inch, and consist of nine pairs of leaflets, which are small, ovate, deeply cut into two or three lobes on each side, the larger lobes being sometimes also toothed. The leaves, from their size and form, are strongly suggestive of fronds of some small-growing pinnate *Asplenium*, *A. viride* for example. The growth and general character of the plant is so elegant that whether cultivated as a small pot plant, trained on globular or other trellises, or planted as a climber, it has a most charming and engaging appearance. The flowers are as yet unknown. It has received First Class Certificates both from the Royal Horticultural and Royal Botanic Societies. 1 and 1½ guinea.

COFFEA LIBERICA.

This new species of Coffee has been introduced from Liberia, on the west coast of Africa. It is a plant of the highest commercial importance, for it is far more prolific than the old *C. arabica*, of much better flavour, and produces berries double the size of that species; added to which, its constitution is much more robust, so that it can be cultivated where the ordinary Coffee will not succeed. 10s. 6d.

CYATHEA BURKEI.

This fine greenhouse Tree Fern is a native of South Africa, whence it has been imported. It has stoutish stems, 5 to 6 feet high, and shaggy with dark-coloured rootlets. The fronds, which are large and drooping, are of an herbaceous texture, bipinnate, the pinnules lanceolate acuminate, with oblong-ovate obtuse segments, which are rather sparingly soriferous. The dark mahogany-coloured stipes and main rachis are studded with short obtuse raised points, which renders them rough to the touch. The drooping habit of the fronds gives this plant a very ornamental character. It was awarded a First Class Certificate by the Royal Horticultural Society, in June, 1873. Price on application.

CYATHEA DREGEI.

This also has been imported from South Africa. It forms a fine greenhouse Tree Fern, with bipinnate fronds of stoutish texture, and having the pinnules lanceolate, with oblong-ovate falcate segments, bluntish at the point, and having the sori in the lower half immersed in rufous wool. The trunk grows from 3 to 4 feet high, and the stipes and rachides are reddish brown, without the tubercles or blunt aculei which distinguish *C. Burkei*. It is a distinct and desirable addition to our cultivated Tree Ferns; and was awarded a First Class Certificate by the Royal Horticultural Society in June, 1873. Price on application.

* * The above two Ferns were sent out by Mr. W. B., after his Catalogue for 1873 was published; so that although now catalogued for the first time, they must, in competing for Mr. W. B.'s prizes, be considered as introductions of 1873.

DIOSCOREA ARGYRÆA.

This pretty slender stove climber has been introduced from New Grenada. It has wiry stems, and cordate seven-nerved green leaves, the nerves of which are bordered with distinct irregular angular patches of silvery gray, which, being thus disposed, appear to form a series of broken variegated silvery bands, extending from the base to the apex. The blade of the leaf is about 5 inches across, and slightly more in length, and the petioles are thickened both at the base and apex. 1 guinea.

DRACÆNA BAPTISTII.

A stove evergreen plant, of bold and effective habit, introduced to our gardens from the South Sea Islands. The leaves are full deep green, oblong-elliptic, tapered at the base, acuminate, 1 to 1½ foot long, 4 inches broad, margined and irregularly and obliquely striped with narrowish creamy white flakes, passing through pale pink to deep rose. The older leaves frequently become flushed with rose. The leaf-stalks are prettily rayed with pink. One peculiarity of this variety which adds very greatly to its utility as a decorative plant is, that from its youngest stages the leaves bear its characteristic markings. It is an extremely handsome and thoroughly distinct variety. 1½ and 2 guineas.

* * This Dracaena was sent out by Mr. W. B. after his Catalogue for 1873 was published; so that although now catalogued for the first time, it must, in competing for Mr. W. B.'s prizes, be considered an introduction of 1873.

DRACÆNA FORMOSA.

This is remarkable for its fine spreading habit and gracefully curving leaves. It comes from the Feejee Islands. The leaves are numerous, narrowish oblong, or linear-ligulate, much elongated, about 1½ ft. long and 2 in. broad, spreading widely, so that young plants are broader than high; they are tapered off at the apex, and narrowed into a channeled stalk-like base 4 to 5 inches long. The older ones are of a bronzy purple colour, but the younger central leaves in well-established plants are margined, and more or less freely ornamented with broad rosy pink stripes, or become wholly of the same rosy pink hue, which deepens into a full rosy red. Its free-growing and spreading habit will render it a useful plant for decorative purposes. It has received a Certificate from the Royal Botanic Society. 1½ guinea.

DRACÆNA GRANDIS.

A very distinct form of *Dracæna*, stocky in habit, with broad densely-set spreading or ascending leaves. It has been introduced from Samoa. The stalk-like base of the leaf is 4 to 5 inches long, with the edges pressed together and coloured white, changing to rosy pink. The blade is broadly ovate-oblong, acuminate, a foot long and four and a half inches broad, with an obliquely striate or plicate surface, which is of a shaded deep and bright green, broadly edged near the base, which is cordate, with blush white, the extreme margin being of a deep magenta rose, which at length becomes more or less suffused over the pallid portions; there are also divergent stripes or flakes of the pale colouring, which become more or less tinged with the rosy hue. This plant indicates a new type of *Dracænas*. 1½ guinea.

DRACÆNA ILLISTRIS.

One of the very best of the *Dracænas*, of bold and distinct habit, and densely leafy. The leaves have a stalk-like base 4 or 5 inches long, the edges of which are appressed, and of a glaucous green; and a curving blade, some 18 inches long, and 4 to 4½ inches wide, ovate-oblong acuminate, with a subcordiform base, and oblique veins. The surface is marked in the direction of the veins with small streaky blotchings, sometimes half an inch wide, but generally narrower, of dark and pale green and greenish white, the latter portions soon becoming suffused with rose. A handsome and effective plant, introduced into this country from the South Sea Islands. 1½ guinea.

DRACÆNA NIGRO-STRIATA.

This comes like many of the new *Dracænas* from the Solomon Islands. The leaves are narrow lanceolate, 18 to 20 inches long, and from 3 to 4 inches broad, with a slender contracted stalk-like base, the colour a deep rich green, with broad irregular oblique stripes of dark bistre brown, and the stalk-like base streaked with brown and pale green. In the younger leaves the green ground colour is paler, and the markings are of a pale umber brown colour. It is a most distinct plant on account of the novel colouring of its leaves, and is of remarkably elegant growth, the leaves being prettily arched. 1 guinea.

DRACÆNA PICTA.

Growth somewhat erect; the leaves linear-lanceolate acuminate, 15 inches long, and about 2½ broad, with an additional 4 inches occupied by the stalk-like base, the edges of which are appressed, and of a rosy tint, which runs up into the tapered base of the leaves. The margin of the leaves, and frequently the midrib, is of a deep magenta rose, which colour also occurs at the back of the leaf, the marginal colouring being most strongly developed at the base. When it "breaks into colour," broad portions of the leaves, sometimes entire leaves, become blush, and subsequently pass into rose and purplish rose, all these tints mingling with the green in the leaves that are less fully coloured. The older leaves are of a full deep green, very slightly flushed with red on both surfaces. It has been introduced from Viti Levu. 1 guinea.

DRACÆNA PRINCEPS.

This variety, which gained a Certificate from the Royal Botanic Society, is of tall and erect habit, with moderately full slightly spreading old leaves, the oblong-acuminate blades of which, narrowed at the base, are 15 inches long, and about 3 inches broad, the appressed stalk-like portion about 4 to 5 inches long, glaucous, and marked with a pallid rosy edge. The general colour is a dull deep green, with a rosy margin, and a few rosy stripes near the tip, the central or younger leaves being beautifully streaked with bands of green and rose, and the colours being well marked on the under as well as the upper surface. It is a finely-coloured and telling variety, introduced from the Solomon Islands. 1½ guinea.

DYCKIA LEMAIREANA.

A pretty epiphytal stove Bromeliaceous plant, forming a tuft of curving leaves about a foot across. The leaves are about a foot long, broadest and closely imbricating at the base, and tapering gradually to the semi-pungent apex, the older ones recurved, rather thick and rigid, dark dull green, paler beneath, channelled above, the margin beset with weak spines $\frac{3}{8}$ to $\frac{1}{2}$ inch apart. The slender nodding flower scape issues from the lower axils, and terminates in a spike of about 8 sessile flowers, of an orange red or pale vermilion colour, and pleasantly scented, the petals, about an inch long, fleshy and somewhat spreading at the tips. It was imported from Rio Grande do Sul. 10s. 6d.

ENCEPHALARTOS VILLOSUS AMPLIATUS.

A magnificent greenhouse Cycad, imported from South Africa. It has a stout cylindrical stem, 2 feet or more in height, and grandly arching leaves 8 or 9 feet long; these leaves are pinnately divided, and narrowed both to the base and apex; the pinnae are lanceolate, 6 to 8 inches long, distinctly serrate, the teeth being more numerous towards the tip of the pinnae; the lower pinnae, which are much diminished in size, have three or four strongly-developed teeth. The base of the petiole is thickly clothed with woolly hairs, which are continued along the rachis, less and less abundantly upwards. It is one of the noblest forms of this noble family. Price on application.

ERANTHEMUM MARMORATUM.

A sub-shrubby stove plant, introduced from the New Hebrides, with opposite elliptic-oblong bluntly acuminate leaves, 4 inches or more in length, and upwards of 2 inches broad. The surface is splashed over with grayish-green, looking as if washed with milk, and the margin is more or less freely variegated with creamy white, the variegation here and there extending inwards in irregular blotches. 10s. 6d.

ERYTHRINA PARCELII.

A very handsomely variegated-leaved stove plant from the South Sea Isles. It has a stoutish woody stem, furnished with alternate leaves, the petioles of which are fully 6 inches long, and support three leaflets, the middle one of which has a footstalk of 1 to 2 inches in length, and the lateral ones a stalk of half-an-inch in length. The leaflets are upwards of 5 inches long, sub-rhomboidal, more or less acuminate, and narrowed in a somewhat angular manner towards the base. The variegation is yellow, sometimes forming a feather-like stripe along the costa and main veins, sometimes more suffused, and forming a band an inch wide, in which case the lateral veins take on more colour, and the coloured line becomes again branched; when at its fullest colouring, the centre of the leaf is mottled with yellow. There is a peculiar thickening of the petiole with glands just below each of the leaflets. The leaves are strikingly ornamental in character. The flowers are very attractive, of a bright cinnamon red colour. 1½ guinea.

GONOLOBUS CUNDURANGO.

This is the plant which, under the name of Cundurango, has acquired so much notoriety in New Granada and the Central American States, as a therapeutic agent and an alleged remedy for cancer. The Cundurango, or Condor Vine is a climbing, or rather a twining plant, growing to a considerable height, with sulcate milky stems which, as well as the petioles and peduncles, are clothed with grayish pubescence. The leaves, which are long-stalked, are cordate with a cuspidate apex, and in mature plants are 6 inches in length and nearly the same in width, while the flowers are small and grow in umbels. 10s. 6d.

GYMNOGRAMMA DECOMPOSITA.

A very handsome and well-marked stove fern, belonging to the group furnished with ceraceous pale yellow powder. The fronds are 3 feet long and fully half as much in width, of triangular outline, and curving or arching in a graceful manner; they are decompound, the pinnae being unequally triangular-elongate, the pinnules triangular-lanceolate, the pinnulets oblong lobate, the lobes being deeply cut into from two to six small finger-like divisions, which gives the fronds a finely dissected appearance. The stipe is about 1 foot long, freely covered while young with the pale golden powder. 10s. 6d.

HIBISCUS (ROSA SINENSIS) KERMESINUS.

A grand flowering stove plant, with the foliage and general habit of other varieties of this extremely ornamental species. The flowers are large and showy, full double, the petals broad, rounded, and undulated, the three or four outer series reflexed, the central ones erect, the innermost consisting of the transformed column developed into numerous petaliferous lobes bearing stamens on their margins. The colour is a fine rich carmine crimson. The plant has been imported from the South Sea Islands. 10s. 6d.

HIPPEASTRUM VITTATUM HARRISONIÆ.

A remarkably distinct and effective variety of Amaryllis, imported from Lima in Peru. It has a stout glaucous green scape, bearing a two-valved spathe, from which issue several (about five) pedicellate flowers, which are remarkable for their long narrow tubes, fully 3½ inches in length, the segments of which are slightly spreading at the tip, opaque waxy white, and marked on each of the six segments with two broad deep crimson lines, running a considerable distance down the tube. The flowers are sweet-scented, with a faint odour of *Daphne*. It has been awarded a First Class Certificate by the Floral Committee of the Royal Horticultural Society. 1 guinea.

IRIS KOROLKOWI.

A handsome hardy herbaceous perennial from Turkestan. It has simple leafy stems about a foot and a half high, narrow ligulate erect equitant glaucous leaves, and two-flowered spathes. The flowers are large, of a pale brownish tint, somewhat resembling that of *I. iberica*, and marked throughout with dark purple veins. It is, however, a taller and more leafy plant than *I. iberica*, with the flowers very different in form, the sepals and petals being of an elliptic outline. It belongs to the bearded division of the genus. 1 guinea.

MACROZAMIA CYLINDRICA.

A distinct and well-marked greenhouse Cycad, introduced from Queensland. It has a long-necked stem, of moderate size, from which proceed the dark green coriaceous leaves, which have stout terete petioles a foot or more in length, the pinnae 6 to 7 inches long, and a quarter of an inch wide, thick but glossy on the surface, each being marked at the base with a large ivory-white patch, which strongly contrasts with the dark green mid-rib which lies between the two rows of ivory markings. It will form a fine ornamental plant for the greenhouse and conservatory. 2 and 3 guineas.

MACROZAMIA PLUMOSA.

This beautiful greenhouse Cycadaceous plant has recently been imported from Queensland. From a small ovate stem, the scales of which are woolly, rise the erect spirally-twisted leaves, which are from 2 feet to 2½ feet long, and have a flattened petiole. These leaves are furnished nearly to the base with narrow linear leaflets, which are set on at intervals of about a quarter of an inch, and are from 6 to 8 inches long. The plant is remarkable for its distinct and elegant character. 2 and 3 guineas.

MARANTA CONCINNA.

A neat-growing dwarf stove plant, of South American origin, flowering when from 4 to 6 inches high. The plant forms neat tufts, the leaves having erect semi-clasping petioles, which are pale green and marginate nearly to the top, while the blade is obliquely ovate, that is to say, larger on one side, pale bright green, with the base of the principal veins marked with an oblong taper-pointed blotch of deep green: these markings being alternate, and about half an inch apart, have much the appearance of a dark green fern frond laid upon one of a lighter green. The flowers are in short radical scapes much shorter than the leaf, and consist of three colourless lanceolate sepals, and a pair of broad primrose yellow petals, one of which is ovate and apiculate, the other obovate and emarginate. 10s. 6d.

MARTINEZIA GRANATENSIS.

A desirable new dwarf Palm, from New Grenada. It is of stocky habit, and the leaves (in young plants, which only are known) are of roundish oblong or roundish-ovate outline, entire at the base, bifid at the apex, and evenly-toothed along the edges, the young leaf-stalks being slightly mealy. Both the petioles and the rachis are armed with dark brown needle-shaped spines, varying from half an inch to an inch in length, and which are either spreading or deflexed; occasionally a few similar spines occur on the veins of the leaf. 10s. 6d.

NOTONIA GRANDIFLORA.

A fleshy-branched Indian plant, with the aspect of a succulent *Kleinia*, having oblong or obovate entire leaves, and spare corymbs of yellow flowers collected into rather large flower-heads. This plant is a reputed remedy for hydrophobia, and hence is of considerable interest. It belongs to the order of *Compositae*. 10s. 6d.

ODONTOGLOSSUM ROEZLII.

A strikingly beautiful New Grenadan epiphytal Orchid, allied to *O. vexillarium* and *O. Phalaenopsis*. It has oblong-compressed pseudo-bulbs, and linear-ligulate leaves, the peduncles supporting several large flowers, which have oblong-ligulate sepals, similar but rather wider petals, and a broad cuneate-flabellate bilobed lip. The colour is pure white, the base of the petals being purple, and the base of the lip furnished with yellow crests and rich brown streaks. It is a free-flowering plant which no collection should be without. It was awarded a First Class Certificate by the Royal Horticultural Society in December, 1873. Price on application.

* * This Odontoglossum was first flowered by Mr. W. B. after his Catalogue for 1873 was published; so that although now catalogued for the first time, it must, in competing for Mr. W. B.'s prizes, be considered an introduction of 1873.

PEDILANTHUS TITHYMALOIDES VARIEGATUS.

A curious succulent-stemmed stove plant, with erect flexuous stems, bearing alternate ovate leaves, which are flat and broadly margined with creamy white, the disc or central portion being green, mottled with grayish green, the whole producing a well-marked and effective variegation. Sometimes the whole of one half of the leaf, and occasionally the greater part of the surface is creamy white, the green portion being very much reduced. The green bark of the stems is more or less freely streaked with gray. 10s. 6d.

PEDILANTHUS TITHYMALOIDES VARIEGATUS CUCULLATUS.

This is a variegated form of the *Pedilanthus tithymaloides*, in which the edges of the leaves are drawn up so that the surface is cupped, very much like what occurs in the leaves of one of the old-fashioned bedding varieties of variegated *Pelargonium*. The stems are erect, succulent, flexuous, and striped with gray; they bear alternate ovate leaves, which are irregularly margined with white, the central portion or disc being mottled with gray. This and the preceding have been imported from the East Indies. 10s. 6d.

PHYLLOTÆNIUM MIRABILE.

A fine and distinct stove perennial from South America, referred provisionally to the genus *Phyllostanium*. It is a large free-growing plant, with tuberous root stocks, throwing up a few peculiar leaves, which have semi-terete petioles, three feet high and of a purplish brown colour, and a three-lobed blade, two feet wide across the base, which is cordate, with a deep sinus. The colour of this leaf-blade is green, blotched with irregular patches of yellow green, and stained beneath in the central portions with purple, which spreads outwards between the ribs. The lobes of the leaf are so arranged as to give it a sub-hastate character. It has been awarded a First Class Certificate by the Floral Committee of the Royal Horticultural Society. 1 guinea.

PLECTOCOMIA ANDERSONI.

A handsome bold-habited stove Palm, from India, having large pale green leaves, the petioles of which are stout, terete, and armed with palmated spines, thickly set in three rows, one of which is directly at the back and is continued along a portion of the mid-rib. The leaves themselves are bifid in the young state, the lobes $1\frac{1}{2}$ foot long, strongly plicate, and with a few marginal spines. It must form a grand Palm when fully developed. 2 guineas.

PLEOCNEMIA LEUZEANA.

This remarkably handsome stove Fern is of arborescent habit. The short thick erect trunk is surmounted by large spreading fronds, from 12 to 15 feet in length, with brownish stipes, which becomes shaggy at the base with long narrow dark brown scales. The fronds are large, 2 to 3 feet long in moderate-sized cultivated plants, as broad as long, triangular, tripinnate in the basal pinnae, which have the posterior basal pinnules larger and more compound than the rest. The pinnules appear deflexed from being set on below the surface of the rachides, which thus appear raised and produce a kind of ridge and furrow appearance. The ordinary pinnules are lanceolate-oblong, acuminate, cut into ovate or oblong toothed lobes, the sinuses being reflexed, which gives a crisped appearance to the surface. It has a remarkably refined and elegant aspect for a large growing Fern. The specimens now offered were imported from the Philippine Islands, but it is found also in India, China, the Moluccas, and in some of the Pacific Islands. Price on application.

PTERIS SERRULATA CRISTATA VARIEGATA.

A pretty greenhouse evergreen Fern, which probably owes its origin to an accidental cross between *P. serrulata cristata* and *P. cretica albo-lineata*. The sterile fronds are pinnate, with the lower pinnae forked, or again pinnate on the posterior side; they are sharply toothed at the edge, sometimes tasselled or forked at the tips, and marked with a white band down the mid-rib; the fertile fronds are similar in division but taller and narrower, with a gracefully drooping character, and multifidly tasselled at the apices of the pinnae. When well grown it forms a very elegant addition to our low growing evergreen Ferns. 10s. 6d.

STENOTAPHRUM GLABRUM VARIEGATUM.

A curious and ornamental grass, introduced from New South Wales, and well adapted for a greenhouse basket plant, since it has freely creeping stoloniferous stems, which rapidly spread over the surface of the ground, rooting at every node. The shoots are compressed, with the leaf sheaths equitant, and the blades spreading, two to four inches long, blunt, freely striped with creamy white, the flattened sheathing bases being also striped in the same way. It is not only of curious growth but remarkably distinct. The plant grows well out of doors during summer. 10s. 6d.

STEUDNERA DISCOLOR.

An ornamental-leaved stove Arad. The stem is short, thick, and fleshy, the petioles long, green, and terete; the leaf-blades oblong-ovate, peltate, and acuminate, of a glossy green beneath, and above marked between the primary veins with a series of broad dull brownish purple blotches similar to those which occur on the leaves of *Alocasia Jenningsii*, while the veins are scarcely at all raised, except the primary ones, which are prominent; the spathe is short, ovate acute, yellow on both surfaces, with the base of a reddish purple colour. This plant was imported by Mr. W. B. from India. 1 guinea.

TILLANDSIA MUSAICA.

A handsomely-marked stove epiphyte, from the United States of Colombia. The leaves have the usual amplectant habit at the base, and are of a ligulate form, spreading or recurved at the apex, which is acute in some forms, and blunt with a short mucronate point in others; they are a foot long, and two inches broad, the ground colour of a grayish or pale yellowish green, marked at short intervals and in an irregular way by patches of dark green, flexuous, transverse broken veins, as if marked by illegible writing, the back of the leaf having the same characters of a dull wine red colour. These singular markings give the leaves a very interesting and ornamental character. 2 and 3 guineas.

UTRICULARIA MONTANA ROSEA.

This splendid novelty is a rose-coloured variety of the beautiful *U. montana*. The flowers, which are of similar size and form to those of the type, are produced in spikes, and are of a charming rose colour; exceedingly attractive and pretty. 2 guineas.

NEW PELARGONIUM QUEEN VICTORIA.

This new Pelargonium is now being sent out for the first time. To say that it is handsome conveys but an inadequate idea of it, for it is the most marvellously beautiful and novel variety ever offered.

The flowers have peculiarly crispy petals; they are not really double, but from their fulness of form and the extra number of petals, they have the appearance of being so. The colour is a rich vermillion; all the petals broadly margined with pure white, and the upper ones blotched with maroon. The contrast of the broad white margin with the vermillion ground colour makes the flower extremely pleasing and attractive. 1 guinea.

A drawing of *Pelargonium Queen Victoria*, by Macfarlane, can be had on application, price 2s. 6d.

NEW ZONAL PELARGONIUMS.

The three following splendid varieties were raised by George Smith, Esq., of Edmonton, from whom Mr. W. B. has purchased the entire stocks. They are most desirable novelties, very free-flowering, and the individual flowers of excellent quality and very large size, each measuring about two inches in diameter.

ADELINA PATTI, a charming variety, producing large trusses of splendid flowers of almost perfect circular form; colour a beautiful rich dark cerise. This variety was awarded a First Class Certificate by the Floral Committee of the Royal Horticultural Society, June 4th, 1873. 10s. 6d.

MRS. GEORGE SMITH, bright salmon; a very fine smooth flat flower, of beautiful form; a most abundant bloomer. It obtained the Third Prize at the Royal Horticultural Society's Show, July 16th, 1873. 10s. 6d.

SANTLEY, very fine smooth flowers of excellent shape and good substance, produced in immense trusses; colour a splendid soft orange-scarlet, with large attractive white eye. This magnificent variety received the First Prize at the Royal Horticultural Society's Exhibition, July 16th, 1873. 10s. 6d.

NEW ZONAL PELARGONIUMS.

ALFANO, a splendid variety, producing fine trusses of large well-formed flowers of a fine rich dark scarlet-crimson colour; centre shaded with violet. 5s.

ARABELLA, a fine round well-formed flower, of a beautiful pinkish salmon colour suffused with rose; light eye. 5s.

CAMBODA, deep rich rosy carmine; a very fine large smooth flower, of excellent shape. 5s.

ELFIN, bright pink; a splendid colour; the upper petals marked with white; a very fine flower. 7s. 6d.

FAGUS, a strikingly attractive flower of a very deep and extremely bright dazzling scarlet colour, with conspicuous white eye. 5s.

NEW ZONAL PELARGONIUMS—Continued.

HERON, rich magenta-crimson, shaded with violet in the upper petals ; a very fine bold flower, of a remarkably novel and attractive shade of colour. 5s.

IDYL, a very pretty variety ; finely formed flower of a beautiful salmon colour, having a white centre surrounded with orange-scarlet. 5s.

MARTIUS, a magnificent flower, of immense size and substance, and of most showy and attractive rich rosy cerise colour, with beautiful violet-crimson shading. 7s. 6d.

MIRABEL, delicate soft pink, with white marking in the upper petals ; fine large flowers borne in immense trusses. 5s.

PLINY, lake with violet tint, the upper petals marked with rose ; a splendid flower of an exceedingly rich shade of colour. 7s. 6d.

RUBICON, extremely rich and deep bright scarlet colour ; one of the finest shades of scarlet in this section ; flowers large, of excellent shape and good substance. 7s. 6d.

SALAMIS, rosy lake tinted with violet ; an exceedingly pretty and attractive colour ; flowers produced in good large trusses. 5s.

For General Collection vide Index.

NEW ZONAL PELARGONIUMS WITH VARIEGATED FLOWERS.

BUTTERFLY, an extremely novel and distinct-looking flower, of a blush white colour, beautifully and richly striped and flaked with bright pink ; a most attractive variety. 10s. 6d.

COLUMBINE, a very fine showy flower ; ground colour orange salmon, most effectively and distinctly striped and splashed with white. 7s. 6d.

PANTALOON, the flowers of this variety are of a bright orange salmon colour, very beautifully flaked and striped with white, and also with blush ; it is extremely showy and attractive. 5s.

NEW NOSEGAY PELARGONIUMS.

ALMEIDA, rich violet crimson, with scarlet marking in the upper petals, a beautiful colour. 5s.

AVOCA, a fine variety, producing large trusses of flowers of a deep rich pink colour, with slight violet shade, the upper petals marked with white. 5s.

BLACK DIAMOND, an extremely attractive variety, producing immense trusses of very rich dark crimson flowers ; a splendid colour. 5s.

CARLOS, cerise, shaded with scarlet ; fine flowers borne in immense trusses. 5s.

ERMAN, rich bright crimson, with magenta shade ; a fine flower of a distinct and beautiful colour. 5s.

OLIVAE, deep magenta, tinted with violet, a magnificent shade of colour ; the edges of the petals are shaded with rich scarlet crimson. The flowers are large and well formed, and borne in enormous trusses. 7s. 6d.

ORIENT, a fine variety, producing large trusses of very deep rich scarlet flowers. 5s.

PHASIS, rich purplish crimson, tinted with violet ; a charming colour. 5s.

PLATONA, bright cerise, beautifully shaded with rose ; a charming and most effective variety. 5s.

POLONIUS, rich dark scarlet crimson, fine flowers borne in large trusses. 5s.

SONORA, a beautiful variety, giving immense trusses of very large and fine flowers of a light rosy cerise colour. 5s.

URANIE, a fine flower, of a very deep rich magenta crimson colour, with violet shading. The upper petals are tinted with scarlet, immense truss. 5s.

For General Collection, vide Index.

NEW BRONZE AND GOLD PELARGONIUMS.

ALEXIS, a showy variety, with beautiful foliage ; leaf disc bright gold colour ; zone rich reddish crimson, margined with golden yellow. 7s. 6d.

CELEBES, a very good variety, with attractive foliage of a rich bright golden ground colour, ornamented with a broad and distinct cinnamon coloured zone. 7s. 6d.

DINORAH, a bright and effective variety ; the ground colour of the leaves is rich golden yellow, ornamented with a very distinct and dark zone, almost black. 7s. 6d.

EUGENIE, golden disc, surrounded with a well-defined dark chestnut zone, and margined with pale yellow ; a very fine variety, with small neat foliage, and of compact growth. 7s. 6d.

MALCOLM, this variety has nice round and smooth rich yellow leaves, with a distinctly-defined rich brownish crimson zone. 7s. 6d.

NEW BRONZE AND GOLD PELARGONIUMS—Continued.

ORISSA, centre of leaf pale yellow, surrounded with a magnificent zone of an intensely dark bronze colour, and edged with bright yellow ; a most strikingly effective variety. 7s. 6d.

PASHA, a beautiful variety, of good compact habit, with fine large smooth well-formed leaves, the ground colour rich golden yellow, forming an admirable contrast with the attractive bronzy crimson zone. 7s. 6d.

PAULO, deep yellow disc, dark bronzy crimson zone, the leaf broadly margined with rich yellow ; very showy. 7s. 6d.

SABINE, a beautiful variety, with neat foliage ; yellow centre, surrounded with wide dark bronze zone, and narrow yellow margin. 7s. 6d.

SILAS, light yellow centre and margin, well-defined dark chocolate zone ; an extremely distinct and attractive variety. 7s. 6d.

THEOBALD, a fine showy variety, with fine foliage ; deep golden centre ; narrow zone of bright bronzy crimson ; broad margin of pure bright yellow. 7s. 6d.

WEBER, ground colour bright golden yellow, leaves richly marked with a distinct and well-defined broad chestnut brown zone. 7s. 6d.

For General Collection, vide Index.

NEW FANCY PELARGONIUMS.

ELSIE, a very beautiful flower ; the upper petals dark crimson, margined with lavender ; under petals violet crimson, edged with white ; white centre. 10s. 6d.

FESTIVA, deep rich rose, shaded with crimson lake, and margined with white ; large white centre ; a nice soft flower. 7s. 6d.

LINDA, upper petals crimson maroon, edged with rose ; under petals blush, shaded with rosy crimson ; large attractive white centre. 7s. 6d.

MIRIAM, a fine large flower, of a rich dark crimson colour, margined with lavender ; the upper petals darker than the under ones ; large light centre, shaded with violet. 10s. 6d.

PLACIDA, rich carmine crimson, upper petals edged with rose ; blush under petals, marked and flushed with deep rose ; white eye ; a very distinct and attractive variety, producing fine large smooth well-formed flowers. 15s.

SIREN, an extremely pretty flower, of a deep rosy carmine colour, shaded with lake ; the under petals edged with lavender ; distinct white eye. 10s. 6d.

For General Collection, vide Index.

NEW IVY-LEAVED PELARGONIUMS.

“ PELARGONIUM LATERIPES.”

ECLIPSE, a splendid variety, freely producing its lovely flowers, which are of a beautiful mauve pink colour, and have the upper petals distinctly and attractively feathered with rich crimson ; this charming variety is one of the best and most distinct of its class. 10s. 6d.

FLORINDA, an extremely pretty flower of a very delicate pink colour, with white centre ; the upper petals marked with purplish crimson. 5s.

LETITIA, a very fine well-formed flower, the upper petals blush, feathered with rich crimson, under petals blush white. 5s.

MEDINA, light rosy lavender, with white centre, and upper petals marked with violet rose ; a very pleasing flower. 5s.

NAIAD, lavender pink, a very delicate shade of colour, the upper petals ornamented with crimson feathering ; a very showy and attractive variety. 5s.

PAULINE, an extremely beautiful variety, producing flowers of a delicate pinkish mauve colour ; this is one of the prettiest and best self flowers in the section. 5s.

For General Collection, vide Index.

NEW HYBRID IVY-LEAVED PELARGONIUM WITH TRICOLOR FOLIAGE.

GOLDEN GEM, this extremely distinct and attractive novelty will be found a most desirable acquisition. It has rich green leaves, broadly margined with light yellow, which changes to creamy white as the leaves acquire age, the light margin occasionally breaking into the green centre. The leaves are also ornamented with a light brownish crimson zone. It produces nice trusses of pretty pinkish rose-coloured flowers, and is altogether an exceedingly novel and effective variety. 1 guinea.

NEW CHRYSANTHEMUMS.

CHINESE OR LARGE-FLOWERED VARIETIES.

ALFONSO, a late-blooming variety, producing very fine large flowers of a bright glowing crimson colour, tipped with gold ; extremely showy and attractive. 5s.

CONRAD, a magnificent flower, of a beautiful carmine colour, with pink centre ; novel and distinct. 5s.

GAZELLE, bright crimson, tipped with yellow ; an exceedingly attractive variety of dwarf compact growth ; flowers large and of fine form. 5s.

For General Collection, vide Index.

POMPON VARIETIES.

AMPHILLA, a most useful and effective variety, flowers of a bright glowing red colour. 5s.

BARRA, crimson, shaded with purple ; a beautiful flower with good broad florets ; very fine. 5s.

HECLA, an attractive variety, producing flowers of a very bright amaranth colour. 5s.

LEONORA, a novel and effective variety, with prettily fringed flowers of a rich yellow colour, tipped with purple. 5s.

PABLO, fine flowers, excessively full and beautifully fringed ; rose colour slightly tinged with purple ; very showy and attractive. 5s.

POLYCARP, this variety produces medium-sized flowers of a light rosy peach colour ; prettily fringed. 5s.

RAJAH, a very floriferous variety of dwarf habit, producing medium-sized flowers of a bright rose colour. 5s.

ROSINA, an extremely pretty flower of a beautiful pink colour, the back of the florets bright carmine. 5s.

TIMOUR, medium-sized flowers, of a rich canary yellow colour, tipped and shaded with rosy purple. The plant is of dwarf habit and exceedingly free-flowering. 5s.

For General Collection, vide Index.

NEW PLANTS

To be sent out for the first time in August, 1874.

ANTHURIUM SCHERZERIANUM ALBUM.

This most desirable novelty is a white variety of the well-known favourite *A. Scherzerianum*. It has been introduced from Costa Rica : it has lanceolate-acuminata stalked leaves, of a deep green colour, and partakes of the same general character as *A. Scherzerianum*. Being like that species an abundant bloomer, it will make a splendid companion plant, its beautiful white spathes forming an admirable contrast to the brilliant scarlet of those of the older typical form. Price on application.

CROTON MAJESTICUM.

One of the finest of this now extensive and varied family of ornamental-leaved stove plants. It is of free-growing and bold habit, though the leaves are narrowish and elongate ; when mature they are from 15 to 18 inches in length, including a petiole of about 2 inches long. They are linear in form, acute or sometimes bluntnish, in the young growth deep green, with golden rib, and markings representing venation, but more or less confluent. In the older and more matured foliage the green takes on a deep olive hue, while the yellow portions change to deep crimson, the intermediate leaves being coloured in an intermediate manner. The regularly-drooping elongate leaves give the plant a very elegant character, which is very greatly enhanced by its rich tints of colour. This was imported from the South Sea Islands. It has received a First Class Certificate from the Floral Committee of the Royal Horticultural Society. 2 and 3 guineas.

CROTON SPIRALE.

This is a very distinct and effective variety, both on account of its form and colouring. The spiral twisting of the leaf blade, which has suggested its name, is very marked and very constant. The leaves are from 9 to 12 inches long, and about an inch wide, deep green, with a broad golden yellow bar up the centre, the green margin twisting spirally around the golden bar, some leaves being partially spiral and partially undulate. The older leaves become a deep bronzy green, almost purple, and the mid-rib a deep crimson. One of the very best of the Crotons for ornamental purposes. It has been imported from the South Sea Islands, and was awarded a First Class Certificate by the Floral Committee of the Royal Horticultural Society. 2 and 3 guineas.

CROTON VOLUTUM.

A very distinct-looking and beautiful form of the multifarious Croton or Codiaeum, the great peculiarity of which consists in the leaves being rolled up from the end in a volute, after the manner of the curving of a ram's horn. These leaves are 6 inches long, and an inch and a half or more in breadth, and beautifully coloured. The ground colour is a deep green, a golden bar a quarter of an inch wide runs down the centre, from which yellow veins diverge at about half-inch intervals, and meet near to, and so as to coalesce with, the golden margin, in which occur irregularly-scattered green spots. The markings are very regular, a little pink sometimes appearing in the mid-rib; the curving of the leaf blade is also very constant, causing the edges to be elevated so as to form a kind of channel. The bark of the young shoots is also variegated with yellow. This will prove one of the most beautiful and effective among the many fine Crotons which have come to us from the islands of the South Seas. It has received a First Class Certificate from the Royal Horticultural Society, under the temporary name of *cornigerum*, which is not properly applicable to it. 2 and 3 guineas.

DIPLODENIA BREARLEYANA.

This splendid variety of Dipladenia will make one of the best exhibition plants extant. It is of free growth, and of the most floriferous character, in this respect greatly exceeding any other Dipladenia. It is an evergreen stove climber of the very first rank, and is furnished with opposite oblong acute dark green leaves, which serve as a fine contrast for the superbly coloured flowers, which are of the largest size, and of the richest crimson colour; they have, moreover, this peculiarity, that the colour increases in intensity with the age of the flowers. Beautiful as were the Dipladenias of some few years since, they have been quite eclipsed by the improved varieties which have been obtained, and amongst these *D. Brearleyana* is certainly the most distinct and beautiful. It has been awarded a First Class Certificate by the Floral Committee of the Royal Horticultural Society. 2 and 3 guineas.

DRACÆNA ALBO-ROSEA.

This is a bold-habited stove shrub, with erect-patent leaves densely set upon the stems, from 16 to 18 inches long and upwards of 3 inches wide, with a stalk-like base 5 inches long having a glaucous bloom, and a rose coloured border. The mature leaves are of a deep green, with a bronzy tint, and are edged with rose colour, the younger central ones being freely coloured with greenish white, changing to pale rose of varied intensity, the margin in the case of these younger leaves being whitish. This Dracæna, which was imported from the South Sea Islands, was formerly called *D. rosca*, and received a Certificate under that name, but as the plant has subsequently developed the white colouring it has been thought desirable to substitute the more accurately descriptive name of *D. albo-rosca*. 2 guineas.

MEDINILLA AMABILIS.

A remarkably showy stove plant, introduced from Java, and having the general habit of *M. magnifica*, but with erect pyramidal panicles of large rosy peach flowers. The stem is quadrangular, the angles being furnished with a narrow undulated wing; and the leaves are opposite, sessile, oblong-ovate, obtuse with a short acuminate point, a foot long, and 7 to 8 inches broad. The flowers grow in large panicles, which are erect, and composed of four-branched whorls, the branches each forming a cyme of numerous rosy pink flowers, which measure two inches across, the unexpanded buds being of the same delicate pink colour, and having a waxy appearance. A grand stove plant of the flowering sub-division. 2 guineas.

SPATHIPHYLLUM PICTUM.

A grand stove plant, with something the aspect of a Dieffenbachia. Its large half-leathery half-fleshy leaves have a broadly ovate-elliptic blade, which even in young plants is as much as 18 inches in length, and 8 inches in breadth, with a marginate stalk of 4 to 5 inches long. They have a glossy dark green surface, freely mottled along the course of the transverse veins with blotches of golden green, the mid-rib being prominent and of a pale green. It is a very effective plant, its bold leaves being very handsomely mottled. It has been introduced from South America. 1½ guinea.

NEW, RARE, AND DESIRABLE STOVE PLANTS.

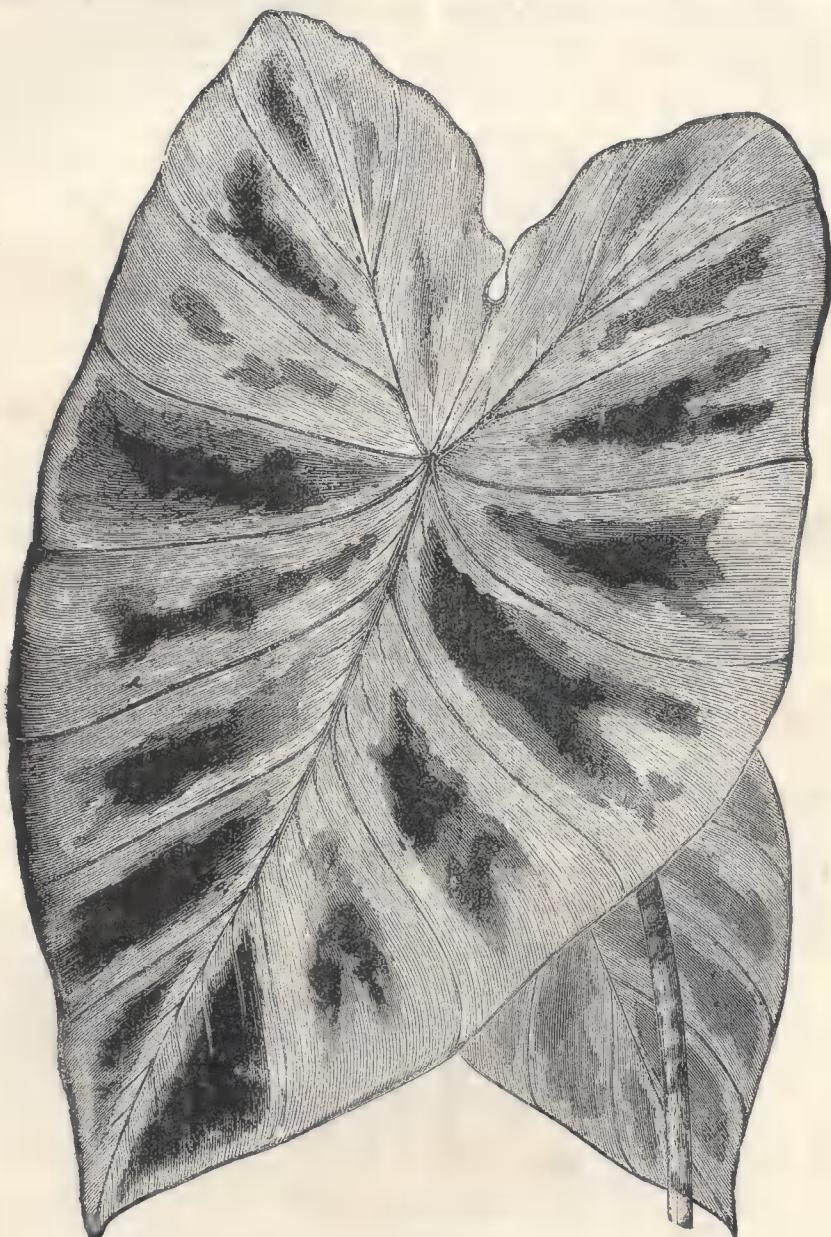
ACALYPHA WILKESIANA, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

ACANTHUS MONTANUS, 3s. 6d.

ARALIA GUILFOYLEI, *vide* illustration, page 19, and description and price, page 20.

ACHIMENES, *vide* Index.

ADELASTER ALBIVENIUS, 3s. 6d. & 5s.



ALOCASIA ILLUSTRIS, for description and price, *vide* page 17.

ADANSONIA DIGITATA.

This is the famous African Baobab tree, called also "the tree of a thousand years," it being at one time considered as the oldest organic monument of our planet, a calculation having been made that one found by the traveller Adanson, after whom the genus is named, was upwards of 5,000 years old. It grows to be a large tree, with deciduous leaves, somewhat like those of the Horse Chestnut, and large white flowers. In the young state the pinnate leaves stand out on longish spreading petioles, and have sinuated lobes, which are tomentose on the veins of the under surface. 10s. 6d.

ADENANTHERA PAVONINA.

An East Indian Leguminous plant, which yields a timber called Red Sandal Wood. The bright scarlet seeds are used in the East as weights, and are frequently made into necklaces and other personal ornaments. It is an elegant plant, with bipinnate leaves, not unlike those of the Tamarind tree, and spikes of small yellow flowers. 7s. 6d.



ALPINIA VITTATA, for description and price, *vide* page 17.

ZECHMEA AMAZONICA, 5s.

“ **DISCOLOR**, 5s.

“ **FULGENS**, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

“ **MARIE REGINÆ**, 3 guineas

ÆSCHYNANTHUS, of sorts, at 3s. 6d.

AGLAONEMA COMMUTATUM, 3s. 6d.

ALLAMANDA CATHARTICA, 3s. 6d.

ALLAMANDA CHELSONI, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

GRANDIFLORA, 3s. 6d. & 5s.

HENDERSONI, 3s. 6d.

NERIIFOLIA, 3s. 6d.

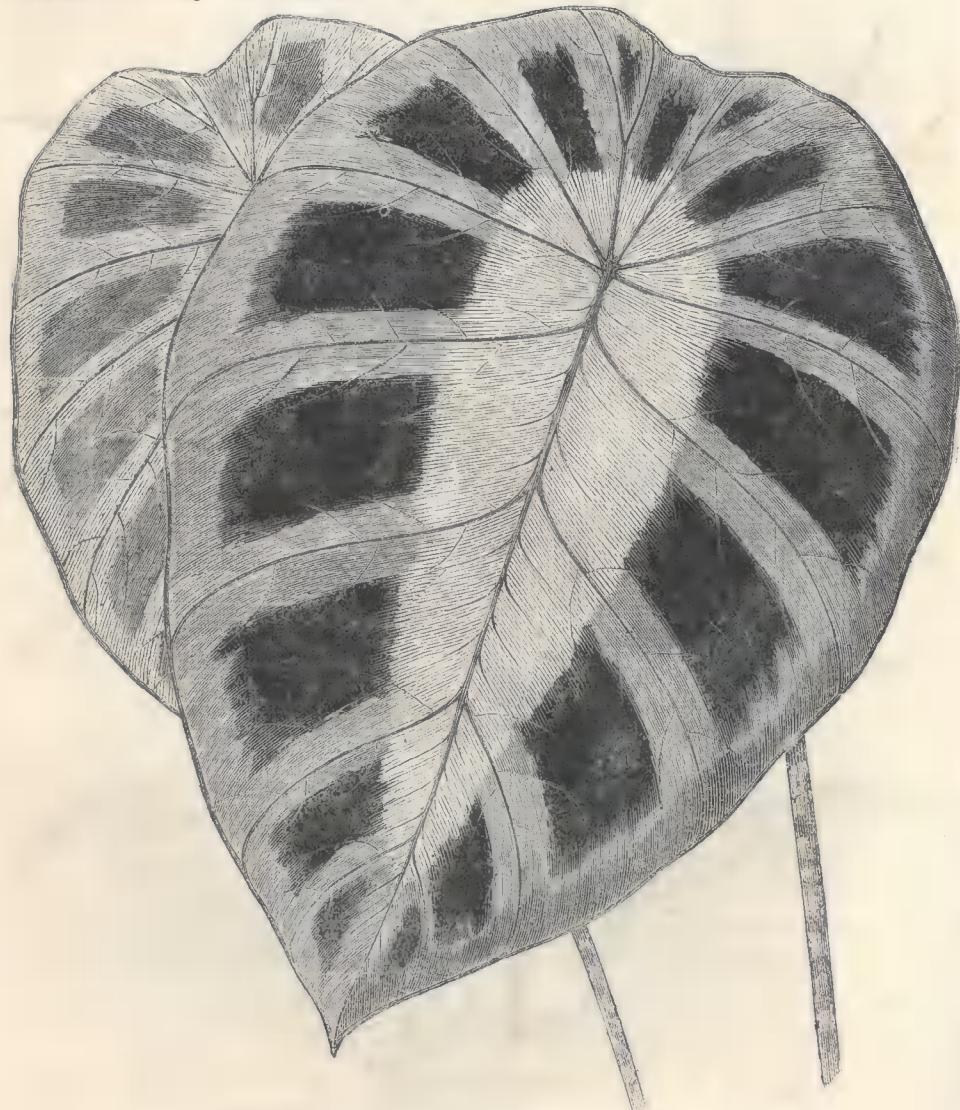
NOBILIS, 3s. 6d.

SCHOTTII, 3s. 6d.

VIOLACEA, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

ALOCASIA HYBRIDA.

A fine hybrid, raised in Mr. W. BULL's establishment, between *A. Lowii* and *A. metallica*. The leaves are of a deep olive-tinted green on the upper surface, having the stout well-defined ribs and the margin of an ivory white; they are of a dull purple at the back, elliptic in outline, with a short acuminate point, and very slightly parted at the base, in which respect the new variety differs most conspicuously from *A. Lowii*, which has the leaves deeply parted. The young leaves are of a bronzy tint while unfolding. 15s. and 1 guinea.



ALOCASIA MARSHALLII, for description and price, *vide* page 17.

ALOCASIA GIGANTEA, 5s. and 7s. 6d.**ALOCASIA INTERMEDIA**, 7s. 6d. & 10s. 6d.**ALOCASIA ILLISTRIS.**

A free-growing bold-habited stove perennial, intermediate in its general aspect between *Alocasia* and *Caladium*. The leaf-stalks are erect, and have a brownish purple tint, while the leaf-blades are deflexed, 1½ foot long, peltately attached, ovately sagittate, with bluntnish basal lobes, rounded in front, with a small apiculate point, the colour a rich green, marked between the principal veins by broad patches of blackish olive, extending almost from the midrib to the margin, and forming a striking contrast with the brighter green portions of the leaf surface. It is somewhat in the way of *A. Jenningsii*, but is of much larger and more vigorous growth, and of a brighter, less glaucous green. It was obtained from the East Indies. For illustration, *vide* page 14. 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.

ALOCASIA JENNINGSII, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d. | **ALOCASIA LOWII**, 5s. and 7s. 6d.**ALOCASIA MARSHALLII.**

A remarkably fine new Aroid, related to and much in the way of *A. Jenningsii*, but differing in having a broad grey band down the centre of the leaf. The leaves are ovate, peltate, attached to erect green stalks, the blades standing almost vertical; while the colour is a bright green, marked between the principal veins with broad wedge-shaped blotches of blackish purple; the addition of the silvery band adds very greatly to their beauty. It was imported from India. For illustration, *vide* page 16. 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.

ALOCASIA MACRORHIZA VARIE-
GATA, 3s. 6d. and 5s.
,, METALLICA, 3s. 6d. and 5s.
,, (SCHISTOCASIA) PORTEI,
2 guineas

ALOCASIA VEITCHII, 10s. 6d.
(XANTHOSOMA) VIOLACEA,
5s.
,, ZEBRINA, 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.

ALPINIA VITTATA.

This variegated perennial, from the South Sea Islands, is very striking, the underground rhizomes producing erect pseudo stems (formed by the clasping sheaths of the leaves), and these supporting several leaves, which are 6 to 8 inches long, elliptic-lanceolate, tapering off to a long fine point, and also narrowed gradually towards the sheathing base; they are pale green, and marked by broad stripes of dark green, and of creamy white, running off from the mid-rib in divergent lines corresponding to the venation. Being variously marked, the leaves have a pretty effect, the yellow colour in some, and the pale green and dark green in others, here and there preponderating. For illustration, *vide* page 15. 10s. 6d., 15s., and 1 guinea.

AMARYLLIS (HIPPEASTRUM) IGNESCENS.

A fine stove bulb from New Grenada, producing umbels of flowers, which emerge from between the sessile lanceolate bracts. The flowers expand to a breadth of about five inches, and are of a light fiery orange red colour, stained at the base with pale green, forming a large greenish white eye or centre; the stamens are declinate, of the same colour as the perianth, with yellow pollen. A bold and attractive flower. For illustration, *vide* page 18. 10s. 6d.

AMARYLLIS ACKERMANNI PUL-
CHERRIMA, 1½ guinea.
ALBERTII FLORE-PLENO,
7s. 6d.
,, **AMAZON**, 10s. 6d.
,, **COQUETTE**, 7s. 6d.
,, **CORSAIR**, 10s. 6d.
,, **COUNTESS**, 10s. 6d.
,, **CYRUS**, 10s. 6d.
,, **EMMELINE**, 7s. 6d.
,, **FIGARO**, 10s. 6d.
,, **JOSEPHINE**, 15s.
,, **JUPITER**, 7s. 6d.
,, **METEOR**, 7s. 6d.
,, **NEPTUNE**, 10s. 6d.
,, **NIMROD**, 7s. 6d.
,, **OPTIMA**, 10s. 6d.

AMARYLLIS OSCAR, 10s. 6d.
,, **PARDINA**, 7s. 6d., 10s. 6d.,
and 15s.
,, **PRINCEPS**, 1 guinea.
(HIPPEASTRUM) PYRRO-
CHROA, 10s. 6d.
,, **RETICULATA**, 7s. 6d.
,, **ROSALIND**, 7s. 6d.
,, **SOUVENIR**, 7s. 6d.
,, **SPECTABILIS** (CRINUM
BROUSSONETII), 1 guinea.
,, **SULTANA**, 10s. 6d.
,, **SYLVIA**, 10s. 6d.
,, **TROJAN**, 10s. 6d.
,, **VESTA**, 10s. 6d.
,, **VESUVIUS**, 7s. 6d.
,, **VICTORIA**, 10s. 6d.

AMARYLLIS, choice selections of good sorts, at 5s. and 7s. 6d. each.



AMARYLLIS (HIPPEASTRUM) IGNESCENS, for description and price, *vide* page 17.

AMORPHOPHALLUS BULBIFER, 3s. 6d.

and 5s.

CAMPANULATUS,

5s. and 7s. 6d.

CUPREUS, 7s. 6d.

NIVOSUS, 3s. 6d. to

7s. 6d.

RIVIERI, 5s.

ZEBRINUS, 3s. 6d.

and 5s.

ANANASSA PORTEANA, 15s. and 1 guinea.

SATIVA VARIEGATA,

10s. 6d. and 15s.

ANZETOCHLUS, *see* Orchids.

ANCHOMANES DUBIUM, 1 guinea.

ANCYLOGYNE LONGIFLORA, 3s. 6d.

ANDROPOGON SCHÖENANTHUS, 5s.

ANONA MURICATA, (*Sour Sop*), 7s. 6d.

“ **SQUAMOSA**, (*Sweet Sop*), 7s. 6d.

ANTHURIUM ACAULE, 10s. 6d.

“ **BELLUM**, 10s. 6d.

“ **BEYRICHIANUM**, 10s. 6d.

“ **CONSANGUINEUM**, 10s. 6d.

ANTHURIUM CRYSTALLINUM.

This extremely attractive and ornamental plant has fine large leaves of a rich dark olive green colour; the mid-rib and principal veins being bordered on each side with a beautiful bright silvery white band. The young leaves are of a rich bronzy shade, forming an effective contrast with the more matured foliage. 2 and 3 guineas.

ANTHURIUM GALEOTTIANUM, 15s.

LEUCONEURUM, 3s. 6d.

", LUCIDUM, 10s. 6d.

", MAGNIFICUM—*syn.* A. grande and A. cordifolium, 5s. and 7s. 6d.

", MARGARITACEUM, 7s. 6d.

ANTHURIUM MIQUELIANUM, 10s. 6d.

NYMPHEIFOLIUM, 10s. 6d.

", OBTUSILOBUM, 10s. 6d.

", PEDATORADIATUM, 1 guinea.

REFLEXUM, 10s. 6d.

REGALE, 5s. and 7s. 6d.



ARALIA GUILFOYLEI, for description and price, *vide* page 20.

ANTHURIUM SCHERZERIANUM.

This has been introduced from Costa-Rica, and is one of the most striking and attractive dwarf flowering plants of recent introduction, producing beautiful scarlet floral spathes, each of which remains from two to three months fresh and brilliant. It is of easy culture, and a most abundant bloomer. 5s., 7s. 6d., 10s. 6d., 15s., and 1 guinea. Fine plants, 2, 3, and 4 guineas.

ANTHURIUM SCHERZERIANUM ALBUM, *vide* page 12.**ANTIARIS TOXICARIA.**

The Upas tree of Java, the milky juice of which is an acrid poison. It is an erect-stemmed woody plant of tree-like habit, with spreading branches, bearing oblong pointed hairy leaves, and inconspicuous flowers. The great interest of the plant centres in its undoubted virulence, notwithstanding that the tales of its being poisonous to animals which approach, or birds which fly over it, have been greatly exaggerated, the truth being that it inhabits pestiferous valleys, where the atmosphere is loaded with carbonic acid, to which the deadly effects which have been observed, are mainly due. It has been introduced some twenty or thirty years, but is still an uncommon plant. 1 guinea.

ANTIGONON AMABILE, 5s.**LEPTOPUS, 5s.****APHELANDRA AURANTIACA, 3s. 6d.****ROEZLII, 3s. 6d. & 5s.****APHELANDRA CRISTATA, 3s. 6d.****LEOPOLDII, 3s. 6d.****NITENS, 15s.****PORTEANA, 3s. 6d.****ARALIA GRANATENSIS, *vide* page 3.****ARALIA GUILFOYLEI.**

This fine and distinct ornamental stove plant is a native of the South Sea Islands. It is of shrubby habit, with an erect stem, copiously dotted with lenticular markings. The bold pinnate leaves have longish smooth terete petioles, and are made up, in the case of young plants, of from three to seven stalked oblong-elliptic bluntnish leaflets, which are sometimes obscurely lobed, and irregularly spinososerrate; these leaflets vary in size from two to three inches long, and are neatly and evenly margined with creamy white, the surface being in addition occasionally splashed with grey. It has been awarded a First Class Certificate by the Royal Horticultural Society. For illustration, *vide* page 19. 1½ guinea.

ARALIA LEPTOPHYLLA, 5s. and 7s. 6d.**OSYANA, 5s. and 7s. 6d.****RETICULATA, 5s.****VEITCHII, 4 and 5 guineas.****ARDISIAS, of sorts, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.****ARISTOLOCHIA ACUMINATA, 5s.****BARBATA, 10s. 6d.****ARISTOLOCHIA BRASILIENSIS MA-****CROPHYLLA, 5s. and 7s. 6d.****CLYPEATA, 1 guinea.****DUCHARTREI, 10s. 6d.****FLORIBUNDA, 10s. 6d.****and 15s.****ARISTOLOCHIA GALEATA.**

A free-growing stove climber, introduced from Bogota. The stems are terete, and furnished with heart-shaped leaves, abrupt at the apex, and having a broad open sinus at the base. The flowers are axillary, cream-coloured, reticulated with purplish veins; the tube ovate, ventricose, and abruptly curved, expanding into a two-lobed limb which is 6 to 7 inches long, the upper lip shorter and rounder at the extremity. For illustration, *vide* page 21. 10s. 6d.

ARISTOLOCHIA GIGAS, 5s.**INDICA, 3s. 6d.****LABIOSA, 7s. 6d.****ORNITHOCEPHALA,****5s. and 7s. 6d.****RINGENS, 7s. 6d.****TRILOBATA, 3s. 6d. and 5s.****ARISTOLOCHIA TRICAUDATA, 7s. 6d.****and 10s. 6d.****ARTOCARPUS INCISA (Bread Fruit), 1 and 1½ guinea.****ARTOCARPUS INTEGRIFOLIA (Jack Fruit), 7s. 6d.****ASYSTASIA CHELONIOIDES.**

A pretty Acanthaceous stove sub-shrubby plant from the Peninsula of India. It has slender stems, 1 to 2 feet high, clothed with ovate or ovate-lanceolate acuminate leaves, and erect racemes of showy sub-campanulate flowers, which have a slender white tube, and a five-parted reddish purple limb, margined and striped with white. It is figured in the *Botanical Magazine*, tab. 5882, under the name of *Asystasia violacea*, which is corrected in a subsequent memorandum. 7s. 6d.

ATACCIA CRISTATA, 10s. 6d. and 15s.**BAMBUSA STRICTA, 3s. 6d.**



ARISTOLOCHIA GALEATA, for description and price, *vide* page 20.

BARLERIA ARNOTTIANA.

A pretty stove plant, with elliptic leaves attenuated to both ends, and axillary peduncles, bearing from one to three blue flowers, of which the corolla measures 2 inches in length, the tube being short, the throat elongate and conical, and the limb divided into five lobes, of which four are blunt and nearly equal in size. It is a native of the Island of Ceylon. 5s.

BARLERIA DICHOTOMA.

A stove herbaceous plant, with brachiate stems, elliptic-oblong leaves, attenuated at both ends, and roundish terminal and axillary spikes of blue funnel-shaped somewhat two-lipped flowers, an inch long. It is an Indian species, and has been raised from seed sent from that country. 5s.

BARLERIA GIBSONI, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

,, **LUPULINA**, 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.

BATATAS PANICULATA, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

BAUHINIAS, of sorts, 5s. and 7s. 6d.

BAUHINIA MALABARICA.

A strong-growing evergreen stove climber, with woody stems twelve to twenty feet long, clothed while young with a pile of reddish-brown velvety hairs. The leaves are bipartite, and consist of two obliquely ovate segments of soft herbaceous texture, united for a short distance by their base, and attached to the stem by tomentose petioles. The flowers are white. It belongs to the Cæsalpineous division of Leguminous plants, and is a native of India. 10s. 6d.

BEAUMONTIA GRANDIFLORA, 5s. and

7s. 6d.

BEGONIAS, *vide* Index

BERTOLONIA GUTTATA, 5s.

“	“	ALBA , 10s. 6d.
“	“	PUNCTATA ,
		5s.
“	“	SPLENDENS ,

15s.

BERTOLONIA GUTTATA SUPERBA, 7s. 6d.

MARGARITACEA SU-

PERBA, 1 guinea

MARMOREA, 3s. 6d.

PRIMULÆFLORA, *see* Mo-

nolena primulæflora

PUBESCENS, 3s. 6d.

PUNCTATISSIMA, 3s. 6d.

BIGLANDULARIA, *vide* Index.

BIGNONIA EXCELSA.

A free-growing climber, introduced from Rio Grande do Sul, South America. It is a useful and effective plant, freely producing its extremely handsome white and yellow flowers. 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.

BIGNONIA ARGYREA VIOLASCENS,

3s. 6d.

AURANTIACA, *vide* page 3.

BIGNONIA CHAMBERLAYNII, 3s. 6d.

ORNATA, 5s. and 7s. 6d.

PICTA, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

BIGNONIA RETICULATA.

A slender stove climber from New Grenada. It has purplish downy stems, and opposite leaves, the petioles of which are from 1 to 2 inches long, swollen at the base, while the blades are ovate-elliptic, slightly cordate at the base, acuminate at the apex, deep sap green, with the costa, veins, and minor veinlets all of a pale green, rendering the reticulation of the leaf strikingly apparent. There is a kind of satiny lustre on the surface, and altogether the plant is one of a pleasing character. 10s. 6d.

BIGNONIA ROEZLIANA.

A handsome climber, remarkable for the rich tints displayed upon the younger leaves. It forms a swollen woody stem or root-stock, from which issue the slender climbing growths, furnished with opposite petiolate leaves, which in the lower parts of the plant are entire, but on the upper parts become bijugate, with a trifid tendril. The leaves are regularly reticulated, the costa and primary veins more strongly, with silvery grey, the ground colour in the mature leaves being green, but in the younger stages suffused with a rich lustrous violaceous tint, which renders them exceedingly beautiful. The under surface is of a rich purple. It has been sent to this country from New Grenada. 10s. 6d., 15s., and 1 guinea.

BIGNONIA ROEZLIANA VILLOSA, 21s.

“ **SPECIOSA**, 3s. 6d.

“ **VENUSTA**, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

BILBERGIA MORELIANA, 5s. and 7s. 6d.

“ **SAUNDERSII**, *vide* page 3.

“ **THYRSOIDEA**, 5s.

“ **VITTATA**, 5s.

BONAPARTEA JUNCEA, 5s. to 10s. 6d.

BOUGAINVILLEA GLABRA, 2s. 6d. & 3s. 6d.

“ **LATERITIA**, 2s. 6d.

and 3s. 6d.

“ **SPECIOSA**, 2s. 6d. and

3s. 6d.

BOUGAINVILLEA SPECTABILIS, 2s. 6d.

and 3s. 6d.

“ **SPLENDENS**, 2s. 6d.

and 3s. 6d.

BROWNEA ERECTA, 1 guinea

“ **GRANDICEPS**, 1½ guinea

“ **PRINCEPS**, 1 and 1½ guinea

BURCHELLIA CAPENSIS, 2s. 6d. and

3s. 6d.

CÆSALPINIA ALTERNIFOLIA, 10s. 6d.

“ **SPLENDENS**, 10s. 6d.

CALADIUM, *vide* Index

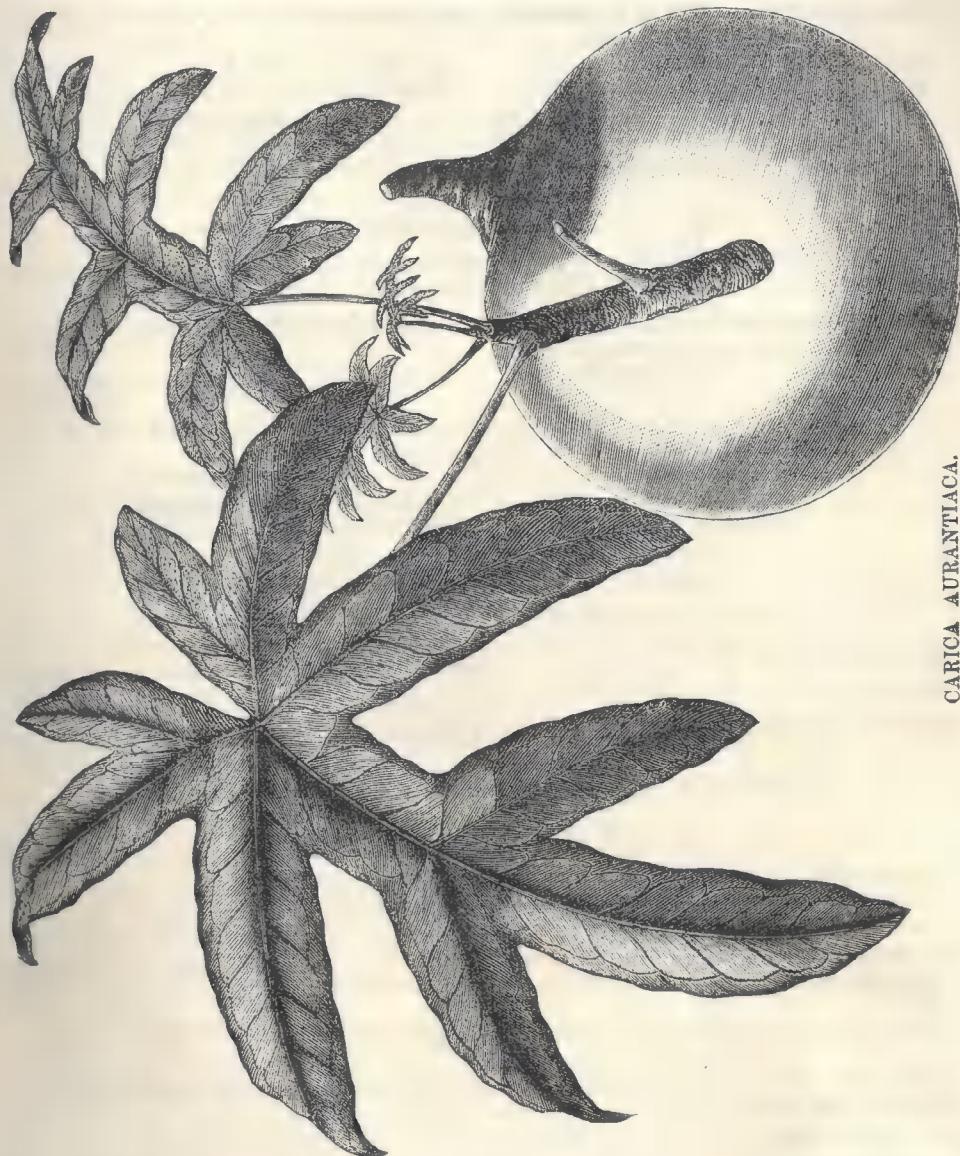
CALATHEA ARRECTA, 7s. 6d.

CALONYCTION SANGUINEUM.

An ornamental climber, introduced from Bombay, and remarkable for its bold and effective cordate-acuminate leaves, and its showy flowers, which are of a delicate rosy flesh colour, with a deep magenta crimson eye. 5s. and 7s. 6d.

CAMPYLOBOTRYS, *vide* Hoffmannia

CAMPSIDIUM FILICIFOLIUM, *vide* p. 3.



CARICA AURANTIACA.

CARICA AURANTIACA.

This plant, a native of Bogota, has stout fleshy erect stems, and long-stalked palmately-parted smooth leaves of a soft herbaceous texture, the centre lobe of which is pinnatifid; from the sketches of the plant the lobes appear to be about $1\frac{1}{2}$ inches broad. The fruit is globose, a little over 3 inches in diameter, orange-coloured and orange-like. The plant is free in habit and of ornamental growth. 10s. 6d.

CANNAS, *vide* Index.

CASSIA CALLIANTHA, 10s. 6d.

„ **FISTULA**, 7s. 6d.

CENTRADENIA FLORIBUNDA ROSEA,

3s. 6d.

GRANDIFLORA, 3s. 6d.

CENTROPOGON LUCYANUS.

A useful decorative plant, producing freely its bright red blossoms in mid-winter. 3s. 6d.

CENTROSOLENIA BULLATA (EPISCIAS) TESSELATA.	5s.
CEROPEGIA GARDNERI,	3s. 6d. and 5s.
CHAMERANTHEMUM BEYRICHII VA- RIEGATUM,	3s. 6d.
" GAUDICHAUDI- ANUM,	3s. 6d.

CHAMERANTHEMUM VERBENACEUM,	
	3s. 6d.
CHIRITA LILACINA,	5s.
CISSUS ALBO-NITENS,	5s. and 7s. 6d.
,, AMAZONICA,	3s. 6d.
,, ARGENTEA,	3s. 6d.
,, DISCOLOR,	2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

CISSUS LINDENI.

This lovely plant, introduced from the cordillère of Columbia, is exceedingly showy and effective, its bright green foliage being veined and irregularly banded with silvery white. 3s. 6d. and 5s.

CISSUS PORPHYROPHYLLA,	3s. 6d. and 5s.
CLERODENDRON BALFOURII,	3s. 6d.
" CALAMITOSUM,	3s. 6d.
and 5s.	
" FALLAX,	3s. 6d.
" FRAGRANS FL. PL.,	
3s. 6d. and 5s.	
" HASTATUM,	5s.
" INFORTUNATUM,	5s.

CLERODENDRON KÆMPFERI,	3s. 6d. and
	5s.
" SPECIOSUM,	3s. 6d. and
5s.	
" SPLENDENS,	3s. 6d. and
5s.	
" THOMSONÆ,	3s. 6d.
" VISCOSUM,	3s. 6d. & 5s.
COCCOLOBA PLATYCLADA,	3s. 6d. and 5s.

COCHLIOSTEMA JACOBIANUM.

A magnificent Commelinaceous plant, producing deep green broad oblong-lanceolate leaves. The flowers are fragrant, of a soft violet and blue colour, and borne in immense panicles upon a peduncle about a foot long. It has been introduced from Ecuador. It is figured in the *Botanical Magazine*, tab. 5705. 1 guinea.

COFFEA ARABICA (The Coffee Plant),	3s. 6d.
	and 5s.
" BENGHALENSIS,	5s.

COFFEA ARABICA VARIEGATA,	7s. 6d.
	and 10s. 6d.
" LIBERICA, <i>vide</i> page 4.	

COLEUS AROMATICUS.

An interesting stove plant, with hairy green stems and leaves, the latter being flat, ovate in outline, crenated, and of a fleshy texture, and, moreover, remarkable for having a strong aromatic Thyme-like odour of a most agreeable character. It is a native of India, and bears pale blue flowers. The delightful fragrance of the leaves of this plant alone makes it worthy of cultivation, and possibly by fertilisation its fragrance may be imparted to the variegated series of this now popular family. 3s. 6d.

COLEUS.

The utility of the Coleus for ornamental purposes, where coloured leaved or variegated plants are desired, is well-known ; they are easily grown and make fine specimens in a short time. Price 12s. and 18s. per dozen.

COLUMNEA LONGIFOLIA,	3s. 6d. and 5s.
COLUMNEA SANGUINEA,	3s. 6d. and 5s.

COMBRETUM GRANDIFLORUM.

This Sierra Leone species bears also the name of *Combretum Afzelii*. It is a hothouse climber, with opposite elliptic or oblong-ovate hairy leaves, which (in young plants) are of an olive green colour, marked with a broad central band of gray, which breaks out laterally at the points where the principal veins diverge ; these leaves are purplish beneath, and attached by short thick reddish petioles. The secund flowers are scarlet, with yellow anthers, and grow in short axillary and terminal spikes. 10s. 6d.

COMBRETUM PURPUREUM,	5s.
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CORYNOPHALLUS AFZELII,	15s. and
	1 guinea

CONOCLINIUM IANTHINUM,	3s. 6d.
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CORYNOPHALLUS AFZELII SPECTA- BILIS,	15s. and 1 guinea
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CORYNSTYLISTIS HYBANTHUS ALBIFLORA.

The genus *Corynostylis* belongs to the family of the Violets, and consists of semi-scendent shrubs, with alternate leaves, and long-stalked flowers, the lower petal of which is produced behind into a long horn or spur.

The present species was found on the banks of the Amazon. It is a shrubby and remarkably free-blooming plant, of a trailing or climbing habit, bearing ovate-acuminate leaves, and lovely white horn-shaped or trumpet-shaped flowers, about 2 inches long, suspended on long thread-like peduncles. These interesting flowers taken in profile present the appearance of some long-spurred *Tropaeolum*, while on the front view they bear a resemblance to those of a gigantic Violet. 10s. 6d.

COSSIGNEA BORBONICA, 1 and 1½ guinea
COSTUS ALBESCENS, 7s. 6d.

“ **HIRSUTISSIMUS**, 7s. 6d.

“ **LUCIDUS**, 7s. 6d.

“ **MALORTIANUS**, 3s. 6d.

“ **ZEBRINUS**, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

CRESCENTIA ALATA, 7s. 6d.

CRINUM AMABILE, 15s. and 1 guinea

“ **ASIATICUM**, 10s. 6d. and 15s.

CRINUM BRACHYNEMA, 7s. 6d.

“ **CAREYANUM**, 10s. 6d.

“ **GIGANTEUM**, 7s. 6d. to 1 guinea

“ **HYBRIDUM**, 15s. and 1 guinea

“ **MCKENII**, 15s.

“ **PRATENSE**, 15s.

CROSSANDRA FLAVA, 5s.

“ **UNDULATA**, 5s.

CROTON ANGUSTIFOLIUM GIGANTEUM.

A very elegant and handsome variety of erect robust growth, with long linear lanceolate gracefully decurved leaves of a rich green colour, with bright golden mid-rib, and the parallel margins also lined with gold, whilst the intervening green spaces are picturesquely marked with casual blotches and spots of golden yellow. 15s. and 1 guinea.

CROTON ANGUSTIFOLIUM, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

„ **AUCUBÆFOLIUM**, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

CROTON CORNUTUM, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

„ **ELEGANS**, 3s. 6d. and 5s.



CROTON LIMBATUM, for description and price, *vide* page 27.

CROTON GRANDE.

A fine bold-habited stove plant from the South Sea Islands, having oblong-obovate leaves 8 inches long, and nearly half as much in width, and with a stout footstalk varying from 1 inch to 2½ inches in length. These leaves are, in the young state, of a rich deep green, with a yellowish rib, and scattered yellow spots, the stalks being pale coloured at the base and apex, where they are also thickened. As the plants gain maturity they become more distinctly veined and spotted with yellow. It has received First Class Certificates both from the Royal Horticultural and Royal Botanic Societies. 15s. and 1 guinea.

CROTON FUCATUM, 7s. 6d.

„ **HILLIANUM, 3s. 6d. and 5s.**
„ **HOOKERIANUM, 10s. 6d. and 15s.**
„ **INTERRUPTUM, 3s. 6d. and 5s.**

CROTON IRREGULARE, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

„ **JOHANNIS (ANGUSTISSIMUM), 10s. 6d. and 15s.**
„ **LACTEUM, 1 guinea**

CROTON LIMBATUM.

A very free-growing and very pretty dwarf-habited dense-growing Croton, imported from the East Indies. The leaves are linear-lanceolate, about 7 inches long, and 1½ inches in breadth, very densely set upon the branches, of a remarkably deep green, with a bright orange midrib, and narrow reddish orange margin. The colouring of the midrib is sometimes confined to the costa, and sometimes spreads in a narrow line on each side of it; the marginal colouring also forms a narrow continuous line on the extreme edge of the leaf. For illustration, *vide* page 26. 10s. 6d.

CROTON MAJESTICUM, *vide* page 12.

„ **MAXIMUM, 10s. 6d.**
„ **MEDIO-VARIEGATUM, 5s. and 7s. 6d.**
„ **NOBILE, 10s. 6d.**
„ **PICTUM, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.**

CROTON SPIRALE, *vide* page 13.

„ **VARIEGATUM, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.**
„ **ELEGANTISSIMUM, 3s. 6d. & 5s.**
„ **LONGIFOLIUM, 3s. 6d. and 5s.**

CROTON UNDULATUM.

This is one of the most beautiful varieties ever introduced. It is of the usual free Croton growth, the edges of the leaves being beautifully undulated and wavy, and the variegation consisting of numerous markings and blotches, which in the matured leaves are of the brightest crimson on a dark green ground, and in the young leaves, at first yellow, gradually changing to pink and crimson, the base of the petiole being a very light green. It has been introduced from the South Sea Islands. 5s., 7s. 6d., and 10s. 6d.

CROTON VEITCHII.

A splendid variety from the South Sea Islands, perfectly distinct from any other known kind, both in size of foliage and in colouring. The leaves attain a length of 12 to 14 inches, and 2½ inches in breadth, and in their young state are traversed by broad bands of creamy yellow, which change with age into rose and carmine purple, the intensity of these colours increasing as the leaves become older. 5s., 7s. 6d., and 10s. 6d.

CROTON VOLUTUM, *vide* page 13.**CROTON YOUNGII, 15s. and 1 guinea.****CROTON WEISMANNI.**

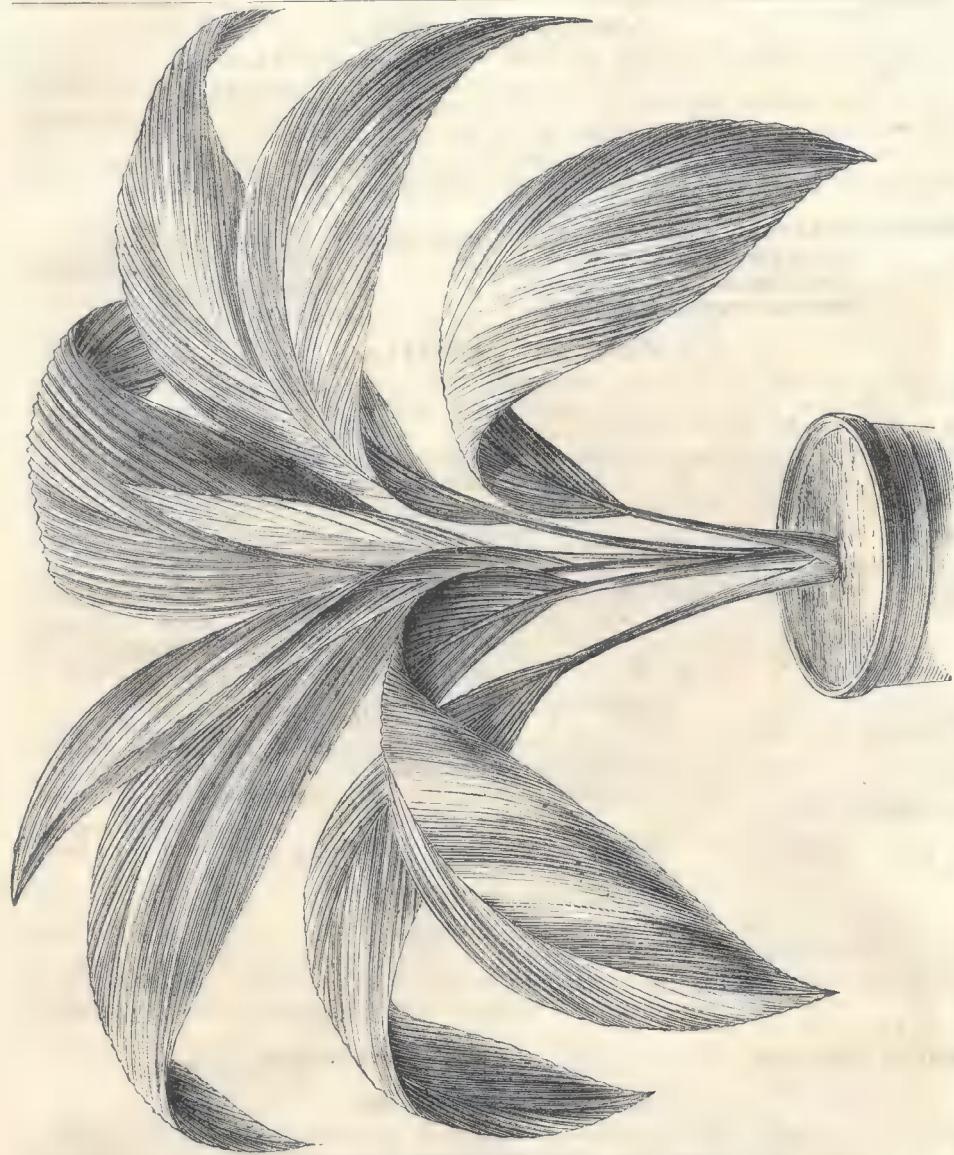
A remarkably distinct ornamental-foliated plant, in habit somewhat resembling a *Dracaena*, with long narrow leaves, striped and mottled with gold of the brightest possible hue. It is of very graceful habit, and of free growth, the leaves attaining 10 to 12 inches in length, and about three-quarters of an inch wide, very acute at the apex. The upper surface is of a dark shining green, with gold blotches, the midrib and margins golden yellow, while the under surface is similar, but of a paler green. 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.

CURCULIGO RECURVATA.

A noble plant, of Indian origin, extremely useful for decorative purposes. 7s. 6d.

CURCULIGO RECURVATA STRIATA.

This remarkably handsome variety of a well-known and exceedingly ornamental stove perennial has been awarded a First Class Certificate by the Floral Committee of the Royal Horticultural Society. It has the same long-stalked spreading lanceolate longitudinally plaited leaves as the parent, but differs in being marked with a distinct and effective central band of pure white, the back of the petiole being also whitish. It is a most telling decorative plant, on account of its bold and spreading habit. 3 and 4 guineas.



CURCULIGO RECURVATA VARIEGATA.

A plant of noble aspect, producing, from a tuberous rhizome, an arching head of recurved plaited oblong-lanceolate leaves, upwards of 2 feet long and 6 inches broad, on stalks a foot and a half in length; the leaves are green, banded in a varying manner with clear white stripes. The rich Palm-like foliage of this plant renders it of the highest ornamental character. The flowers are yellow, and grow in short racemes at the base of the leaves. 3 and 4 guineas.

CUPANIA FILICIFOLIA, *vide* *Jacaranda*

Clausseniana.

CURCUMA CORDATA, 5s. and 7s. 6d

CURCUMA ROSCOEANA, 5s. and 7s. 6d.

„ **RUBRICAULIS**, 5s.

„ **ZEDOARIA**, 7s. 6d.

CURMERRIA PICTURATA.

A remarkably attractive novelty from New Grenada. It is of robust growth, producing large elliptic obtuse leaves on short stout stems, which are tinged with purple at the base. The leaves are strikingly ornamented with a broad central silvery white band, running through the entire length; which contrasts admirably with the rich green colour of the other portions of the foliage. It is a very useful and effective plant. 1½ and 2 guineas.

CURCULIGO RECURVATA VARIEGATA.

CYANOPHYLLUM BOWMANNI, 5s. and
7s. 6d.
" **MAGNIFICUM**, 5s.
and 7s. 6d.
" **SPECTANDUM**, 7s. 6d.
and 10s. 6d.

CYCADS, *vide* Index.

CYPERUS ALTERNIFOLIUS, 2s. 6d. and
3s. 6d.
" **VARIE-**
" **GATUS**, 3s. 6d. and 5s.
" **LACOURII (KYLLINGIA**
MONOCEPHALA), 2s. 6d.
and 3s. 6d.
CYPRIPEDIUM, *vide* Orchids.



CYRTANTHERA CHRYSOSTEPHANA.

A new and very distinct species of the Tropical American genus Cyrtanthera, of elegant habit, and conspicuous for the vivid red colour of the mid-rib and nerves of the leaf beneath. The flowers, instead of being disposed in a dense thyrsse, or in axillary cymes, as in most species of the genus, are collected into a crown-like corymb at the tips of the branches, and are of a bright golden colour. It is a plant of easy culture, and a most desirable acquisition, for it produces its showy flowers in mid-winter. Figured in the *Botanical Magazine*, tab. 5887. 7s. 6d.

CYRTANTHERA MAGNIFICA , 3s. 6d.	
", POHLIANA , 3s. 6d.	
CYRTOCERAS REFLEXUM , 3s. 6d. and 5s.	
CYRTODEIRA CHONTALENSIS , <i>vide</i> Index	
DALECHAMPIA ROEZLIANA CARNEA ,	
2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.	
", ROEZLIANA ROSEA ,	
2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.	
DESMODIUM GYRANS , 3s. 6d. and 5s.	
DICHORISANDRA ARGENTEO-MAR-	
GINATA , 5s.	

DICHORISANDRA MUSAICA , 10s. 6d.,	
15s., and 1 guinea	
", UNDATA , 3s. 6d. and 5s.	
", VITTATA DISCOLOR ,	
3s. 6d. and 5s.	
", " TRICOLOR ,	
10s. 6d.	
DICHLOSTACHYS PLATYCARPA , 10s. 6d.	
 DIEFFENBACHIA BARAQINIANA ,	
5s. and 7s. 6d.	
", BOWMANNI , 5s. & 7s. 6d.	

DIEFFENBACHIA BAUSEI.

This very distinct and striking novelty is a hybrid between *D. picta* and *D. Weirii*, and is one of the finest of all the Dieffenbachias. It is a stocky-growing broad-leaved variety, with yellowish green leaves, which are irregularly edged and blotched with dark green, and also spotted with white, the marking being particularly effective. The plant is of dwarf habit, the leaves averaging 15 inches in length. The stem is of a very dark green colour, which, with the white base of the leaf-stalk, adds much to the distinctive and ornamental character of the plant. 5s., 7s. 6d., and 10s. 6d.

DIEFFENBACHIA EBURNEA.

This is one of the best Dieffenbachias yet introduced, being of close and compact habit. The leaves are light green, prettily spotted with white. The leaf-stalks and stems are of a pale cinnamon colour, ribbed with white, the latter having a pretty ivory-like appearance. It has been introduced from South America. 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.

DIEFFENBACHIA GIGANTEA , 5s. and	
7s. 6d.	
", GRANDIS , 3s. 6d.	
and 5s.	

DIEFFENBACHIA NOBILIS , 1 guinea	
", PEARCEI , 5s. & 7s. 6d.	
", PICTA , 3s. 6d.	
", WALLISII , 10s. 6d.	

DIEFFENBACHIA WEIRII.

This has been introduced by the Royal Horticultural Society from South America, through their collector, Mr. Weir, after whom it is named. It is of dwarf habit, the foliage of a bright green colour, thickly blotched and spotted with pale yellow. This is one of the finest of the Dieffenbachias, and can be recommended as a very ornamental-foliated stove plant. 5s., 7s. 6d., and 10s. 6d.

DIONÆA MUSCIPULA.

(THE FLY-TRAP PLANT, OR VENUS' FLY-TRAP.)

One of the most wonderful illustrations of vegetable structure and design known among plants. The formation of its leaf organs is singularly adapted for entrapping insects. 3s. 6d., 5s., and 7s. 6d.

DIOSCOREA ANECTOCHILUS , 5s. & 7s. 6d.	
", ARGYRÆA , <i>vide</i> page 4.	
", CHRYSOPHYLLA , 15s. and	
1 guinea.	

DIOSCOREA DISCOLOR VARIEGATA ,	
3s. 6d. and 5s.	
", MELANOLEUCA , 15s. and	
1 guinea.	

DIOSCOREA ILLUSTRATA.

A handsome-foliated stove climber, imported from Rio Grande do Sul. The stems are wiry; the leaf-stalks angular. The leaves are cordato-sagittate, about 6 inches across, abruptly apiculate, and produced at the base into two bluntnish lobes, which are 3 inches long, the blade from the petiole to the tip measuring about 5 inches. The size and marking of the leaf are the peculiar features of the plant. There is an irregular central band of silvery gray, and a few angular patches of the same colour generally placed in juxtaposition with the ribs, of which there are four on each side the costa. The surface is a satiny green, shaded with olive green, and marked by fine transverse whitish parallel lines between the nerves, a third series of irregular veinlets crossing between the latter. The under surface is purple. For illustration, *vide* page 31. 10s. 6d.

DIOSCOREA METALLICA , 15s. and 21s.	
", DIOSCOREA VITTATA , 10s. 6d.	

DIOSCOREA VITTATA , 10s. 6d.	
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DIPLADENIA (ECHITES) AMABILIS.

A beautiful climber, of neat habit, producing freely deep rosy crimson flowers, of large size (4 to 5 inches in diameter) and of exquisite beauty; fine for exhibition purposes. 3s. 6d. and 5s.



DIOSCOREA ILLUSTRATA, for description and price, *vide* page 30.

DIPLADENIA (ECHITES) AMÆNA.

Flowers of a soft pink colour, suffused with rose, somewhat resembling *D. splendens*, but in every respect a great improvement on that variety, being of superior form, the lobes being stiff and round instead of reflexed and pointed. 5s. and 7s. 6d.

DIPLADENIA ATROPURPUREA, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

BREARLEYANA, *vide* page 13.

DIPLADENIA BOLIVIENSIS, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

HARRISII, 3s. 6d. and 5s.
IN SIGNIS, 1 & 1½ guinea.

DIPLADENIA (ECHITES) MARTIANA.

This plant has been distributed and is generally known under the name of *D. crassinoda*, which, it has recently been ascertained, belongs to a totally distinct species. 3s. 6d. and 5s.

DIPLADENIA MAGNIFICA (ACUMI- | DIPLADENIA SPLENDENS, 5s. and 7s. 6d.
NATA), 3s. 6d. and 5s. | UROPHYLLA, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

DISTIACANTHUS SCARLATINUS.

A magnificent Bromeliaceous plant, introduced from the borders of the Amazon. The central leaves are of a most intense vivid scarlet colour. 1½ guinea.

DIPTERIX ODORATA, 1½ guinea

| DORSTENIA ARGENTATA, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

DRACÆNA AMABILIS.

This magnificent variety is extremely distinct and effective. The ground colour of the leaf is bright glossy green, becoming beautifully marked and suffused with pink and creamy white, the young leaves being occasionally of quite a rosy colour. The plant is of robust growth, the leaves being about 24 to 30 inches in length, and 4 to 5 in width. 2 and 3 guineas.



DRACÆNA EXCELSA, for description and price, *vide* page 33.

DRACÆNA ANGUSTA.

A slender-growing ornamental plant, with narrow arching leaves, about an inch wide, narrowed and compressed at the base into a purplish stalk; they are of a dull dark green above, tinted with purple beneath, and become slightly bronzed in age. The plant has been imported from the South Sea Islands. 10s. 6d. and 15s.

DRACÆNA ALBICANS, 5s. and 7s. 6d.
" **ALBO-ROSEA**, *vide* page 18.
" **ARBOREA**, 5s.

DRACÆNA BAPTISTIL, *vide* page 4.
" **BRASILIENSIS**, 5s.
" **CONGESTA (RUBRA)**, 3s. 6d.

DRACÆNA COMPACTA.

A dwarf stocky-habited Dracæna, introduced from the Samoan Islands. The leaves are numerous, crowded, recurved, with short petioles 2 inches long, margined and tinted with rose; the blades are about 7 inches long and nearly 3 inches broad, oblong-ovate, of a dull olive green, with a slight bronzy tint, and breaking out into broad streaks of rose colour when fully developed. It is one of the small forms of Dracæna, of stocky habit, and as such may find an appropriate niche in our cultivated collections of these interesting plants. 1½ guinea.

DRACÆNA COOPERI, 5s.

DRACÆNA DRACO, 10s. 6d.

DRACÆNA EXCELSA.

A free-growing stove plant, resembling *Dracæna metallica* in its vigorous character, and in the large size and oblong-acuminate form of the leaves, which are of an erect arching habit, and of a deep bronzy hue, margined towards the base and also on the wing of the petiole with a broad conspicuous edge a quarter of an inch wide, of a very deep magenta crimson. This bright colour is sometimes continued throughout the edge of the leaf, and sometimes breaks out into streaks and patches, as occurs in the other colonred-leaved species. The characteristic feature of the plant, however, is the distinct magenta border, conspicuous especially on the lower half of the leaf. It is one of the many beautiful Dracænas which have come from the South Sea Islands. For illustration, *vide* page 32. 10s. 6d., 15s., and 1 guinea.

DRACÆNA FERREA, 3s. 6d.

VARIEGATA, 5s.
" and 7s. 6d.

DRACÆNA FORMOSA, *vide* page 4.

FRAGRANS LATIFOLIA,
7s. 6d.

DRACÆNA FRASERI.

One of the many choice productions of the South Sea Islands. The present plant is one of the bolder habited of the coloured-leaved stove Dracænas, and being of a stout and stocky habit, it will form a grand companion plant for *D. regina*. The leaves, which are erectish, are oblong, a foot or upwards in length, and as much as five inches broad; they are abruptly acute at the apex, and at the base, suddenly narrowed into the petiole, which is about 3 inches long, and margined with bright rosy lake. The principal part of the leaf-blade is of a blackish purple, with a glaucous bloom, the basal portion having a marginal stripe of deep magenta rose, which runs down into the edge of the petiole, while here and there besides may be seen a streak of the same rich rose colour leading up from near the base. It is certainly one of the finest Dracænas known. 2 and 3 guineas.

DRACÆNA GRACILIS, 5s. and 7s. 6d.

" **GRANDIS**, *vide* page 5.

DRACÆNA ILLUSTRIS, *vide* page 5.

DRACÆNA GUILFOYLEI, 5s. and 7s. 6d.

HAAGEANA, 5s.

DRACÆNA GUILFOYLEI, 5s. and 7s. 6d.

HAAGEANA, 5s.

DRACÆNA ILLUSTRIS, *vide* page 5.

DRACÆNA IMPERIALIS.

A South Sea Island Dracæna, and one of the most beautiful which has yet found its way into our plant stoves. The variegation is in this case of a clear white combined with deep rose, and is most effective. The leaf-stalks are about 4 inches long, and marginate. The blade is narrowly elliptic-oblong, tapered at the apex, and narrowed into the marginate petiole. The colour is a deep sap green, breaking out freely in the young leaves into white, which is most prominent near the base of the leaf, and extending upwards irregularly. These variegated portions take on, as the leaves gain age, a deep bright rosy tint, so that in the leaves of different age the rosy hue is variously blended with the white. It is a remarkably fine plant, quite an acquisition to our choicest collections of stove plants. For illustration, *vide* page 34. 2 guineas.



DRACÆNA IMPERIALIS, for description and price, *vide* page 33.

DRACÆNA INSCRIPTA.

A slender erect-habited stove plant, with remarkably small leaves, which have erect petioles $2\frac{1}{2}$ inches long, flushed with purple, and a linear-oblong blade five inches long and an inch broad, tapered to a point, and at the base narrowed into the margin of the petiole. The colour is a lively green, streaked with thin lines of dull purple, which here and there break into linear markings of rose colour. The leaves have a sort of twisted appearance from the irregular recurring of the edges. The origin of the plant is not known. 10s. 6d.

DRACÆNA MACLEAYI, 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.
MACULATA, 5s.

DRACÆNA MARGINATA, 5s. and 7s. 6d.
MOOREANA, 1 and $1\frac{1}{2}$ guineas.



DRACÆNA METALLICA.

This robust-habited stove plant is the finest of all the dark-coloured Dracænas, the leaves being as much as 16 inches long, and of an oblong acuminate form, with a marginate petiole 4 inches long. These, together with the sheathing leaf-stalks, are of a uniform rich coppery purplish hue when young, becoming a dark purplish bronze when mature. The leaves are somewhat erect and arching, and altogether, taking into account their large size and their full and rich colouring, together with the free habit of growth, *D. metallica* comes into the very foremost rank amongst decorative and exhibition plants. It has been imported from the Samoan Islands. 2 guineas.

DRACÆNA NIGRESCENS, 5s. and 7s. 6d. | **DRACÆNA NIGRO-RUBRA**, 5s. and 7s. 6d.
DRACÆNA NIGRO-STRATATA, *vide* page 5.

DRACÆNA ORNATA.

An elegant slender-growing form of Dracæna, imported from the South Sea Islands. It is of erect habit, with numerous small, crowded, recurved, taper-pointed, oblong-elliptic leaves, and almost erect petioles, the distinction between stalk and blade being much more marked than usual. The blades are about 8 inches long, and nearly 2 inches broad, slightly plicate on the surface, dark bronzy green, marked at the base with a narrow margin of rosy pink, which is continued along the edge of the petioles, the colour extending as a border to the apex of those leaves which have acquired their full covering. It can be recommended as a pretty small-growing form. 1½ guinea.

DRACÆNA PICTA, *vide* page 5.

| **DRACÆNA PRINCEPS**, *vide* page 5.

DRACÆNA PULCHELLA.

A pretty narrow-leaved form of Dracæna, forming an excellent companion plant to *D. pulcherrima*. It has deeply bronze-tinted leaves, nearly an inch wide, and of spreading arching habit, the contracted petiole-like base being of a deep wine red, which colour also marks the edges of the leaves. It is altogether an elegant and apparently small-growing plant, likely to be extremely useful for purposes of decoration. It was introduced from the South Sea Islands. 15s. and 1 guinea.



DRACÆNA PULCHERRIMA.

This, though a somewhat slender-growing plant, is of free habit. It is furnished with spreading recurved leaves of narrow clongate form, 12 to 14 inches long, and nearly 2 inches broad at the widest part, thence tapering gradually to the point; the younger leaves of established plants break out freely into patches of rosy red, which sometimes nearly or quite cover the whole surface; some of the leaves also break out into streaks of white, and the two colours, red and white, become variously blended. The lower parts of the leaves and their winged petioles are edged with red. It is a prettily coloured small-leaved sort, introduced from the South Sea Islands, and has been announced under the name of *D. concinna*, which proves to be already occupied. 15s. and 1 guinea.

DRACÆNA REFLEXA, 5s.
REGINA, 5s. and 7s. 6d.

DRACÆNA RUMPHII, 15s.
RUBRA ELEGANS, 1 guinea.



DRACÆNA SHEPHERDII.

A noble form of *Dracæna*, and one of the finest yet in cultivation. It was first shown, and received a First Class Certificate, under the provisional name of *D. gloriosa*; but it is so thoroughly distinct, and such a magnificent ornamental plant, that Mr. W. B. has given the specific name in compliment to his esteemed correspondent, Mr. Shepherd, the well-known nurseryman of Sydney.

Unlike most of the forms already known, which colour most on the free young growth of vigorous plants, this plant takes on its distinctive colouring gradually on the older leaves, the young ones being green, and showing paler green stripes on those parts which take on a later period the peculiar bronzy orange hue. It is very free-growing, of ample proportions, the broad oblong linear leaves— $2\frac{1}{4}$ feet long and 5 inches broad—being arranged in a distinctly spiral manner, and having channelled marginate petioles 6 inches long, tinted at the edge with the same bronzy-orange colour, which is continued along the marginal portion of the lower half of each leaf. 1, $1\frac{1}{2}$, and 2 guineas.



DRACÆNA SPLENDENS.

A remarkably distinct ornamental stove plant, of dwarf and compact but free-growing habit, densely furnished with short oblong acute recurved leaves, about 9 inches long and 4 inches broad, arranged in a spiral manner, and having winged footstalks. The colour is a deep bronzy green, breaking out in the young growth into bright rosy carmine, the petiole and base of the leaves margined with the same colour. The brighter colouring appears sometimes in stripes, and sometimes occupies the whole surface, while the recurved character of the densely-set foliage gives the plant a flat, almost table-like head. It has been imported from the South Sea Islands. It was awarded a First Class Certificate by the Floral Committee of the Royal Horticultural Society. 1½ and 2 guineas.

DRACÆNA SPECTABILIS , 3s. 6d. and 5s.	DRACÆNA TERMINALIS , 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.
“ STENOPHYLLA , 7s. 6d.	
“ STRICTA , 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.	“ UTILIS , 5s.
“ SURCULOSA MACULATA , 7s. 6d.	“ YOUNGII , 1 and 1½ guineas.
	DROSERA DICHOTOMA , 10s. 6d. and 15s.

DRACONTIUM ASPERUM.

This Aroid will not vie in size with *Godwinia gigas*, but is very much like it in aspect. The leaf-stalks are from 5 to 6 feet in length, covered by an epidermis which is smooth and pinkish above, but from the middle downwards is marked by small, scattered, conical asperities, and wavy bands or blotches of a purplish colour, mottled with white. The leaf-blades spread horizontally, extending from 3 to 4 feet across, dark green above, paler beneath, and perfectly smooth. The flower spathe is erect, boat-shaped, of a purplish brown colour on the exterior, and rich purple in the interior. The spadix is erect, about 2 inches long, and densely covered with hermaphrodite flowers. 10s. 6d.

DRYMONIA TURIALVÆ, 5s. and 7s. 6d.
DURANTA BAUMGARTII VARIEGATA,
 3s. 6d.

DYCKIA LEMAIREANA, *vide* page 5.

ECHITES, *vide* *Dipladenia*.

“ *PICTA*, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

“ *RUBRO-VENOSA*, 5s. and 7s. 6d.

ENCHOLIRION

This is a very ornamental stove plant of the Bromeliaceous order, and was introduced to our gardens from Brazil. It forms a tuft of spreading leaves, which are of a linear ligulate form, bluntly apiculate, channeled, of a thin papery texture, dull grayish green above, and purplish on the under surface. The flowers grow in a distichous spike at the top of a scape about 2 feet high, and are very showy, the bracts being of a bright deep crimson, while the oblong flowers are yellow, rather longer than the bracts, and having the three green petals slightly protruded beyond the sepals; some of the bracts below the spike of flowers are also crimson. 1, 2, and 3 guineas.

ERANTHEMUM ANDERSONI (ELEGANS).

This charming plant, a native of India, is most effective, the beauty of its blossoms being equal to that of some of the loveliest Orchids; these are freely produced on small plants, borne in axillary and terminal spikes, the latter some 8 or 10 inches long. The two upper and lateral lobes of the flowers are pure white; the Orchid-like lip or lower segment is minutely but thickly dotted with crimson lake, and broadly margined with white. 3s. 6d.

ERANTHEMUM ASPERSUM, 3s. 6d.

“ *IGNEUM*, 3s. 6d.

“ *MARMORATUM*, *vide* page 6.

“ *PULCHELLUM*, 3s. 6d.

“ *RUBRO-NERVIUM*, *vide* *Fittonia*

“ *SANGUINOLENTUM*, *vide* *Hypôestes*

“ *TUBERCULATUM*, 2s. 6d.

ERYTHRINA PARCELII, *vide* page 6.

EUCHARIS AMAZONICA, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

EUCODONIA, *vide* Index

EUPHORBIA JACQUINIAEFLORA, 3s. 6d.

“ *SPLENDENS*, 3s. 6d.

FICUS SYCOMORUS.

This is the exceedingly rare Sycamore Tree of Scripture. 10s. 6d.

FITTONIA ARGYRONEURA, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

“ *GIGANTEA*, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

“ *PEARCEI*, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

“ *RUBRO-NERVIA*, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

“ *VERSCHAFFELTII*, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

FRANCISCEA ACUMINATA, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

“ *AUGUSTA (RAMOSISSIMA)*, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

“ *CALYCINA*, 5s.

“ *CONFERTIFLORA (LAURIFOLIA)*, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

“ *EXIMIA*, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

“ *HOPEANA (UNIFLORA)*, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

“ *HYDRANGEÆFORMIS*, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

ELÆOCARPUS RETICULATUS, 5s. and 7s. 6d.

ELETTARIA DIEPENHORSTII, 7s. 6d.

ENCEPHALARTOS, *vide* Index.

EPiphyllums, of sorts; these are useful for winter and early spring blooming, and very showy and attractive, 30s. and 42s. per doz.

CORALLINUM.

This is a very ornamental stove plant of the Bromeliaceous order, and was introduced to our gardens

from Brazil. It forms a tuft of spreading leaves, which are of a linear ligulate form, bluntly apiculate, channeled, of a thin papery texture, dull grayish green above, and purplish on the under surface. The flowers grow in a distichous spike at the top of a scape about 2 feet high, and are very showy, the bracts being of a bright deep crimson, while the oblong flowers are yellow, rather longer than the bracts, and having the three green petals slightly protruded beyond the sepals; some of the bracts below the spike of flowers are also crimson. 1, 2, and 3 guineas.

ERANTHEMUM ANDERSONI (ELEGANS).

This charming plant, a native of India, is most effective, the beauty of its blossoms being equal to that of some of the loveliest Orchids; these are freely produced on small plants, borne in axillary and terminal spikes, the latter some 8 or 10 inches long. The two upper and lateral lobes of the flowers are pure white; the Orchid-like lip or lower segment is minutely but thickly dotted with crimson lake, and broadly margined with white. 3s. 6d.

EURYCLES AMBOINENSIS, 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.

“ *CUNNINGHAMII*, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

EXOSTEMMA CHONTALENSIS, 10s. 6d.

FERNS, *vide* Index

FICUS BARBATA, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

“ *COOPERI*, 5s.

“ *DEALBATA*, 1 and 1½ guinea

“ *EBURNEA*, 5s. and 7s. 6d.

“ *ELEGANS*, 15s. and 1 guinea

“ *INDICA*, 5s.

“ *LANCEOLATA*, 7s. 6d.

“ *PORTEANA*, 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.

“ *SURINGARI*, 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.

FICUS SYCOMORUS.

This is the exceedingly rare Sycamore Tree of Scripture. 10s. 6d.

FRANCISCEA LATIFOLIA, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

“ *LINDENI*, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

“ *MAGNIFICA*, 15s.

“ *ROSEA PERFECTA*, 1 guinea

“ *VIOLACEA GRANDIFLORA*, 15s.

GARCINIA LIVINGSTONI, 10s. 6d. and 15s.

GARDENIA AMENA, 5s. and 7s. 6d.

“ *CHARTACEA*, 10s. 6d.

“ *CITRIODORA*, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

“ *FLORIDA*, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

“ *FORTUNEI*, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

“ *VARIEGATA*, 5s. to 10s. 6d.

“ *RADICANS*, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

“ *VARIEGATA*, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

“ *MAJOR*, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

“ *STANLEYANA*, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

GEISSOMERIA MARMORATA, 3s. 6d.
GESNERA DONKELAARI, 7s. 6d.
 " **LEOPOLDI**, 3s. 6d.
 " **PURPUREA MACRANTHA**,
 3s. 6d.

GESNERA, *vide* Index.
GLORIOSA PLANTII, 3s. 6d. and 5s.
 " **SUPERBA**, 5s. and 7s. 6d.
GLOXINIA, *vide* Index.
GOMPHIA DECORA, 5s. and 7s. 6d.

GODWINIA GIGAS.

This is the largest Aroid, both in leaf and flower, of which we have as yet any precise knowledge. It was discovered by Dr. B. Seemann, near to the Javali mine, in the Chontales Mountains of Nicaragua. It produces only a solitary leaf, and after that has died off, the flower spathe makes its appearance, both leaf and spathe being of gigantic dimensions. The petiole is covered with minute spiny projections, and has a beautifully mottled metallic surface, brimstone yellow, barred and striped with purple, giving it the appearance of a snake standing erect. The blade of the leaf is green on both sides, and divided into three primary sections, which are again repeatedly subdivided, the extreme divisions being ovate-acuminate. The peduncle is mottled, rough with minute spiny projections like the petiole, and furnished towards the base with several large bracts. The flower spathe is of a thick leathery texture, outside of a dark bluish brown, and inside of a dark brownish red, with the exception of the base and those parts surrounding the spadix, which are whitish yellow. 1 guinea.

GOODYERA, *vide* Orchids.

GRAPTOPHYLLUM PICTUM, 3s. 6d.

GRIFFINIA BLUMENAVIA, 7s. 6d.

" **HYACINTHINA**, 7s. 6d.

" **MAXIMA**,
 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.

GUILANDINA BONDUC, 10s. 6d.

GUZMANNIA PICTA, 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.

GYMNOSTACHIUM, *vide* Fittonia.

HÆMADICTYON REFULGENS, 7s. 6d. & 10s. 6d.

HEBECLINIUM IANTHINUM, *vide* Conoclinium.

HEDYSARUM, *vide* Desmodium.

HELICONIA VINOSA.

A handsome Musaceous plant, introduced from New Grenada. It is of Canna-like habit, with large broadly oblong leaves, a foot and a half or more in length, sharp-pointed, bright green above, and stained of a purplish wine red beneath. The upper surface is transversely plicate or ridged, in consequence of the prominence of the veins, which start nearly at a right angle, and curve away towards the edge. The costa is of a pale yellowish green, and sunk on the upper surface, but reddish and prominent beneath. The plant has the aspect of a dwarf Musa, with the slender greenish pseudostem somewhat compressed. 10s. 6d. and 15s.

HEMEROCALLIS PICTA, 10s. 6d.

HEXACENTRIS LUTEA, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

" **mysorensis**, 3s. 6d. & 5s.

HIBISCUS ROSA-SINENSIS, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

" **(ROSA-SINENSIS), COOPERI**,

3s. 6d.

HIBISCUS (ROSA-SINENSIS) ALBO-VARIEGATUS.

A free-growing plant, from the Pacific Islands; it is of a closely branched habit, with ovate slightly toothed leaves, which are freely mottled and variegated with grayish green and white, and should be grown in full light, near the glass, to bring out its proper colouring. The flowers are large (about 4½ inches across), single, the petals obovate, spreading, of a pale rosy red colour, passing to creamy pink at the base, where there is an oblique crimson star formed by a blotch extending upwards for about half an inch on each petal, the colour being shaded off so as to leave the opposite margin pale-coloured. 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.

HIBISCUS (ROSA-SINENSIS) CARMINATUS PERFECTUS.

A charming stove plant, in habit resembling *H. rosa-sinensis*, recently imported from the South Sea Islands. It has stalked ovate obscurely three-lobed leaves which are deeply toothed, and very large flowers, nearly 5 inches across, with broad and slightly undulated petals, forming a full round flower, of perfect shape, and of a rich soft carmine rose with a deep crimson eye. The staminal column is very prominent, and adds much to the beauty of the flowers, the column being of a rosy hue, the numerous stamens bright yellow, and the five stigmas a rich velvety crimson. 10s. 6d.

HIBISCUS (ROSA-SINENSIS) CRUENTUS.

A remarkably fine and showy stove plant, having the general habit and characteristics of *Hibiscus rosa-sinensis*. The leaves are short and broadly ovate, of a deep green colour, coarsely and bluntly serrated. The flowers are of a moderate size, compact and double, of a remarkably rich crimson red, and having a strikingly showy character, the colour being rich, and the contour of the individual blossoms finely modelled. It comes from the South Sea Islands. 10s. 6d.



HIBISCUS (ROSA-SINENSIS) FULGIDUS.

This magnificent variety, which was obtained from the South Sea Islands, is remarkable alike for the size, colour, and marking of its brilliant flowers. The leaves are broadly ovate, with coarsely serrated margins. The flowers are of very large size (5 inches in diameter), composed of fine broad, rounded, and beautifully undulated petals, of an intense carmine scarlet, paler and somewhat rosy-tinted towards the base, where on each petal is an oblong blotch of deep crimson, forming a blunt-rayed star in the centre of the flower. It is one of the finest varieties yet introduced. 10s. 6d.

**HIBISCUS (ROSA-SINENSIS) GENERAL
COURTIGIS, 5s.**
" (,,) **GRANDIFLORUS,**
3s. 6d. and 5s.

**HIBISCUS (ROSA-SINENSIS) KERMESI-
NUS, *vide* page 6.**
" (,,) **LUTEUS PLENUS,**
3s. 6d. and 5s.

**HIBISCUS (ROSA-SINENSIS) MINIATUS SEMI-PLENUS.**

This remarkably showy stove plant has firm almost leathery ovate leaves, which are coarsely toothed, and brilliant flowers of a vermillion scarlet colour, darker towards the base of the petals. The flowers are semi-double, the petals very much waved and recurved, forming an irregular undulated mass 4 inches across, from which the partially petaloid staminal column projects 2 inches. The brilliant and attractive flowers are remarkable for the absence of formality, the shape being wild, and abounding in fantastic curves, but nevertheless they are remarkably handsome. It has been imported from the South Sea Islands. 10s. 6d.

**HIBISCUS (ROSA-SINENSIS) PUNICEUS.**

A very attractive stove plant, of a remarkably dense and close-growing habit, as compared with others of this well-known showy species. The leaves are shortly and broadly ovate, of a deep green colour, with an irregular-toothed margin. The flowers are double, remarkably neat and compact; they measure about 3 inches across, and the wavy petaline bodies, which form the close centre are about 2 inches in depth, and have a very elegantly-crisped appearance. The colour is a bright dense crimson, so that the blossoms are very attractive. It is one of the many importations from the South Sea Islands. 10s. 6d.

HIBISCUS (ROSA-SINENSIS) RUBRO-	
PLENUS, 3s. 6d.	
„ („) VARIEGATUS, 3s. 6d.	
HIPPEASTRUM, vide Amaryllis.	
„ VITTATUM HARRISONIÆ,	
vide page 6.	
HOFFMANNIA (HIGGINSIA) DISCOLOR,	5s.
„ („) GHIESBRECHTII,	3s. 6d. and 5s.
„ („) ORTGIESII, 5s.	
„ („) PYROPHYLLA,	3s. 6d. and 5s.
„ („) REFULGENS, 3s. 6d.	and 5s.
„ („) „ ARGYRO-	
NEURA,	
7s. 6d.	
„ („) „ ROBUSTA,	5s.
„ („) ROEZLII, 5s.	
HOMALONEMA CERULESCENS, 10s. 6d.	
HOYA BELLA, 3s. 6d.	
„ CAMPANULATA, 3s. 6d. and 5s.	
„ CARNOSA, 3s. 6d.	
„ „ PICTA AUREA, 5s.	
„ „ VARIEGATA, 3s. 6d. & 5s.	
„ IMPERIALIS, 5s. and 7s. 6d.	
„ PAXTONI, 3s. 6d.	

HYPOCYRTA BREVICALYX, 5s.	
HYPoESTES SANGUINOLENTA, 2s. 6d.	
and 3s. 6d.	
IMPATIENS HOOKERII, 3s. 6d. and 5s.	
„ JERDONIÆ, 5s.	
„ LATIFOLIA ALBA, 3s. 6d.	
IPOMEA HORSFALLIÆ, 5s. and 7s. 6d.	
„ IN SIGNIS, 3s. 6d. and 5s.	
„ LEARII, 3s. 6d.	
„ MEXICANA, 3s. 6d. and 5s.	
„ TERNATA, 3s. 6d. and 5s.	
IXORA ACUMINATA, 5s.	
„ AFFINIS, 5s.	
„ ALBA, 3s. 6d. and 5s.	
„ AMABILIS, 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.	
„ AMBOINENSIS, 3s. 6d. and 5s.	
„ COCCINEA SUPERBA, 3s. 6d.	
and 5s.	
„ COLEI, 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.	
„ CROCATA, 3s. 6d. and 5s.	
„ „ RUTILANS, 3s. 6d.	
and 5s.	
„ DIXIANA, 5s. and 7s. 6d.	
„ GRIFFITHII, 5s.	
„ JAVANICA, 3s. 6d. and 5s.	
„ „ FLORIBUNDA, 5s.	
„ INCARNATA, 5s.	
„ LOBBII, 3s. 6d. and 5s.	
„ PRINCEPS, 5s. and 7s. 6d.	

IXORA PRINCE OF ORANGE.

A distinct and attractive variety of free compact habit, producing large and dense terminal corymbs of rich orange red flowers, which are tinged with violet towards the centre. 10s. 6d.

IXORA ROSEA, 3s. 6d. and 5s.	
„ SALICIFOLIA, 3s. 6d. and 5s.	

IXORA SANGUINEA, 10s. 6d.	
„ SPECTABILIS, 10s. 6d.	

IXORA WILLIAMSII.

This superb hybrid is one of the best varieties in cultivation. The plant is of free growth and an abundant bloomer, producing immense trusses of large flowers of a very distinct and pleasing shade of reddish salmon. 10s. 6d.

JACARANDA CLAUSSENIANA, 42s.	
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JACARANDA MIMOSÆFOLIA, 7s. 6d.	
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JACQUEMONTIA VIOLENCEA.

A neat growing trailing plant, of slender habit, producing an abundance of lovely blue flowers. 7s. 6d.

JASMINUM ARABICUM, 5s.	
„ DUCHESSE D'ORLEANS,	
3s. 6d.	
„ GRACILE, 3s. 6d.	
„ „ VARIEGATUM,	
3s. 6d. and 5s.	
„ HIRSUTUM (MULTIFLO-	
RUM), 3s. 6d. and 5s.	
„ LIGUSTRIFOLIUM, 3s. 6d.	

JASMINUM SAMBAC, 3s. 6d. and 5s.	
„ „ FLORE-PLENO,	
3s. 6d. and 5s.	
„ „ SYRINGIFOLIUM, 3s. 6d.	
JATROPHA MULTIFIDA, 5s. and 7s. 6d.	
JONESIA DECLINATA, 1 guinea.	
JUSTICIA CALYCOTRICHIA, 3s. 6d. and 5s.	
„ „ ZEBRINA, 3s. 6d. and 5s.	
KÆMPFERIA ROSCOEANA, 5s. and 7s. 6d.	

KÆMPFERIA SPECIOSA.

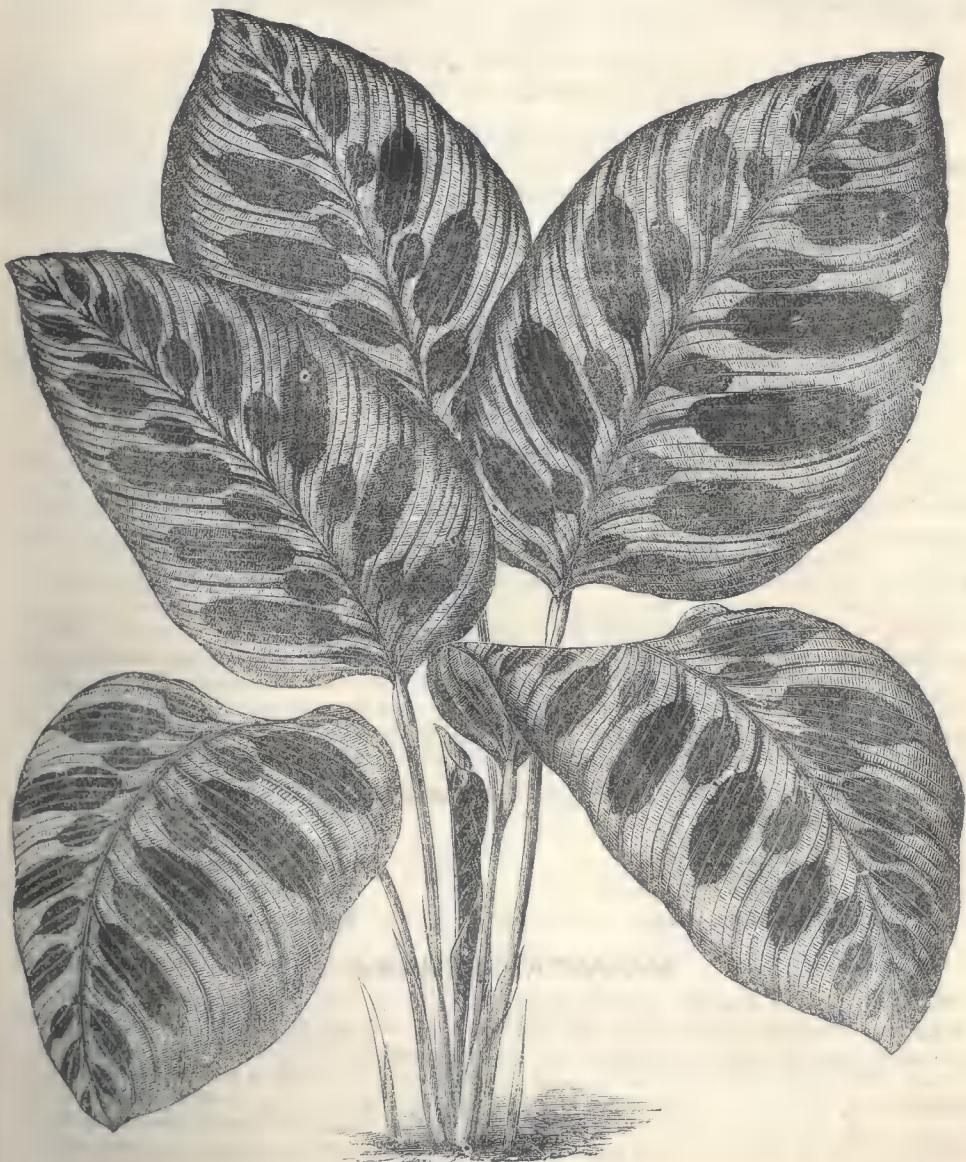
This species has been imported from South Africa. The flowers, unlike many of the East Indian kinds are very attractive. It is a tuberous-rooted plant, with pale green leaves and strong flower scapes; the segments of the flower are of a bright violet-purple colour. 10s. 6d.

KOPSIA FRUTICOSA.

An elegant stove plant of the Apocynaceous order, and better known perhaps under the name of *Cerbera fruticosa*. It is a native of India, in Pegu and the Malayan peninsula, and forms a glabrous shrub of moderate stature, with membranaceous elliptic leaves, five to six inches long, and cymose flowers, which have a long slender tube, and a flat spreading limb two inches in diameter, and consisting of five obovate-oblong segments of an intense rose stained with crimson around the narrow mouth of the tube. The flowers are, indeed, much like those of *Vinca rosea*, but are larger and faintly odiferous. 7s. 6d.

LAURUS CINNAMOMUM, 5s. and 7s. 6d.
ZEYLANICUM (VERUM), 5s.
" and 7s. 6d.

LEMONIA SPECTABILIS, 5s. and 7s. 6d.
LIMNOCHARIS HUMBOLDTII, 3s. 6d.
and 5s.



MARANTA MAKOYANA, for description and price, *vide* page 46.

LIBONIA PENRHOSIENSIS.

A very elegant shrubby stove plant, obtained by crossing *Libonia floribunda* with *Sericographis Ghiesbreghtiana*. It has much brighter and deeper coloured flowers than its parent, and the leaves are more acute. It is an exceedingly useful decorative plant, freely producing its fine showy flowers, which are of a bright rich crimson colour, passing into fiery red. It blooms in the most profuse manner in the depth of winter, and, being easily cultivated, is a desirable plant. 2s. 6d., 3s. 6d., and 5s.

LITTONIA MODESTA, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

LUCULIA, *vide* Greenhouse Plants

MACKAYA BELLA, *vide* page 63.

MACROZAMIA, *vide* Index

MAGNOLIA MUTABILIS, 5s. and 7s. 6d.

MAGNOLIA PUMILA, 5s. and 7s. 6d.

MANETTIA BICOLOR, 3s. 6d.

“ **CORDATA**, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

“ **MICANS**, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

MANTISIA SALTATORIA, 10s. 6d.

MANGIFERA INDICA.

(“THE MANGO TREE.”)

Mr. W. B. having imported a large quantity of this rare plant, can now offer it at 1 guinea.

MARANTA ALBO-LINEATA, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

AMABILIS, 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.

ARGYREA, 5s.

BARAQUINII, 5s. and 7s. 6d.

BICOLOR, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

CHIMBORACENSIS, 5s. and

7s. 6d.

CINEREA, 15s. and 21s.

COMOSA, 7s. 6d.

MARANTA CONCINNA, *vide* page 7.

EXIMIA, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

FASCIATA, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

GOVEANA, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

HIEROGLYPHICA, 1 and

1½ guinea

ILLUSTRIS, 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.

LEGRELLIANA, 7s. 6d.

LINDENII, 5s. and 7s. 6d.

MARANTA MAKOYANA.

A lovely dwarf-growing stove perennial, belonging to the front rank of plants with ornamental foliage. The leaf-stalks are slender, erect, of a dull reddish purple, and support an ovate blade, somewhat unequal-sided, about 6 inches long and 4½ inches broad, most charmingly coloured. The margin and the oblong markings are of a very dark bottle-green colour, while the whole intervening space is semi-transparent, cream-coloured, or of a greenish straw-colour, and traversed by the veins, which form narrow divergent dark-green lines, between which the pallid surface appears as if minutely striate; when closely examined, however, it is found to be barred transversely with minute green lines, producing, under a magnifying glass, the appearance of being cancellate, like the *Ovovirandra*. This pale centre of the leaf, on each side the mid-rib, is ornamented by oblong, often stipitate, blotches, of a deep full green, and from 1 to 2 inches long, the larger and smaller markings frequently alternating. The under surface is a wine-red, deeper opposite the darker markings of the upper surface. It may be described generally as a miniature of such plants as *M. Veitchii* and *M. Lindenii*, but is even more beautiful than these fine kinds. For illustration, *vide* page 45. 7s. 6d., 10s. 6d., and 15s.

MARANTA MICANS, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

“ **ORNATA**, 5s.

“ **PAVONIA**, 7s. 6d.

“ **PICTURATA**, 7s. 6d.

“ **PORTEANA**, 5s.

“ **PRINCEPS**, 10s. 6d.

MARANTA PRUINATA, 10s. 6d.

PULCHELLA, 5s.

“ **REGALIS**, 5s. and 7s. 6d.

ROSEO-LINEATA, 5s.

“ **ROSEO-PICTA**, 5s. and 7s. 6d.

SANGUINEA, 5s.

MARANTA SEEMANNI.

This desirable stove decorative plant is of remarkably free growth, with leafy stems, and bold oblong-ovate acuminate leaves, about a foot long and nearly 6 inches broad, of a beautiful emerald green while young, and of a deeper green when matured, transversely-ridged, but chiefly remarkable for their velvety lustre, which gives them a most pleasing effect; the mid-rib is hollowed out, and of a whitish colour, while the under surface is of a rich wine-red, and this in the unrolled central leaves contrasts finely with the rich lustrous green. It was found in Nicaragua, Central America, by the late Dr. Seemann, by whom the living plants were sent to this country. For illustration, *vide* page 47. 10s. 6d. and 15s.

MARANTA SEEMANNI, for description and price, *vide* page 46.

MARANTA SETOSA, *vide* Calathea arrecta.
 " **SMARAGDINA**, 10s. 6d. & 15s.
 " **SPLENDIDA**, 5s. and 7s. 6d.
 " **STRIATA**, 5s. and 7s. 6d.
 " **TRUNCATA**, 7s. 6d.
 " **TUBISPATHA**, 5s. and 7s. 6d.
 " **UNDULATA**, 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.
 " **VAN DEN HECKEI**, 3s. 6d.
 " **VARIEGATA**, 5s. and 7s. 6d.

MARANTA VEITCHII, 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.
 " **VIRGINALIS**, 5s. and 7s. 6d.
 " **VITTATA**, 5s.
 " **WALLISII**, 7s. 6d.
 " **WAGNERI**, 7s. 6d.
 " **WARSCEWICZII**, 5s.
 " **ZEBRINA**, 3s. 6d. and 5s.
MARCGRAAVIA DUBIA, 5s.

MARCGRAAVIA PARADOXA.

This name is provisionally applied to a very remarkable stove creeping-stemmed perennial, sent from Nicaragua by the late Dr. Seemann as a species of Marcgraavia, but which under cultivation has very much more the aspect of a Pothos, and may possibly prove to be an entirely new genus. The stems cling firmly to the surface against which they are placed, by means of the strong roots which issue from their nodes opposite the alternately distichous leaves, the latter having a sheathing petiole, and an unequal-sided cordate acuminate limb, which is 4 inches long, and as much in breadth, reticulately veined, membranous, as well as minutely undulate-crisped at the edge, and of a deep green colour, as also are the stems. The clinging habit gives the plant a remarkable and interesting appearance. 10s. 6d.

MARICA NORTHIANA, 3s. 6d.**MEDINILLA MAGNIFICA**, 5s. and 7s. 6d.
MEDINILLA AMABILIS, *vide* page 13.**MESUA FERREA.**

An exceedingly ornamental plant, the foliage of which is dark green, and remarkably glaucous beneath; the young shoots are of a bright transparent pink, and the flowers have petals of ivory whiteness, which present a charming contrast with the deep yellow stamens. The odour of the blossoms is something delicious. 10s. 6d. and 15s.

METHONICA, *vide* Gloriosa.**MEYENIA ERECTA**, 3s. 6d." **ALBA**, 3s. 6d.**MIKANIA LIERVALLII**, 3s. 6d. and 5s.**MIMOSA SENSITIVA**, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.**MODECCA PALMATA**, 7s. 6d.**MONOLENA PRIMULÆFLORA**, 5s. and 7s. 6d.**MONSTERA DELICIOSA** (*Philodendron pertusum*), 10s. 6d., 15s., and 21s.**MUSA AFRICANA**, 15s." **ASSAMICA**, 15s." **CAVENDISHII**, 10s. 6d. and 15s." **COCCINEA**, 1 guinea" **ORNATA**, 1 guinea" **ROSACEA**, 15s." **RUBRA**, 1½ guinea" **SAPIENTUM**, 15s." **SANGUINEA**, 1 guinea" **SUPERBA**, 15s. and 1 guinea" **TEXTILIS**, 2 guineas" **VITTATA**, 2 guineas" **ZEBRINA**, 1 guinea**MUSSÆNDA ACUMINATA**, 5s." **FRONDOSA**, 3s. 6d. and 5s.**MUSSÆNDA FRONDOSA ACUMINATA**,

5s.

" **GLABRA**, 5s." **LUTEOLA**, 3s. 6d.**MYRTUS TOMENTOSA**, 3s. 6d. and 5s.**NAPOLEONA IMPERIALIS**, 5s. and 7s. 6d.**NELUMBINUM SPECIOSUM**, 10s. 6d. & 15s.**NEPENTHES AMPULLACEA**, 21s. and 42s." **DISTILLATORIA**, 15s. and

1 guinea

" **GRACILIS MAJOR**, 10s. 6d.

to 1 guinea

" **HYBRIDA**, 31s. 6d. and 42s." **MACULATA**,

21s. and 31s. 6d.

" **LÆVIS**, 5s. to 10s. 6d." **PHYLLAMPHORA**, 5s. to

10s. 6d.

" **RAFFLESIANA**, for illustration and price, *vide* page 49." **RUBRA**, 1 to 2 guineas" **SEDENII**, 1 and 1½ guinea**NIDULARIUM FULGENS**, 7s. 6d. & 10s. 6d." **INNOCENTII**, 10s. 6d." **PICTA**, 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.**NIDULARIUM SPECTABILE.**

A very interesting stove epiphyte, imported from South America. The plant, as in other *Bromeliaceæ*, forms numerous crowns, which grow in a tufted mass. The leaves are recurved, channelled, 1½ to 2 inches broad, and 1 to 1½ foot long, abruptly mucronate, green on the upper surface, marked beneath with numerous narrow white lepidote bands, the tip, for about half an inch in depth, being of a bright rose colour. The flowers, which are produced in mid-winter, form a close head, sessile in the heart of each shoot, and have an erect dull red calyx, and pale lilac blue corolla. They are, however, not very conspicuous, the interest of the plant consisting in having the tips of all its leaves marked with a conspicuous blotch of rose colour, the exterior leaves being coloured in this way equally with the interior ones, in which respect it differs from other species of this remarkable genus. 1½ guinea.

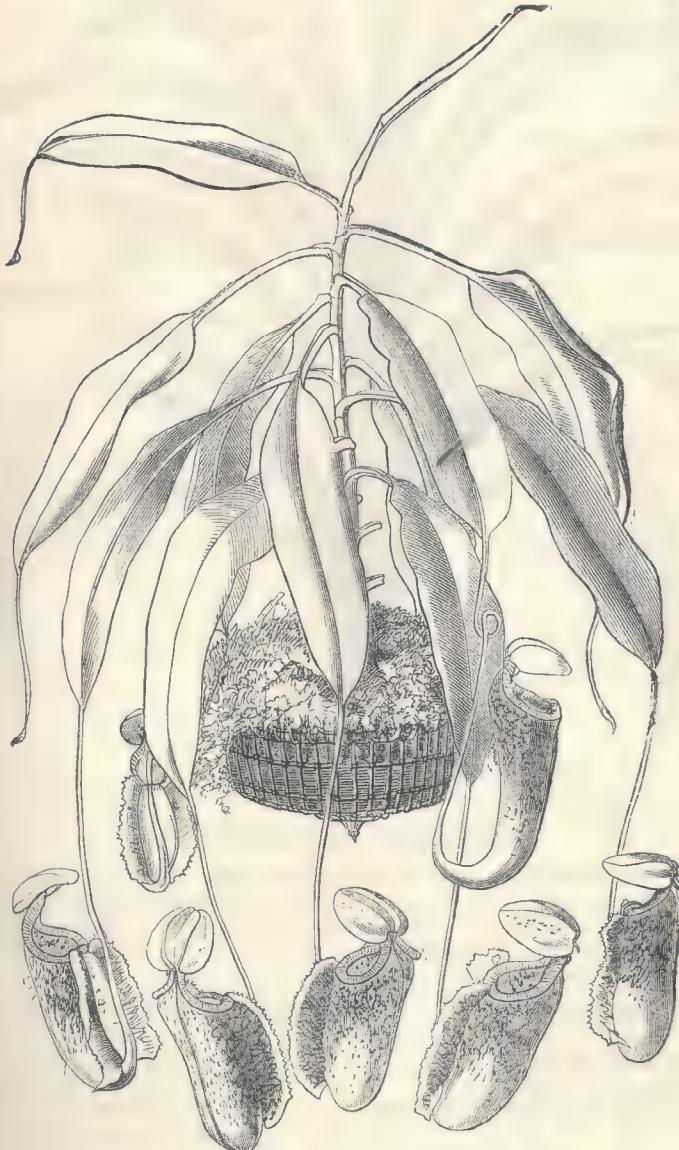
NOTONIA GRANDIFLORA, *vide* page 7." **OCHROSIA ELLIPTICA**, 10s. 6d.**OPUNTIA MONACANTHA VARIEGATA.**

This very interesting greenhouse succulent has the joints or articulations about 5 or 6 inches long, oblong-obovate in outline, the areole bearing about two straight divergent spines, which are from an inch to an inch and a half long, white tipped with brown. The small deciduous leaves are oblong acute, recurved at the top. The chief interest of the plant lies in its colour, the surface of the articulations being very irregularly but distinctly marbled with green upon a grayish ground, one side being often wholly of this grayish white colour. 10s. 6d.

OPLISMENUS IMBECILLUS VARIEGATUS, 1s. 6d., 2s. 6d., and 3s. 6d.**ORCHIDS**, *vide* Index.**OXALIS SENSITIVA**, 3s. 6d. and 5s." **OUVIRANDRA FENESTRALIS**, 1 to 2 guineas**PALMS**, of sorts, *vide* Index.**PANCRATIUM FRAGRANS**, 10s. 6d.

PANAX FRUTICOSUM.

A remarkably elegant stove evergreen shrub, with numerous alternate leaves, the stalks of which, as well as the younger portions of the stem, are mottled. The leaves are bipinnate, drooping, with a petiole of 6 inches long, the leaflets ovate or oblong, sharply and irregularly toothed, the teeth being curled, and giving a crispy appearance to the edge of the leaf. It is a native of Java and the Moluccas. 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.



NEPENTHES RAFFLESIANA, 1, 1½, and 2 guineas.

PANCRAZIUM NOTATUM.

In consequence of a large importation of this useful free-flowering plant, Mr. W. B. can offer fine strong-flowering Amaryllis-like bulbs. Its showy white flowers are produced in clusters of nine to twelve on stiff erect scapes, the outer segments 3 to 4 inches long, and the funnel-shaped central crown upwards of an inch in diameter. The blossoms are deliciously fragrant. 3s. 6d.

PANCRAZIUM REGINÆ, 1 guinea.

| **PANCRAZIUM SPECIOSUM**, 10s. 6d.



PANDANUS CERAMENSIS.

A charming dwarf-growing stove plant, a native of the Island of Ceram, and one of the most elegant of the Screw Pine family. The leaves, which form a neat spreading tuft, are of a dark green colour, and elegantly arched, of moderate length, carinate, distinctly spiny on the margin, and slightly so on the two secondary ridges of the upper surface, while the keel is free from spines. It is a valuable decorative subject. 10s. 6d. and 15s.

PANDANUS DECORUS, 2 guineas

- “ ELEGANTISSIMUS, 15s. & 21s.
- “ FURCATUS, 7s. 6d.
- “ GRAMINIFOLIUS, 5s.
- “ JAVANICUS VARIEGATUS,
7s. 6d.

PANDANUS LABYRINTHICUS, 10s. 6d.

- “ LAIS, 7s. 6d.
- “ ORNATUS, 15s. and 21s.
- “ UTILIS, 3s. 6d. to 10s. 6d.
- “ VANDERMEERSCHI,
and 1 guinea.

PANDANUS VEITCHII.

This splendidly-variegated Screw Pine, imported by Mr. W. B. from the South Sea Islands, is one of the most showy and attractive plants known, either for exhibition or general decorative purposes. The leaves, which are of a light green colour, beautifully marked with broad stripes and bands of pure white, are most gracefully curved; which elegant habit of growth renders the plant extremely effective. 1½ and 2 guineas.

PAPYRUS ANTIQUORUM, 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.

PARMENTIERA CEREIFERA.

This is the celebrated "Candle Tree," discovered in the valley of the River Chagres, Isthmus of Panama, by Dr. Seemann. It has opposite trifoliate leaves, and large white blossoms, which, in its native habitat, are given throughout the year, but are produced in the greatest abundance during the rainy season. As in most of the Crescentiaceæ, the flowers grow out of the old wood; the fruit is fleshy, and the seeds very small, not larger than lentils. 10s. 6d.

PASSIFLORA ALATA SUPERBA, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

PASSIFLORA AMABILIS, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

PASSIFLORA ARBOREA (GLAUCA).

This interesting plant, which is peculiar amongst Passion Flowers for its shrubby habit, was found near the edge of the Great Guayaquilian Plain, between Loxa and Santa Fé de Bogota. The flowers are small, but similar to those of an ordinary Passion Flower, the filamentous portion being white, the centre orange. The fruit is oval, about the size of a pigeon's egg, of a very pale yellow colour, but covered, from its earliest stage, with a beautiful glaucous bloom. 10s. 6d.

PASSIFLORA BIJOU, 5s. and 7s. 6d.

PASSIFLORA BUONAPARTEA, 3s. 6d.

PASSIFLORA CAPSULARIS.

A slender stove climber from Bogota. The leaves are $2\frac{1}{2}$ inches across, cordate at the base, bilobed, as if an angular piece had been cut out of the apex. The flowers, as shown in drawings made on the spot where the plant was gathered, are small, whitish, with a green corona, and are succeeded by ribbed elliptic fruits of a pretty carmine red colour. 10s. 6d.

PASSIFLORA CARDINALIS, 3s. 6d.

EDULIS, 3s. 6d.

FULGENS, *vide* Taesonia

Buehanani

KERMESINA, 3s. 6d.

PASSIFLORA LAURIFOLIA, 3s. 6d. & 5s.

LEMICHEZIANA, 3s. 6d.

LOUDONI, 3s. 6d.

MADONNA, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

PASSIFLORA MACROCARPA.

A free-growing climber, introduced from the Rio Negro. The blossoms are very large, white and purple, but it is chiefly remarkable for its immense fruits, which often weigh as much as eight pounds each or more, and are of excellent quality. 3s. 6d. and 5s.

PASSIFLORA MALIFORMIS, 3s. 6d. & 5s.

MARMOREA, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

MUTABILIS, 5s. and 7s. 6d.

PASSIFLORA PRINCEPS (RACEMOSA),

3s. 6d. and 5s.

QUADRANGULARIS, 3s. 6d.

PASSIFLORA QUADRANGULARIS AUCUBÆFOLIA.

The large deep green leaves of this striking variety are distinctly maculated with yellow, brighter and more lively coloured than the best of the variegated Aucubas, which at first sight it somewhat resembles. The flowers are of the same handsome character as the species. 1 guinea.

PASSIFLORA SANGUINOLENTA, 7s. 6d.

SHEPPARDII, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

TRIFASCIATA, 3s. 6d. & 5s.

PAULLINIA THALICTRIFOLIA, 10s. 6d.,

15s., and 1 guinea.

PAVETTA BORBONICA, 15s. and 1 guinea.

PEDILANTHUS TITHYMALOIDES VA-

RIEGATUS, *vide* page 8.

TITHYMALOIDES VA-

RIEGATUS CUCULLA-

TUS, *vide* page 8.

PEPEROMIA ARGENTEA, 5s.

ARIFOLIA, 3s. 6d.

ARGYREA, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

PEPEROMIA ARGYREA ROBUSTA, 3s. 6d.

LESCHENAUTIANA, 3s. 6d.

MACULOSA, 3s. 6d.

RESEDÆFLORA, 5s.

VELUTINA, 5s.

VERSCHAFFELTII, 5s.

PENTAS CARNEA, 3s. 6d.

KERMESINA, 3s. 6d.

PEPINIA APHELANDÆFLORA, 21s.

PERGULARIA ODORATISSIMA, 5s. and

7s. 6d.

PETRÆA ERECTA, 5s. and 7s. 6d.

PHILODENDRON CRINIPES, 5s. & 7s. 6d.

DISCOLOR, 5s.

PHILODENDRON LINDENIANUM.

This *Philodendron* has heart-shaped leaves of a delicate satiny green, shaded with metallic olive colour on the upper surface, the under part pale green, ornamented with bands of maroon. The young leaves are of a bright chamois colour, and the maroon bands of the under parts penetrate through to the upper, so that the colouring of the plants has a glistening and indescribable effect. It was found in the low and damp forests in the Republic of Ecuador. 3s. 6d. and 5s.

PHILODENDRON PERTUSUM, *vide* *Monstera*. | **PHILODENDRON RADIATUM**, 7s. 6d. | **ROEZLII**, 5s.

PHYLLANTHUS NIVOSUS.

This is a deciduous stove shrub from the New Hebrides Group. It is of free branching habit, the branches ramifying alternately, and clothed with alternate leaves, 1 to 2 inches long, which are obtusely oval and somewhat oblique in form, entire, frequently almost entirely covered with a mottling of white, but in some cases partially veined with green. The flowers are curious, as are those of many other *Euphorbiaceæ*, being solitary in the leaf axils, broadly bell-shaped, nodding, green, about a quarter of an inch broad, of five overlapping obovate-apiculate segments. The chief cultural interest of the plant, however, resides in the colour of its leaves, which, when well developed, give the plant the appearance of a sheet of snow—whence the name *nivosus*. The women of the Island of Tanna (one of the New Hebrides Group), use the sprays of snow-white foliage of this plant for the adornment of their dark tresses; and it is certainly a beautiful selection, showing their taste in head dresses. It has received First Class Certificates from the Royal Horticultural and Royal Botanic Societies. 15s. and 1 guinea.

PHYLLARTHROTHON COMORENSE, 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.

PHYLLOTÆNIUM LINDENI, 2 guineas | **MIRABILE**, *vide* p. 8.

PHYSIANTHUS AURICOMUS, 5s.

PILEA MUSCOSA, "The Artillery Plant," 2s. 6d.

PIPERS, of sorts, 2s. 6d., 3s. 6d., and 5s.

PISTIA STRATIOTES, 3s. 6d.

PITCAIRNEA DASYLIRIOIDES, 10s. 6d. | **TABULÆFORMIS**, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

PLATYMICSIUM POLYSTACHYUM, 7s. 6d. | **PLECTOPOMA**, *vide* Index.

PLOCOSTEMMA LASIANTHUS, 5s.

PLUMBAGO COCCINEA SUPERBA, 3s. 6d. | **ROSEA**, 3s. 6d.

POGOSTEMON PATCHOULI, 3s. 6d.

POINCIANA PULCHERRIMA.

This is the celebrated "Peacock's Pride" of Barbadoes. 10s. 6d.

POINCIANA REGIA.

This is one of the most gorgeously beautiful flowering plants belonging to the Leguminosæ. 10s. 6d. | **POINSETTIA PULCHERRIMA**, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d. | **POINSETTIA PULCHERRIMA ALBA**, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

POINSETTIA PULCHERRIMA ROSEO-CARMINATA.

This fine variety of one of the most useful of winter decorative plants resembles the type form of *P. pulcherrima*, so far as regards growth and foliage, the difference consisting in the colour of the fine-spreading head of bracts which are larger, smooth, and of a brilliant rosy carmine hue. In the specimen from which these notes are drawn up, the crown of coloured bracts measured 15 inches across; the inflorescence first branched trichotomously, and then each of these branches were forked. The number of bracts displayed on these six ramifications was 45, all perfect in form, and pure in colouring, the larger ones measuring 7 inches in length, and upwards of 2 inches in breadth. The bracts are much smoother and flatter than in the old form, and spread out so as to form a fuller and more regular crown. 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.

PONTEDERIA CORDATA, 5s. | **POSOQUERIA MULTIFLORA**, 15s.

CRASSIPES, 5s.

POTHOS ARGYREA, 3s. 6d.

PORPHYROCOMA LANCEOLATA, 3s. 6d.

MACROPHYLLA, 3s. 6d.

PORTLANDIA COCCINEA, 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.

PSIDIUM CATTLEYANUM (The Guava),

5s. and 7s. 6d.

GRANDIFLORA, 7s. 6d.

PTERIDOPHYLLUM PENTAPHYLLUM,

7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.

ROSEA, 7s. 6d.

PUYA MAIDIFOLIA, 1 guinea.

and 10s. 6d.

PSYCHOTRIA CYANOCOCCA.

If one were to search the vegetable kingdom through, it would be difficult to find any other plant which displays, either in its flowers, fruit, or seeds, such a beautiful ultramarine colour as is exhibited by the berries of this new species from Chontales, Nicaragua. The colour and size of the flowers is disappointing to the lovers of gay tints and large blossoms, but as soon as the fruit begins to assume shape and substance, a tint is displayed which can be but imperfectly rendered by the Greek term *cyanens*. In its native woods, the plant grows as underwood, and is loaded throughout the winter with large blue berries, as many as from 30 to 35 growing on one bunch. 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.

RAVENALIA MADAGASCARIENSIS, "The Traveller's Tree," 15s. and 1 guinea.

REIDIA GLAUCESCENS, 10s. 6d.
RHOPALAS, of sorts, 7s. 6d., 10s. 6d., 15s., and 1 guinea
RIVINA FLAVESCENS, 3s. 6d. and 5s.
" LÆVIS (humilis), 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.
ROGIERA CORDATA (amena), 3s. 6d. & 5s.
" GRATISSIMA, 5s. and 7s. 6d.
" THYRSIFLORA, 5s.
RONDELETIA BRILLIANTISSIMA, 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.

SALVADORA PERSICA, "The Mustard Tree of Scripture," 5s.

SAMYDA NOBILIS.

An extremely handsome ornamental plant, with large dark green elliptic-lanceolate leaves, which are upwards of a foot in length, and about half as much in breadth, serrated on the margin and woolly beneath; the stem is covered with a light brown pubescence, the leaves are pendulous, and being so large they give to the plant a richly attractive character.

It has been introduced from the province of Saint Catherine, Brazil. 1 and 1½ guinea.

SANCHEZIA NOBILIS GLAUCA-PHYLLA, 5s.
" VARIEGATA, 3s. 6d.
SANSEVIERA GUINEENSIS, 7s. 6d.

RONDELETIA SPECIOSA, 3s. 6d.
" MAJOR, 3s. 6d. and 5s.
RUDGEA MACROPHYLLA, 10s. 6d. & 15s.
RUSSELLIA JUNCEA, 5s.
SACCHARUM ZEGYPTIACUM, 7s. 6d.
" OFFICINARUM, "The Sugar Plant," 7s. 6d.
" OFFICINARUM VIOLA-CEUM, 10s. 6d.

SALVADORA PERSICA, "The Mustard Tree of Scripture," 5s.

SAMYDA NOBILIS.

SANSEVIERA ZEYLANICA (javanica), 3s. 6d.
SCHUBERTIA GRAVEOLENS, 5s.
SCIADOCALYX DIGITALIFLORA, 10s. 6d.

SCUTELLARIA MOCCINIANA.

This interesting plant is of a neat, dwarf, branching style of growth, with small ovately heart-shaped leaves. It is of a very free-flowering habit, producing terminal spikes of golden yellow blossoms during the summer months. 3s. 6d.

SCUTELLARIA VIOLACEA ROBUSTA, 3s. 6d.

SELAGINELLA, *vide* Index

SERICOGRAPHIS GHIESBREGHTIANA, 3s. 6d. and 5s.
SINNINGIA PUNCTATA, 3s. 6d. and 5s.
" PURPUREA NIGRA, 5s.

SIPHOCAMPYLVUS HUMBOLDTIANUS (FULGENS).

This free-flowering effective plant has been introduced from South America. It is of compact habit; foliage dark green, ovate-acuminate; the blossoms rich orange scarlet, with yellow throat. 5s.

SMILAX LONGIFOLIA VARIEGATA, 10s. 6d.

" MACROPHYLLA MACULATA, 5s. and 7s. 6d.

SONERILA MARGARITACEA, 3s. 6d. & 5s.
" ALBA, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

SPATHIPHYLLUM PICTUM, *vide* page 13.
SPHÆROGYNE CINNAMOMEA, 5s. & 7s. 6d.

SPHÆROGYNE FERRUGINEA, 7s. 6d.
" IMPERIALIS, 21s. and 31s. 6d.
" LATIFOLIA, 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.
SPHÆROSTEMA MARMORATUM, 3s. 6d. and 5s.
SPIGELIA SPLENDENS, 3s. 6d. and 5s.
SPONDIAS DULCIS, 7s. 6d.

SPONDIAS OLIVÆFORMIS.

A small tree, with bright green foliage and large terminal panicles, bearing red, ultimately dark purple fruit, which in shape resemble olives, and being used as a substitute for them, the tree is termed "Aceituno" (*i.e.*, Olive) by the natives. It was discovered by Dr. Seemann in New Segovia, Central America. 1½ guinea.

SPONDIAS PLEIOGYNIA.

A tropical woody plant, attaining in its native country—Queensland—the dimensions of a small tree with a spreading head. It has pinnate leaves, with from two to four pairs of leaflets, which are oblique ovate, or lanceolate-ovate and entire, while the small five-petaled decandrous flowers are borne in panicled spikes. The plant has the aspect of the Indian *S. mangifera*, whose fruit is edible, and is also related to the Hog Plums of the West Indies. 10s. 6d.

STADMANNIA AMABILIS

An erect stove plant, of elegant habit, with ornamental pinnate foliage, recently introduced from Zanzibar. It is desirable for ornamental purposes on account of the light gracefully spreading foliage. The leaves are paripinnate, the short stalk being swollen at the base, the lower leaflets roundish or ovate, gradually increasing in length upwards, where they are elliptic. The rachis becomes flattened and slightly winged in the upper part, and terminates in a point between the terminal pair of leaflets. The bark is verrucose, the verrucae becoming confluent on the older parts of the stem so as to give to it a light brown colour. 1 and 1½ guinea.

STADMANNIA JONGHEI, 10s. 6d.

STANGERIA, *vide* Index.

STENOGASTRA BIFLORA, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

“ **CONCINNA**, 2s. 6d. & 3s. 6d.

STENOLOBIUM (TECOMA) STANS, 5s.

STEPHANOPHYSUM BAIKIEI, 3s. 6d.

STEPHANOTIS FLORIBUNDA, 3s. 6d. and

5s.

STEUDNERA COLOCASIÆFOLIA.

An interesting stove Arad, of South American origin, having a short thick fleshy stem, from which proceed two or three long-stalked peltate leaves, the petioles of which are terete, green, and enwrapped for a length of five or six inches at the base by a closely embracing thick sheath of a pale brown colour. The leaf-blades are oblong-ovate, acuminate, deep green above, paler green beneath, the primary veins of the under surface very prominent, and both secondary and tertiary ones distinctly raised but shallow. The spathes are elongate-lanceolate, yellow externally, and of a rich brownish purple within. 10s. 6d.

STEUDNERA DISCOLOR, *vide* page 9. | **STIGMAPHYLLUM CILIATUM**, 5s.

STRELITZIA AUGUSTA.

A noble and exceedingly ornamental plant of the Musaceæ order—a really majestic-flowering plant, the king of the family—remarkable for its peculiarly-formed striking white flowers, and its elongated distichous leaves. It was introduced long since from the Cape of Good Hope, but has always remained comparatively rare. 10s. 6d.

STRELITZIA JUNCIFOLIA, 1 & 1½ guinea

STRELITZIA REGINÆ HUMILIS, 15s.

and 1 guinea

“ **NICOLAI**

STRELITZIA REGINÆ HYBRIDA MULTIFLORA, 5s. and 7s. 6d.

“ **REGINÆ**, 1 and 1½ guinea

STROBILANTHES CONSANGUINEUS.

A handsome sub-shrubby stove plant, much branched in habit, with ovate elliptic glabrous leaves, narrowed towards both ends. The flowers are showy, of a pale blue colour, in terminal and axillary spikes. It is a native of Ceylon and Southern India. 7s. 6d.

SYNGONIUM ALBO-LINEATUM.

A climbing Arad from Central America, producing slender rooting stems, which are green, and bear at intervals the pedunculate pedatifid leaves, which are of a bright green colour, marked along the central rib, and sometimes also along the course of the principal veins, with a greyish or silvery hue. It is well adapted for decorating pillars, or shady walls in damp stoves, especially in cases where a picturesque distribution of the plants is attempted. 5s. and 7s. 6d.

SYNGONIUM WENDLANDII, 3s. 6d.

TABERNÆMONTANA CORONARIA

FLORE PLENO, 3s. 6d.

TABERNÆMONTANA WALlichiana.

A free blooming stove plant, from the East Indies. It has dichotomous stems, clothed with broadly lanceolate leaves 3 to 4 inches long, and produces from the forks of the branches bifurcated cymes of white flowers, which have a slender tube nearly half an inch long, and a limb of about three-fourths of an inch broad, made up of five oblique obovate-obtuse segments, wavy at the edge, and traversed by parallel-forked veins. The flowers, which are deliciously scented, are very freely produced. 1 guinea.

TACSONIA BUCHANANI (VITIFOLIA), | **TAPEINOTIS CAROLINÆ**, 3s. 6d. and 5s.
3s. 6d. and 5s.

TERMINALIA ELEGANS.

This exquisite foliage plant has been introduced from Madagascar, and is one that ranks foremost in the ornamental section. The leaves are trifoliate, lanceolate, with elegantly reticulated glossy leaflets, having a bright red mid-rib, and a rich network of dark veins on a bright green ground.

To convey a familiar notion of this plant, it may be said to be somewhat like *Pavetta borbonica*, but with trifoliate leaves, which add materially to its beauty. 15s. and 1 guinea.

TETRANEMA MEXICANUM, 3s. 6d.

THEOBROMA CACAO, 10s. 6d. and 15s.

THUNBERGIA CHRYSOPS, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

FRAGANS, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

," HARRISII, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

," LAURIFOLIA, 3s. 6d. & 5s.

THYRSACANTHUS RUTILANS, 3s. 6d.

TILLANDSIA ACAULIS ZEBRINA, 5s.

and 7s. 6d.

LINDENII, 2 and 3 guineas

MUSAICA, *vide* page 9.

SPLENDENS, 5s. and 7s. 6d.

TILLANDSIA STRICTA.

A pretty diminutive stove epiphyte, forming a tuft a few inches high, of spreading grayish green leaves, which taper from the base to the apex. The flowers are of a rich blue, and showy for the size of the plant. It was introduced from Brazil many years since, but disappeared, and has been subsequently re-introduced. 10s. 6d.

TILLANDSIA TESSELLATA.

A very novel and beautiful Bromeliad, with light glaucous green ample foliage, which is attractively veined with rosy purple on the under surface, and mottled with transparent greenish yellow blotches on the upper surface; this marking and netting giving the leaves the appearance of mosaic. It is a charmingly attractive decorative plant. 1 and 1½ guinea.

TILLANDSIA ZONATA FOL. BRUNNEIS,

5s. and 7s. 6d.

VIRIDIS,

5s. and 7s. 6d.

TORENIA AURICULÆFOLIA, 7s. 6d. and

10s. 6d.

PULCHERRIMA, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

TOXICOPHLÆA SPECTABILE, 7s. 6d.

TRADESCANTIA ZEBRINA ARGENTEA, 3s. 6d.

TYDÆA, *vide* Index.

TINNEA AETHIOPICA (*the violet-scented Tinnea*). 3s. 6d.

TORENIA ASIATICA, 2s. 6d.

URCEOLINA AUREA.

An elegant bulbous plant, with neat broad oblong leaves, and beautiful comparatively large bright golden yellow flowers, with a barrel-shaped tube, and the limb brilliantly tipped with green. Its flowers are produced in gracefully drooping terminal clusters during the summer and autumn months. 5s. and 7s. 6d.

UROSKINNERA SPECTABILIS.

A useful and attractive winter-blooming plant, freely producing showy flowers of a light bluish purple colour. 5s.

UROSPATHA SPECTABILIS, 10s. 6d.

UROSPATHA SPLENDENS, 10s. 6d.

UTRICULARIA MONTANA.

From the small transparent tubers of this charming new species, the flower spike rises to nearly a foot in height, and bears from three to five flowers, each of which is an inch in diameter; both flowers and bracts are pure white. It has been introduced from New Grenada. 10s. 6d., 15s., and 1 guinea.

UTRICULARIA MONTANA ROSEA, *vide*

page 9.

VANILLA AROMATICA, 7s. 6d.

VINCA ALBA, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

," **OCULATA**, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

," **ROSEA**, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

VITIS (CISSUS) CHONTALENSIS.

This elegant climber was introduced by the late Dr. B. Seemann, from the wooded mountains of Chontales, in the Republic of Nicaragua, Central America, where it covers rocks and trees, and by its graceful habit, lovely green foliage, and bright scarlet flowers (which appear about Christmas), forms a conspicuous object of the scenery of that region. 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.

VITIS (CISSUS) JAVALENSIS, 15s.

VRIESIA BRACHYSTACHYA, 1 guinea.

VRIESIA GLAZIOWANA, 3 guineas.

," **PSITTACINA**, 5s. and 7s. 6d.

VRIESIA RETICULATA.

Fine plants of this rare Bromeliaceous plant at 6 and 8 guineas each.

VRIESIA SPLENDENS (SPECIOSA), 5s.

and 7s. 6d.

ZINGIBER OFFICINALE, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

NEW, RARE, AND DESIRABLE GREEN- HOUSE PLANTS.

ABUTILON AUGUST PASEWALD ,	3s. 6d.
„ BOULE DE NEIGE ,	3s. 6d.
„ CARMINEUM ,	2s. 6d.
„ ELEGANS ,	2s. 6d.
„ GRANDIFLORUM ,	2s. 6d.
„ LUTEUM ERECTUM ,	3s. 6d.
„ MEGAPOTAMICUM VARIE- GATUM ,	3s. 6d.
„ NIVEUM AUREO-MARMO- RATUM ,	5s.
„ THOMPSONI ,	1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d.
„ VIOLACEUM PURPUREUM ,	2s. 6d.

ACACIA DRUMMONDII ,	2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.
„ GRANDIS ,	3s. 6d.
„ LONGIFLORA MAGNIFICA ,	3s. 6d.
„ PLATYPTERA ,	3s. 6d.
„ TENUIFOLIA ,	5s.
„ of sorts,	2s. 6d., 3s. 6d., and 5s.
ACANTHOPanax QUINQUEFOLIUM VARIEGATUM ,	5s.
ACROPHYLLUM VENOSUM ,	5s. and 7s. 6d.
ADENANDRA FRAGRANS ,	2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

AGAVE AMERICANA LONGIFOLIA VARIEGATA.

The leaves of this variety are nearly double the length of those of the old variegated Aloe; the variegation is also much whiter, and cleaner. 10s. 6d., 15s., and 1 guinea.

AGAVE AMERICANA VARIEGATA.

In all sizes, from 5s., 7s. 6d., 10s. 6d., to 1 guinea; very handsome specimens, 2, 3, and 5 guineas.

AGAVE FILIFERA.

10s. 6d., 15s., 21s., and 31s. 6d.; handsome plants of this fine conservatory plant, 5 guineas each.

AGAVE HETERACANTHA

1 guinea.
„ HORRIDA , 3 guineas.
„ SEEMANNI , 1½ guinea
„ „ ACUTA , 1½ guinea
„ „ PAPILLOSA , 1½ guinea
„ „ PARVISPINA , 1½ guinea

AGAPANTHUS, of sorts, 1s. 6d., 2s. 6d., & 3s. 6d.

AMARYLLIS, *vide* page 17.

ANOPTERUS GLANDULOSA, 5s. & 7s. 6d.

ANTHOLYZA AETHIOPICA MAXIMA,
3s. 6d.

AOTUS GRACILLIMA, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

APHELEXIS MACRANTHA PURPUREA

2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.
„ ROSEA ,
„ 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.
PROLIFERA BARNESII , <i>vide</i> Phenocoma.
„ RUPESTRIS GRANDI- FLORA , 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.
ARALIA JAPONICA (SIEBOLDII) , 3s. 6d.
and 5s.
„ RETICULATA , 1 and 1½ guinea
„ PAPYRIFERA , 5s. and 7s. 6d.
„ QUINQUEFOLIA , 5s.
„ TRIFOLIATA , 5s.

ARALIA JAPONICA (SIEBOLDII) VARIEGATA.

A handsome ornamental plant, with foliage similar to that of *A. japonica (Sieboldii)*, but prettily variegated. 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.

ARAUCARIA COOKII.

15s. and 1 guinea; handsome specimens in all sizes, from 2 to 8 guineas.

ARAUCARIA BIDWILLII, 10s. 6d. & 15s.
„ **ELEGANS**, 2 guineas

ARAUCARIA CUNNINGHAMII, 10s. 6d.,
15s., and 1 guinea

ARAUCARIA EXCELSA.

Mr. W. B. has lately imported a fine lot of this handsome conservatory plant from New South Wales, and can offer it in various sizes, from 10s. 6d. and 15s. to 1 guinea each; handsome specimens in all sizes, from 3 to 15 guineas.

ARAUCARIA RULEI.

A handsome ornamental plant, introduced from New Caledonia. It has verticillate horizontally spreading branches, the leafy twigs very long, about an inch in diameter, with oval elliptic appressed leaves, rounded and subcarinate beneath, and curved towards the trunk. 1, 2, and 3 guineas.

ARUNDO DONAX VARIEGATA, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

AZALEAS, of sorts, *vide* Index

BEGONIA, *vide* Index

BIGNONIA AUSTRALIS, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

CHERERE, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

BIGNONIA GRANDIFLORA, 2s. 6d. & 3s. 6d.

JASMINOIDES ALBA

MAGNA, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

SPLENDIDA,

2s. 6d., 3s. 6d., and 5s.

VENUSTA, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

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BLANDFORDIA CUNNINGHAMII.

The late Dr. Lindley, in describing the previously known kinds of this genus, thus refers to *Blandfordia Cunninghamii* :—“None of them are to be compared for beauty with a plant of which the late Allan Cunningham gave me a specimen, the flowers of which are fully twice as large as *B. marginata (grandiflora)*. The leaves have neither serrations nor roughness on the edge, but are perfectly smooth. The flowers are of a deep rich red tint, except at the ends of the petals, where they are yellow.” To lovers of rare and handsome-flowering greenhouse plants this will be found a valuable addition. 3s. 6d., 5s., and 7s. 6d.

BLANDFORDIA AUREA, 10s. 6d.

FLAMMEA, 10s. 6d.

“ **NOBILIS**, 5s. and 7s. 6d.

BORONIA MEGASTIGMA, *vide* page 3

BORONIA DRUMMONDII, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

SERRULATA, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

BOUVARDIAS, *vide* Index.

BRACHYSEMA MELANOPETALUM.

A tall subscandent evergreen greenhouse plant, attractive when in blossom, on account of the very unusual colour of its flowers. It has long flexible branches, producing from their alternate or opposite leaf axils numerous small flowering twigs. The leaves are oblong-ovate, mucronate, silky beneath, and the flowers are solitary or sometimes in pairs in the leaf axils, with a broad inflated brownish silky calyx, and deep maroon corolla having a broad obtuse keel. It is a native of the West Australian colony. 5s. and 7s. 6d.

BRUGMANSIA ARBOREA, 3s. 6d.

KNIGHTII (flore pleno),

3s. 6d.

BRUGMANSIA SANGUINEA, 3s. 6d.

SUAVEOLENS, 3s. 6d.

BURTONIA VIOLENCEA, 3s. 6d.

CALCEOLARIA PAVONI.

A tall-growing greenhouse perennial, attaining some 6 or 8 feet in height, and proving suitable for open-air culture in summer. The flowers form large branched leafy panicles, and are of a canary yellow, with the large lower lip folded upwards against the smaller upper one, while the throat is marked inside with a purplish red stain. This remarkable and interesting species is a native of the Andes of Peru, and is figured in the *Botanical Magazine* (tab. 4525). 3s. 6d. and 5s.

CALICARPA PURPUREA, 3s. 6d.

CAMELLIAS, of sorts, *vide* Index.

CAMPHORA OFFICINALIS.

This is the plant that produces the well-known Camphor of commerce, and being of neat habit and growth, is an interesting conservatory or greenhouse plant. 5s.

CAMPSIDIUM (TECOMA) VALDIVIANUM.

This beautiful Bignoniac is a native of Chili. It is a very graceful climber, with pinnate leaves, and produces abundant racemes of handsome orange-coloured blossoms. This plant has no rooting branches, nor is it furnished with tendrils like most climbing species peculiar to America, but seems to be twining, like Pandorea. Occurring in high southern latitudes, there is every reason to believe that it may prove hardy in the southern parts of England. 5s. and 7s. 6d.

CANDOLLEA CUNEIFORMIS.

A very pretty evergreen Australian shrub, having alternate oblong-obcuneate leaves, furnished with a few distant shallow teeth towards the apex, and bearing yellow expanded flowers with obovate petals. 5s.

CEPHALOTUS FOLLICULARIS, 5s. and 7s. 6d.
CEREUS GRANDIFLORUS (night blooming), 3s. 6d. and 5s.
 " **M'DONALDII**, 3s. 6d. and 5s.
CESTRUM AURANTIACUM, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.
CISSUS ANTARCTICA, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

CHOROZEMA CORDATUM SPLENDENS, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.
HENCHMANNI, 3s. 6d. and 5s.
LAWRENCEANUM, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.
VARIUM CHANDLERI, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

CISSUS CAPENSIS.

A shrubby climbing plant, suitable for planting out in summer. The young twigs and leaves are downy, with rufous hairs, the older ones smooth. The stems are terete; the leaves petiolate, coriaceous, broadly cordate-reniform, very obtusely five-angled, and repandly-dentate. The inflorescence is thyrsoid, and, like all the younger portions of the plant, covered with short red brown woolly hairs. 5s.

CLEMATIS INDIVISA, 3s. 6d. and 5s.
CLIVIA NOBILIS, 5s. and 7s. 6d.

CLANTHUS PUNICEUS, 3s. 6d.
 " **MAGNIFICA**, 3s. 6d.

COBEA SCANDENS VARIEGATA.

The foliage of this plant being distinctly variegated renders it very attractive, and an exceedingly useful greenhouse or conservatory climber. 1s. 6d., 2s. 6d., and 3s. 6d.

COBURGHIA TRICROMA.

A magnificent bulbous plant from the Andes of Peru, producing a firm erect glaucous green scape, which bears four to six long tubed showy flowers; the tube is about 5 inches long, of a bright scarlet colour, and expanding gradually upwards to the throat; the flowers are divided into six lobes, which are of a light rose colour. It has been figured in the *Botanical Magazine*, Tab. 5686. 10s. 6d.

COPROSMA BAUERIANA.

A bushy-growing and compact-habited plant, introduced from New Zealand, with bright glaucous green obovate leaves. 1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d.

COPROSMA BAUERIANA VARIEGATA.

An exceedingly handsome variegated plant, a variety of the preceding; it has moderate-sized glossy obovate leaves, which are bright green in the centre, with very broad white marginal variegation, the marginal portion of the leaf creamy yellow in a young state, which diversity adds much to the beauty of the plant. 1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d.

COLEUS, *vide* Index

CORREAS, of sorts, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

CROWEA STRICTA, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

CYCADS, *vide* Index.

CYCLAMEN PERSICUM.

Too much can scarcely be said in favour of the superb varieties of this plant, of which the old *C. persicum* is the type, whether they are regarded as objects for the ornamentation of the greenhouse or conservatory, or for table decoration, for which their compact floriferous character eminently fits them. The flowers are also extremely useful for bouquets, and when plucked, if kept in water, they will last in freshness and beauty for some weeks—indeed, almost longer than any other flowers with which we are acquainted.

CYCLAMEN PERSICUM, 1s. 6d., 2s. 6d., and 3s. 6d.
 " " **RUBRUM**, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.
 " " of various choice sorts, 3s. 6d. & 5s.
CYTISUS FILIPES, 3s. 6d. and 5s.
 " **RACEMOSUS**, 1s. and 1s. 6d.
 " " **EVERESTIANUS**, 3s. 6d.

DAHLIA IMPERIALIS, 3s. 6d.

DAPHNE ELEGANTISSIMA, 10s. 6d.

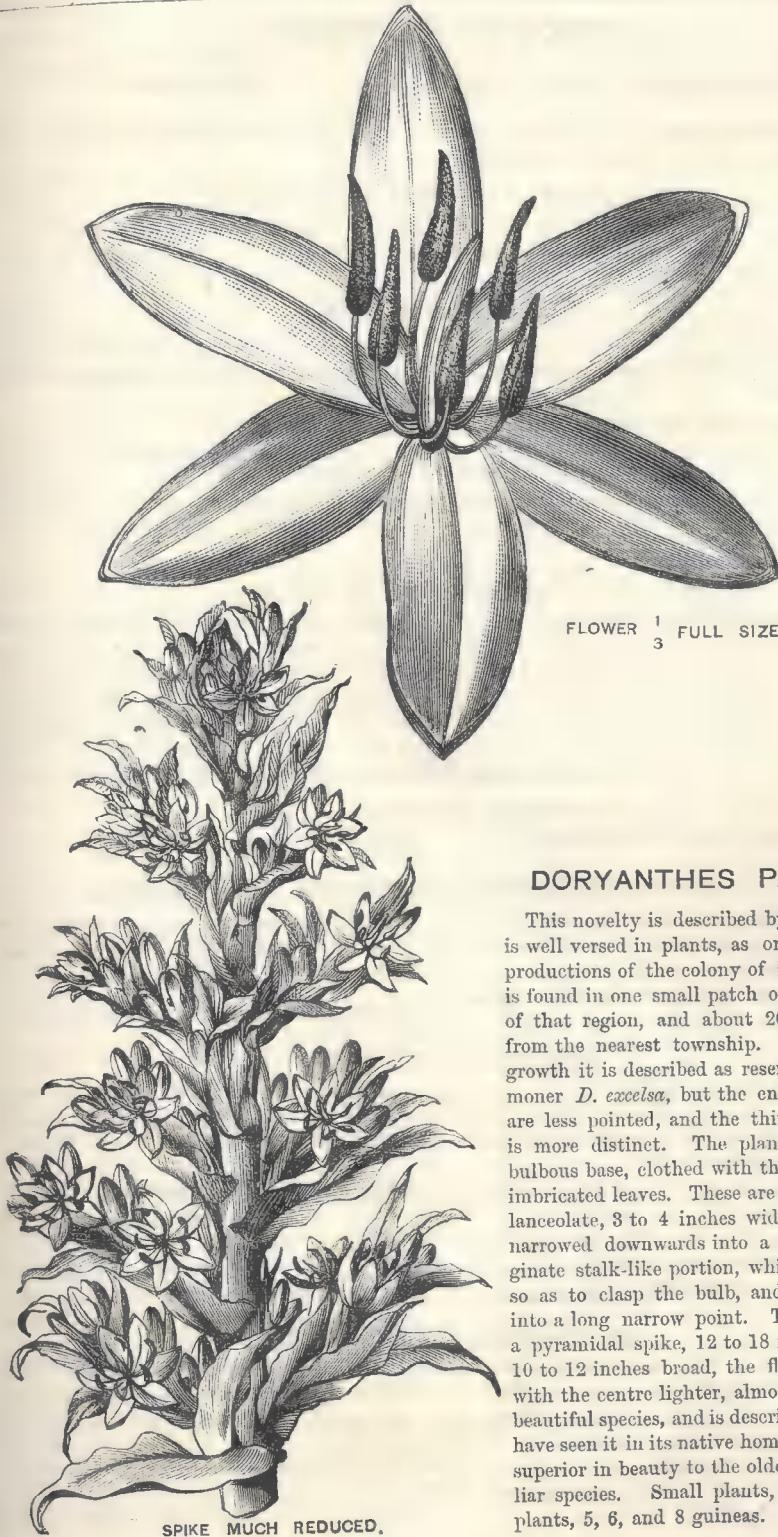
" **INDICA RUBRA**, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

DARWINIA FIMBRIATA, 5s.

DASYLIRION GLAUCUM, 1 guinea.

DESFONTAINEA SPINOSA, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

DICHROA VERSICOLOR, 3s. 6d.



DORYANTHES PALMERI.

This novelty is described by Mr. Hill, who is well versed in plants, as one of the finest productions of the colony of Queensland. It is found in one small patch on the mountains of that region, and about 200 miles distant from the nearest township. In its habit of growth it is described as resembling the commoner *D. excelsa*, but the ends of the leaves are less pointed, and the thimble-shaped cup is more distinct. The plants have a stout bulbous base, clothed with the remains of the imbricated leaves. These are elongate, narrow lanceolate, 3 to 4 inches wide, quite smooth, narrowed downwards into a channelled marginate stalk-like portion, which widens below so as to clasp the bulb, and tapers upwards into a long narrow point. The flowers form a pyramidal spike, 12 to 18 inches high, and 10 to 12 inches broad, the flowers being red, with the centre lighter, almost white. It is a beautiful species, and is described by those who have seen it in its native home as being greatly superior in beauty to the older and more familiar species. Small plants, 2 guineas; fine plants, 5, 6, and 8 guineas.

DRACÆNA AUSTRALIS.

This handsome ornamental plant is exceedingly useful for the decoration of the greenhouse or conservatory, where its effective habit always imparts a tropical aspect to the house.

It is also well adapted for the purposes of sub-tropical gardening, either in groups or as single specimens, where its graceful mode of growth produces a remarkable and striking effect. 3s. 6d. to 10s. 6d. ; fine plants, 15s., 1, 1½, 2, to 5 guineas.

DRACÆNA AUSTRALIS LINEATA.

An exceedingly handsome and ornamental plant, with fine broad foliage, gracefully recurving. It is strikingly effective for conservatory and greenhouse decoration. 10s. 6d., 15s., and 1 guinea; fine specimens, 2, 3, and 4 guineas.

DRACÆNA BANKSII.

Fine specimens of this ornamental plant, 7s. 6d., 10s. 6d., 15s., 1 and 1½ guinea.

DRACÆNA AUSTRALIS VEITCHII, | **DRACÆNA ERYTHRORACHIS,** 7s. 6d.
7s. 6d., 10s. 6d., 15s., and 1 guinea. | and 10s. 6d.

DRACOPHYLLUM GRACILE, 3s. 6d. and 5s.**DRYMISPERMUM AUSTRALE.**

A neat-growing evergreen shrubby plant, with opposite elliptic-obovate entire leaves, of stoutish texture, and terminal and axillary heads of flowers, which are succeeded by red berries. It comes from Australia. 5s.

ECHEVERIA ABYSSINICA.

This fine greenhouse succulent, of branching shrubby habit, was brought from Abyssinia by Major Leveson at the time of the Abyssinian War. The plant has much the habit of some of the large-leaved shrubby Sempervivums, but being described by my correspondent as bearing red flowers, it has been doubtfully referred to Echeveria, with which it sufficiently accords in habit. The stems are as thick as one's finger, and terminate in flattened rosulate heads of spathulate acute leaves, 3 to 4 inches long, of a pale glossy green colour, and finely ciliated at the margin. The plant forms a branched conical mass a foot and a half high, and as much through, and will be a welcome addition amongst succulents. 3s. 6d.

ECHEVERIA CARINATA, 7s. 6d.

ECHEVERIA LUTEA GIGANTEA, 5s. | **ECHEVERIAS**, of sorts, *vide* Index.

ECHEVERIA RETUSA FLORIBUNDA SPLENDENS.

An exceedingly useful and effective winter and spring-blooming variety, of compact growth, with neat glaucous green foliage. It is very free flowering, producing from twenty-five to thirty blossoms on a stem. The flowers are of a rich red colour, with brilliant yellow centre. 3s. 6d.

**ELÆOCARPUS RETICULATUS (DEN-
TATUS),** 5s. and 7s. 6d. | **ENCEPHALARTOS**, of sorts, *vide* Index.

ENTELEA BAKERI.

A strong-growing soft-wooded plant, allied to Sparmannia, to which it bears considerable resemblance. It grows freely in the open air in summer, producing its large cordate serrate soft vine-like shining leaves in great profusion, and is well adapted for the summer garden as a foliage plant. It comes from Australia. 7s. 6d.

EPACRIS, of sorts, 18s., 30s., and 42s. per doz.

EPHYLLUM, *vide* page 39.

ERICAS, of sorts, 18s., 30s., and 42s. per doz.

ERIOSTEMON BUXIFOLIUS, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

,, **INTERMEDIUS**, 3s. 6d. & 5s.

ERIOSTEMON NERIIFOLIUS, 3s. 6d.

,, **PULCHELLUS**, 3s. 6d. and

5s.

,, **SCABER**, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

ERYTHRINAS, of sorts, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

ERYTHRINA BOGOTENSIS.

As the specific name implies, this plant has been introduced from Bogota. The leaves are trifoliate, with long petioles thickened at the base, the terminal leaflets having also distinct petioles, and being ovate acuminate, somewhat angularly cut away at the base, whilst the lateral ones are obliquely ovate. The flowers are scarlet, with lanceolate falcate keel and wings, 2 inches long, and a narrow erect standard of about half that length; they are produced in a close-set raceme. This is an exceedingly handsome and attractive variety of the showy Coral Tree, and a great acquisition for the greenhouse or conservatory. 10s. 6d.

ERYTHRINA COMPACTA.

This magnificent variety is the best and most useful in every respect of all the Erythrinias. It is of compact bushy growth, producing most profusely its splendid attractive bunches of coral-like blossoms. It will be found effective for sub-tropical gardening, and is a desirable plant for most decorative purposes, as it blooms very freely in quite a small state. 5s.

EUCALYPTUS AMYGDALINUS, 5s.

HETEROPHYLLA, 5s.

“ **GLOBULUS**, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

EUCALYPTUS GUNNII, 5s.

MARGINATA, 5s.

“ **OBLIQUUS**, 5s.

EUPATORIUM RIPARIUM.

An erect-growing plant, furnished with oblong-lanceolate deeply-toothed leaves, and a paniculate inflorescence of terminal and axillary corymbs of flower heads, which are themselves composed of numerous small white florets. Introduced through the St. Petersburgh Botanic Gardens, from South America. 3s. 6d.

EUGENIA UGNI, 1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d.

EUPATORIUM GRACILE ODORATUM, 1s. 6d.

EURYA LATIFOLIA VARIEGATA, 3s. 6d.

and 5s.

EURYCLE S CUNNINGHAMI (The Brisbane Lily), 3s. 6d.

FARFUGIUM GRANDE, 1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d.

FERNS, *vide* Index.

FICUS ELASTICA, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

FICUS MACROCARPA.

A splendid species, introduced from the Cordillère of Columbia, of robust and elegant habit, with magnificent large glossy dark green leaves, of similar form to those of *Ficus elastica*. The fruits have a most agreeable flavour, and are about the size and form of a very large orange. It is an exceedingly attractive ornamental foliage plant. 10s. 6d.

FICUS MACROPHYLLA.

The Moreton Bay Fig Tree or Australian Banyan. A free-growing shrub, with smooth terete stems, and thin coriaceous glossy ovate-oblong entire leaves, cordate at the base, 5 to 6 inches long, and 2½ inches broad, attached by smooth petioles of from 1 to 2 inches long; the veins are slightly elevated on both surfaces. 5s. and 7s. 6d.

FICUS STIPULATA (REPENS), 1s. 6d. & 2s. 6d. | **FUCHSIAS**, *vide* Index.

FOURCROYA (AGAVE) BULBOSA.

This remarkable plant, sent from New Grenada by M. Roezl, is a bulbous Agave. In the young state the plants form a thickened base from the persistence of the broad overlapping lower part of the leaves, these being linear-lanceolate, slightly undulated, thinnish and at first rather fleshy in texture, but soon becoming firmer. When in flower it is an extremely striking object; it produces an immense branched spike of flowers, which in its native country attains a height of from 20 to 30 feet. This spike bears hundreds of beautiful pure white flowers, with the margin of the petals green on one side. These flowers have the additional recommendation of being deliciously fragrant. It is one of the most attractive and handsome plants ever introduced, and being of a robust and comparatively hardy constitution will succeed out of doors in sheltered localities. 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.

GASTRONEMA SANGUINEUM FLAMMEUM.

This beautiful dwarf-growing Amaryllidaceous plant, imported from South Africa under the name of *Vallota flammea*, is evidently a near ally of *Gastronema sanguineum* from the same country. It is, however, a well-marked variety, generally producing two-flowered instead of single-flowered scapes, and having a more roseate less sanguineous hue in the flowers. The flowers are of a lovely rosy carmine hue, the striped interior of the tube being lit up by the bright yellow of the anthers. It is a most charming little greenhouse bulb, flowering in the spring months simultaneously with the leaves. 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.

GENETYLIS (HEDAROMA) FUCHSI-

OIDES, 5s. and 7s. 6d.

“ **TULIPIFERA**, 5s. & 7s. 6d.

GONOLOBUS CUNDURANGO, *vide* page 6.

GREVILLEA DRUMMONDII, 7s. 6d. and

10s. 6d.

“ **ELEGANS**, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

“ **ROBUSTA**, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

GREYIA SUTHERLANDI, 7s. 6d.

HABROTHAMNUS, of sorts, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

HOVEA CELSI, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

HUMEA ELEGANS, 1s. and 1s. 6d.

HYDRANGEA HORTENSIA AUREO-
VARIEGATA, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

JAPONICA ROSALBA, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

OTAKSA, 2s. 6d. & 3s. 6d.

HYDRANGEA JAPONICA SPECIOSA.

A beautiful sub-evergreen variety of *H. japonica*, of neat, dwarf, and compact growth. The broad rich green-edged leaves are finely marked by a broad flame or bar of pure white running throughout their centre. It is exceedingly effective, and well adapted both for conservatory decoration, and for planting in warm flower-garden borders in the summer. 3s. 6d. and 5s.

HYDRANGEA STELLATA PROLIFERA.

This is an exceedingly handsome and free-blooming variety, producing immense corymbs of fine double star-shaped flowers of a beautiful rose colour. It is extremely distinct and attractive. 3s. 6d.

IMANTOPHYLLUM CYRTANTHIFLORUM.

A very excellent evergreen warm greenhouse or cool stove plant, intermediate between Clivia and Vallota, or Amaryllis, in style of growth, with dark green leaves, and broad corymbs of large, clear, rich salmon or light flame coloured pendulous cup-like blossoms, relieved by a lighter centre; they are produced during the early winter and spring months. Unique in its character, and a most effective and beautiful plant in its season of bloom. 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d. Fine plants, 1 and 1½ guinea.

IMANTOPHYLLUM MINIATUM.

Like the preceding in its general habit and growth, but the flowers are a shade darker in colour, and instead of being pendulous are erect. 5s., 7s. 6d., and 10s. 6d. Fine plants, 1 and 1½ guinea.

INDIGOFERA DECORA, 5s.

ISOLEPIS GRACILIS, 1s. 6d.

JASMINUM GRANDIFLORUM, 3s. 6d.

KENNEDYAS, of sorts, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

KREYSIGIA MULTIFLORA.

A greenhouse or half-hardy herbaceous perennial, producing numerous short stems, furnished with sessile amplexicaul, ovate, striately-nerved leaves, from whose axils appear the solitary peduncles, which are one or two-flowered, the flowers being of a pale rosy lilac colour. It is a native of New Holland, and belongs to the group of the Uvulariae. 5s.

LAGERSTRÆMIA INDICA, 3s. 6d.

LAGERSTRÆMIA, of sorts, 3s. 6d. & 5s.

LAPAGERIA ALBA.

The flowers of this beautiful plant are similar in shape and size to those of the popular *Lapageria rosea*, but of a pure white. In habit and foliage it is also exactly similar to the rose coloured variety, and requires the same mode of treatment.

This striking plant was figured in the January number of the *Botanical Magazine* for 1865, and also in the *Floral Magazine* of February, 1865, and has received the highest awards at the leading Metropolitan Exhibitions. 3 and 5 guineas.

LAPAGERIA ROSEA.

This is one of the most beautiful greenhouse and conservatory climbers yet known, bearing numerous large, brilliant, carmine bell-shaped flowers, more or less spotted internally. This highly ornamental plant remains unequalled in its adaptation for the decoration of a cool house; it is a neat evergreen, free in habit, and vigorous in growth when once established, and continues in bloom the greater part of the year. 5s., 7s. 6d., 10s. 6d., and 1 guinea,

LASIANDRA MACRANTHA.

A very free-growing plant, introduced from Brazil, giving, when 3 or 4 feet high, a profusion of fine saucer-shaped flowers, which are of a rich violet blue colour. This plant has been found not to produce its flowers freely in a small state, but when grown into a large plant it flowers abundantly at all the terminal shoots, and is then extremely effective for a conservatory. 3s. 6d.

LASIANDRA MACRANTHA FLORIBUNDA.

This marvellous plant was first discovered by the late Dr. Seemann, who published a figure of it in his *Journal of Botany*, since which it has been introduced from St. Catherine's, Brazil. The abundant manner in which it produces its gigantic flowers in a small state, is remarkable; even plants in 2 to 3-inch pots, when only about 3 inches high, readily produce flower buds, when the flower may really be said to be as large as the plant. It requires to be treated in a similar manner to *Pleroma elegans*, which it somewhat resembles in general features, but altogether eclipses in the magnitude of its flowers, which are of a rich and brilliant violet blue colour. 5s. and 7s. 6d.

LESCHENAULTIA BAXTERI MAJOR, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.
 " **BILOBA SPLENDENS** (MAJOR), 3s. 6d. & 5s.
 " **FORMOSA**, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

LEUCOPOGON CUNNINGHAMI, 3s. 6d.
LIBOCEDRUS DONIANA, 5s. and 7s. 6d.

LIBONIA FLORIBUNDA, 2s. 6d.
LILIUUM GIGANTEUM, 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.
 " of sorts, *vide* Index
LOMATIA ELEGANTISSIMA, 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.
 " **FERRUGINEA**, 5s. and 7s. 6d.
LUCULIA GRATISSIMA, 5s. and 7s. 6d.

MACADAMIA TERNIFOLIA.

The fruit of this handsome evergreen shrub is about the size of a walnut, and contains at maturity a kernel of a remarkably rich and agreeable flavour, resembling, although much superior to, the Filbert. Judging from its native locality, it may be expected to produce its desirable fruit, with a slight protection on outside walls, in an English climate; and as an evergreen of fine habit and distinct features, it will form a valuable addition to the orchard house, also for the cool conservatory border or wall. 5s. and 7s. 6d.; large plants, 1 and 1½ guineas.

MACKAYA BELLA.

This most beautiful Acanthaceous plant is a native of the bed of the Tongat river, Natal. It is a tall, slender, nearly glabrous shrub, with virgate branches. The flowers have a pale lilac corolla, nearly 2 inches long, the throat ornamented with most delicately pencilled reticulated purple veins, tubular below, campanulate upwards, with a deeply five-lobed spreading limb. The plant is very floriferous, and when in full bloom, appears a mass of most delicate, pendent, campanulate flowers. This charming plant has been figured in the *Botanical Magazine*, tab. 5797. 3s. 6d. and 5s.

MACROZAMIA, *vide* Index
MAGNOLIA CAMPBELLII, *vide* p. 75 & 76.
 " **FUSCATA**, 3s. 6d. and 5s.
MAHERNIA VESTITA, 3s. 6d.
MANDEVILLA SUAVEOLENS, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.
MESEMBRYANTHEMUM CORDIFO-
 LIUM VARIEGATUM, 1s. 6d.

METROSIDEROS FLORIBUNDA, 2s. 6d.
MIMULUS, of sorts, *vide* Index
MONOCHÆTUM DICRANANTHEMUM, 3s. 6d.
 " **ENSIFERUM**, 3s. 6d.
LEMONIANUM, 3s. 6d.
SERICEUM MULTIFLORUM, 3s. 6d.

MUSA ENSETE.

This is the grand Banana of Abyssinia. In growth it is one of the most striking and noble of ornamental plants, and it is without doubt one of the most effective for summer out-door gardening. Its immense leaves attain a length of 8 to 10 feet, and are of a beautiful dark green, the mid-rib being bright crimson, forming an admirable and striking contrast. It attains altogether an average growth of 12 to 15 feet in height. 1½, 2, and 3 guineas.

MUTISIA DECURRENS, 7s. 6d.
MYRSIPHYLLUM ASPARAGOIDES, 10s. 6d.
MYRTUS, of sorts, 1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d.
 " **AUSTRALIS**, 3s. 6d.
NERINES, of sorts, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

NERIUMS, of sorts, 3s. 6d.
NIEREMBERGIA RIVULARIS, 1s. 6d.
ORCHIDS, *vide* Index
PALMS, of sorts, *vide* Index.

PANAX RULEI.

A shrubby plant, furnished with opposite leaves, on longish petioles. The leaves are trifoliate, with ovate leaflets 2 to 3 inches long, the central one narrowed to a stalk-like base, and the two lateral ones sessile and unequal-sided. It is a distinct free-growing evergreen plant, and was obtained from Melbourne. 5s.

PASSIFLORA CAMPBELLII, 3s. 6d.
 " **CERULEA GRANDIFLORA**, 3s. 6d.
 " **EDULIS**, 3s. 6d.
 " **IMPÉRATRICE EUGÉNIE**, 3s. 6d.
 " **LOUDONI**, 3s. 6d.
 " **ONYCHINA**, 3s. 6d.
 " of sorts, 2s. 6d., 3s. 6d., & 5s.
PELARGONIUMS, *vide* Index

PETUNIAS, *vide* Index
PHILESIA BUXIFOLIA, 7s. 6d. & 10s. 6d.
PHŒDRANASSA RUBRO-VIRIDIS, 3s. 6d. and 5s.
 " **VENTRICOSA**, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.
PHŒNOCOMA PROLIFERA BARNESII, 3s. 6d. and 5s.
PHORMIUM ATROPURPUREUM, 4 and 5 guineas.

PHORMIUM COLENSEI VARIEGATUM.

This beautiful plant has narrowish erect pointed dark green leaves, scarcely an inch in width, elegantly banded at the margin with one or sometimes two narrow stripes of creamy white. It has the same distichous mode of growth as *P. tenax*, but is altogether a smaller and more elegant plant, while its more erect habit and narrower leaves give it quite a distinct appearance from that of the variegated *P. tenax*. It a native of New Zealand. 2, 3, and 4 guineas.

PHORMIUM NIGRO-PICTUM.

A very distinct compact-growing form of New Zealand Flax, much dwarfer in habit, and smaller in the foliage, than the forms usually cultivated, and forming a thick tuft, the larger leaves being about 2 feet long. They are of a sap green colour, about an inch and a quarter wide, narrowly edged with blackish purple, the edging becoming broader and more evident on the distichous base, when it forms a conspicuous zigzag dark line. 10s. 6d. and 15s.

PHORMIUM TENAX, highly ornamental strong plants, 5s., 7s. 6d., and 10s. 6d.

PHORMIUM TENAX VARIEGATUM.

This is a finely variegated form of the well-known New Zealand Flax. The leaves are of the same size as the species, with conspicuous broad stripes of creamy white running out their whole length, and contrasting well with the light shining green ground colour. It is a truly noble plant, and is well adapted both for planting out in the flower garden and lawn, for pot culture, and for conservatory decoration. 3 and 4 guineas.

PHORMIUM TENAX VEITCHII VARIEGATUM , 2 guineas	PIMELEA HENDERSONI , 3s. 6d. and 5s.
PIMELEA DECUSSETATA , 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.	" NEIPPERGIANA , 3s. 6d. and 5s.
" ELEGANS , 3s. 6d.	" SPECTABILIS , 3s. 6d. and 5s.

" **PINCENECTICIA TUBERCULATA**, 21s.

PITHECOLOBIUM PRUINOSUM.

A beautiful woody leguminous plant, related to *Inga* and *Calliandra*, having the young branches, foliage, and inflorescence clothed with a rusty pubescence. The leaves are bipinnate, with oblong acuminate leaflets, and the flowers, with their long exserted white stamens, grow in globular umbels from the axils of the upper leaves. It is a native of Queensland. 5s. and 7s. 6d.

PLEROMA ELEGANS, 3s. 6d.

" **PLEROMA HETEROMALLA**, 5s. and 7s. 6d.

PLEROMA SARMENTOSA.

A very beautiful plant from the cool valleys of Peru and Chili. The flowers are 2 to 2½ inches in diameter, deep violet or violet purple, and very handsome. A drawing of them is given in the *Botanical Magazine* (tab. 5629), where Dr. Hooker says:—"As this plant is as well adapted for greenhouse cultivation as *Monochætum*, and is far more beautiful, it is one of the most valuable acquisitions to our houses of late years." 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

PLUMBAGO CAPENSIS, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

PRIMULA JAPONICA, vide pages 78 and 78

PODOCARPUS MACROPHYLLUS VARIEGATUS, 10s. 6d.

SINENSIS **ALBA** **PLENO**,

1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d.

POLYGALA CORDIFOLIA, 3s. 6d.

" **FLORE PLENO**,

DALMAISIANA, 3s. 6d.

of sorts, 2s. 6d.

POMEGRANATES, 5s. and 7s. 6d.

3s. 6d., and 5s.

PRIMULA VERTICILLATA SIMENSIS.

This very fine sweet-scented Abyssinian Primrose is a half-hardy herbaceous perennial, with oblong-lanceolate, farinose leaves 8 to 10 inches long, and a flower scape about 1½ ft. high. The scape bears two or three whorls of fine large salver-shaped long-tubed flowers, of a bright deep yellow colour, which have an agreeable perfume. It is a very useful and effective spring-flowering plant. 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

PTEROSPERMUM ACERIFOLIUM.

A shrubby greenhouse plant introduced from New South Wales. The leaves are broadly ovate, deep green, peltately attached to the petiole, which, as well as the under surface of the leaves, is clothed with white cobwebby hairs, the upper surface of the young leaves, which is also white, being clothed with stellate hairs. The plant belongs to the Sterculiaceous family. 15s.

REINECKIA CARNEA VARIEGATA.

This is an exceedingly pretty neat-growing variegated-foliaged plant, producing very attractive rosy white flowers. 2s. 6d. to 3s. 6d.

RHODEA JAPONICA, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

" **RHODEA JAPONICA ARGENTEA**, 2 guineas.

RHODEA JAPONICA MACROPHYLLA MARGINATA.

An ornamental plant of bold habit, with its long lanceolate leaves broadly margined with creamy white. It is easily cultivated and highly decorative. 10s. 6d. and 15s.

RHODODENDRONS, *vide* pages 66 and 67. | **RHOPALA**, *vide* page 53.

RHUS PANACIFORMIS.

A close-growing shrubby plant of elegant character. It has alternate pinnated leaves, with about six pairs of leaflets, which are rounded and unequal-sided at the base, elliptic-oblong in outline, and on the young plants about two inches long. The rachis is puberulous, and the leaflets hairy beneath. It is apparently a plant of stocky habit. 10s. 6d.

RHUS RUFA.

A fine pinnated-leaved shrubby plant of ornamental character. It has erect rusty-barked stems, pinnate leaves a foot long or more, and consisting of about eight pairs of leaflets, which are from 3 to 4 inches long, and from an inch to an inch and a half broad, hairy beneath, oblong-acute, with the base rounded and unequal-sided. The leaves are alternate, the rachis tomentose, of a reddish hue, and the whole plant of a free-growing and elegant habit. 10s. 6d.

RHYNCHOSPERMUM JASMINOIDES,

3s. 6d. and 5s.

” **VARIE-**
GATUM, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

RICHARDIA AFRICANA (*Calla aethiopica*),

1s. and 1s. 6d.

RICHARDIA ALBO-MACULATA, 3s. 6d.

ROEZLIA REGIA, 1 and 2 guineas.

RUELLIA PITCAIRNÆFOLIA.

An exceedingly handsome ornamental plant, with long bright green drooping foliage, well adapted for vases and decorative purposes. 1 and 1½ guineas.

SANDERSONIA AURANTIACA.

A beautiful tuberous-rooted greenhouse perennial, introduced from Natal. The tubers are small and two-lobed; the stems erect, a foot to a foot and a half high, simple, bearing erect lanceolate-acuminate, sessile, almost acuminate striated leaves, and from the axils of the upper leaves, attached by thin stalks, the large orange-coloured semi-globular bell-shaped drooping flowers, which have the six segments of which the perianth is composed extended at the base into short horns, and are attached by slender pedicles a couple of inches long. It is a very beautiful little plant, and thoroughly distinct in character. 7s. 6d.

SARRACENIA PURPUREA, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

STATICE HOLFORDII, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

SELAGINELLA, *vide* Index.

MACROPHYLLA, 5s.

SOLLYA DRUMMONDII, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

PROFUSA (*RATTRAYANA*),

” **LINEARIS**, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

3s. 6d. and 5s.

SPARAXIS PULCHERRIMA, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

STENOTAPHRUM GLABRUM VARIE-

GATUM, *vide* page 8.

STERCULIA HETEROPHYLLA (DIVERSIFOLIA).

A woody plant of Queensland and New South Wales, remarkable for its dissimilar leaves, which vary from ovate to ovate-lanceolate, and are either entire, or, more or less deeply three-lobed or five-lobed. Sometimes they are unequal-sided, occasionally rounded or obtuse at the apex, but more frequently drawn out to a long acuminate point. The flowers come in axillary panicles. The natives in the interior of Queensland are said to eat the pods. 10s. 6d.

STRELITZIA REGINÆ, 1 and 1½ guinea.

TACSONIA MOLLISSIMA, 3s. 6d.

SWAINSONIAS, of sorts, 3s. 6d.

” **PINNATISTIPULA**, 3s. 6d.

TACSONIA MANICATA, 3s. 6d.

” **VAN VOLXEMI**, 2s. 6d. & 3s. 6d.

TACSONIA ERIANTHA.

A useful plant, resembling in habit and colour of flower the well-known *T. mollissima*, from which, however, it differs conspicuously in the white under surface of the foliage, and long bracts. It is very free flowering, and exceedingly effective as a greenhouse or conservatory climber. 5s.

TACSONIA EXONIENSIS.

This distinct and beautiful greenhouse climber is a hybrid between *T. Van Volxemi* and *T. mollissima*. The flowers are of a brilliant rose pink colour, with deep violet throat. The flower tube is 2½ to 3 inches long. The excellent free-flowering habit of the plant, and the extremely attractive colour of the flowers, render it most desirable and effective. 5s.

TACSONIA TOMENTOSA SPECIOSA.

This plant is a native of New Grenada; it cannot be too highly recommended as a useful free-growing greenhouse climber, with clear rosy red or carnation coloured flowers. The flower tube is cylindric, distended at the base, green, and 3 to 4 inches long, the sepals externally green, internally red; the petals, which are as long as the sepals, are of a pure rosy red colour. 5s.

TECOMA, *vide* Bignonia.

TESTUDINARIA ELEPHANTIPES, 2s.

THIBAUDIA ACUMINATA, 5s.

TREMANDRA ERICÆFOLIA, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

“ **HIRSUTA**, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

“ **VERTICILLATA**, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

TRITONIA AUREA, 1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d.

“ **MAJOR**, 3s. 6d.

TROPAEOLUM AZUREUM, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

BRACHYCYCERAS, 3s. 6d.

JARRATTII, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

3s. 6d.

of sorts, 1s. 6d., 2s. 6d., and 3s. 6d.

TURRÆA HETEROPHYLLA.

A small-growing slender-branched warm greenhouse shrub, a native of Port Natal. It has glabrous branches, and ovate undivided or three-lobed leaves, which fall away before the flowering season. The flowers are white, five-petaled, clustered at the end of the branches, and having the elongate ligulate petals longer than the staminal tubes. The Turræas form an interesting group of the Meliaceæ. 10s. 6d.

VALLOTA EXIMIA, 7s. 6d.

PURPUREA, 2s. 6d.

“ **MAJOR**, 3s. 6d. & 5s.

VERONICAS, *vide* page 67.

WITSENIAS **CORYMBOSA**, 3s. 6d.

YUCCA QUADRICOLOR, 1, 2, and 3 guineas.

XYLOMELUM PYRIFORME.

This handsome New Holland Proteaceæ has been variously referred to the genera Banksia, Hakea, and Grevillea. It is an evergreen, with lanceolate leaves, furnished in the young state with spines like those of the common Holly, but becoming entire in the mature plant. The flowers grow in dense cylindrical axillary spikes, and are succeeded by thick woody oblong follicles, 4 or 5 inches long. 10s. 6d.

YUCCA ALOIFOLIA VARIEGATA.

7s. 6d., 10s. 6d., 1, 1½, and 2 guineas each. Handsome specimens, 3 and 4 guineas each.

GREENHOUSE RHODODENDRONS.

AUCKLANDII, this is exceedingly rare, and one of the handsomest of the Himalayan series; its fine large white flowers are sometimes from 4 to 6 inches in diameter. 10s. 6d. and 15s.

COUNTESS OF HADDINGTON, very large blush white flowers; an exceedingly beautiful hybrid variety. 5s., 7s. 6d., and 10s. 6d.

EDGWORTHII, a handsome free-flowering species, with large pure white spreading cup-shaped fragrant flowers. 5s. and 7s. 6d.

FORMOSUM GRANDIFLORUM, a free-blooming variety, with finely formed pure white flowers a neat growing kind, and very useful for conservatory decoration. 3s. 6d. and 5s.

FRAGANTISSIMUM, this splendid hybrid is the result of a cross between *R. Edgeworthii* and *R. formosum* (*Gibsoni*), partaking of the delicious fragrance of the former, while it retains the shrubby habit and abundant flowering qualities of the latter. The flower, which is of great substance, and measuring upwards of 5 inches in diameter, is of the purest white, lightly spotted with ochre on the upper segment; the back of the flower also presents a lovely appearance, being delicately pencilled and shaded with rose on an alabaster-like ground. 5s. and 7s. 6d.

JASMINIFLORUM, an elegant free-blooming species, with fragrant white flower tubes, borne in clusters. 3s. 6d., 5s., and 7s. 6d.

JENKINSII, a handsome evergreen shrub, bearing dark green leathery oblong lanceolate leaves. The flowers are exceedingly large, funnel-shaped, and of a snowy whiteness. Its handsome wax-like attractive blossoms render it a most beautiful plant for conservatory decoration. 5s. and 7s. 6d.

NILAGIRICUM, a magnificent species from Nepaul, producing immense terminal trusses of fine large showy flowers, of a beautiful blush colour, banded with deep rich rose and shaded with soft rose; light throat; the segments are also ornamented towards the centre with small rosy spots. 5s. and 7s. 6d.

PRINCESS ALEXANDRA, a pretty hybrid variety, of dwarf compact growth, with similar larger and longer tubed flowers than those of *R. jasminiflorum*, being pure white, with pink stamens. A free-blooming plant, well adapted for conservatory decoration. 5s., 7s. 6d., and 10s. 6d.

GREENHOUSE RHODODENDRONS—Continued.

PRINCESS ALICE, a neat dwarf bushy-growing variety of the *ciliatum* type, with comparatively small leaves, and producing clusters of deliciously-scented bell-shaped white flowers, flushed with pink on the outward surface. 3s. 6d., 5s., and 7s. 6d.

PRINCESS HELENA. This pretty hybrid form was obtained with *R. Princess Alexandra* from a cross with *R. jasminiflorum*, but is readily distinguished from it by its much longer tubed flowers, of a delicately tinted soft pink colour, streaked with darker shades. 5s. and 7s. 6d.

PRINCESS ROYAL, a handsome and distinct variety, of neat compact growth, with clusters of richly shaded rose-coloured funnel-shaped flower tubes. 5s. and 7s. 6d.

VEITCHIANUM, a beautiful species, with very large white flowers, relieved by a yellow centre or base, and elegantly fringed or frilled on the margin. 5s., 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.

VIRGATUM, a slender plant, with flowers solitary or in pairs, having the tube of the corolla short and oboconical, and the limb segments spreading. The flowers in the different plants that have been raised from seed, vary in hue from blush to white. 5s.

VIRGATUM HYBRIDUM, a neat-habited bushy-growing variety, producing fine trusses of beautiful pure white flowers, of good form. It is an extremely useful decorative plant. 5s.

VIRGINALIS, the flowers of this extremely beautiful variety are exceedingly large, funnel-shaped, and very pure white. It is a handsome-growing shrub, with fine dark green foliage, and is a splendid plant for conservatory decoration, the size and snowy whiteness of its blossoms rendering it extremely attractive. 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.

VERONICAS.

ANNETTE, pale bluish purple, with distinct white eye; short thick spikes of flowers; a very free bloomer. 1s. 6d.

ATTRACTION, an exceedingly distinct and pretty variety, producing fine spikes of flowers of a rich and beautiful light crimson colour; of good compact habit, and very free flowering. 3s. 6d.

BLUE GEM, a shrubby-growing variety of neat habit, producing most profusely spikes of beautiful blue flowers; a capital bedder. 1s. 6d.

CAROLINE, light lilac blue, with small white eye, an exceedingly free-flowering variety, producing short dense spikes of bloom. 1s. 6d.

CELESTIAL, this is a very pleasing variety, with flowers of a sky blue colour having a white centre; free, and of good habit. 1s. 6d.

CYRUS, bright blue, with white centre; a distinct and attractive variety, producing freely fine spikes of fine large flowers. It is of a good compact style of growth. 2s. 6d.

DENISE PONTON, a very free blooming variety, producing fine flowers of a beautiful rosy carmine colour; habit neat and compact. 2s. 6d.

DIADEM, this variety produces flowers of a beautiful rose colour, having a distinct white centre; it is of compact and shrubby growth. 1s. 6d.

DISPLAY, rosy crimson, with small white eye; a free-flowering, variety of good habit, producing fine long spikes of blossom. 3s. 6d.

ENSIGN, clear blue, with very large attractive white eye; an exceedingly profuse bloomer. 1s. 6d.

EVA, a compact-growing variety, freely producing fine close spikes of very pretty pink flowers. 3s. 6d.

FESTOON, rosy purple, with clear white eye; of very dwarf habit and free flowering. 2s. 6d.

FLORENCE, a compact-growing and free-flowering variety, producing fine spikes of flowers of a beautiful soft pink colour. 2s. 6d.

GARLAND, bright blue, with very large and attractive white centre; free flowering, and of compact habit. 2s. 6d.

HELEN, a variety of good habit, producing pretty rose-coloured flowers. 2s. 6d.

HERALD, fine rosy purple flowers, white at the base; a robust-growing and very free-blooming variety. 3s. 6d.

HEROINE, a very profuse-blooming variety, of remarkably good habit, producing fine stout spikes of rich rosy crimson flowers, with distinct white eyes. 3s. 6d.

IMPÉRIALE, this variety produces fine flower spikes, in clusters, of a brilliant amaranth red, changing to carmine magenta, and elegantly set off with projecting white stamens. 1s. 6d.

LEONARD, bluish purple, with white eye; a very free bloomer, giving short thick flower spikes. 1s. 6d.

RUBENS, a variety of robust habit and vigorous growth; the flowers are large and fine, of a beautiful violet colour. 3s. 6d.

TRIUMPH, a beautiful variety of thick short-jointed habit, with small foliage; it is a very free bloomer, producing in fine spikes its lovely deep violet purple white-eyed flowers. 2s. 6d.

VESTA, an exceedingly floriferous variety, of very compact growth, with stout vigorous foliage; the flowers are of a beautiful light blue colour, with attractive white centres. 2s. 6d.

NEW, RARE, AND DESIRABLE HARDY PLANTS.

ACER CISSIFOLIUM	10s. 6d.
“ DISSECTUM FOLIIS ROSEO-	
MARGINATUS , 15s.	“
“ PALMATUM PARTITUM , 15s.	“
“ POLYMPHUM ATROPUR-	“
PUREUM , 10s. 6d.	“
PALMATUM , 10s. 6d.	“
“ TARTARICUM GINNALA , 5s.	“
ACORUS JAPONICUS SIEBOLDII	“
AUREO-STRIATUS , 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.	
AMPELOPSIS TRICUSPIDATA (syn. <i>Vitis japonica</i>), 2s. 6d.	

ARISEMA CORNUTUM (syn. <i>Sauromatum glutinatum</i>), 3s. 6d. and 5s.
MARMORATUM , 7s. 6d.
PARDINUM , 7s. 6d.
PICTUM , 7s. 6d.
(SAUROMATUM) NIGRICANS , 7s. 6d.
RINGENS , 3s. 6d. and 5s.
PURPUREUM , 5s. and 7s. 6d.
ARTHROTAXIS SELAGINOIDES , 7s. 6d.
ARUNDO CONSPICUA , 3s. 6d.

ASPIDISTRA ELATIOR ANGUSTIFOLIA VARIEGATA.

An effective variegated plant, with lanceolate dark green leaves, which are broadly banded and striped with cream colour. 5s. and 7s. 6d.

ASPIDISTRA LURIDA, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

ASPIDISTRA LURIDA VARIEGATA, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

ASTILBE BARBATA.

GENERALLY, BUT ERRONEOUSLY, KNOWN AS

HOTEIA JAPONICA, AND SPIRÆA BARBATA.

Cannot be too highly appreciated as a decorative plant for early forcing, its pretty erect shining green foliage, surmounted by numerous beautiful and graceful panicles of white inflorescence, giving the whole plant an elegant appearance, and rendering it at once most pleasing and useful for decorative purposes. 1s. 6d.

ASTRAGALUS SERICEO-ALBUS.

A pretty dwarf-growing hardy herbaceous perennial. The plant spreads laterally so as to form a neat tuft of pinnate leaves, which are from 6 to 8 inches long, and consist of blunt oblong pinnae, so that they are not unlike in form to vigorous fronds of *Asplenium Trichomanes*. The rachis and both surfaces of the leaves are clothed with closely-set white silky hairs, which gives them the aspect of a dwarf silvery fern. The flowers are in short racemes, and of a pale rosy or purplish hue. Unfortunately the flowers were not examined, so that the name given is only provisional. 7s. 6d. & 10s. 6d.

ASTRAGALUS SERICEO-SULPHUREUS.

This plant is the exact counterpart of the foregoing *A. sericeo-albus*, except that the silky hairs by which it is clothed are of a pale sulphur yellow. The root is perennial, the habit dwarf and tufted, the leaves pinnate, and the flowers rose coloured. It was raised with the former plant, but the memorandum respecting its origin have been lost. 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.

AUCUBA JAPONICA FŒMINA.

Various sorts can be supplied at 3s. 6d., 5s., and 7s. 6d. each.

AUCUBA JAPONICA MASCULA.

Various sorts can be supplied at 3s. 6d., 5s., and 7s. 6d. each.

SEEDLING AUCUBAS.

These have been raised from some of the fine imported kinds, variously fertilised with the different varieties of plain-leaved, blotched and maculated males, and will probably produce many novel and fine sorts. The sexes in these seedlings may be expected to be somewhat equally divided. 12s., 18s., and 30s. per dozen; £3 15s., £5, and £7 10s. per 100.

AZALEA MOLLIS.

This showy hardy deciduous shrub bears oblong obovate-leaves, villose on the nerves and margin, and large funnel-shaped orange coloured flowers in terminal umbels. Introduced from the mountains of Japan. 7s. 6d.

AZALEAS.

Hardy varieties, of sorts, 18s., 30s., and 42s. per dozen.

BAMBUA ARGENTEA STRIATA.

This handsome Japanese plant has been received from Dr. Regel, of St. Petersburgh, under the name above quoted. Like all the Bamboos, it is of an extremely graceful habit, and, in this instance, the elegance of the plant is very much augmented by the fine silvery glaucous hue of the under side of the foliage. It is of a moderately vigorous habit, and the leaves, which are 3 to 4 inches long, and about three-quarters of an inch broad, are of a full green on the upper surface, glaucous beneath, and striped in a varying degree, but usually freely with white, forming an elegant variegation. It is a strikingly ornamental hardy decorative plant. 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.

BAMBUA FORTUNEI VARIEGATA,	BERBERIDOPSIS CORALLINA,	3s. 6d.
1s. 6d.		and 5s.
MAXIMOWICZII,	BERBERIS CORDIFORMIS,	<i>vide</i> page 3.
10s. 6d.	STENOPHYLLA,	3s. 6d.
NIGRA,	5s.	of sorts, 3s. 6d. and 5s.
RETICULATA,	10s. 6d.	

BETULA ALBA FASTIGIATA.

A magnificent variety of this beautiful tree, of tall erect habit, similar to that of *Populus fastigiata*. 5s.

BIGNONIA GRANDIFLORA,	BIOTA ELEGANTISSIMA,	7s. 6d.
2s. 6d. and	BOCCONIA JAPONICA,	3s. 6d.
3s. 6d.	BRODIEA COCCINEA,	3s. 6d.
RADICANS MAJOR,	1s. 6d.	
and 2s. 6d.	GRANDIFLORA,	1s. 6d.

CATALPA SYRINGÆFOLIA AUREA.

A magnificent variety of *Catalpa syringæfolia*, of the same vigorous growth and beautiful habit, but with the foliage of a splendid golden yellow colour. It is a grand acquisition, and forms a magnificent ornamental object, never becoming scorched by the sun. 5s.

CEANOHTHUS GLOIRE DE VERSAILLES,	CLEMATIS LANUGINOSA CANDIDA,	
3s. 6d.	white, tinted ; fine, 2s. 6d.	
of sorts, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.	"	
CHRYSANTHEMUMS, <i>vide</i> Index.	LANUGINOSA NIVEA,	pure white, 3s. 6d.
CHIMONANTHUS FRAGRANS,	LAWSONIANA,	rosy purple, slightly marked with darker veins, 7s. 6d.
2s. 6d.		
and 3s. 6d.		
GRANDIFLORUS,	LOED LONDESBOROUGH,	rich mauve, with narrow stripes, 5s.
3s. 6d. and 5s.		
CLEMATIS ALBERT VICTOR, deep lavender, with pale bar, 3s. 6d.	LUCIE LEMOINE,	double white ; rosette-formed ; very fine, 5s. and 7s. 6d.
"		
ALEXANDRA, pale reddish violet, 5s.	MAGNIFICA,	reddish purple, with red bars, 2s. 6d.
"		
AURELIANI, sky blue, 3s. 6d.	MARIE LEFEBVRE,	pale very mauve, with a deeper mauve-coloured bar, 10s. 6d.
"		
FORTUNEI, double white, 2s. 6d.	MISS BATEMAN,	white, with chocolate-red anthers, 3s. 6d.
"		
GEM, deep lavender blue, 3s. 6d.	MRS. JAMES BATEMAN,	pale lavender, 5s.
"		
GLOIRE DE SAINT-JULIEN,	OTTO FRÖBEL,	grayish white, very large, 3s. 6d.
5s.		
HENRYI, French white, 7s. 6d.	PRINCE OF WALES,	deep rich puce purple, 2s. 6d.
"		
JACKMANNI, violet purple, 2s. 6d.	RUBELLA,	rich claret purple, 2s. 6d.
"		
JEANNE D'ARC, grayish white, 5s.	RUBRO-VIOLACEA,	maroon purple, 2s. 6d.
"		
JOHN GOULD VEITCH, lavender blue ; rosette-formed, 5s.		
"		
LADY BOVILL, grayish blue ; cupped, 2s. 6d.		
"		
LADY CAROLINE NEVILL,		
French white, with mauve bars, 5s.		
"		
LADY LONDESBOROUGH,		
silver gray, with pale bar, 3s. 6d.		

CLEMATIS STANDISHII ,	light bluish mauve, profuse flowering, 2s. 6d.
„	STAR OF INDIA , reddish plum, with red bars, 5s.
„	SYMEIANA , delicate pale mauve or lavender blue, 7s. 6d.
„	THOMAS MOORE , puce violet, with white stamens; Passiflora-like, 5s.
„	TUNBRIDGENSIS , deep bluish mauve, 5s.

CLEMATIS	VELUTINA PURPUREA , blackish mulberry, 5s.
„	VITICELLA RUBRA GRAN. DIFLORA , bright claret-red, 5s.
CRYPTOMERIA JAPONICA VARIEGATA , 7s. 6d.	
CUPRESSUS LAWSONIANA ARGENTINA	TEA , 3s. 6d.
„	ERECTA VIRIDIS , 5s. & 7s. 6d.
„	VARIEGATA , 5s.

DAPHNIPHYLLUM ROXBURGHII.

A deciduous tree, belonging to the natural order Euphorbiaceæ. It has an extensive geographical range; the plants here offered are from Japan. It has an erect twiggish habit, with oblong-ovoblate opposite deep green leaves, and axillary racemes of minute flowers. 3s. 6d.

DELPHINIUM ALOPECUROIDES , 2s. 6d.
and 3s. 6d.

EMPEROR, 5s.

DELPHINIUM GARLAND , 5s.
DESMODIUM PENDULIFLORUM , 3s. 6d.

DEUTZIA CRENATA CANDIDISSIMA PLENA.

An exceedingly free-flowering variety, producing fine large, very double, pure white flowers. It is a very useful winter and spring-blooming plant, and looks extremely elegant when covered with its large bunches of pure white flowers. 3s. 6d.

DIMORPHANTHUS MANDCHURICUS.

This noble deciduous shrub has been introduced from Mandchuria, and therefore is perfectly hardy. Its handsome multifid leaves are about a yard in length, and as much in breadth, the mere mention of which conveys some idea of the grand effect this plant produces. 5s.

ERYTHRINAS, *vide* pages 60 and 61.

ESCALLONIA MACRANTHA, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

EUGENIA UGNI, 1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d.

EUONYMUS MACROPHYLLUS ALBO-VARIEGATUS, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

EUONYMUS MACROPHYLLUS AUREO-VARIEGATUS, 2s. 6d.

RADICANS VARIEGATUS

„ 1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d.

FORSYTHIA FORTUNEI, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

FRAXINUS MANDCHURICUS, this has gigantic leaves. 3s. 6d.

FRAXINUS LONGICUSPIS.

A slender deciduous Japanese tree, with tetragonal branches, whose bark is marked by lenticular warts. It has pinnate leaves, with two or three pairs of leaflets, which in the mature state are lanceolate with a long acuminate point, but in the young plants are blunt, and sometimes rounded. The inflorescence forms an erect terminal or lateral panicle. According to Siebold, this is one of the plants on which the wax insect feeds. 5s.

GLADIOLUS CRUENTUS.

A very beautiful species, introduced from Natal. It produces a tall scape, terminating in a distichous spike of large broadly-campanulate subringent flowers of a bright blood red colour, the upper segments uniformly coloured, and the lower smaller ones crimson at the base and scarlet at the apex. The two lateral segments of the lower lip are marbled about half way down with a white zone dotted with crimson, which on the exterior edge runs out into a long point, like the flame of the florists' Tulip. This distinct species has been figured both in the *Botanical Magazine* and in the *Florist and Pomologist*. 3s. 6d. and 5s.

GLADIOLUS PURPUREO-AURATUS.

This new species has been introduced from Natal; the flowers are pale golden yellow, with a large purple blotch, which is broader at the apex, on the disc of each of the two lower segments. Spike nearly a foot in length, and giving ten to fifteen flowers each.

This remarkable and distinct species has been figured in the *Botanical Magazine*, tab. 5,944. 7s. 6d.

GUNNERA SCABRA.

This is a native of the Andes of Peru, and although now pretty widely distributed, is certainly not, however, yet as largely cultivated as, by its merits, it deserves to be. It should be found wanting in no garden where a space of 15 or 20 feet in circumference can be allotted to it, so that it may spread out its magnificent foliage. Its broad leaves, borne upon stout petioles, are more than 4½ feet in diameter. For producing a picturesque appearance on a large lawn, or in parks, few subjects equal a finely grown specimen of this noble plant. If planted in a deep rich soil it speedily attains a majestic size. 3s. 6d. and 5s.

HEDERA ALGERIENSIS VARIEGATA,

3s. 6d.

,, other choice sorts, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

HEDERA LATIFOLIA MACULATA, 3s. 6d.

,, silver-variegated, 2s. 6d.

HEPATICÀ ANGULOSA, 1s. 6d.

HIBISCUS SYRIACUS PURPUREO-PLENUS ARGENTEO-MARGINATIS. 3s. 6d. and 5s.

HYDRANGEA PANICULATA GRANDIFLORA.

This splendid variety was introduced from Japan by the late Dr. von Siebold. The trusses are of immense size, the flowers white, very delicately shaded with light rose. 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

IDESIA POLYCARPA, *syn.* POLYCARPA MAXIMOWICZII. 10s. 6d.

IRIS IBERICA.

A rare and handsome hardy species of dwarf growth, somewhat similar to *I. susiana*, but smaller; the upper petals of the flowers, which are very striking and effective, are pure satiny white, and the lower petals are of a rich brown purple colour, with a large black spot in the centre. One of the most beautiful Irises known. 3s. 6d.

IRIS KÆMPFERI.

ALEXANDER VON SIEBOLD, velvety violet, shaded red, 5s.

BLUMEI, 7s. 6d.

DE VRIESE, 7s. 6d.

DUCHESSE DE BELCOURT, 5s.

GLIJMII, 7s. 6d.

IDA, 3s. 6d.

KRELAGII, 7s. 6d.

MADAME HÈLÈNE VON SIEBOLD, 7s. 6d.

REINWARDTII, 7s. 6d.

SOUVENIR, light rose, variegated with dark rose, 2s. 6d.

IRIS KÆMPFERI RUTHERFORD ALCOCK.

A most gorgeous variety, producing flowers of an exceedingly bright indigo blue, 6 inches in diameter. 5s.

IRIS KOROLKOWI, *vide* page 7.

,, SIBIRICA, 1s. 6d.

IRIS SUSIANA, 3s. 6d.

,, VIOLACEA, 1 guinea.

IRIS TOMIOLOPHA.

An ornamental herbaceous perennial, allied to *I. tectorum* and *I. cristata*. It has thick tortuous rhizomes, bright green falcately-ensiform acute leaves a foot high, and flower scape about equalling the leaves. The flowers have the sepaline lobes recurved, crispy, roundish-ovate, lilac, with darker lines, the base white, with violet-coloured veins, and bearing a simple deeply laciniated crest, while the petaline lobes are crispy, and pale lilac. It is a native of China, where it flowers in April, and whence it has been kindly sent to Mr. W. B., by Dr. Hance, who has fully described it in the *Journal of Botany*. 15s. and 1 guinea.

KOELREUTERIA PANICULATA, 2s. 6d.

LEONTICE CHRYSOGONUM, 3s. 6d.

LARDIZABALA BITERNATA, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

LIGUSTRUM CORIACEUM.

A distinct Japanese evergreen, of dwarf growth and compact habit, with thick glossy leaves. 5s.

LILIMUM AURATUM, 3s. 6d. to 5s. ; imported bulbs at the proper season, 24s. per dozen

BROWNII, 10s. 6d.

BULBIFERUM, 9d.

,, CALIFORNICUM; a splendid variety, producing from one dozen to three dozen flowers on a stem; their colour is a rich deep golden orange, attractively spotted with maroon-

purple. It is one of the finest of the Californian Lilies, and is quite hardy. 5s., 7s. 6d., and 10s. 6d.

LILIMUM CANDIDUM FLORE-PLENO, 9d. and 1s.

,, FOLIIS LUTEO-MAR. GINATIS, the most handsome and attractive of the variegated-foliated Lilies. 3s. 6d. and 5s.

CARNIOLICUM, 3s. 6d.

LILIUM CHALCEDONICUM, bright scarlet,
1s.
" **COLCHICUM**, *vide* L. monadelphum
CONCOLOR (PARTHENEION),
3s. 6d.
" **CORIDION**, 3s. 6d.
" **CROCEUM (AURANTIACUM)**, 9d.
DAVURICUM ERECTUM, 1s.
" **GRANDIFLORUM**,
1s.
" "

LILIUM DAVURICUM INCOMPARABILE, 1s.
MACULATUM,
1s. 6d.
SAPPHO, 1s. 6d.
SPLENDENS, 2s. 6d.,
3s. 6d., and 5s.
EXIMUM, 1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d.
GIGANTEUM, 5s., 7s. 6d., & 10s. 6d.



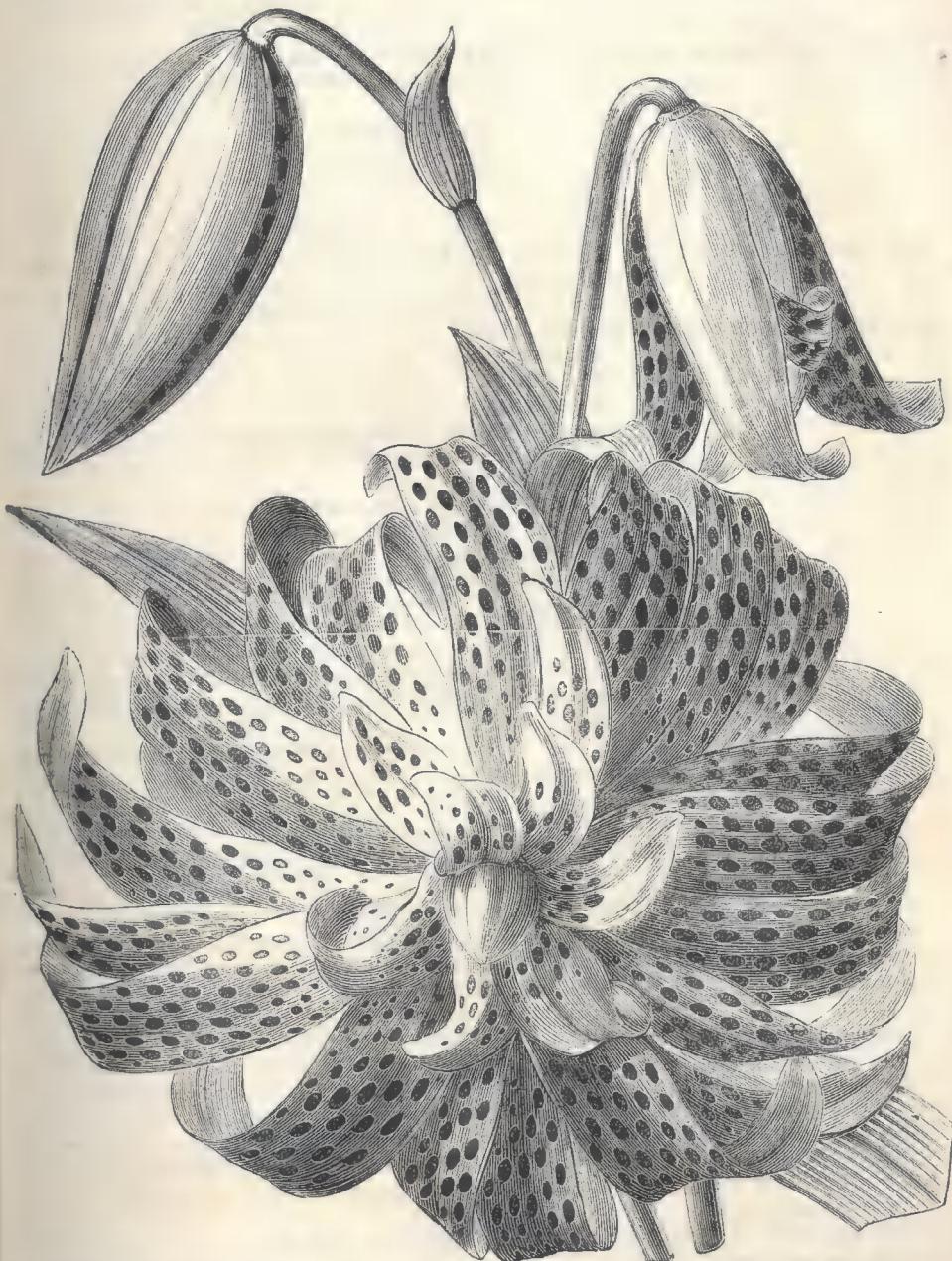
LILIUM HUMBOLDTII, for description and price, *vide* page 73.

LILIUM HUMBOLDTII.

A splendid species, from Humboldt county, California. It is quite hardy, and produces large golden yellow flowers, which are spotted with purple. It has been awarded a First Class Certificate by the Floral Committee of the Royal Horticultural Society. For illustration, *vide* page 72. 5s., 7s. 6d., and 10s. 6d.

LILIUM LEICHTLINII, 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.
" **LONGIFLORUM**, 9d.

LILIUM LONGIFLORUM FOLIIS ALBO-MARGINATIS, 7s. 6d. & 10s. 6d.



LILIUM TIGRINUM FLORE-PLENO, for description and price, *vide* page 74.

LILIMUM MARTAGON , 1s.			LILIMUM PARTHENEION , <i>vide</i> CON-COLOR		
"	"	AURANTIACUM , 1s.	"	PHILADELPHICUM , 2s. 6d., 3s. 6d., and 5s.	
"	"	MONADELPHUM (COLCHICUM) , 3s. 6d. and 5s.	"	POMPONIUM , 1s.	
"	"	SZOVITZIANUM (COLCHICUM) , flowers of a rich citron colour, spotted with black; one of the finest known species. 5s., and 7s. 6d.	"	FLAVUM , 1s.	
"	"	PARDALINUM , 5s., 7s. 6d. & 10s. 6d.	"	PUBERULUM , 5s., 7s. 6d., and 10s. 6d.	
LILIMUM SPECIOSUM (LANCEOLATUM) ALBUM , 1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d.			"	PULCHELLUM , 5s. and 7s. 6d.	
"	"	"	"	PYRENAICUM , 1s.	
"	"	"	"	MACRANTHUM ALBUM , 3s. 6d.	
"	"	"	"	RUBRUM , 3s. 6d.	
"	"	"	"	PUNCTATUM , 3s. 6d.	
"	"	"	"	ROSEUM , 1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d.	
"	"	"	"	RUBRUM , 1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d.	
"	"	"	"	PICTUM , 5s.	
"	"	"	"	SUPERBUM , 3s. 6d.	
LILIMUM SUPERBUM , 1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d.			"	LILIMUM TENUIFOLIUM , 5s. and 7s. 6d.	
"	"	PYRAMIDALE , 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.	"	TESTACEUM , nankeen-coloured flowers, 1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d.	
LILIMUM THUNBERGIANUM ALUTACEUM (<i>syn. aurantiacum multiflorum</i>), 1s. 6d. & 2s. 6d.					
"	"	BICOLOR , 3s. 6d. and 5s.			
"	"	FLORE-PLENO , 3s. 6d. and 5s.			
"	"	FULGENS , 1s. 6d.			
"	"	LATERITIUM (BILIGULATUM) ; a dwarf growing kind, producing rich scarlet flowers, marbled with orange, and having a few small black spots. 2s. 6d.			
"	"	MARMORATUM GRANDIFLORUM , 2s. 6d.			
"	"	NIGRO-MACULATUM , 2s. 6d.			
"	"	PUNCTATUM , 5s.			
"	"	STAMINOSUM , 3s. 6d. and 5s.			
LILIMUM TIGRINUM FLORE-PLENO .					
This attractive variety produces beautiful double flowers of a bright orange scarlet colour; the segments are thickly studded with dark brown spots except at the tips, which are recurved. It has been introduced from Japan, and is a novel and extremely handsome variety. For illustration, <i>vide</i> page 73. 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.					
LILIMUM TIGRINUM , 6d. and 9d.			LILIMUM UMBELLATUM FULGIDUM , bright orange scarlet, with small black spots, 1s. 6d.		
"	"	FORTUNEI , 1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d.	"	VENUSTUM , 2s. 6d.	
"	"	SPLENDENS , 5s. and 7s. 6d.	"	WALLICHIANUM , 1 and 1½ guinea.	
"	"	UMBELLATUM , 9d.			
LILIMUM WASHINGTONIANUM .					
Extract from <i>Gardeners' Chronicle</i> .—"This noble Lily inhabits the western slope of the Californian Sierra Nevada, and is found along the watershed of the streams that run into the Sacramento. Professor Wood, in the notice in the Proceedings of the Academy of Philadelphia, describes the plant as occurring in woods here and there from the Yosemite to the Columbia, and says further, 'It is well known to the miners, who recognise its superior qualities, and call it the <i>Washington Lily</i> .' There are specimens in the Kew Herbarium, gathered by Jeffrey in 1853, by W. Lobb in 1857, and also by Bridges. I have not yet seen this species in a living state, but am very glad to note that it has found its way into your columns. We have got it at last, and I hope we may not let it slip through our fingers, as we did in the case of <i>L. nepalense</i> ; and I only ask those amongst your readers that can appreciate a fine Lily to read the description I have just given, and to look at Mr. Fitch's woodcut to realise what a treat is awaiting them.—J. G. BAKER." [A remarkably fine plant, and remarkably distinct in character.—ED.]					
This Lily gives 6, 12, to 18 (according to the strength of the bulbs) flowers on a stem, individually 8 to 9 inches broad; white, more or less tinged with purple or lilac, and sweet-scented. For illustration, <i>vide</i> page 75. 3s. 6d., 5s., and 7s. 6d.					

LILUM WASHINGTONIANUM, for description and price, *vide* page 74.

LILUM WASHINGTONIANUM PURPUREUM.

This beautiful new Lily has been discovered and sent from Humboldt County, California. The collector writes that it is the finest of all the Californian Lilies, and describes it as producing very fragrant flowers, about twelve on a stem; the petals on opening are of a beautiful purplish satin colour, changing to a delicate purple lilac. 5s., 7s. 6d., and 10s. 6d.

A selection of 12 hardy Lilies, in 6 sorts, 18s. and 24s.

A selection of 12 choice Lilies, in 6 sorts, 42s. and 60s.

LIMONIA TRIFOLIATA, 5s. and 7s. 6d. | LONICERAS, of sorts, at 1s. 6d.

MAGNOLIA CAMPBELLII.

Our first knowledge in Europe of this gorgeously beautiful new hardy plant was derived from a plate given in a very magnificent work, entitled *Illustrations of Himalayan Plants*. The descriptions and analyses in that work are from the pen and pencil of Dr. J. D. Hooker, C.B., F.R.S., and the following is an extract from his observations:—

"The *Magnolia Campbellii* was discovered by Dr. Griffith in Bhotan; it is a large forest tree abounding on the outer ranges of Sikkim, at elevations of 8,000 to 10,000 feet, appearing on the road above Pacheem, and thence ascending to the top of Sinchul, 8,000, and Tonglo, 10,000 feet; though occasionally seen on the central ranges at the same elevations, it is much less frequent. The flowers are produced abundantly in April, at the end of all the branches, when the tree is as yet perfectly leafless; they vary from white to deep rose colour, or almost crimson, and in size from 6 to 10 inches; the scent is faint. In May the tree is in full leaf, and the fruit ripens in October, when a few small and often deformed flowers are sometimes produced. The flowering branch drawn in Mr. Catheart's collection is nearly twice as large as that represented here. Young plants have the leaves perfectly glabrous; those of older trees are more or less silky on the under surface."

Without referring to *Illustrations of Himalayan Plants*, it is difficult to realise the magnificence either in size or colour of this Magnolia. A copy of the work can be seen at Mr. W. BULL's establishment, and he will be happy to show it to visitors. Dr. Hooker's figure has been copied in the *Flore des Serres et des Jardins de l'Europe*, and *L'Illustration Horticole*, but although beautifully executed, it has necessarily, from the size of these works, been much reduced. 2s, 3s, and 4 guineas.

MAGNOLIA, of sorts, 3s. 6d., 5s., and 7s. 6d.

OPHIOPOGON JABURAN AUREO-VARI-

RIEGATUM, 3s. 6d. & 5s.

" **SPICATUM ARGENTEO-**

MARGINATUM, 3s. 6d. & 5s.

PHELLODENDRON AMURENSE, "The Cork Tree of the Amur," 5s.

OSMANTHUS AQUIFOLIUM VARIE-
GATUS, 3s. 6d.

PASSIFLORA CERULEA, 1s. 6d. and
2s. 6d.

PHILADELPHUS FOL. AUREIS.

An extremely beautiful and ornamental variety, of free vigorous growth, with exceedingly effective bright yellow foliage. 5s. and 7s. 6d.

PHILADELPHUS KETELEERI FLORE-PLENO.

This hardy shrub is a most desirable acquisition, on account of the agreeable perfume of its flowers, which are pure white, semi-double, and produced very freely in large bunches. 3s. 6d.

PHLOXES (HERBACEOUS).

Selections of good and choice kinds at 12s., 18s., and 30s. per dozen.

PIPER FUTOKADSURA.

A remarkable evergreen hardy plant, with so much the aspect of *Piper nigrum* (Black Pepper of commerce) as not to be readily distinguishable at first sight. It is a free-growing climber, bearing stalked cordate ovate-acuminate dark green leaves, about 3 inches broad, the petioles and under surface of which are pubescent. This interesting plant is found near Nangasaki, in Japan. 3s. 6d. & 5s.

PLANERA JAPONICA, 3s. 6d.

PLATYCRATER ARGUTA PUMILA,

10s. 6d.

PODOCARPUS, *vide* page 64.

POLYCARPA MAXIMOWICZII, *vide*
IDESIA POLYCARPA.

POLYGONUM FILIFORME VARIEGA-
TUM, 2s. 6d.

POLYGONUM SACHALINENSE.

A free-growing perennial herbaceous plant, producing stout erect branched stems, furnished with ovate oblong leaves, 6 to 8 inches long, cordate at the base, having red footstalks, and traversed by a red mid-rib. The flowers grow in small compound racemes. It will form a distinct plant for the herbaceous border, and coming from the Amoor country is perfectly hardy. 3s. 6d. and 5s.

PRIMULA CARNIOLICA.

A species with pretty lilac blue flowers, from the Krainich Alps, where it is found growing at a height of 3,000 feet, in deep crevices on the north side. It is perfectly hardy, and will be found a most desirable little acquisition for the flower garden. 2s. 6d.

PRIMULA CORTUSOIDES AMOENA.

A beautiful free spring-flowering herbaceous plant; flowers rich rosy purple, produced freely in large clusters, well above the foliage. 2s. 6d.

PRIMULA CORTUSOIDES AMOENA GRANDIFLORA.

An extremely attractive and distinct variety, of the same habit of growth as the preceding, but its flowers are much larger, and slightly drooping. The exterior part is of a deep rose colour, and the interior white, which forms a most effective contrast. 5s.

PRIMULA CORTUSOIDES AMENA ALBA.

This variety is similar to *amena* in general habit, but the flowers are pure white. 2s. 6d.

PRIMULA CORTUSOIDES AMENA ALBA GRANDIFLORA.

A magnificent variety, producing very fine large pure white flowers, very much superior to the preceding. 5s.

PRIMULA CORTUSOIDES AMENA LILACINA.

Another very beautiful variety of *amena*, of the same habit, and quite as free flowering, but with flowers of a most lovely shade of lilac mauve colour; exceedingly effective and pretty. 5s.

PRIMULA INTERMEDIA.

There is always a charm about pretty spring flowers, and this is a gem. It is a hybrid between *Primula ciliata* and *P. minima*: the habit is robust and vigorous, and it blooms in the most profuse manner, throwing strong trusses of flowers, on each of which is a very large number of pips. It is sweet scented, the colour a brilliant plum or rosy purple, and is admirably adapted for spring garden decoration, whether planted in beds, clumps, or edgings. 3s. 6d.

PRIMULA INTERMEDIA ACME, a beautiful bluish purple flower, with small but bright yellow eye. 3s. 6d.

PRIMULA INTERMEDIA EMBLEM, a very distinct variety, producing most profusely reddish brown flowers, with bright yellow centre. 3s. 6d.

PRIMULA INTERMEDIA ETHEL, a beautiful violet peach colour, with large and conspicuous primrose eye. 3s. 6d.

PRIMULA INTERMEDIA HELEN, violet peach, with very large yellow eye, surrounded with purple; a beautiful flower. 3s. 6d.

PRIMULA INTERMEDIA HERMINE, lilac, with primrose centre; a pretty flower. 3s. 6d.

PRIMULA INTERMEDIA HERMIT, dull reddish brown, with conspicuous yellow centre; a distinct variety. 3s. 6d.

PRIMULA INTERMEDIA HEROINE, purplish blue, with small but bright yellow eye; a very free bloomer, trusses large and fine. 3s. 6d.

PRIMULA INTERMEDIA IONA, reddish brown, with bright yellow centre; a very distinct and beautiful variety. 3s. 6d.

PRIMULA INTERMEDIA JULIA, rosy lilac, with primrose centre; a pleasing flower. 3s. 6d.

PRIMULA INTERMEDIA JUNO, crimson maroon, with very distinct and bright yellow centre; a most attractive flower. 3s. 6d.

PRIMULA INTERMEDIA LUCIA, bright puce, darkly shaded towards the base of the lobes, very large primrose centre. 3s. 6d.

PRIMULA INTERMEDIA LYDIA, rosy lilac, shaded with plum, primrose centre. 3s. 6d.

PRIMULA INTERMEDIA MENTOR, a large and well-formed flower, colour blue, shaded with rose, primrose centre. 3s. 6d.

PRIMULA INTERMEDIA MINSTREL, a fine plum coloured flower, with yellow centre; a very attractive and free-blooming variety. 3s. 6d.

PRIMULA INTERMEDIA OMEGA, rosy crimson, yellow centre; a pretty variety. 3s. 6d.

PRIMULA INTERMEDIA PANDORA, rosy purple, shaded with rich dark crimson, bright yellow eye; very attractive. 3s. 6d.

PRIMULA INTERMEDIA PHŒBE, puce purple, with yellow eye; free and pretty. 3s. 6d.

PRIMULA INTERMEDIA PORTIA, rich pink, with primrose eye, fine large trusses; a very distinct and pretty variety. 3s. 6d.

PRIMULA INTERMEDIA ROVER, rosy purple, with golden eye; a striking and effective flower. 3s. 6d.

PRIMULA INTERMEDIA SCEPTRE, reddish purple, with yellow centre; fine large flowers, freely produced in good trusses. 3s. 6d.

PRIMULA INTERMEDIA SERAPH, plum colour, margined with rosy violet; light yellow centre. 3s. 6d.

PRIMULA INTERMEDIA SONNET, violet maroon, with sulphur centre; a fine and very beautiful flower. 3s. 6d.

PRIMULA INTERMEDIA SYLVIA, reddish crimson, with deep yellow centre; a fine flower and very attractive. 3s. 6d.

PRIMULA INTERMEDIA SYREN, a fine large flower, of a reddish purple colour, with rich yellow centre; very showy. 3s. 6d.

PRIMULA INTERMEDIA THALIA, rosy maroon, white centre; a fine flower. 3s. 6d.

PRIMULA INTERMEDIA ZENO, deep rosy pink, with primrose centre; a very attractive variety. 3s. 6d.

PRIMULA INTERMEDIA ZEPHYR, dark purple, with creamy white centre; a very pretty flower. 3s. 6d.



NEW CRIMSON PRIMROSE.

PRIMULA JAPONICA.

Referring to this Primula, the *Floral Magazine* remarks—"Since the day when *'Lilium auratum'* was displayed for the first time to the horticultural public, we cannot recollect so great a sensation to have been occasioned by any plant as by that which we now figure, when it was exhibited by Mr. WILLIAM BULL. Its history is now well known, and of its merits too much cannot be said. To Mr. Fortune, already so successful in enriching our gardens, are we indebted for it; and Mr. BULL may well congratulate himself on being the first to introduce it into Europe. A Primula a

foot and a half high, bearing 4 to 5 separate whorls of flowers, each flower an inch in diameter, and of a splendid magenta colour, and the plant, moreover, perfectly hardy—can anything be added to this to indicate its value! We hardly think so, and every one who saw it will fully bear out our assertion, that a more beautiful and more useful plant has not been for many years introduced into Europe. Of its hardiness there can be no doubt, as it has stood the ordeal of the last severe winter in the neighbourhood of London. 9d., 1s., 1s. 6d., and 2s. 6d.

PRIMULA JAPONICA ALBA.—This variety produces white flowers, with a golden yellow zone round the eye. 3s. 6d. each ; 30s. per dozen.

PRIMULA JAPONICA CARMINATA.—Pure carmine red, with a maroon crimson ring round the eye. 3s. 6d. each ; 30s. per dozen.

PRIMULA JAPONICA LILACINA.—Eye surrounded by a zone of orange red, shading outwards to a beautiful rosy lilac, the outer portion of the corolla lobes being white. 3s. 6d. each ; 30s. per dozen.

PRIMULA JAPONICA MARMORATA.—White flowers, maculated with rosy crimson ; yellow eye ; very distinct and pretty. 3s. 6d. each ; 30s. per dozen.

PRIMULA JAPONICA ROSEA.—Very distinct, with flowers of a lilac rose, and having a crimson ring round the eye. 3s. 6d. each ; 30s. per dozen.

PRIMULA JAPONICA SPLENDIDA.—Flowers of a deep bright magenta, the zone of a rich bright crimson colour. 3s. 6d. each ; 30s. per dozen.

QUERCUS ROBUR CONCORDIA.

A very ornamental Oak, with fine large foliage of a beautiful golden yellow ; one of the prettiest and best of hardy ornamental deciduous plants. 5s.

RETINOSPORA LEPTOCLADA, 3s. 6d., 5s., | **RETINOSPORA OBTUSA AUREA**, 5s. and and 7s. 6d. 7s. 6d.

RHAPHIOLEPIS OVATA.

A fine perfectly hardy evergreen shrub, producing spikes of white flowers 3 to 4 inches in length and succeeded by clusters of rich purple berries. 3s. 6d.

RHODODENDRON CAUCASICUM FLAVIDUM.

This new and interesting addition to our hardy evergreen shrubs, is very distinct from the ordinary type of *R. caucasicum*, with rose-coloured flowers, and long known in cultivation. In the new variety now introduced, the flowers are of a pale straw yellow, thickly spotted on the upper segment with deep green dots. It is a native of the Caucasian mountains. Small plants, 7s. 6d.

RHODODENDRONS, choice hybrids, of sorts, to name, 3s. 6d., 5s., and 7s. 6d.

RHUS GLABRA LACINIATA.

A new hardy deciduous shrub, with deeply cut feathery foliage, which changes to rich deep crimson and brown in autumn. 3s. 6d. and 5s.

RHUS JAPONICUS OSBECKII, 5s.

ROSA RUGOSA (REGELIANA).

This attractive plant has been introduced from Japan. It is of neat compact bushy growth ; the foliage is of a bright green above, and whitish and slightly tomentose underneath. The flowers, which are freely produced in large terminal clusters, are about 3 inches in diameter, and are composed of five petals, which are of a most beautiful bright rosy crimson colour. The flowers are succeeded by berries, which are of a large size and of a rich rosy red colour, and are a great addition to the ornamental character of the plant, rendering it exceedingly effective. 5s. and 7s. 6d.

ROSES, *vide* Index.

SAXIFRAGA PELTATA.

This remarkable and attractive plant has been introduced from the River Sacramento, in California. It is of robust growth, producing immense roundly-lobed dark green leaves about 15 to 18 inches in diameter. The flowers, which are of a beautiful rose colour, are most abundantly borne on a tall erect spike upwards of a foot in height. 10s. 6d.

SEDUM MAXIMOWICZII.

This new Japanese Sedum is perfectly hardy, and of dense habit, producing its large heads of yellow flowers in the most profuse manner, and forming plants of circular growth about 1½ feet high, and as much through ; such a plant giving about 100 heads of blossom, each head from 2 to 3 inches in diameter. 2s. 6d.

SALIX BABYLONICA MASCULA, 5s. | **SKIMMIA JAPONICA**, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

SKIMMIA OBLATA.

A most beautiful Japanese evergreen shrub, producing oblate-shaped berries of the brightest vermillion. It is strikingly distinct in its foliage, which is of a different texture, as well as in its habit, from the other species known to us. It is a free-growing shrub, with dense clear green leaves, the panicles of bright coloured berries nestling amongst the foliage at the ends of the branches. 3s. 6d. and 5s.

SPIRÆA PALMATA.

In a description of this plant, given in the *Botanical Magazine*, No. 285, Dr. Hooker says: "By far the handsomest species of the genus hitherto imported, and certainly one of the most beautiful hardy plants in cultivation; the deep purple red of the stems and branches, passing into the crimson purple of the glorious broad corymbs of flowers, contrasts more exquisitely with the foliage, which in autumn assumes beautiful tints of brown and golden yellow." It is a native of Japan, and was discovered and introduced by Mr. Fortune. 3s. 6d. and 5s.

STYRAX JAPONICA.

This hardy deciduous shrub is of dwarf compact growth, with elegantly spreading branches, furnished with bright green elliptic leaves, and gives a profusion of white flowers, somewhat resembling Snowflakes. It will be a very useful plant for early forcing along with Deutzias, Spireas, &c., and an exceedingly pretty and useful shrub for borders in the open air. It is a native of Japan. 5s.

TAXUS HIBERNICA FASTIGIATA VARIEGATA.

(THE GOLDEN IRISH YEW.)

This is the exact type of the Irish Yew, with foliage of the same fine golden colour as the old variegated Yew. It was exhibited at the Royal Horticultural Society's Show in June, 1863, where it received a First Class Certificate, and again at the International Horticultural Exhibition it was awarded another First Class Certificate. 10s. 6d.

THUJCPSIS DOLABRATA, 3s. 6d. and 5s.
" " **VARIEGATA**, 5s.
" " **LÆTEVIRENS**, 5s.

TREVESIA SUNDAYICA, 1 guinea
TRICYRTIS HIRTA, 1s. 6d.
" " **FLORE-NIGRO**, 1s. 6d.
TRITOMA UVARIA GRANDIS, 3s. 6d.

VERONICAS.

Where the climate is mild these make handsome decorative shrubs for the open border, and produce freely an abundance of showy flowers. They are well adapted for training against low walls or trellises, *vide* page 67.

VIBURNUM SIEBOLDII.

A bold and effective evergreen shrub, with dark brown warty branches, and opposite dark green flat leaves, which are thick, coriaceous, and laurel-like in character. The leaf-stalks are about an inch long, the blades broadly oblong oval, entire in the lower half, and obscurely and bluntly serrated towards the apex. It is a native of Japan, and has sometimes been called *V. arafurka*, which is probably its vernacular name. 7s. 6d.

VITIS HETEROPHYLLA VARIEGATA, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d. | **WEIGELA AMABILIS VARIEGATA**, 1s. 6d.

WEIGELA HENDERSONI.

A free-flowering and effective variety, producing beautiful carmine flowers, which are spotted with white on the edge; the stamens are pale sulphur white, and the buds bright red, contrasting admirably with the fully expanded flowers. 3s. 6d.

WEIGELA LAVALLEI.

The flowers of this attractive variety are of a rich purplish red colour, with yellow centres, and are very freely produced in exceedingly long bunches. It is a distinct and handsome variety of robust growth, and is also an excellent plant for forcing. 3s. 6d.

WEIGELA LEMOINEI.

An extremely floriferous variety; the flowers are very large, of a brilliant scarlet colour, marked with purple in the centre of each lobe, while the buds are of a dark purple colour. 3s. 6d.

WEIGELA LOWII.

This effective variety produces fine flowers, of a rich deep red colour, three times as large as those of *Diervilla multiflora*; the buds are of a purplish crimson colour. 3s. 6d.

WISTARIA MACROBOTRYS.

This variety, introduced from Japan, is of vigorous growth, and exceedingly free flowering, producing fine large full bunches of flowers, of immense length. The foliage is dark green; the flowers are white, tinted with bluish purple, and very large and fine. It is a most attractive and ornamental plant. 5s. and 7s. 6d.

WISTARIA SINENSIS, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

YUCCA FILAMENTOSA, 1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d.

YUCCA GLORIOSA, 3s. 6d., 5s., and 7s. 6d.

,, RECURVA, 3s. 6d., 5s., and 7s. 6d.

OFFICINAL AND MEDICINAL PLANTS, TROPICAL FRUITS, &c.

Mr. WILLIAM BULL's collection of living economic plants contains specimens of nearly all the spices and condiments in domestic use, many of the most highly esteemed tropical esculent fruits, many of those from which furniture and other woods are obtained, the principal gums and medicinal products, the poison trees from Brazil and Madagascar, at one time only heard of in tales of fiction, plants which supply our daily beverages and food, as well as many of historical interest.

The individual prices of the following depend upon the sizes of the plants and rarity of the species, particulars of which can be furnished on application.

African Mangosteen	Garcinia Livingstoni	Africa
Alligator Pear	Pérssea gratissima	W. Indies
Allspice	Eugénia Pimenta	W. Indies
Arnetto Dye Plant	Bixa Orellána	Tropical America
Arrowroot	Marantá arundinácea	S. America
Australian Banyan	Ficus macrophyllea	Australia
Balsam of Peru	Myroxylon Pereira	Peru
Bamboo Cane	Bambusa arundinácea	India
Banana	Musa sapientum	W. Indies
Bancool Nut	Aleurites triloba	South Pacific Isles
Bark of Commerce	Cinchonia officinalis	Tropical America
Bengal Coffee	Coffea benghalensis	E. Indies
Betel Nut Palm	Aréca Cátæchu	E. Indies
Bottle Pepper	Piper Bétle	E. Indies
Bitter Alao	Aloe socotrina	Island of Socotra
Black Pepper	Piper nigrum	E. Indies
Black Tea	Théa Boléca	China
Bottle Tree of Australia	Brachychiton Delabéchii	Australia
Bread-fruit Tree	Artocárpus incisa	Otahite
Butter Tree	Bássia butyrácea	E. Indies
Cabbage Palm	Euterpe edulis	Brazil
Camphor	Cámpphora officinalis	Japan
Candle Tree	Parmentiera cereifera	Panama
Cardamom	Amomum Cardamomum	E. Indies
Cherimoyer	Anóna Cherimolla	S. America
Chinese Plantain Tree	Musa Cavendishii	China
Cinnamon Tree	Cinnamómum vérum	Ceylon
Clove Tree	Caryophyllus aromáticus	Moluccas
Cocas	Theobroma Cacáo	Tropical America
Coffee	Coffea arabica	Zenén
Contrayerva Root	Dorstenia Contrayérra	S. America
Croton Oil Plant	Croton Cascarilla	S. America
Cuba Bast	Paritium elatum	W. Indies
Cubeb Pepper	Piper Cubéba	Java
Dato	Phœnix dactylifera	Levant
Edible-fruited Passion Flower	Passiflóra edulis	Brazil
Edible Vangueria	Vanguéria edulis	Madagascar
Edible Zalacca	Zaláca edulis	E. Indies
Fiddle Wood	Citharéxylon quadrangulare	Jamaica
Gamboge	Xanthochymus pictoriús	E. Indies
Gigantic Granadilla	Passiflóra macrocárpa	Río Negro
Ginger	Zingiber officinale	E. Indies
Granadilla	Passiflóra quadrangularis	W. Indies
Great Banyan Tree	Ficus insíca	E. Indies
Green Tea	Théa viridis	China
Ipecacuanha	Cephaélis Ipecacuánha	Brazil
Ivory Nut Palm	Phytélephas macrocárpa	Peru
Jack Fruit	Artocárpus integrifolia	E. Indies
Japanese Pepper	Piper Futokadura	Japan
Latanier Palm	Latánia borbónica	Bourbon

Lemon Grass	<i>Cymbopogon Schoenanthus</i>	<i>E. Indies</i>
Liberian Coffee.....	<i>Coffea liberica</i>	<i>Africa</i>
Loquat	<i>Eriobryta japonica</i>	<i>Japan</i>
Mahogany Tree	<i>Swietenia Mahagoni</i>	<i>W. Indies</i>
Malay Apple.....	<i>Jambuá malaccensis</i>	<i>E. Indies</i>
Mammea Tree	<i>Mammea americana</i>	<i>S. America</i>
Mango	<i>Mangifera indica</i>	<i>E. Indies</i>
Mangosteen	<i>Garcinia Mangostána</i>	<i>Java</i>
Matico	<i>Artanthe elongata</i>	<i>Peru</i>
Moreton Bay Chestnut	<i>Castanospermum australe</i>	<i>Australia</i>
Mustard Tree of Scripture	<i>Salvadora persica</i>	<i>Persia</i>
Naseberry Tree	<i>Achras Sapota</i>	<i>S. America</i>
Nicker Tree	<i>Guilandina Bönduc</i>	<i>Sumatra</i>
Nutmeg	<i>Myristica moschata</i>	<i>E. Indies</i>
Oil Palm	<i>Elais guineensis</i>	<i>Guinea</i>
Orange Fig	<i>Ficus macrocarpa</i>	<i>Columbia</i>
Papaw Tree	<i>Cirica Papáya</i>	<i>Both Indies</i>
Patchouli Scent Plant	<i>Pogostemon Patchouli</i>	<i>E. Indies</i>
Physic Nut	<i>Játrophia Cáreas</i>	<i>Africa</i>
Queensland Nut	<i>Macadamia ternifolia</i>	<i>Queensland</i>
Red Bark	<i>Cinchóna succíbrá</i>	<i>Tropical America</i>
Rhea Fibre Plant	<i>Bechmeria nivea</i>	<i>India</i>
Rice Paper Plant	<i>Arália papyrifera</i>	<i>China</i>
Rose Apple	<i>Jambosa vulgaris</i>	<i>E. Indies</i>
Sago Palm	<i>Phoenix farinifera</i>	<i>E. Indies</i>
Sarsaparilla	<i>Smilax Sarsaparilla</i>	<i>N. America</i>
Satin Wood	<i>Chloroxylon Swietenia</i>	<i>E. Indies</i>
Slippery-leaved Custard Apple	<i>Anóna palustris</i>	<i>W. Indies</i>
Soap Berry Tree	<i>Sapindus Saponária</i>	<i>W. Indies</i>
Sour Sop	<i>Anóna muricata</i>	<i>W. Indies</i>
Strychnine	<i>Strychnos nux-vómica</i>	<i>E. Indies</i>
Sugar Cane	<i>Sácharum officinárum</i>	<i>India</i>
Sugar Palm	<i>Arenga saccharífera</i>	<i>E. Indies</i>
Sweet Sop	<i>Anóna squamosa</i>	<i>Tropical America</i>
Sycamore Tree of Scripture	<i>Ficus Sycomorus</i>	<i>Persia</i>
Tamarind Tree	<i>Tamarindus indica</i>	<i>E. Indies</i>
Telegraph or Moving Plant	<i>Desmodium gyrans</i>	<i>E. Indies</i>
Tonquin Bean	<i>Dipterix odorata</i>	<i>Guiana</i>
Travelle's Tree	<i>Ravenala madagascariensis</i>	<i>Madagascar</i>
Turneric	<i>Curcúma longa</i>	<i>E. Indies</i>
Turpentine Tree	<i>Pistácia Terebinthus</i>	<i>S. Europe</i>
Vanilla	<i>Vanilla aromática</i>	<i>S. America</i>
Violet Sugar Cane	<i>Sácharum violáceum</i>	<i>W. Indies</i>

Purchasers of Official and Medicinal Plants, Tropical Fruits, &c., can have large or small collections of living specimens made from the preceding, at any prices from 3 to 50 guineas; the difference in price of the collections principally depends upon the number of plants included, their size, and the rarity of the species.

ORCHIDS.

MR. WILLIAM BULL being annually a large importer of Orchids, many of the following are offered at very low prices.

S distinguishes the stove kinds; *I*, intermediate house; and *C*, cool house. Those marked thus (*) are winter blooming kinds.

<i>I</i> ACINETA BARKERI	Mexico	21s.
<i>I</i> — DENSA	South America	31s. 6d.
<i>I</i> — HUMBOLDTII (superba)	Columbia	10s. 6d., 15s., and 21s.
<i>I</i> — — STRAMINEA	Columbia	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>I</i> ADA AURANTIACA	Pamplona	15s., 21s., and 31s. 6d.
<i>I</i> AÉRIDES AFFINE	Sylhet	42s.
<i>I</i> — — ROSEUM	Sylhet	10s. 6d., 15s., and 21s.
<i>I</i> — CRISPUM (Brookii)	Courtallum	10s. 6d. & 15s. to 42s.
<i>S</i> — FIELDINGII (Fox Brush)	Bombay	63s., 84s., and 105s.
<i>S</i> — HUTTONI	Java	105s. and 147s.
<i>C</i> — JAPONICUM	Japan	42s., 63s., and 84s.
<i>S</i> — LARPENTÆ	East Indies	63s., 84s., and 105s.
<i>I</i> — LINDLEYANUM	Coonoor	15s. and 21s., to 63s.
<i>S</i> — LOBBII	Moulmein	31s. 6d. & 42s., to 105s.
<i>S</i> — MACULOSUM	Bombay	21s., 31s. 6d., and 42s.
<i>S</i> — NOBILE	India	42s. and 63s.
<i>S</i> — ODORATUM (cornutum)	East Indies	7s. 6d., 10s. 6d., & 21s.

<i>S AËRIDES ODORATUM MAJUS</i>	East Indies	15s. and 21s.
<i>S — PURPURASCENS</i>	East Indies	31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>S — QUINQUEVULNERUM</i>	Philippine Islands	63s., 84s., and 105s.
A most beautiful species, producing white flowers covered with very small bright crimson spots, and large spots on the points of the sepals and petals.		

<i>S — ALBUM</i>	Philippine Islands	84s. and 105s.
<i>S — RUBRUM</i>	Bombay	63s. and 84s.
<i>S — SCHILLERIANUM</i>	Burmah	84s.
<i>S — SCHRÖDERI</i>	Bombay	210s. and 315s.
<i>S — SUAVISSIMUM</i>	East Indies	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>S — VIRENS</i>	Java	21s., 31s. 6d., and 42s.
<i>S — DAYANUM</i>	East Indies	31s. 6d., 42s., and 63s.

A very handsome variety that can be strongly recommended.

<i>S — WARNEI</i>	Bombay	10s. 6d., 15s., and 21s.
<i>S — WIGHTIANUM (testaceum)</i>	Moulmein	42s. and 63s.

The genera *Aërides*, *Phalanopsis*, *Saccolabium*, and *Vanda* include not only very fine Orchids, but some of the most beautiful flowering plants in cultivation. The species of *Aërides*, in the way of *crispum* and *odoratum*, *nobile* and *suavissimum*, have blush or white flowers, slightly shaded or spotted with light rose, and comparatively thin loose spikes, with larger waxy flowers; other species, such as *affine*, *Lobbii*, and *Fieldingii*, have close compact spikes of rather smaller flowers, very delicately spotted with beautiful rosy pink.

Phælanopsis is an exceedingly ornamental and very free-flowering genus, producing fine spikes of beautiful butterfly-like flowers.

Saccolabiums, which resemble the smaller kinds of *Aërides*, have close very compact spikes of small flowers, beautifully spotted with bright rosy pink.

Vandas produce fine large spikes of flowers often with white grounds. *V. carulea* is of a delicate sky blue; *V. gigantea*, yellow with brown spots; *V. suavis* is marked with bright crimson bars and spots; *V. teres*, with rose blotches; *V. tricolor* has a rose lip, and is spotted with yellow and crimson.

<i>I ANÆTOCHILUS (Physurus) ARGENTUS</i>	Brazil	7s. 6d.
<i>TEUS</i>	Brazil	7s. 6d.
<i>I — PICTUS</i>	Borneo	31s. 6d.
<i>S — DAWSONIANUS, vide GOODYERA.</i>	Borneo	31s. 6d.
<i>S — LOWII</i>	Java	21s.
<i>S — VIRESCENS</i>	Ceylon	42s.
<i>S — (Macodes) PETOLA</i>	Ceylon	21s.
<i>S — SETACEUS</i>	Ceylon	21s.
<i>S — CORDATUS</i>	Ceylon	21s.
<i>S — INTERMEDIUS</i>	Ceylon	21s.
<i>S — XANTHOPHYLLUS</i>	Ceylon	21s. and 42s.
<i>I ANGRÆCUM ARCUATUM</i>	Natal	21s. and 42s.
<i>S — BILOBUM</i>	Cape Coast Castle	63s. and 84s.
<i>S — BRONGNIARTIANUM, vide A. VIRENS.</i>	Sierra Leone	42s. and 63s.
<i>S — CAUDATUM</i>	Gaboon	63s. and 84s.
<i>S — CHAILLUANUM</i>	West Coast of Africa	10s. 6d.
<i>S — DISTICHUM</i>	Madagascar	42s., 63s., and 84s.
<i>*S — EBURNEUM (SUPERBUM)</i>	Japan	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>C — FALCATUM</i>	Jamaica	10s. 6d.
<i>S — FUNALE</i>	Sierra Leone	42s. to 63s.
<i>S — PELLUCIDUM</i>	West Coast of Africa	7s. 6d., 10s. 6d., & 15s.
<i>S — PERTUSUM</i>	Madagascar	84s., 105s., and 147s.
<i>*S — SESQUIPEDALE</i>		

A splendid species, producing magnificent wax-like long-tailed white flowers.

<i>S — SUPERBUM, vide A. EBURNEUM.</i>	Madagascar	42s., 63s., to 105s.
<i>*S — VIRENS (Brongniartianum)</i>	Columbia	15s., 21s., & 31s. 6d.
<i>C ANGULOA CLOWESII</i>	Columbia	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>C — MACRANTHA</i>	Peru	42s. and 63s.
<i>C — EBURNEA</i>	Columbia	42s. and 63s.
<i>C — RUCKERI</i>	Columbia	42s. and 63s.
<i>C — UNIFLORA</i>	Sierra Leone	31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>*S ANSELLIA AFRICANA</i>		

<i>I</i> ANSELLIA GIGANTEA CITRINA	Natal	31s. 6d.
<i>I</i> ARPOPHYLLUM GIGANTEUM	Mexico	31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>I</i> — SPICATUM	Mexico	31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>I</i> ASPASIA LUNATA	Brazil	15s. and 21s.
<i>C</i> BARKERIA ELEGANS	Mexico	31s. 6d. and 42s.
* <i>C</i> — LINDLEYANA	Costa Rica	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>C</i> — MELANOCAULON	Mexico	42s.
* <i>C</i> — SKINNERI	Guatemala	15s., 21s., and 31s. 6d.
<i>C</i> — SPECTABILIS	Mexico	10s. 6d., 15s., and 21s.
<i>S</i> BATEMANIA COLLEYI	Demerara	31s. 6d.
<i>S</i> — MELEAGRIS, <i>vide</i> HUNTLEYA MELEAGRIS.		
<i>I</i> BIFRENARIA AURANTIACA	Brazil	15s. and 21s.
<i>C</i> BLETTIA ACUTIPETALA (verecunda)	America	10s. 6d.
<i>S</i> — FLORIDA	West Indies	15s.
<i>C</i> — GRACILIS	Mexico	15s.
<i>C</i> — HYACINTHINA ALBO-STRIATA	Japan	31s. 6d.
<i>S</i> — SHEPHERDII	Queensland	31s. 6d.
<i>S</i> — SHERRATTIANA	New Grenada	31s. 6d.
<i>I</i> — TANKERVILLIÆ, <i>vide</i> PHAIUS GRANDIFOLIUS.		
<i>I</i> BOLBOPHYLLUM LOBBII	Brazil	21s.
<i>I</i> — UMBELLATUM	Nepal	31s. 6d.
<i>S</i> BRASSAVOLA ACAULIS	Central America	21s.
<i>S</i> — DIGBYANA	Honduras	42s. and 63s.
<i>C</i> — GLAUCA	Mexico	15s. and 21s.
<i>C</i> — NODOSA	Tropical America	10s. 6d. and 15s.
<i>I</i> BRASSIA BRACHIATA	Guatemala	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>S</i> — CAUDATA	Cuba, Panama	21s.
<i>C</i> — CINNABARINA	New Grenada	42s.
<i>S</i> — CINNAMOMEA	Cuba, Panama	42s. and 63s.
<i>I</i> — GIREOUDIANA	Costa Rica	31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>S</i> — LANCEANA	Guiana	21s. and 42s.
<i>I</i> — LAWRENCEANA	Demerara	21s. and 42s.
<i>I</i> — LONGISSIMA	Demerara	42s.
<i>S</i> — MACULATA	West Indies	21s.
<i>S</i> — MAJOR	West Indies	31s. 6d.
<i>C</i> — VERRUCOSA	Guatemala	21s.
<i>C</i> — — MAJOR	Guatemala	31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>I</i> — WRAYÆ	Guatemala	10s. 6d. and 15s.
<i>S</i> BROUGHTONIA SANGUINEA	Jamaica	7s. 6d., 10s. 6d., & 15s.
<i>I</i> BURLINGTONIA AMENA (decora)	Brazil	31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>S</i> — BATEMANNI	Ecuador	42s.
<i>S</i> — CANDIDA	Brazil	31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>I</i> — FRAGRANS	Brazil	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>S</i> — RIGIDA	Brazil	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>S</i> — VENUSTA	Brazil	10s. 6d., 15s., and 21s.
<i>I</i> CALANTHE MASUCA	Nepal, Sikkim	31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>C</i> — SIEBOLDTII	Japan	21s. and 31s. 6d.
* <i>I</i> — VEITCHII	Garden hybrid	15s. and 21s.
* <i>I</i> — — SUPERBA	Garden hybrid	31s. 6d.
<i>C</i> — VERATRIFOLIA	East Indies	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>S</i> — VERSICOLOR	Java	31s. 6d.
* <i>I</i> — VESTITA LUTEO-OCULATA	Tavoy, Java	5s., 7s. 6d., and 10s. 6d.
* <i>I</i> — — NIVALIS	Tavoy, Java	31s. 6d.
* <i>I</i> — — RUBRO-OCULATA	Tavoy, Java	5s., 7s. 6d., and 10s. 6d.
* <i>I</i> — — TURNERI	Moulmein	21s. and 31s. 6d.
These varieties of <i>C. vestita</i> are exceedingly beautiful, and very useful as winter-flowering plants : being easily grown, and the flowers very durable, they should be grown in every collection of stove plants.		
<i>S</i> CAMAROTIS PURPUREA	Sylhet	21s.
<i>I</i> CATASETUM BARBATUM	Brazil	31s. 6d.
<i>I</i> — BIDENTATUM		15s. and 21s.

<i>I</i> — CATASETUM CALLOSUM	Caracas	31s. 6d.
<i>I</i> — DISCOLOR	Brazil	31s. 6d.
<i>I</i> — MACULATUM	Mexico	31s. 6d.
<i>I</i> — OCHRAEUM	Bogota	21s.
<i>I</i> — SACCATUM	Brazil	21s.
<i>I</i> — TRIDENTATUM	Brazil	31s. 6d.
<i>C</i> — CATTLEYA ACLANDIÆ	New Grenada	21s. 6d., 42s., and 63s.
<i>I</i> — AMABILIS		
This very distinct-looking Cattleya, imported from New Grenada, has the general characteristics of <i>C. Trianae</i> , to which it is closely allied, flowering also at the same season—namely, in the early spring months. It has compressed clavate furrowed stems, each bearing a single broadly ligulate leaf, and the scapes are two-flowered, the flowers being white, suffused with a faint roseate tinge when newly opened, which passes off as they become matured. The sepals are lanceolate, and quite entire; the petals broadly and shortly ovate, with a wavy toothed edge, and the lip short and tubular, without the expanded apex seen in the true forms of <i>C. Trianae</i> , marked with a small bar of orange yellow on the disc towards the base. The great peculiarity of the plant is, that the petals do not reflex, as is usual, but stand forward, giving the flowers the appearance of being only partially expanded, a difference which renders them both distinct and effective in a collection.		
<i>I</i> — AMETHYSTINA	Brazil	15s. and 21s.
<i>S</i> — AMETHYSTOGLOSSA	Brazil	42s. and 63s.
<i>I</i> — ATRATA	South America	63s. and 84s.
<i>C</i> — BASSETTII , <i>vide C. SPECIOSISSIMA</i>	Brazil	42s. and 63s.
<i>I</i> — BICOLOR	New Grenada	31s. 6d. and 42s.
* <i>C</i> — BOGOTENSIS		
<i>C</i> — BOOTHIANA , <i>vide C. LOBATA</i>	Brazil	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>C</i> — BULBOSA (<i>Walkeriana</i>)	Brazil	42s.
<i>I</i> — CANDIDA	Brazil	10s. 6d. and 15s.
<i>C</i> — CITRINA	Oaxaca	10s. 6d., 15s., and 21s.
<i>C</i> — (LÆLIA) CRISPA	Brazil	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>C</i> — SUPERBA	Brazil	31s. 6d., 42s., and 63s.
<i>S</i> — DOWIANA	Costa Rica	63s., 84s., and 105s.
* <i>C</i> — ELDORADO	Rio Negro	105s.
* <i>C</i> — SPLENDENS	Rio Negro	
<i>C</i> — ELEGANS , <i>vide LÆLIA ELEGANS</i> ,	Hybrid	210s.
<i>I</i> — EXONIENSIS	Rio de Janeiro	15s. and 21s.
<i>I</i> — FORBESII	S. America	63s., 84s., and 105s.
<i>I</i> — GIGAS		
<i>I</i> — GRANDIS , <i>vide LÆLIA GRANDIS</i>	Brazil	15s. and 21s.
<i>C</i> — GUTTATA	Brazil	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>C</i> — HARRISONIANA	Brazil	15s. and 21s.
<i>C</i> — INTERMEDIA	Brazil	42s. and 63s.
<i>I</i> — LABIATA	Brazil	42s. and 63s.
<i>I</i> — PALLIDA	Brazil	15s., 21s., and 31s. 6d.
<i>C</i> — LEOPOLDII	Brazil	31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>I</i> — LINDLEYANA	Brazil	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>C</i> — LOBATA (<i>C. Boothiana</i> , <i>Lælia Boothiana</i> , <i>Lælia lobata</i>)	Brazil	10s. 6d. and 15s.
<i>C</i> — LODDIGESII	Brazil	
<i>I</i> — MARGINATA , <i>vide LÆLIA MARGINATA</i>		
<i>C</i> — MAXIMA (<i>biflora</i> , <i>Lawrenceana</i> , <i>Quindos</i>)	Ecuador, Popayan	42s. and 63s.
<i>I</i> — VIOLACEA	Popayan	63s.
<i>I</i> — MENDELIÆ	South America	42s., 63s., and 84s.
<i>C</i> — MOSSIÆ	La Guayra	7s. 6d., 10s. 6d., & 15s.
<i>C</i> — AURANTIACA	La Guayra	21s. to 42s.
<i>C</i> — GRANDIFLORA	La Guayra	31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>C</i> — PICTA	Santa Martha	21s. to 42s.
<i>C</i> — ROSEA	La Guayra	31s. 6d.
<i>C</i> — SPECIOSISSIMA	Venezuela	31s. 6d., 42s., and 63s.
<i>C</i> — SUPERBA	La Guayra	31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>C</i> — PERRINII , <i>vide LÆLIA PERRINII</i>		

<i>C CATTLEYA PINELII</i> , <i>vide LÆLIA PINELII.</i>	
* <i>C</i> — <i>QUADRICOLOR</i>	New Grenada
<i>C</i> — <i>SPECIOSISSIMA</i> (Bassettii, Lemo- niana, Luddemanniana)	Caraccas
<i>C</i> — <i>SKINNERI</i>	Costa Rica.....
<i>S</i> — <i>SUPERBA</i>	Essequibo
* <i>C</i> — <i>TRIANÆ</i>	New Grenada
* <i>C</i> — — <i>ALBA</i>	New Grenada
* <i>C</i> — — <i>ATALANTA</i>	New Grenada
* <i>C</i> — — <i>DAWSONI</i>	New Grenada
* <i>C</i> — — <i>DELICATA</i>	New Grenada
* <i>C</i> — — <i>ROSEA</i>	New Grenada
* <i>C</i> — — <i>SPLENDENS</i>	New Grenada
This is a really superb variety ; one of the most handsome in the <i>Trianae</i> section.	
* <i>C</i> — — <i>VIOLACEA</i>	New Grenada
<i>I</i> — <i>WAGNERI</i>	Caraccas.....
<i>I</i> — <i>WARNERI</i>	Brazil.....
<i>C</i> — <i>WALKERIANA</i> , <i>vide C. BULBOSA</i> .	
<i>I</i> — <i>WALLISII</i> , <i>vide LÆLIA WALLISII</i> .	
* <i>C</i> — <i>WARSCEWICZII</i>	New Grenada
* <i>C</i> — — <i>DELICATA</i>	New Grenada
<i>S</i> <i>CHYSIS AUREA</i>	New Grenada
<i>I</i> — <i>BRACTESCENS</i>	Peru
<i>I</i> — <i>LIMMINGHEI</i>	Central America
<i>S</i> <i>CIRRHOPELALUM PICTURATUM</i>	East Indies
<i>S</i> — <i>THOUARSII</i>	Otaheite, Java
<i>S</i> <i>CŒLOGYNE ASPERATA</i> (<i>Lowii</i>)	Borneo
* <i>I</i> — <i>BRUNNEA</i>	South America
<i>I</i> — <i>CORRUGATA</i>	Khasya
<i>C</i> — <i>CRISTATA</i>	Nepal, Sylhet
<i>I</i> — <i>FUSCESCENS</i>	Nepal.....
<i>I</i> — <i>GARDNERIANA</i>	Nepal, Khasya.....
<i>I</i> — <i>NITIDA</i> (<i>ocellata</i>)	Sylhet, Khasya
<i>I</i> — <i>OCHRACEA</i>	Bhotan
<i>S</i> — <i>PANDURATA</i>	Borneo
<i>I</i> — <i>PARISHII</i> (<i>papagena</i>)	Moulmein
<i>S</i> — <i>SPECIOSA</i>	Java
<i>S</i> — <i>TESTACEA</i>	Java
<i>I</i> <i>COLAX JUGOSUS</i>	New Grenada
<i>S</i> <i>COMPARETTIA FALCATA</i>	Caraccas, Ocaña, &c.
<i>S</i> <i>CORYANTHES MACRANTHA</i>	Caraccas.....
<i>S</i> — <i>SPECIOSA</i>	Demerara
<i>S</i> <i>CYCNOCHES AUREUM</i>	Central America
<i>I</i> — (<i>POLYCYCNIS</i>) <i>BARBATUM</i>	Guatemala.....
<i>I</i> — <i>CHLOROCHILUM</i>	Maracaybo.....
<i>I</i> — (<i>POLYCYCNIS</i>) <i>MUSCIFERUM</i>	Columbia
<i>I</i> — <i>PESCATOREI</i>	Columbia
<i>S</i> — <i>VENTRICOSUM</i>	Guatemala.....
<i>I</i> <i>CYMBIDIUM ALOIFOLUM</i>	East Indies
<i>I</i> — <i>EBURNEUM</i>	China.....
<i>I</i> — <i>ENSIFOLIUM</i>	East Indies
<i>I</i> — <i>GIGANTEUM</i>	Nepal.....
<i>I</i> — <i>HOOKERANIUM</i>	Sikkim Himalaya
<i>I</i> — <i>MASTERSII</i>	East Indies
<i>I</i> — <i>PENDULUM</i>	Philippines
<i>I</i> — <i>TIGRINUM</i>	Moulmein Mountains
<i>I</i> <i>CYPRIPEDIUM BARBATUM</i>	Mount Ophir
<i>I</i> — — <i>BIFLORUM</i>	Mount Ophir
<i>I</i> — — <i>GRANDIFLORUM</i>	Java
<i>I</i> — — <i>MAJUS</i>	Mount Ophir
<i>I</i> — — <i>MULTIFLORUM</i>	Mount Ophir

<i>I</i> — CYPRIPEDIUM BARBATUM NIGRUM	Mount Ophir	15s., 21s., and 31s. 6d.
<i>I</i> — PICTUM	Mount Ophir	15s.
<i>I</i> — PURPUREUM	Mount Ophir	7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.
<i>I</i> — SUPERBUM	Mount Ophir	31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>I</i> — BULLENIANUM	Borneo	21s. and 31s. 6d.

I — **CARICINUM, vide C. PEARCEI.**

<i>S</i> — CAUDATUM	Panama	31s. 6d., 42s., and 63s.
Flowers yellow and bright brown or rose, with two very long tail-like petals.		
<i>S</i> — ROSEUM	Panama	31s. 6d., 42s., and 63s.
<i>I</i> — CONCOLOR	Moulmein	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>S</i> — DAYANUM	Borneo	84s. and 105s.

This handsome species of *Lady's Slipper* has distichous oblong-acute leaves, which are chequered over with blotches of dark and pale grayish green. The flowers have the broad dorsal sepal whitish and striped with green, the petals linear-oblong, purplish towards the tip, and fringed with black hairs, and the saccate lip greenish-olive, stained with wine red, the basal margins inflected and spotted with purple, contrasting strongly with the green staminode.

<i>I</i> — DOMINIANUM	Hybrid	105s.
<i>I</i> — FAIRRIEANUM	Assam	42s. and 63s.
<i>I</i> — HARRISIANUM	Hybrid	63s., 84s., and 105s.
<i>I</i> — HIRSUTISSIMUM	Assam	21s., 31s. 6d., and 42s.
<i>S</i> — HOOKERÆ	Borneo	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>*C</i> — INSIGNE	Nepal	5s. and 7s. 6d.
<i>*C</i> — MAULEI	Nepal	15s., 21s., and 31s. 6d.
<i>I</i> — JAVANICUM	Java	15s. and 21s.
<i>S</i> — LÆVIGATUM	Philippine Islands	126s. and 168s.
<i>I</i> — LONGIFOLIUM	Costa Rica	21s., 31s. 6d., and 42s.

Flower scapes upwards of 2 feet in height, often branched, and in some cases bearing the extraordinary number of from twenty to forty flowers. The dorsal sepal is green, picked out with red brown veins; the petals green, with red brown marginal lines in the broader part, wholly of a reddish brown upwards; the lip is green, stained with red brown over the convex portion, the lower edge of the mouth being truncately waved, with a small rounded lobe at each angle, and the staminode is bordered by a fringe of black hairs.

<i>S</i> — LOWII	Borneo	31s. 6d., 42s., and 63s.
<i>I</i> — NIVEUM	East Indies	21s., 31s. 6d., and 42s.

This little floral gem has the habit of *Cypripedium concolor*, to which it is most nearly allied. The leaves are dark green, marbled with white. The flowers are white, marked with minute delicate violet spots, and have a deep yellow blotch on the staminode.

<i>I</i> — PARDINUM	India	42s. and 63s.
<i>S</i> — PARISHII	East Indies	63s. and 105s.
<i>S</i> — PEARCEI (caricinum)	Peru	10s. 6d. and 15s.
<i>I</i> — ROEZLII	South America	63s. and 84s.
<i>C</i> — SCHLIMII	Ocaña	42s. and 63s.
<i>S</i> — STONEI	Borneo	15s., 21s., and 31s. 6d.
<i>I</i> — SUPERBIENS (Veitchii)	Java	42s. and 63s.
<i>C</i> — VENUSTUM	Nepal	5s. and 7s. 6d.
<i>I</i> — VILLOSUM	Moulmein and Tonghoo { Mountains	21s., 31s. 6d., and 42s.
<i>S</i> — CYRTOCHILUM STELLATUM	Calcutta	7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.
<i>I</i> — CYRTOPODIUM ANDERSONI	Brazil	42s.
<i>I</i> — DENDROBIMUM ADUNCUM	East Indies	10s. 6d. and 15s.
<i>I</i> — AGGREGATUM	East Indies	15s. and 21s.
<i>I</i> — MAJUS	East Indies	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>I</i> — ALBO-SANGUINEUM	Moulmein	15s. and 21s.
<i>I</i> — AMENUM	East Indies	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>S</i> — AUREUM	Ceylon	31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>S</i> — BARBATULUM (Fytchianum)	Moulmein and Rangoon	31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>S</i> — BENSONIAE	Arracan Hills	21s., 31s. 6d., and 42s.
<i>S</i> — BICOLOR, vide D. PALPEBRAE		
<i>I</i> — BIGIBBUM	New Holland	84s. and 105s.
<i>I</i> — BRISBANENSE	Australia	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>S</i> — CALCEOLUS	East Indies	15s. and 21s.

<i>I</i> — DENDROBIUM CAMBRIDGEANUM	Chittagong	15s. and 21s.
<i>C</i> — CHRYSANTHUM	Nepal	10s. 6d., 15s., and 21s.
— CHYSOTIS , <i>vide D. HOOKERIANUM</i> .		
<i>S</i> — CHYSOTOXUM	East Indies	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>S</i> — SUPERBUM	East Indies	31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>I</i> — CLAVATUM	East Indies	31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>I</i> — CÆRULESCENS	Khasya	31s. 6d.
* <i>S</i> — CRASSINODE	Arracan & Siam Mountains	84s. and 105s.
<i>S</i> — CREPIDATUM	Borneo	42s. and 63s.
<i>S</i> — CRETACEUM	Burmah	15s. and 21s.
<i>S</i> — CRYSTALLINUM	Arracan Mountains	42s. and 63s.
<i>I</i> — CUPREUM	East Indies	31s. 6d.
<i>S</i> — DALHOUSIANUM	East Indies	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>S</i> — DAYANUM	Borneo	15s., 21s., and 31s. 6d.
<i>I</i> — DENSIFLORUM	East Indies	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>I</i> — — ALBUM	East Indies	63s. and 84s.
<i>I</i> — DEVONIANUM	Khasya	10s. 6d., 15s., and 21s.
<i>I</i> — DIXANTHUM	East Indies	31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>S</i> — EBURNEUM	Moulmein	31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>S</i> — EGERTONIÆ	East Indies	31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>S</i> — FALCONERI	East Indies	42s., 63s., and 84s.
<i>S</i> — FARMERI	Calcutta	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>S</i> — — AUREUM	Arracan Mountains	42s. and 63s.
<i>I</i> — FIMBRIATUM	Nepal	10s. 6d. and 15s.
<i>I</i> — — OCULATUM	Nepal	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>I</i> — FORMOSUM	Rangoon and Moulmein	21s.
<i>I</i> — — GIGANTEUM	Rangoon and Moulmein	21s., 31s. 6d., and 42s.
<i>I</i> — GIBSONI	Tenasscrim	31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>I</i> — GRIFFITHIANUM	Burmah	42s.
<i>I</i> — HETEROCARPUM	Bombay	15s., 21s., and 31s. 6d.
<i>S</i> — HEYNEANUM	Bombay	10s. 6d., 15s., and 21s.
— HILLII , <i>vide D. SPECIOSUM HILLII</i> .		
<i>S</i> — HOOKERIANUM (chrysotis)	Assam and Sikkim	15s., 21s., and 31s. 6d.
<i>S</i> — HUTTONI	Manilla	31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>I</i> — INFUNDIBULUM	Moulmein	31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>I</i> — JAMESIANUM	Moulmein	31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>C</i> — JAPONICUM	Japan	10s. 6d.
<i>S</i> — JENKINSII	Gualpara	21s., 31s. 6d., and 42s.
<i>C</i> — KINGIANUM	Australia	31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>S</i> — LASIOGLOSSUM	Burmah	42s. and 63s.
<i>S</i> — LITUIFLORUM	East Indies	42s. and 63s.
<i>I</i> — LINGUIFORME	New South Wales	42s.
<i>I</i> — LUTEOLUM	Moulmein	31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>S</i> — MACROPHYLLUM (maeranthum)	Manilla	10s. 6d., 15s., and 21s.
<i>S</i> — — GIGANTEUM	Manilla	21s., 42s., and 63s.
<i>S</i> — McCarthyiæ	Ceylon	42s. and 63s.
* <i>C</i> — MONILIFORME (Linawianum)		21s.
<i>I</i> — MOSCHATUM	Burmah, Pegu, Sylhet	15s. and 21s.
* <i>I</i> — NOBILE	Macao	7s. 6d., 10s. 6d., & 21s.
* <i>I</i> — — CÆRULESCENS	Macao	21s.
* <i>I</i> — — PENDULUM	Macao	31s. 6d. and 42s.
* <i>I</i> — — WALLICHII	Macao	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>I</i> — NODATUM	Moulmein	10s. 6d., 15s., and 21s.
<i>S</i> — ONOSMUM	Moluccas	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>S</i> — PALPEBRAE (bicolor)	Bombay	15s. and 21s.
<i>I</i> — PARISHII	Moulmein	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>I</i> — PAXTONI	Khasya	31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>I</i> — PIERARDII	Delta of Ganges	10s. 6d. and 15s.
<i>I</i> — — LATIFOLIUM	Delta of Ganges	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>I</i> — PRIMULINUM	East Indies	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>I</i> — PULCHELLUM	Sylhet	10s. 6d. and 15s.

<i>S</i> — <i>DENDROBİUM SANGUINOLENTUM</i>	Bombay.....	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>S</i> — <i>SCHRODERI</i>	East Indies	63s. and 84s.
<i>S</i> — <i>SECUNDUM</i>	Malacca, Java	15s.
<i>*C</i> — <i>SPECIOSUM</i>	Port Jackson	15s., 21s., and 31s. 6d.
<i>*I</i> — <i>HILLII</i>	Australia	21s., 31s. 6d., and 42s.
<i>I</i> — <i>SULCATUM</i>	East Indies	31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>C</i> — <i>TATTONIANUM</i>	North Australia	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>S</i> — <i>TAURINUM</i>	Manilla	21s., 31s. 6d., and 42s.
<i>I</i> — <i>TETRAGONUM</i>	Moreton Bay	42s.
<i>S</i> — <i>THYRSIFLORUM</i>	East Indies	63s. and 84s.
<i>S</i> — <i>TORTILE</i>	East Indies	31s. 6d.
<i>S</i> — <i>ROSEUM</i>	East Indies	31s. 6d.
<i>S</i> — <i>TRANSPARENS</i>	Nepal.....	15s. and 21s.
The pendent stems of this plant, when clothed with its beautiful pallid purple-eyed flowers, are extremely handsome.		
<i>I</i> — <i>TRIADENIUM</i>	Java	31s. 6d.
<i>S</i> — <i>WARDIANUM</i>	Assam	63s. and 84s.
<i>S</i> — <i>DENDROCHILUM FILIFORME</i>	Manilla	31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>*S</i> — <i>GLUMACEUM</i>	Philippine Islands	31s. 6d.
<i>C</i> — <i>DISA GRANDIFLORA</i>	Cape of Good Hope	15s., 21s., and 31s. 6d.
<i>S</i> — <i>EPIDENDRUM AMABILE</i>	Bahia.....	10s. 6d. and 15s.
<i>I</i> — <i>AROMATICUM</i>	South America.....	10s. 6d. and 15s.
<i>C</i> — <i>ATROPURPUREUM</i> , <i>vide E. MACROCHILUM</i> .		
<i>C</i> — <i>AURANTIACUM</i>	Mexico	10s. 6d. and 15s.
— <i>BASILARE</i> , <i>vide E. STAMFORDIANUM</i> .		
<i>S</i> — <i>BICORNUTUM</i>	Demerara	31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>C</i> — <i>BRASSAVOLÆ</i>	Central America	63s.
<i>S</i> — <i>CILIARE</i>	Tropical America.....	7s. 6d.
<i>S</i> — <i>CINNABARINUM</i>	Bahia.....	31s. 6d.
<i>S</i> — <i>COCHLEATUM</i>	West Indies	5s. and 7s. 6d.
<i>I</i> — <i>CRASSIFOLIUM</i> (<i>ellipticum</i>)	West Indies	10s. 6d.
<i>I</i> — <i>DICHROMUM</i>	Bahia.....	15s. and 21s.
<i>C</i> — <i>ERUBESCENS</i>	Mexico	31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>I</i> — <i>EVECTUM</i>	New Grenada	21s.
<i>I</i> — <i>FRAGRANS</i>	Tropical America.....	21s. to 42s.
<i>I</i> — <i>FREDERICI GUILIELMI</i>	South America.....	31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>I</i> — <i>IBAGUENSE</i>	Ecuador.....	42s.
<i>C</i> — <i>MACROCHILUM (atropurpureum)</i>	Venezuela	15s. and 21s.
<i>C</i> — <i>ALBUM</i>	New Grenada	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>C</i> — <i>ROSEUM</i>	New Grenada, Guatemala	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>I</i> — <i>NEMORALE</i>	Mexico	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>S</i> — <i>NOCTURNUM</i>	West Coast of Africa	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>I</i> — <i>PANICULATUM</i>	New Grenada	63s.
<i>C</i> — <i>PRISMATOCARPUM</i>	Chiriqui.....	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>C</i> — <i>RHIZOPHORUM</i> (<i>radicans</i>)	Mexico	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>S</i> — <i>SCRIPTUM</i>	Mexico	31s. 6d.
<i>S</i> — <i>STAMFORDIANUM (basilare)</i>	Guatemala.....	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>I</i> — <i>SYRINGOTHYRSUS</i>	Peru	63s. and 84s.
<i>I</i> — <i>TIGRINUM</i>	New Grenada	15s. and 21s.
<i>C</i> — <i>VERRUCOSUM</i>	Mexico	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>C</i> — <i>MAJUS</i>	Mexico	31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>C</i> — <i>VITELLINUM</i>	Mexico	15s. and 21s.
<i>C</i> — <i>MAJUS</i>	Mexico	63s.
<i>I</i> — <i>ERIA BARBATA</i>	Java	15s.
<i>S</i> — <i>OBESA</i>	Moulmein	15s. and 21s.
<i>C</i> — <i>ERIOPSIS BILoba</i>	New Grenada	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>I</i> — <i>RUTIDOBULBON</i>	New Grenada	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>I</i> — <i>SCEPTRUM</i>	Peru	63s.
<i>S</i> — <i>EULOPHIA LURIDA</i>	West Coast of Africa	10s. 6d. and 15s.
<i>S</i> — <i>SCRIPTA</i>	West Coast of Africa	15s. and 21s.
<i>S</i> — <i>GALEANDRA DEVONIANA</i>	Guiana	42s. and 63s.

<i>S</i> GONGORA ALBO-PURPUREA	West Indies	21s.
<i>I</i> — PORTENTOSA	New Grenada	21s.
<i>I</i> — QUINQUENERVIS MACULATA		21s.
<i>S</i> GOODYERA (ANÆCTOCHILUS) DAWSONIANA	East Indies	10s. 6d., 15s., and 21s.
<i>I</i> — DISCOLOR	South America	5s. and 7s. 6d.
<i>C</i> — PUBESCENS	North America	5s.
<i>S</i> GRAMMATOPHYLLUM MULTI-FLORUM	Philippine Islands	42s. and 63s.
<i>S</i> — SPECIOSUM	Batavia, Java	63s. and 84s.
<i>I</i> GROBYA AMHERSTIÆ	Brazil	21s.
<i>I</i> HARTWEGIA PURPUREA	Mexico	31s. 6d.
<i>C</i> HELCIA SANGUINOLENTA	Andes of Guayaquil	31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>I</i> HEXISIA BIDENTATA	South America	21s.
<i>I</i> HOULLETTIA BROCKLEHURSTIANA	Brazil	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>I</i> — LINDENIANA	New Grenada	10s. 6d., 15s., and 21s.
<i>I</i> — ODORATISSIMA	New Grenada	21s.
<i>I</i> — (PAPHINIA) TIGRINA	Ocaña	42s.
<i>S</i> HUNTLEYA CERINA	Costa Rica	42s. and 63s.
<i>S</i> — (BATEMANNIA) MELEAGRIS	Para	63s.
<i>S</i> — VIOLACEA	Surinam	63s.
<i>S</i> IONOPSIS PANICULATA (tenera)	Brazil	21s.
<i>S</i> IPSEA SPECIOSA	Ceylon	21s.
* <i>C</i> LÆLIA ACUMINATA	Mexico	10s. 6d. and 15s.
* <i>C</i> — VIOLACEA	Mexico	10s. 6d. and 15s.
* <i>C</i> — ALBIDA	Guatemala	10s. 6d. and 15s.
A most desirable Orchid for winter flowering; its handsome white wax-like blossoms last in perfection a long time, and are extremely useful for cutting. The plant is easily cultivated in a cool house.		
* <i>C</i> — GRANDIFLORA	Guatemala	21s., 31s. 6d., and 42s.
* <i>C</i> — ANCEPS	Mexico	15s., and 21s.
* <i>C</i> — BARKERIANA	Mexico	42s.
* <i>C</i> — DAWSONI	Juquilla, Mexico	105s.
<i>C</i> — AUTUMNALIS	Mexico	21s., 31s. 6d., and 42s.
<i>C</i> — GRANDIFLORA	Mexico	42s. and 63s.
— BOOTHIANA, vide CATTLEYA LOBATA.		
<i>C</i> — CINNABARINA	Brazil	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>C</i> — CRISPA, vide CATTLEYA CRISPA.		
<i>I</i> — CRISPILABIA (Lawrenceana)	Brazil	15s. and 21s.
<i>I</i> — (CATTLEYA) ELEGANS	Brazil	63s., 84s., and 105s.
<i>I</i> — LOBOSA	Brazil	84s.
<i>C</i> — ERUBESCENS	Guatemala	10s. 6d., 15s., and 21s.
<i>C</i> — FLAVA	Brazil	15s. and 21s.
* <i>C</i> — FURFURACEA	Mexico	15s. and 21s.
* <i>C</i> — RUBRA	Mexico	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>I</i> — (CATTLEYA) GRANDIS	Brazil	42s. and 63s.
<i>C</i> — LOBATA, vide CATTLEYA LOBATA.		
<i>C</i> — MAJALIS or FLOR DE MAIO	Oaxaca	21s., 31s. 6d., and 42s.
This is one of the most handsome Orchids known. The individual blossoms are 9 inches across.		
<i>I</i> — (CATTLEYA) MARGINATA	Oaxaca	31s. 6d., 42s., and 63s.
<i>C</i> — (—) PERRINII	Brazil	15s., 21s., and 31s. 6d.
<i>C</i> — (—) PINELII (pumila)	Brazil	31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>C</i> — PRÆSTANS	Brazil	63s. and 84s.
<i>I</i> — PURPURATA	Brazil	21s., 31s. 6d., and 42s.
<i>I</i> — BRYSIANA	Brazil	42s. and 63s.
<i>I</i> — SUPERBA	Brazil	63s. and 84s.
<i>S</i> — RUBESCENS	Central America	31s. 6d.
<i>I</i> — SCHILLERIANA	Brazil	63s. and 84s.
<i>I</i> — SPLENDENS	Brazil	84s. and 105s.
<i>C</i> — SUPERBIENS	Malacatan	31s. 6d. and 42s.

<i>I</i> — LÆLIA (CATTLEYA) WALLISII	Rio Negro	84s. and 105s.
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This magnificent novelty, somewhat resembling *Cattleya bulbosa* in habit, produces beautiful flowers as large as those of *Lælia purpurata*; the sepals and petals are of a rosy white colour, forming an admirable contrast with the yellow lip.

<i>I</i> — WOLSTENHOLMIAE	Brazil	84s. and 105s.
<i>C</i> — LEPTOTES BICOLOR	Brazil	10s. 6d. and 15s.
<i>I</i> — SERRULATA	Brazil	21s. and 31s. 6d.
* <i>I</i> — LIMATODES ROSEA	Moulmein	10s. 6d. and 15s.
* <i>I</i> — SUPERBA	Moulmein	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>I</i> — VESTALIS	Moulmein	31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>S</i> — LUISIA TENUIFOLIA	East Indies	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>C</i> — LYCASTE AROMATICA	Mexico	10s. 6d. and 15s.
<i>C</i> — AURANTIACA	Columbia	21s. to 42s.
<i>S</i> — BARRINGTONIAE	West Indies	15s., 21s., and 31s. 6d.
<i>C</i> — CRUENTA	Guatemala	10s. 6d. and 15s.
<i>C</i> — DEPPEI	Mexico	15s. and 21s.
<i>I</i> — FULVESCENTS	Merida	15s. and 21s.
<i>I</i> — GIGANTEA	Merida	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>I</i> — HARRISONI	Merida	21s.
* <i>C</i> — LANIPES	Guayaquil	15s., 21s., and 31s. 6d.
<i>C</i> — MACROPHYLLA	Peru, Caraceas	21s.
* <i>C</i> — SKINNERI	Guatemala	10s. 6d., 15s., and 21s.

One of the best and most abundant flowering of cool Orchids, producing freely large blossoms, which generally are white or blush shaded with rose, and the labellum spotted with crimson.

There are many varieties of this beautiful Orchid, scarcely two being alike.

They require little room, being of dwarf and compact habit; should have plenty of water whilst growing, and never be allowed to get dry.

* <i>C</i> — ALBA	Guatemala	
* <i>C</i> — CANDIDA	Guatemala	42s.
* <i>C</i> — DELICATISSIMA	Guatemala	21s.
* <i>C</i> — GRANDIS	Guatemala	42s.
* <i>C</i> — MACULATA	Guatemala	21s.
* <i>C</i> — MAGNIFICA	Guatemala	31s. 6d.
* <i>C</i> — MARGINATA	Guatemala	31s. 6d.
* <i>C</i> — PICTA	Guatemala	31s. 6d.
* <i>C</i> — PURPURATA	Guatemala	31s. 6d.
* <i>C</i> — ROSEA	Guatemala	21s.
* <i>C</i> — RUBELLA	Guatemala	31s. 6d.
* <i>C</i> — SPECIOSA	Guatemala	31s. 6d.
* <i>C</i> — SPLENDENS	Guatemala	31s. 6d.
* <i>C</i> — SUPERBA	Guatemala	21s.
<i>I</i> — LYCOMORMIUM SQUALIDUM	Peru	31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>C</i> — MASDEVALLIA CAUDATA	New Grenada & Caraceas	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>C</i> — CHIMERA	New Grenada	63s. and 84s.
<i>C</i> — CIVILIS	New Grenada	15s. and 21s.
<i>C</i> — CORIACEA	New Grenada	15s. and 21s.
<i>C</i> — COCCINEA	New Grenada	84s. and 105s.
<i>C</i> — ELEPHANTICEPS	Ocaña	105s. and 147s.
<i>C</i> — IGNEA	New Grenada	42s., 63s., and 84s.

This attractive species produces its striking flowers, which are of a very bright cinnabar red colour, having the veins deeply shaded with crimson, very freely. It may be easily recognised by the great peculiarity of having the upper sepal bent down at the sinus of the lateral sepals. It has been imported from New Grenada. For illustration, *vide* page 92.

<i>C</i> — HARRYANA	New Grenada	42s. and 63s.
<i>C</i> — INFRACTA	Organ Mountains	63s. and 84s.
<i>C</i> — LINDENI	New Grenada	
<i>C</i> — OCHTHODES	New Grenada	10s. 6d. and 15s.
<i>C</i> — POLYANTHA	Ocaña	84s. and 105s.
<i>C</i> — TOVARENSIS	Tovar	84s. and 105s.
<i>C</i> — VEITCHIANA	Peru	168s.



MASDEVALLIA IGNEA, for description and price, *vide* page 91.

<i>I</i> MAXILLARIA COLLEYI	South America.....	15s.
<i>C</i> — HARRISONIE	Caracas.....	7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.
* <i>C</i> — LUTEO-STRIATA	New Grenada	10s. 6d. and 15s.
<i>C</i> — NIGRESCENS	Merida	15s. and 21s.
<i>C</i> — OCHROLEUCA	Brazil.....	15s. and 21s.
<i>C</i> — PICTA	Brazil.....	15s.
<i>C</i> — — ALBA	Brazil.....	21s.
<i>C</i> — TENUIFOLIA	Mexico	21s.
<i>C</i> — TURNERI	South America.....	31s. 6d.
<i>C</i> — VENUSTA	New Grenada	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>C</i> MESOSPINIDIUM SANGUINEUM	Ecuador.....	21s., 31s. 6d., and 42s.
<i>C</i> — VULCANICUM	Ecuador.....	31s. 6d. and 42s.
A desirable introduction, very free blooming, producing gay rosy purplish flowers in a rich inflorescence, much larger than those of the favourite <i>Mesospinidium sanguineum</i> .		
<i>I</i> MILTONIA BICOLOR	Brazil.....	21s. and 42s.
<i>I</i> — CANDIDA	Brazil.....	31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>I</i> — — GRANDIFLORA	Brazil.....	63s.
<i>I</i> — CLOWESII	Brazil.....	31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>I</i> — — MAJOR	Brazil.....	31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>I</i> — CUNEATA	Brazil.....	42s. and 63s.
<i>I</i> — FESTIVA	Brazil.....	42s. and 63s.
<i>I</i> — FLAVESCENS	Brazil.....	15s. and 21s.
<i>I</i> — MORELIANA	Brazil.....	31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>I</i> — — PURPUREA	Brazil.....	42s. and 63s.
— PULCHELLA , <i>vide</i> ODONTOGLOSSUM PHALÆNOPSIS .		
<i>I</i> — REGENLLII (cereola)	Brazil.....	31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>I</i> — SPECTABILIS	Brazil.....	7s. 6d., 10s. 6d., & 15s.
<i>I</i> — VIRGINALIS	St. Catherine's	31s. 6d.
<i>I</i> — WARSCEWICZII , <i>vide</i> ONCIDIUM WELTONI .		

<i>S</i> — <i>MORMODES CARTONI</i>	.....	New Grenada	31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>I</i> — <i>LUXATUM</i>	.....	Mexico	31s. 6d.
<i>I</i> — <i>PARDINUM</i>	.....	Mexico	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>I</i> — <i>NEOTTIA MACULATA</i>	.....	New Grenada	10s. 6d.
<i>I</i> — <i>ORTGIESIANA</i>	.....	New Grenada	21s.
<i>I</i> — <i>PICTA</i>	.....	New Grenada	10s. 6d.
<i>I</i> — <i>SPECIOSA</i>	.....	New Grenada	21s.
<i>S</i> — <i>NEPHELAPHYLLUM CORDATUM</i>	.....	East Indies	7s. 6d., 10s. 6d., & 15s.
<i>S</i> — <i>PULCHRUM</i>	.....	Java	7s. 6d., 10s. 6d., & 15s.
* <i>C</i> — <i>ODONTOGLOSSUM ALEXANDRÆ</i> , <i>vide O. CRISPUM</i>.	.....	New Grenada	31s. 6d., 42s., and 63s.
<i>C</i> — <i>ANGUSTATUM</i>	.....	An extremely pretty species, producing magnificent spikes of beautifully crisped primrose-coloured spotted flowers.	
* <i>C</i> — <i>AUREO-PURPUREUM</i>	.....	New Grenada	31s. 6d. and 42s.
		Flower spike from 6 to 8 ft. long, flowers 2 inches in diameter, yellow and dark chestnut; new to this country; it must not be confounded with <i>Odontoglossum luteo-purpureum</i> .	
* <i>C</i> — <i>BICTONIENSE</i>	.....	Guatemala	10s. 6d., 15s., and 21s.
* <i>C</i> — <i>GRANDIFLORUM</i>	.....	Guatemala	31s. 6d.
* <i>C</i> — <i>ROSEUM</i>	.....	Guatemala	31s. 6d.
* <i>C</i> — <i>SPLENDENS</i>	.....	Guatemala	31s. 6d.
<i>C</i> — <i>BLANDUM</i>	.....	Ocaña	21s. and 31s. 6d.
* <i>C</i> — <i>BLUNTII</i> , <i>vide O. CRISPUM</i>.	.....	
<i>C</i> — <i>CARINIFERUM</i>	.....	Central America	31s. 6d. and 42s.
* <i>C</i> — <i>CERVANTESII</i>	.....	Mexico	15s. and 21s.
* <i>C</i> — <i>ROSEUM</i>	.....	Mexico	15s. and 21s.
<i>C</i> — <i>CITROSUM</i>	.....	Mexico	10s. 6d., 15s., and 21s.
<i>C</i> — <i>CARNEUM</i>	.....	Mexico	15s. and 21s.
<i>C</i> — <i>ROSEUM</i>	.....	Mexico	10s. 6d., 15s., and 21s.
* <i>C</i> — <i>CORDATUM</i>	.....	Mexico	15s. and 21s.
<i>C</i> — <i>CORONARIUM</i>	.....	Ocaña	31s. 6d. and 42s.
* <i>C</i> — <i>CRISPUM</i>	.....	Bogota	15s., 21s., and 31s. 6d.
		This plant, better known under the names of <i>O. Alexandræ</i> and <i>O. Bluntii</i> , is one of the gems of the cool Orchid-house, since by a little management its charming flowers may be had all the year round. It is a plant which varies to an almost endless extent, no two of the many thousands imported being perhaps exactly alike, and very considerable differences in size, colouring, or crispness in the flowers constantly presenting itself. In good typical forms the sepals and petals are white ovate or ovate-lanceolate, the petals being much undulated, and often fimbriately toothed. The lip is oblong- acuminate, yellow and crested towards the base, beautifully crisped at the margin, and more or less spotted towards the front with blotches of reddish brown. It has been very largely imported from New Grenada, and in some of its forms is flushed with a lovely tint of rose. For illustration, <i>vide p. 94.</i>	
* <i>C</i> — <i>ANDERSONI</i>	.....	Bogota	168s. and 210s.
* <i>C</i> — <i>BOWMANNI</i>	.....	Bogota	105s.
* <i>C</i> — <i>CARNEUM</i>	.....	Bogota	84s. and 105s.
* <i>C</i> — <i>EBURNEUM</i>	.....	Bogota	105s.
* <i>C</i> — <i>FOL. VAR.</i>	.....	Bogota	168s.
* <i>C</i> — <i>GRANDIFLORUM</i>	.....	Bogota	105s.
* <i>C</i> — <i>NIVALE</i>	.....	Bogota	63s. and 84s.
* <i>C</i> — <i>PESCATOREI</i>	.....	Bogota	84s.
* <i>C</i> — <i>SUPERBUM</i>	.....	Bogota	84s. and 105s.
* <i>C</i> — <i>TRIANÆ</i>	.....	Bogota	63s. and 84s.
<i>C</i> — <i>CRISTATUM</i>	.....	Peru	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>C</i> — <i>DAYANUM</i>	.....	Peru	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>C</i> — <i>CROCATUM</i>	.....	Peru	42s.
<i>C</i> — <i>DAWSONI</i>	.....	Peru	31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>C</i> — <i>DENSIFLORUM</i>	.....	New Grenada	15s. and 21s.
<i>I</i> — <i>EGERTONI</i>	.....	Costa Rica	15s. and 21s.
<i>C</i> — <i>EHRENBERGII</i>	.....	Peru	31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>C</i> — <i>EPIDENDROIDES MAJUS</i>	.....	New Grenada	21s.
<i>C</i> — <i>GLORIOSUM</i>	.....	Ocaña	21s., 31s. 6d., and 42s.

These produce very fine spikes of large and beautiful flowers, white, with purple spots, which are deliciously fragrant.



ODONTOGLOSSUM CRISPUM, for description and price, *vide* page 93.

C **ODONTOGLOSSUM GLORIOSUM**

GRANDIFLORUM	Ocaña.....	105s.
C — — SUPERBUM	Ocaña.....	84s. and 105s.
One of the desirable of the cool-house species of Odontoglossum. The variety <i>superbum</i> is larger and finer-coloured than the ordinary form, but the same general character. The flowers are creamy yellow, with lanceolate undulated sepals and petals, freely blotched with cinnamon brown, and the tip bears two yellow crests at the base, and the white crest in front of these, the austral portion of the lip being marked with a large purple-brown blotch. The column wings are long and recurved. It is a fine New Grenadian introduction.		
C — — GRANDE	Guatemala.....	7s. 6d. & 10s. 6d. to 21s.
C — — SUPERBUM	Guatemala.....	21s. and 31s. 6d.

<i>C</i> — <i>ODONTOGLOSSUM HALLII</i>	Ecuador	63s. and 84s.
<i>C</i> — <i>HASTILABIUM</i>	Santa Martha	31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>C</i> — <i>HYSTRIX</i> , <i>vide O. LUTEO-PURPUREUM</i>		
<i>C</i> — <i>INSLEAYI</i>	Mexico	10s. 6d., 15s., and 21s.
* <i>C</i> — <i>AMPLIATUM</i>	Mexico	21s.
<i>I</i> — <i>LEOPARDINUM</i>	Mexico	42s., 63s., and 84s.
* <i>O</i> — <i>SPLENDENS</i>	Mexico	21s.
<i>C</i> — <i>KRAMERI</i>	Costa Rica	42s.
<i>C</i> — <i>LÆVE</i>	Guatemala	31s. 6d. to 63s.
<i>C</i> — <i>LAWRENCEANUM</i>	Mexico	15s., 21s., and 31s. 6d.
<i>C</i> — <i>LILIIFLORUM</i>	New Grenada	63s. and 84s.
<i>C</i> — <i>LINDENI</i>	New Grenada	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>C</i> — <i>LINDLEYANUM</i>	New Grenada	7s. 6d., 10s. 6d., & 15s.
<i>C</i> — <i>LUTEO-PURPUREUM</i> (<i>hystrix</i>)	New Grenada	31s. 6d., 42s., and 63s.
* <i>C</i> — <i>MACULATUM</i>	Mexico	15s., 21s., and 31s. 6d.
* <i>C</i> — <i>SUPERBUM</i>	Mexico	31s. 6d.
<i>C</i> — <i>MEMBRANACEUM</i>	Mexico	31s. 6d.
<i>C</i> — <i>NÆVIVUM</i>	Ocāña	42s. and 63s.
<i>C</i> — <i>MAJUS</i>	Ocāña	63s., 84s., and 105s.
<i>C</i> — <i>NEBULOSUM</i>	Mexico	15s., 21s., and 31s. 6d.
<i>C</i> — <i>CANDIDUM</i>	Mexico	31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>C</i> — <i>PARDINUM</i>	Mexico	84s. and 105s.
<i>C</i> — <i>ODORATUM</i>	New Grenada	63s., 84s., and 105s.
<i>C</i> — <i>PESCATOREI</i>	New Grenada	15s., 21s., and 31s. 6d.
<i>C</i> — <i>GRANDIFLORUM</i>	New Grenada	42s. and 63s.
<i>C</i> — <i>NIVALE</i>	New Grenada	42s. and 63s.
<i>C</i> — <i>PESCATOREI SPLENDENS</i>	New Grenada	42s. and 63s.
<i>C</i> — <i>SUPERBUM</i>	New Grenada	63s. and 84s.
<i>I</i> — <i>PHALÆNOPSIS</i> (<i>Miltonia pulchella</i>)	Ocāña	31s. 6d. and 42s.
(For illustration, <i>vide</i> page 96.)		
<i>C</i> — <i>PLATYODON</i>	New Grenada	15s. and 21s.
— <i>PRETIOSUM</i> , <i>vide O. SCHLEIPERIANUM</i>		
* <i>C</i> — <i>PULCHELLUM</i>	Mexico	10s. 6d., 15s., and 21s.
<i>C</i> — <i>GRANDIFLORUM</i>	Mexico	15s., 21s., and 31s. 6d.
<i>C</i> — <i>RADIATUM</i>	New Grenada	31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>C</i> — <i>RAMOSISSIMUM</i>	New Grenada	42s. and 63s.
<i>C</i> — <i>RAMULOSUM</i>		21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>C</i> — <i>REICHENHEIMII</i>	Mexico	31s. 6d. and 42s.
— <i>ROEZLII</i> , <i>vide</i> page 7.		
<i>C</i> — <i>ROSEUM</i>	Mexico	31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>C</i> — <i>ROSSII</i>	Mexico	31s. 6d.
<i>C</i> — <i>WARNERI</i>	Mexico	42s.
<i>C</i> — <i>SCEPTRUM</i>	New Grenada	84s.
<i>C</i> — <i>SCHLEIPERIANUM</i> (<i>pretiosum</i>)	Costa Rica	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>C</i> — <i>STELLATUM</i>	Guatemala	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>C</i> — <i>TRIPUDIANS</i>	New Grenada	63s.
<i>C</i> — <i>TRIUMPHANS</i>	Ocāña	15s., 21s., and 31s. 6d.
One of the most showy of the New Grenadian Odontoglosses. It bears spikes of large bold flowers, which are of a rich yellow, freely blotched with bright cinnamon brown, the petals ovate and toothed. The lip is whitish, brown in front, yellow and crested at the base, while the column wings are broad, truncate, and spotted with purple.		
<i>C</i> — <i>UROSKINNERI</i>	Guatemala	10s. 6d., 15s., and 21s.
<i>I</i> — <i>VEXILLARIUM</i>	Bogota	105s., 126s., and 168s.
ONCIDIUM ABORVITUM , <i>vide O. ORNITHOCEPHALUM</i> .		
— <i>ÆMULUM</i> , <i>vide O. SUPERBIENS</i> .		
<i>S</i> — <i>ALTISSIMUM</i>	West Indies	10s. 6d. to 31s. 6d.
<i>S</i> — <i>AMPLIATUM</i>	Panama	10s. 6d. and 15s.
<i>S</i> — <i>MAJUS</i>	Panama	15s., 21s., and 31s. 6d.
<i>C</i> — <i>ANDIGENUM</i>	Ecuador	42s.
<i>C</i> — <i>AUROSUM</i> (<i>the Golden Oncidium</i>)	Ecuador	21s., 31s. 6d., and 42s.

This Oncidium bears a pyramidal branched spike of more than 100 richly coloured flowers.



ODONTOGLOSSUM PHALENOPISTIS, for plate, with page 95.

<i>I</i> — ONCIDIUM BARBATUM	Brazil.....	10s. 6d., 15s., and 21s.
<i>I</i> — — GRANDIFLORUM	Brazil.....	31s. 6d.
<i>I</i> — BARKERI	Mechoacan	42s. and 63s.
<i>C</i> — BICALLOSUM	Guatemala.....	15s. and 21s.
<i>C</i> — BIFOLIUM	Monte Video.....	10s. 6d., 15s., and 21s.
<i>C</i> — — MAJUS	Monte Video.....	42s.
<i>C</i> — CALANTHUM	Ecuador.....	31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>I</i> — CARINIFERUM	Chiriqui and Costa Rica ..	10s. 6d. and 15s.
<i>C</i> — CAVENDISHIANUM	Guatemala.....	31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>S</i> — CEBOLLETA (juncifolium)	West Indies	10s. 6d., 15s., and 21s.
<i>I</i> — CHEIOPHORUM	Ecuador.....	31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>C</i> — CRISPUM	Brazil.....	15s., 21s., and 31s. 6d.
<i>C</i> — — GRANDIFLORUM	Brazil.....	21s.

<i>C</i> — <i>ONCIDIUM CRISPUM MARGINATUM</i>	Brazil.....	42s.
<i>C</i> — — <i>SPLENDENS</i>	Brazil.....	105s.
<i>C</i> — — <i>SUPERBUM</i>	Brazil.....	42s.
<i>I</i> — <i>CRUENTUM (pelicanum)</i>	Mexico	21s., 31s. 6d., and 42s.
<i>C</i> — <i>CUCULLATUM</i>	Peru	10s. 6d., 15s., and 21s.
<i>C</i> — — <i>GRANDIFLORUM</i>	Peru	31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>C</i> — — <i>MACULATUM</i>	Peru	31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>C</i> — — <i>SUPERBUM</i>	Peru	31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>C</i> — <i>DIVARICATUM</i>	Brazil.....	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>C</i> — <i>FALCIPETALUM</i>	Merida	42s.
<i>S</i> — <i>FILIPES</i>	Calcutta.....	15s. and 21s.
<i>C</i> — <i>FLEXUOSUM</i>	Brazil.....	10s. 6d. and 15s.
<i>I</i> — <i>FUSCATUM</i> , <i>vide ONCIDIUM WELTONI</i> .		
<i>S</i> — <i>GRAMINIFOLIUM</i>		10s. 6d.
<i>I</i> — <i>GYROBULBON</i>	New Grenada	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>I</i> — <i>HÆMATOCHILUM</i>	New Grenada	31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>C</i> — <i>HASTATUM</i>	Mexico	15s.
<i>S</i> — <i>HENCHMANNI</i>	Tropical America.....	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>I</i> — <i>HOLOCHRYSUM</i>	Tropical America	42s. and 63s.
— <i>HYPHÆMATICUM</i> , <i>vide O. TIGRINUM</i> .		
<i>C</i> — <i>INCURVUM</i>	Oaxaca	31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>I</i> — <i>INFERLOBUM</i>	New Grenada	63s. and 84s.
* <i>S</i> — <i>KRAMERIANUM</i>	New Grenada	15s., 21s., and 31s. 6d.
<i>S</i> — <i>LANCEANUM</i>	Surinam.....	15s., 21s., and 31s. 6d.
<i>S</i> — — <i>SUPERBUM</i>	Surinam.....	42s.
<i>I</i> — <i>LEOPARDINUM</i> , <i>vide O. TIGRINUM</i> .		
* <i>C</i> — <i>LEUCOCHILUM</i>	Mexico	15s., 21s., and 31s. 6d.
* <i>C</i> — — <i>SPLENDENS</i>	Mexico	42s.
<i>C</i> — <i>LIMMINGHEI</i>	Brazil.....	10s. 6d. and 15s.
<i>C</i> — <i>LINGUIFORME</i>	Caraceas	42s.
<i>S</i> — <i>LONGIPES</i>	Brazil.....	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>S</i> — <i>LURIDUM</i>	Tropical America.....	15s. and 21s.
<i>S</i> — — <i>GUTTATUM</i>	Tropical America.....	15s. and 21s.
<i>C</i> — <i>MACRANTHUM</i>	Ecuador.....	63s., 84s., and 105s.
<i>I</i> — — <i>HASTIFERUM</i>	Ecuador.....	84s., 105s., and 126s.

A magnificent variety, producing from thirty to forty flowers, each 3 to 4 inches across, on a spike 6 to 9 feet long. The sepals are pale olive yellow, the petals bright yellow, with a dagger-shaped crimson lip.

<i>I</i> — <i>MICROPOGON</i>	Brazil.....	10s. 6d., 15s., and 21s.
* <i>S</i> — <i>NEBULOSUM</i>	Costa Rica.....	31s. 6d.
<i>C</i> — <i>NUBIGENUM</i>	Ecuador.....	31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>C</i> — <i>OBRYZATUM</i>	New Grenada	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>C</i> — <i>OCHTHODES</i>	Ecuador.....	21s.
<i>C</i> — <i>ORNITHOCEPHALUM (abortivum)</i>	Guatemala.....	10s. 6d. and 15s.
* <i>C</i> — <i>ORNITHORRHYNCHUM</i>	Guatemala.....	10s. 6d., 15s., and 21s.
* <i>C</i> — — <i>MAJUS</i>	Guatemala.....	21s. and 31s. 6d.
* <i>C</i> — — <i>RUBELLUM</i>	Guatemala.....	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>C</i> — <i>PANCHEYSUM</i>	New Grenada	31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>S</i> — <i>PAPILIO</i>	Panama.....	7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.
<i>S</i> — — <i>MAJUS</i>	Panama.....	10s. 6d., 15s., and 21s.
— <i>PELICANUM</i> , <i>vide O. CRUENTUM</i> .		
<i>C</i> — <i>PHALÆNOPTIS</i>	Peru	63s.
<i>I</i> — <i>PHILIPSIANUM</i>	South America.....	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>S</i> — <i>PHYMATOCHILUM</i>	Brazil.....	31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>I</i> — <i>PUBES</i>	Rio, Brazil.....	7s. 6d., 10s. 6d., & 15s.
<i>S</i> — <i>PULCHELLUM</i>	Jamaica	15s. and 21s.
<i>I</i> — <i>PULVINATUM</i>	Brazil.....	15s. and 21s.
<i>I</i> — <i>PUMILUM</i>	Brazil.....	10s. 6d. and 15s.
<i>I</i> — <i>RANIFERUM</i>	Brazil.....	15s. and 21s.
<i>C</i> — <i>BOEZLIANUM</i>	New Grenada	31s. 6d. and 42s.

A new species; dense flower spikes, with golden yellow and dark brown flowers.

<i>IONCIDIUM SARCODES</i> (Rigbyanum).....	Brazil.....	63s., 84s., and 105s.
<i>I</i> — SAUVE	Mexico	21s.
<i>I</i> — SERRATUM	Peru	42s., 63s., and 84s.



ONCIDIUM WELTONI, for description and price, *vide* page 99.

<i>I</i> — ONCIDIUM SESSILE	Santa Martha	31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>I</i> — SPHACELATUM	Mexico	10s. 6d., 15s., and 21s.
<i>S</i> — SPRUCEI	Brazil	15s. to 31s. 6d.
<i>C</i> — SUPERBIENS (æmulum)	New Grenada	63s., 84s., and 105s.

A grand species, apparently of the same section as *O. macranthum*, found on trees at a great elevation ; temperature 40 to 45 degrees, and occasionally considerably under 40 ; flowers large, and produced in the greatest abundance on branched spikes, often 15 feet in length ; nearly 500 flowers were counted by the collector on three spikes.

<i>I</i> — SUTTONI	21s. and 31s. 6d.	
<i>I</i> — TIGRINUM (hypismaticum, leopardinum)	Mechoacan	31s. 6d., 42s., and 63s.
<i>I</i> — TRIQUETRUM	West Coast of Africa	7s. 6d., 10s. 6d., & 15s.
<i>I</i> — UNCIUM	Mexico	10s. 6d. and 15s.
<i>I</i> — UNIFLORUM	Brazil	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>I</i> — VARICOSUM	Brazil	31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>I</i> — WELTONI (O. fuscum and Miltonia Warscewiczii)	New Grenada	21s., 31s. 6d., and 42s.

This new and very beautiful Orchid throws out numerous flower stalks at all seasons, each spike with from twelve to twenty and even thirty flowers, the whole plant seldom exceeding 12 inches high. For illustration, *vide* page 98.

<i>I</i> — WENTWORTHIANUM	Guatemala	10s. 6d., 15s., and 21s.
<i>I</i> — PALUMBINA CANDIDA	Mexico	42s. and 63s.
<i>S</i> — PAPHINIA (Maxillaria) CRISTATA	Surinam	31s. 6d. and 42s.

I — **TIGRINA**, *vide* **HOULLETTIA TIGRINA**.

<i>I</i> — PERISTERIA BRUCHMÜLLERIANA	New Grenada	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>S</i> — ELATA (The Dove Flower)	Panama	10s. 6d., 15s., and 21s.

The *Espirito Santo (Holy Ghost Flower)* of the Spaniards. The centre of each blossom bears a striking resemblance to a waxen dove, hence its name.

<i>S</i> — PESCATOREA CERINA	Costa Rica	42s. and 63s.
<i>I</i> — FIMBRIATA (Wallisii)	Ecuador	63s. and 84s.
<i>S</i> — PHAIUS ALBUS	Burmah	15s. and 21s.

<i>S</i> — BENSONIAE, vide THUNIA BENSONIAE .		
<i>I</i> — BERNEYSII	Australia	63s.
<i>I</i> — BICOLOR	East Indies	21s.
<i>I</i> — GRANDIFOLIUS (Bletia Tankervilleæ)	Hong Kong	10s. 6d. and 15s.

<i>I</i> — MACULATUS	Nepal	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>I</i> — WALLICHII	Sylhet	31s. 6d. and 42s.

<i>S</i> — PHALÆNOPSIS AMABILIS	Sunda Isles	42s., 63s., and 84s.
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Exceedingly beautiful large butterfly-like flowers, white, with rose striped centre.

<i>I</i> — CORNU-CERVI	Moulmein	42s. and 63s.
<i>S</i> — EQUESTRIS, vide P. ROSEA.		

<i>S</i> — GRANDIFLORA (Borneo variety)	Borneo	42s. and 63s.
Style of <i>amabilis</i> , but with yellow centre and larger flowers.		

<i>S</i> — AUREA	Tambelan Islands	42s., 63s., and 84s.
Mr. W. B. has imported large quantities of this magnificent Orchid from the Tambelan Islands.		

<i>S</i> — LOWII	Moulmein	84s. and 105s.
<i>S</i> — LUDDEMANNIANA	Philippine Islands	42s., 63s., and 84s.

<i>S</i> — ROSEA (equestris)	Manilla	42s., 63s., and 84s.
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<i>S</i> — SCHILLERIANA	Manilla	63s., 84s., and 105s.
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One of the finest of Orchids, producing very freely, on branched spikes, the most lovely mauve and white flowers, and having very ornamental variegated foliage.

These most lovely Orchids bloom so profusely, that if all the flowers they produce were allowed to remain, they would bloom themselves to death. They are very beautiful, and exceedingly useful for bouquets, and are well adapted for suspended baskets ; they should be protected from drip and require plenty of water whilst growing.

PHYSURUS, vide ANÆCTOCHILUS.		
<i>I</i> — PILUMNA (TRICHOPILIA) FRAGRANS Merida	21s. and 31s. 6d.	
<i>I</i> — ORTGIESIANA	New Grenada	21s.
<i>C</i> — PLEIONE HUMILIS	East Indies	42s.
<i>C</i> — LAGENARIA	Khasya	21s., 31s. 6d., and 42s.

* <i>C</i> PLEIONE MACULATA	Assam, Khasya	31s. 6d. and 42s.
* <i>C</i> — REICHENBACHIANA	East Indies	42s. and 63s.
* <i>C</i> — SCHILLERIANA	East Indies	31s. 6d.
* <i>C</i> — WALLICHIANA	Arracan Mountains	15s. and 21s.
<i>S</i> POGONIA DISCOLOR	Java	31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>I</i> POLYCYCNIS BARBATUM , <i>vide CYCNOCHES BARBATUM</i> .		
<i>C</i> — LEPIDA	South America	21s., 31s. 6d., and 42s.
<i>I</i> — MUSCIFERUM , <i>vide CYCNOCHES MUSCIFERUM</i> .		
<i>S</i> RENANTHERA COCCINEA	Cochin China	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>S</i> — MATUTINA	Java	
<i>C</i> RESTREPIA ANTENNIFERA	New Grenada	42s. and 63s.
<i>S</i> RODRIGUEZIA PLÁNIFOLIA	New Grenada	21s.
<i>S</i> — RECURVA	Brazil	10s. 6d.
<i>S</i> — SECUNDA	Tropical South America	15s., 21s., and 31s. 6d.
<i>S</i> SACCOLABIUM AMPULLACEUM	Rangoon	42s., 63s., and 84s.
<i>S</i> — BLUMEI	Burmah	21s., 42s., and 63s.
<i>S</i> — DAYI	Burmah	21s., 42s., and 63s.
<i>S</i> — MAJUS	Burmah	10s. 6d., 15s., and 21s.
<i>S</i> — CURVIFOLIUM	Nepal, Ceylon	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>S</i> — FURCATUM	Java	42s. and 63s.
* <i>S</i> — GIGANTEUM (<i>Vanda densiflora</i>)	{ Prome, Thayetmyo, and Tonghoo }	{ 31s. 6d., 42s., and 63s.
The flowers, which are unusually large, are deliciously scented, and have cream coloured sepals and petals, with dark purple lip, the former having a row of beautiful amethyst coloured dots. Being a winter-blooming species, and the flowers lasting a very long while after being cut, the plant is exceedingly valuable for all decorative purposes.		
<i>S</i> — GUTTATUM	{ Ceylon, Prome, Thayetmyo, and Tonghoo }	{ 63s., 84s., and 105s.
<i>S</i> — GIGANTEUM	Ceylon	105s.
<i>S</i> — HOLFORDII	Ceylon	105s.
<i>S</i> — SPLENDENS	Ceylon	105s.
<i>S</i> — VIOLACEUM	Ceylon	105s.
<i>S</i> — HARRISONI	Pulo Copang	21s., 31s. 6d., and 42s.
Deliciously fragrant pure white flowers ; one plant in bloom will scent a whole house.		
<i>S</i> — PRÆMORSUM	Java	63s., 84s., and 105s.
<i>S</i> — GIGANTEUM	Java	105s.
<i>S</i> — RETUSUM	Java	42s., 63s., and 84s.
<i>S</i> — RHEEDII	East Indies	42s. and 63s.
<i>S</i> — VIOLACEUM	Manilla	31s. 6d., 42s., and 63s.
<i>I</i> SCHLIMIA JASMINODORA	New Grenada	42s. and 63s.
<i>I</i> SCHOMBURGKIA CRISPA	Guiana	15s. and 21s.
<i>I</i> — LYONSII	S. America	42s. and 63s.
<i>I</i> — TIBICINIS	Honduras	42s. and 63s.
<i>I</i> — UNDULATA	La Guayra	7s. 6d., 10s. 6d., & 15s.
<i>I</i> SCUTICARIA DODGSONI	West Indies	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>I</i> — HADWENII	Brazil	42s.
<i>I</i> — STEELII	Demerara	31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>SELENIPEDIUM</i> , <i>vide CYPRIPEDIUM</i> .		
<i>C</i> SOBRALIA DICHOTOMA	Peru	42s. and 63s.
<i>C</i> — MACRANTHA	Guatemala	31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>C</i> — SPLENDENS	Guatemala	42s. and 63s.
<i>C</i> — VIOLACEA	Merida	63s.
<i>I</i> — VIRGINALIS	New Grenada	21s., 31s. 6d., and 42s.
A fine species of dwarf growth, producing large pure white flowers with yellow lip.		
<i>C</i> SOPHRONITES CERNUA	Rio de Janeiro	10s. 6d., 15s., and 21s.
<i>C</i> — COCCINEA	Organ Mountains	42s. and 63s.
<i>C</i> — GRANDIFLORA	Organ Mountains	21s., 42s., and 63s.
<i>C</i> — AURANTIACA	Organ Mountains	42s., 63s., & 84s.
<i>C</i> — CARMINATA	Organ Mountains	63s. and 84s.
<i>C</i> — PTEROCARPA	Guatemala	21s. and 42s.
<i>C</i> — VIOLACEA	Brazil	21s. and 31s. 6d.

<i>I</i> — <i>STANHOPEA AUREA</i>	Guatemala.....	15s. and 21s.
<i>I</i> — <i>BUCEPHALUS</i>	Quito.....	15s. and 21s.
<i>I</i> — <i>CIRRHATA</i>	Nicaragua.....	31s. 6d.
<i>C</i> — <i>DEVONIENSIS</i>	Mexico	15s. and 21s.
<i>I</i> — <i>EBURNEA</i>	Brazil.....	21s.
<i>C</i> — <i>GRANDIFLORA</i>	Brazil.....	10s. 6d. and 15s.
<i>I</i> — <i>GRAVEOLENS</i>	Guatemala.....	10s. 6d. and 15s.
<i>I</i> — <i>GUTTATA</i>	Brazil.....	21s.
<i>I</i> — <i>IN SIGNIS</i>	Brazil.....	10s. 6d. and 15s.
<i>I</i> — <i>MARTIANA</i>	Mexico	10s. 6d. and 15s.
<i>C</i> — <i>OCULATA</i>	Xalapa	10s. 6d. and 15s.
<i>I</i> — <i>RUCKERI</i>	S. America	21s.
<i>C</i> — <i>TIGRINA</i>	Xalapa	10s. 6d. and 15s.
<i>C</i> — <i>SUPERBA</i>	Xalapa	21s.
<i>I</i> — <i>WARDIANA</i>	La Guayra	21s.
<i>C</i> — <i>STENIA FIMBRIATA</i>	New Grenada	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>S</i> — <i>THUNIA (PHAIUS) BENSONII</i>	{ Arracan and Moulmein Mountains	{ 15s., 21s., and 31s. 6d.
<i>S</i> — <i>TRICHOCENTRUM ALBO-PURPUREUM</i>	Rio Negro.....	42s.
<i>S</i> — <i>MACULATUM</i>	New Grenada	42s.
<i>C</i> — <i>TRICHOCEROS MURALIS</i>	Peru	42s.
<i>S</i> — <i>TRICHOPILIA ALBIDA</i>	Venezuela	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>C</i> — <i>COCCINEA</i>	Costa Rica.....	15s. and 21s.
<i>I</i> — <i>CRISPA (gloxiniæflora)</i>	Costa Rica.....	63s. and 84s.
<i>I</i> — <i>MARGINATA</i>	Costa Rica.....	84s. and 105s.
<i>I</i> — <i>FRAGRANS, vide PILUMNA FRAGRANS.</i>		
<i>I</i> — <i>GALEOTTIANA (picta)</i>	Costa Rica.....	21s., 42s., and 63s.
<i>I</i> — <i>HYMENANTHA</i>	Ocaña.....	31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>I</i> — <i>LAXA</i>	Columbia	10s. 6d. to 21s.
* <i>C</i> — <i>SUAVIS</i>	Costa Rica.....	10s. 6d., 15s., to 31s. 6d.
* <i>C</i> — <i>SUPERBA</i>	Costa Rica.....	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>C</i> — <i>TORTILIS</i>	Mexico	10s. 6d., 15s., and 21s.
<i>C</i> — <i>TURIALVÆ</i>	Costa Rica.....	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>S</i> — <i>STRICHOTOSIA FEROX</i>	Java	84s.
<i>I</i> — <i>UROPEDIUM LINDENI</i>	New Grenada	63s., 84s., and 105s.
Very curious long tails, yellow striped with green; like <i>Cypripedium cavidatum</i> , but having no pouch.		
<i>S</i> — <i>VANDA BATEMANNI</i>	Moluccas	42s., 63s., and 84s.
<i>S</i> — <i>BENSONI</i>	{ Prome, Thayetmyo, and Tonghoo	{ 42s. and 63s.
The flowers, which are of a yellowish green on the inside, and marked with numerous reddish brown spots, with a violet and white lip, are produced on spikes nearly 18 inches long; sweet scented.		
<i>S</i> — <i>CATHCARTII</i>	Sikkim	63s., 84s., and 105s.
<i>I</i> — <i>CÆRULEA</i>	Khasya	42s., 63s., and 84s.
<i>I</i> — <i>CÆRULESCENS</i>	Burmah	63s. and 84s.
<i>S</i> — <i>CRISTATA</i>	Nepal	63s., 84s., and 105s.
<i>S</i> — <i>DENISONIANA</i>	India	63s., 84s., and 105s.
A striking and magnificent variety, producing lovely white flowers, which are larger than those of <i>V. Bensoni</i> . It is an exceedingly beautiful Orchid.		
* <i>S</i> — <i>DENSIFLORA, vide SACCOLABIUM GIGANTEUM.</i>		
<i>S</i> — <i>GIGANTEA</i>	Moulmein and Rangoon ..	15s. and 21s.
<i>S</i> — <i>JENKINSII</i>	East Indies	63s.
<i>S</i> — <i>LOWII</i>	Borneo	
<i>S</i> — <i>ROXBURGHII</i>	Bengal	10s. 6d., 15s., and 21s.
<i>S</i> — <i>CÆRULEA</i>	Bengal	21s., 31s. 6d., and 42s.
<i>S</i> — <i>SUAVIS</i>	Java	63s., 84s., and 105s.
<i>S</i> — <i>TERES</i>	Sylhet	31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>I</i> — <i>TRICOLOR</i>	Java	42s., 63s., and 84s.
<i>I</i> — <i>AMABILIS</i>	Java	63s. and 84s.
<i>I</i> — <i>FORMOSA</i>	Java	63s. and 84s.
<i>I</i> — <i>IN SIGNIS</i>	Java	42s., 63s., and 84s.

<i>I</i> VANDA TRICOLOR MULTIFLORA	Java	63s. and 84s.
<i>I</i> — NEBULOSA	Java	63s. and 84s.
<i>I</i> — PALLIDA	Java	42s., 63s., and 84s.
<i>I</i> — PLANILABRIS	Java	63s. and 84s.
<i>I</i> — SPECTABILIS	Java	63s. and 84s.
<i>I</i> — SUPERBA	Java	63s. and 84s.
<i>S</i> VANILLA AROMATICA	Brazil	21s.
<i>I</i> WARREA LINDENIANA	New Grenada	31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>I</i> — TRICOLOR	Brazil	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>I</i> WARSCEWICZELLA AROMATICA	Costa Rica	31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>I</i> — DISCOLOR	Costa Rica	31s. 6d. to 63s.
<i>I</i> — MARGINATA	Ocaña	31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>I</i> — VIOLACEA	Brazil	42s. to 63s.
<i>I</i> — VELATA	New Grenada	31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>I</i> ZYGOPETALUM BRACHYPETALUM	Bolivia	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>C</i> — CRINITUM	Brazil	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>C</i> — CÖRULEUM	Brazil	31s. 6d. and 42s.
* <i>I</i> — MACKAYI	Brazil	15s. and 21s.
* <i>I</i> — MAJUS	Brazil	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>C</i> — MAXILLARE	Brazil	31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>S</i> — ROSTRATUM	Demerara	42s. and 63s.

CHOICE ORCHIDS.

EAST INDIAN
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6, 9, 12, 20, and 30 guineas per dozen.

PLECTOPOMAS.

These form not only a new group of hybrids, but a novel genus of Gesneraceæ.

ANORMAL, an extremely attractive and distinct variety, of dwarf habit, freely producing beautiful cream coloured flowers, with very large pale straw coloured lobes. 7s. 6d.

AUREO-LILACINUM, fine large flowers, the tube and upper lobes rosy lilac, the lower lobes white, very thickly sprinkled with lilac spots, the throat bright yellow, spotted with bright carmine. 2s. 6d.

BICOLOR, a magnificent variety with fine foliage, purple underneath, and immense flowers well open, the exterior of the tube a clear rosy red tint, and the interior pure citron colour, thickly dotted with saffron yellow. 2s. 6d.

CANDIDUM, very large pure snowy white flowers, with a large blotch of citron yellow in the throat, very floriferous and of compact habit. 2s. 6d.

COLIBRI, a very pretty variety, producing charming rosy crimson flowers; the lobes slightly mottled, and the throat white, with a large yellow blotch, and dotted with crimson. 2s. 6d.

CORALLINUM, a variety of a splendid compact branching habit, the stems red, and the leaves very dark velvety green; the flowers of a beautiful coral colour, with light yellow throat, spotted with red. 2s. 6d.

GIBSONI, a variety of robust habit and a profuse bloomer; flowers of a lovely mauve, fringed on the margins of the petals, the tube white outside, tinted with light lavender blue towards the base, inside white, beautifully speckled with light blue and yellow. 1s. 6d.

GLOXINÆFLORUM, a fine variety, producing large white flowers, having a golden yellow throat blotched with scarlet. 1s. 6d.

PLECTOPOMAS—Continued.

GREAT EASTERN, a variety with immense flowers, larger than those of *P. Viola*, of a bright rose colour, ornamented with a white spot marked with carmine. 3s. 6d.

LABYRINTHICUM, a fine flower, with lilac lobes and white throat; the whole of the flower is covered with fantastic markings and spots of amaranth. 3s. 6d.

MIGNONETTE, a fine habited and free-flowering variety; flowers white, beautifully spotted with mauve; fine large lobes of a bright citron yellow. 7s. 6d.

MYBOSTIGMA, a large and finely-formed flower, regularly and uniformly marked with numerous small bright mauve spots on a light ground; a beautiful variety. 7s. 6d.

ROLLISSONI, a hybrid between *P. gloxiniaeformum* and *Achimenes Scheerii*, flowers very large, blue, with light throat, prettily spotted. 1s. 6d.

RUBAN ROSE, snowy white flowers, profusely spotted with rose, and having a narrow border of bright rose; a lovely flower. 7s. 6d.

SCINTILLANS, very large rosy carmine flowers, of beautiful form, with citron yellow throat, spotted and freckled with scarlet; exceedingly showy. 2s. 6d.

SUAVE-ROSEUM, the lobes of this variety are of the most beautiful soft rose colour, the throat rich golden yellow; the foliage is of a dark velvety green colour; very attractive. 2s. 6d.

SUAVISSIMUM, fine large well-formed flowers, of a delicate rose colour, marbled; the entire flower attractively spotted with bright crimson. A very beautiful variety. 2s. 6d.

TRIUMPHANS, large lilac lobes, white throat, richly spotted and freckled with amaranth, the mouth marked with citron yellow. 2s. 6d.

VIOLA, the flowers of this variety are about twice as large as those of *P. Colibri*, of perfect form, and of the most exquisite bright rose colour, having on the upper part a large white spot entirely speckled with carmine, and lightly flaked with citron. 3s. 6d.

GESNERAS (NÆGELIAS).

The value of Gesneras, as decorative plants, can scarcely be over estimated. Most of them have rich velvet-like foliage, which, in the respective kinds, varies from green to crimson. If only grown for the foliage, they are very attractive, but during the winter they produce splendid pyramidal spikes of blossom, which are extremely handsome. Until recently, however, the principal colour was orange scarlet; now, resultant from fertilisation, there are various colours and shades; added to which, the spotting on the flowers of some of the varieties is extremely pretty.

ADA, pink tube, blush lobes marked with rose, deep orange throat; a very pretty flower. 3s. 6d.

ADELINA, creamy white tube, pure white lobes, deep yellow throat. 2s. 6d.

AGATHA, bright carmine tube and lobes; throat orange, attractively spotted with crimson; flowers freely produced in fine spikes. 5s.

ALBO-LUTESCENS GRANDIFLORA, very large flowers, delicate cream colour; very distinct. 2s. 6d.

AMABILIS, fine snow white flowers, ornamented with a large citron yellow spot on the lower lip. 2s. 6d.

ANNETTE, rose tube, flesh lobes, slightly and minutely freckled with rose on the margins, yellow throat. 3s. 6d.

BICOLOR, coral tube, dark yellow throat and mouth, 3s. 6d.

BOLIDE, very bright orange vermillion; clear yellow ground, with globular spots and flesh colour band; very fine. 3s. 6d.

BUTTERFLY, an exceedingly handsome variety; the upper part of the exterior of the tube is of a soft rose colour, the under part pale lemon yellow; the interior of the tube is rich golden yellow thickly spotted with rich crimson; the lobes are blush white, covered with small rosy crimson dots. 5s.

CAROLINE, bright rose tube, flesh coloured lobes, freckled all over with rose, rich orange throat, with central band of crimson spots running throughout. 2s. 6d.

CASILDA, a showy variety, with fine ornamental foliage and attractive flowers; the lobes rose, spotted with crimson; exterior of the tube bright reddish crimson; orange throat. 5s.

CEDARO, rosy purple tube, yellow lobes prettily margined with deep rose. 3s. 6d.

GESNERAS (NÆGELIAS)—Continued.

CERISE D'OR, surface of the tube cerise, throat and lobes golden yellow, netted and dotted with cerise ; a beautiful colour and good habit. 3s. 6d.

CHAIR ET CAPUCINE, delicate flesh colour, bordered and spotted with red : magnificent zonated foliage. 3s. 6d.

CHARLES RAES, very bright carmine, golden yellow throat, sprinkled with small carmine spots, fine compact pyramids of flowers. 3s. 6d.

CHARM, clear lemon yellow, with orange throat, the tube slightly tinted with red ; a very pretty flower. 2s. 6d.

CHROMATELLA, large and well-expanded flower, clear yellow, fine foliage. 1s. 6d.

CINNABARINA, large velvety leaves, deep green, marbled with black and deep red ; panicle loaded with flowers of the richest vermillion. 2s. 6d.

CINNABARINA IGNEA, a splendid variety, with fine large richly-coloured foliage ; flowers of an intensely rich and bright vermillion scarlet colour, and freely produced in fine large spikes. 2s. 6d.

CINNABARINA ROSEA, a beautiful clear vermillion ; the tube almost transparent ; the interior carnation marbled with white ; throat citron yellow speckled with gold. 2s. 6d.

CITRINA CORONATA, coral tube, throat and lobes pure citron, each lobe being spotted with vermillion ; an admirable variety. 2s. 6d.

CITRINA ROSEA, a very pretty variety with fine flowers ; the exterior of the tube rose colour ; the lobes and mouth citron yellow. 3s. 6d.

CLIFTONI, very large lobes, half vermillion, half golden yellow, the whole flower covered with small crimson spots. 3s. 6d.

CYMOSA, clear rose pink, very handsome foliage. 3s. 6d.

DAUW, a magnificent flower, the lobes white, sprinkled with rose, the throat golden yellow, netted with vermillion, the divisions of each lobe snowy white, marked with very bright rose. 3s. 6d.

DIANA, a fine flower, tube soft rose colour ; lobes white, slightly marbled with light rose ; deep citron yellow throat. 3s. 6d.

DISPLAY, an attractive variety ; the upper part of the tube cinnamon red, the throat and lobes yellow, the latter being marbled with red. 3s. 6d.

DONDERSTRAAL, dark carmine lobes, golden yellow throat, largely spotted with cochineal, the divisions of the lobes white, rayed and dotted rose ; fine spikes of flowers. 2s. 6d.

DROOM, large flesh coloured flowers, beautifully marked with chrome yellow, on a cream ground, and produced in fine pyramids. 3s. 6d.

EMMA LE FEBVRE, rosy flesh tube, the whole of the interior of the flower pure white, except a light tint of carnation ; a very pretty variety. 2s. 6d.

EXONIENSIS, flowers of an intense orange scarlet colour, with yellow throat ; the foliage is of a dark velvety texture, studded all over with minute red hairs, almost like plush. 1s. 6d.

FESTOON, bright pink tube, blush white lobes, and orange throat. 3s. 6d.

FULGIDA BICOLOR, a splendid and exceedingly attractive flower, the lower half being white marbled with vermillion, and the upper part of a bright shining vermillion colour ; very striking. 3s. 6d.

FULGIDA VAN HOUTTEI, a very great improvement on *G. fulgida bicolor*, if such a gem could be more perfect than it already is. The sparkling vermillion colour of the flowers, contrasting with the snow white of their interior, which is covered with balls of vermillion, make it an exceedingly attractive plant. 5s.

GAY-LUSSAC, clear vermillion, spotted with vermillion on the inside. 3s. 6d.

GRAND MOGUL, flowers of the most intense vermillion colour, with rich citron mouth and throat ; very fine. 5s.

GUILLAUME TELL, magnificent foliage, very thickly set with flowers of the most beautiful dark vermillion orange. 3s. 6d.

INCENDIE, fiery red, finely sprinkled on the white ground of the interior. 3s. 6d.

INFANTA, exterior of tube light rose ; interior deep yellow ; lobes white, slightly tinged with blush ; a very pretty flower. 5s.

INTERESTING, surface of the tube deep salmon, interior of the lobes and throat yellow, minutely freckled with cinnamon. 2s. 6d.

JEWEL, the lobes of the flowers pure lemon colour, with rich orange throat ; a very free-blooming variety. 3s. 6d.

JOVIAL, orange ; tube snow white, dotted and broadly bordered with the most beautiful vermillion. 3s. 6d.

GESNERAS (NÆGELIAS)—Continued.

JULIETTE, handsome foliage ; fine large flesh coloured flowers, tinted with orange ; mouth straw colour, marbled with very bright ochre. 3s. 6d.

LEICHTLINII, pure yellow, margined with deep rose ; fine foliage. 2s. 6d.

LEOPARD VERMILLON, magnificent corymbs of large flowers of the most brilliant vermillion, encircling a cream coloured ground, which is sparingly dotted with vermillion. 3s. 6d.

LINDLEYANA, surface of the tube coral, throat and lobes golden yellow, regularly sprinkled with crimson. 2s. 6d.

MABEL, a very pretty flower ; the lobes white, veined with rose ; throat deep yellow, spotted with crimson ; tube soft rose. 3s. 6d.

MADAME A. LACOMBLÉ, pure white, with rose netting ; a charming variety. 2s. 6d.

MADAME VAN HOUTTE, fine branching pyramids of flowers, very bright rose tube, white lobes, striped and spotted with carmine. 2s. 6d.

MASTOUCHE, flesh colour, bordered with Nasturtium red, the interior white, spotted with flesh colour. 3s. 6d.

MAZEPPA, magnificent striped foliage, thickly set with flowers of orange vermillion, nicely spotted on the white interior ground. 3s. 6d.

MORGENLICHT, superb foliage, fine pyramids of well-formed flowers, of a beautiful pure golden yellow colour. 2s. 6d.

NACHTEGAAL, large carnation coloured lobes, white throat, netted and spotted with flesh colour ; a pretty flower. 2s. 6d.

NIKITA, white interior, broadly bordered and spotted with dark vermillion ; exterior brilliant orange colour. 3s. 6d.

NIVALIS, this pretty variety produces fine pyramidal spikes of pure white flowers, with rich yellow throats. 2s. 6d.

OBAN, a showy variety, producing fine flowers ; lobes rose colour, dotted with crimson ; tube rosy carmine outside, and rich yellow spotted with erinuron on the inside. 5s.

OCTAVIE, a fine flower, of a very pure and clear yellow colour. 3s. 6d.

ORLANDO, a fine variety, with rich dark velvety foliage, and showy flowers of a rich orange-scarlet colour. 2s. 6d.

PERA, lobes pink, spotted with crimson ; exterior of tube rosy crimson ; interior orange ; the foliage of this variety is remarkably rich and attractive. 5s.

QUERCIFOLIA, dazzling vermillion flowers, fine distinct velvety foliage. 3s. 6d.

REFULGENS, rich crimson foliage, flowers rich violet, throat white, with large chamois spot. 2s. 6d.

REINE MARIE HENRIETTE, orange, with beautiful dottings of the same colour upon a cream colour ground ; flowers produced in fine pyramidal spikes. 3s. 6d.

ROASLIE, blush tube, white lobes, deep golden yellow throat. 2s. 6d.

ROSEA PUNCTATISSIMA, very deep rich rose, canary yellow throat. 3s. 6d.

ROSE D'AMOUR, rose, marbled and maculated with pure snow white, throat white, rayed and spotted with clear citron. 2s. 6d.

RUBAN COCHENILLE, outside red, with cochineal margin ; golden encircled white interior. 3s. 6d.

SCEPTRE BRILLIANT, a fine variety, with very richly coloured foliage, and freely producing large bright coral flowers, shaded with lilac ; citron yellow throat, richly spotted. 5s.

SCEPTRE CERISE, bright cerise vermillion, spotted with golden yellow, flowers produced in fine pyramidal branched spikes ; magnificent bronzy foliage, covered with velvety crimson. 2s. 6d.

SCEPTRE CORAIL, fine pyramids of brilliant coral flowers, the mouth striped with canary yellow, rich velvety amaranth foliage. 3s. 6d.

SCEPTRE ROYAL, fine bronzy amaranth foliage, largely spotted with bright green, large coral flowers, citron throat, with spots of rich scarlet. 3s. 6d.

SOCIAL, rosy salmon tube, buff lobes, which with the throat are covered with minute spots of bright carmine. 3s. 6d.

SUAVITAS, delicate flesh colour ; interior white ground speckled with flesh colour. 3s. 6d.

TOTA ALBA, this is the only pure white Gesnera. 3s. 6d.

TRICOLORE ORANGE, clear orange red, with border of the same colour, and finely speckled ; interior gold and white. 3s. 6d.

ZONNENDAAL, a fine flower of a delicate rose colour, with beautiful cinnamon dottings. 2s. 6d.

ZUCHT, fine coral coloured lobes, throat distinctly veined and netted with chamois colour. 2s. 6d.

EUCODONIAS.

EHRENBERGII. An attractive variety, having the foliage of a Ligeria, and freely producing clear blue flowers, which are slightly crumpled and have a white throat. 1s. 6d.

NÆGELIOIDES. An exceedingly pretty hybrid Gesneraceous plant ; leaves lanate, cordate ovate; flowers prettily produced on small plants, nearly the size and form of a drooping Gloxinia, but having the soft colouring and elegant markings of some of the rosy-flowered Tydaes, with the throat of a citron yellow. This is a charming little plant that can be strongly recommended. 1s. 6d.

NÆGELIOIDES DIAMANTINA. This very beautiful and attractive hybrid Gesneraceous plant is similar to the preceding in growth and habit, but differs in the colour of its flowers, which are of a brilliant violet purple, with citron yellow throat. It is an abundant bloomer, flowering very freely on small plants. 1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d.

NÆGELIOIDES LILACINELLA. The flowers of this variety are of a beautiful fresh lilac colour, marbled, and the throat is pure white, spotted and dotted with citron, yellow, and lilac. It is a very attractive plant, and an abundant bloomer. 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

NÆGELIOIDES NANA MULTIFLORA. This charming plant remains upwards of three months in all its beauty. It is the dwarfest in habit of the genus, attaining but 6 to 8 inches in height, peduncles, pedicels, and flowers included. The foliage is exceedingly rich ; and the flowers, which are produced most profusely, are amaranth and golden yellow, dotted with vermillion. 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

VAN HOUTTEI. A splendid variety, with very large flowers of the most perfect form ; colour vivid carmine and pure white, ornamented with flesh coloured stripes ; very striking and attractive. The plant is of fine habit, and extremely floriferous. 3s. 6d.

KOHLERIA LANATA.

A novel and interesting Gesneraceous plant ; the stem and under part of the leaves covered with long brilliant orange red hairs ; flowers orange, shaded with bright red, spotted and edged with bright crimson. 3s. 6d.

KOHLERIA RUPESTRIS.

A handsome Gesneraceous plant, discovered in the Chontales Mountains, Nicaragua, by the late Dr. Seemann. The catkin-like root-stock is hirsute ; the stems and branches are whitish, occasionally marked with reddish stripes, and covered with whitish woolly hair. The flowers are red outside, and yellowish with reddish dots inside, and are freely produced in terminal racemes. It is a very useful and attractive plant. 5s.

ROSANOWIA (BIGLANDULARIA).

This is a new genus of Gesneraceæ, with the habit of Scheeria and Loheria, nevertheless not belonging to the Achimenes tribe, but to the Ligeria. It is closely allied to Sinningia (Nees) and Ligeria (Dene), having a tuberous rhizome, and a similarly-shaped corolla, but both these genera have five perigynous glands, whilst Biglandularia has only two, in which respect it differs also from every other known genus of the order.

CITRINO-AMARANTINA, rich woolly and glossy foliage ; the flowers, which are large and of good form, are freely produced in the axils of the leaves ; the peduncles are long and quite erect ; the flowers are yellow outside and lemon colour inside, striped and speckled with amaranth. 3s. 6d.

CONSPICUA, this species has been introduced from the tropical part of Brazil. The plant grows about a foot high, is hirsute, the leaves opposite, ovate-oblong, and with a short acumen, dentated at the edge, and slightly cordate at the base. The flowers, which appear on long axillary peduncles —making it a free-flowering species—are yellow, paler on the outside than the inside, and the lower part of the tube inside is marked with elegant purple lines and dots. 2s. 6d.

ROSEO-LUTEA, a very fine variety, with beautiful large and fine flowers, which are half yellow and half rose colour. It has charming foliage, nearly obicular. 3s. 6d.

STRAMINEA STRIATELLA, fine large yellow flowers, striped with amaranth ; all the tube flesh colour ; a splendid variety, with very beautiful foliage. 3s. 6d.

TYDÆAS.

ADONIS, white, marbled with vermillion ; scarlet tube, 2s. 6d.

AGAR, white ground, suffused with carmine and distinctly dotted with very bright chamois. 3s. 6d.

ALBA KERMESINA, white ground, shaded with bright rose, and beautifully marked with crimson, 3s. 6d.

TYDEAS—Continued.

ALBA NIGRA, fiery red ground, white throat, striped with black. 2s. 6d.

ALBA ROSEO-MACULATA, white ground, suffused with fiery red, throat white, with rose spots, mouth festooned with black dots. 2s. 6d.

AMARANTE ET CANNELLE, amaranth cerise, fiery throat, admirably marked with deep cinnamon. 3s. 6d.

AURANTIACA ZEBRINA, vermillion orange, the entire flower striped; very beautiful and distinct. 2s. 6d.

AVONDSTER, clear cerise, with white throat, regularly marked with large black blotches. 2s. 6d.

CLIO, straw colour, with large scarlet throat. 2s. 6d.

COMPACTA FLORIBUNDA, beautiful velvety flowers, rosy cerise, marked with bright amaranth; very compact. 2s. 6d.

CRATÈRE, a fine, well-formed flower of a rich bright crimson colour, attractively barred with black; very showy. 5s.

DISPLAY, a splendid variety for winter-blooming, freely producing large, beautiful, well-formed flowers; the tube is a bright carmine colour, densely covered with short crimson hairs; the lobes, which are very broad and ample, are pink, beautifully reticulated with rich crimson; the mouth is a rich violet carmine colour, and the throat white, blotched with deep orange. 3s. 6d.

ETNA, very dark scarlet, striped with black. 2s. 6d.

EUTERPE, lower lobes white, marbled and spotted with vermillion; tube vermillion, shaded with carmine; upper lobes amaranth, densely speckled. 2s. 6d.

FOURNAIS DE PLUTON, intense vermillion, darkly striped. 2s. 6d.

HOOP, a fresh violet colour, cream coloured throat, maculated with cinnamon, and marked with amaranth; a very bright flower. 2s. 6d.

LADY CAROLINE KERRISON, tube orange scarlet; lobes rich light rose, spotted with violet; interior of the tube beautifully marked with carmine crimson. 1s. 6d.

LIEFKEN, orange vermillion, with white throat, speckled with carmine, and rayed with cinnamon crimson. 2s. 6d.

MAGNIFICA AMARANTINA, brilliant amaranth, regularly striped with crimson; quite a novel colour. 3s. 6d.

MELPOMENE, large bright carmine. 2s. 6d.

MIERKEN, white, thickly blotched with cochineal, and marbled with white; throat white, maculated with orange scarlet. 2s. 6d.

OPHIR, orange vermillion, upper petals spotted with black, lower petals spotted with yellow. 2s. 6d.

POLYMNIE, carmine tube, upper petals bright carmine, lower petals pure white, the whole of the petals spotted with rich dark carmine. 2s. 6d.

ROBERT LE DIABLE, fine large flowers, of a rich reddish crimson colour, very heavily blotched and marked with black on all the lobes; tube and throat very dark crimson. 5s.

THALIE, citron, spotted and flaked with vermillion, tube vermillion. 2s. 6d.

TRICOLOR, white, beautifully spotted with amaranth, coral coloured tube. 2s. 6d.

URANIE, a large lilac flower, striped with scarlet, deep yellow throat, striped with brown. 2s. 6d.

VESUVIUS, brilliant crimson, veined and spotted with maroon. 2s. 6d.

VIOLET ET MARRON, rich violet ground, throat white, spotted with chamois, lobes bright purple, the whole streaked with maroon. 3s. 6d.

WILHELMINE LEFEBVRE, upper petals amaranth, lower petals white, all the flowers reticulated with amaranth on a pink ground. 2s. 6d.

WONDER, one of the most magnificent varieties ever sent out; the flowers, which are of a dazzling bright orange vermillion colour, veined with black, are produced in majestic spikes. 3s. 6d.

ZIERKEN, rich fiery vermilion, rayed with black, white throat, rayed with flesh colour. 2s. 6d.

These can be cultivated so as to produce an abundance of bloom throughout the winter, their flowering season principally depending on the time of year their tubers are started into growth. With a little management a succession of blooming plants can be had nearly throughout the year.

NEW AND CHOICE ACHIMENES.

ADMIRATION. This is a magnificent variety, of free robust habit and growth; the flowers, which are beautifully formed and of immense size (about 2 inches across), are of a rich deep rose colour; the throat is ornamented with a white streak, which is spotted at the base. It is very free blooming, and exceedingly attractive. 3s. 6d.

NEW AND CHOICE ACHIMENES—Continued.

ARGUS, colour rich plum, large deep orange eye, spotted with carmine, upper lobes of the flower beautifully rayed towards the margin. 2s. 6d.

AURORA, flowers of a rich heavy scarlet, with light yellow eye; very effective. 1s. 6d.

CELESTIAL, a very fine and distinct variety, of good habit and a profuse bloomer, producing exceedingly beautiful flowers of a very light blue colour, with attractive centre, the upper part of the eye being rich purple, and the lower part cream colour, darkly rayed. 2s. 6d.

CHARM, a very large fine flower, of a beautiful light rosy purple colour, with light throat, marked with orange at the mouth. 5s.

CHERUB, a splendid variety, producing abundantly very large and thick finely-formed white flowers, which are beautifully tinted with blue on the margin of the lobes; upper part of the eye bright blue, and the lower part primrose, rayed with crimson. It is exceedingly attractive. 2s. 6d.

DIAMOND, a variety in the style of *Ambroise Verschaffelt*, but having the purple blue radiation and blotch confined to the centre of the flower, thus leaving the lobes whiter than in that kind. 3s. 6d.

ECLIPSE, bright orange red eye, beautifully spotted with carmine, good habit and free bloomer; a desirable variety. 2s. 6d.

EXCELSIOR, plum colour, large and fine, good habit, very distinct. 3s. 6d.

GIBSONI, *vide* Plectopoma Gibsoni.

GLOXINIÆFLORUM, *vide* Plectopoma gloxiniaeflorum.

GRANDIS, flowers deep violet colour, with a rich orange eye, finely spotted and shaded with carmine. 1s. 6d.

MAGNET, orange, spotted with crimson, deep carmine circle and spotted eye. 2s. 6d.

MARVEL, a remarkably rich and bright-looking flower, of fine form and large size (about 2 inches in diameter); colour a very bright rosy violet, with light throat, darkly spotted at the base. It is an exceedingly showy and attractive variety. 3s. 6d.

MASTERPIECE. This variety is of remarkably robust growth, and the flowers, which are very smooth and well-formed, are of immense size, exceeding 2 inches in diameter; the colour is a very rich rose, with violet shade; the flowers have a large white throat, which is darkly spotted at the base. It is a splendid variety, very floriferous, and extremely showy and effective. 3s. 6d.

MAUVE QUEEN, large mauve coloured flowers, with a conspicuous light chocolate eye; splendid form and fine waxy substance. 1s. 6d.

NESIDA, soft lilac; light yellow centre, spotted and rayed with lilac; a very pretty flower. 3s. 6d.

NINA, a very large and handsome flower of a dark satiny lilac colour, beautifully rayed in the three lower petals. 3s. 6d.

OBERON, bright blue, upper portion of the eye purple, white centre. 2s. 6d.

PINK PERFECTION, flowers very large, colour magenta rose, the upper part of the eye rich carmine, the under lobes beautifully rayed with violet. 1s. 6d.

RIVAL, deep puce, excellent habit and profuse bloomer. 3s. 6d.

ROLLISSONI, *vide* Plectopoma Rollissoni.

ROSE QUEEN, large stout flowers, of a rich rosy lake colour, shading to deep purple, with orange throat; of compact habit and a profuse bloomer. 5s.

SPARKLER, rich deep scarlet, dwarf compact habit, extra fine. 3s. 6d.

STELLA, flowers 2½ inches across, clear magenta, orange eye, spotted with carmine, nicely serrated, distinct and beautiful. 3s. 6d.

WILLIAMSII, a free-blooming variety of good compact and branching habit, producing large flowers of good substance, of a vivid scarlet colour, with orange yellow throat. 3s. 6d.

AMBROISE VERSCHAFFELT, 1s.

AUTUMNALIS, 1s.

BELLE CRACOVIANNE, 1s.

CARDINEAUX, 1s.

CARL WOLFARTH, 1s.

CASPER SCHINZ, 1s.

DAZZLE, 1s.

DENTONIANA, 1s.

EDWARD BOSSIER, 1s.

GRANDIFLORA, 1s.

“ **FLORE PLENO**, 1s.

HENDERSONI, 1s.

HOFGARTNER NEUNER, 1s.

LEOPARD, 1s.

LONGIFLORA, 1s.

LONGIFLORA ALBA, 1s.

“ **MACRANTHA**, 1s.

“ **MAJOR**, 1s.

LOUIS VAN HOUTTE, 1s.

MARGARITÆ, 1s.

MAUVE PERFECTION, 1s.

METEOR, 1s.

MINIATA, 1s.

M. DE PARPART, 1s.

PATENS, 1s.

PEDUNCULATA, 1s.

PICTA, 1s.

PULCHELLA, 1s.

PURPUREA ELEGANS, 1s.

“ **MULTIFLORA**, 1s.

NEW AND CHOICE ACHIMENES—Continued.

PYGMÆA, 1s.
ROSEA MAGNIFICA, 1s.
ROUGE FEU DORÉ, 1s.
SCARLET PERFECTION, 1s.
SIR TREHERNE THOMAS, 1s.
SKINNERI, 1s.

TUBIFLORA, 1s.
VENUSTA, 1s.
VESTALIN, 1s.
VIOLACEA SEMI-PLENA, 1s.
VIVICANS, 1s.

CYRTODEIRA (ACHIMENES) METALLICA.

Introduced from South America. It has bright scarlet flowers, and large, thick, hirsute, ovate-leaves of an olive hue, with red central band feathering out from the mid-rib, giving the leaves a metallic appearance ; it is of trailing habit, and well adapted for suspending baskets. 3s. 6d.

CYRTODEIRA (ACHIMENES) CHONTALENSIS.

The following is an extract from Dr. Berthold Seemann's description of this charming plant, given in the *Gardeners' Chronicle* :—

" *Cyrtodeira chontalensis* is one of the most beautiful Gesneraceous plants I have seen. The leaves are purple on the under side, and on the upper light green, with very dark green blotches. The flowers appear in November and December, and are lilac, and as large as a crown piece, with a yellow centre, and a whitish tube. The roots are fibrous (not catkin-like rhizomes, as in the Achimenes tribe), and in habit the plant resembles *C. metallica*, which has smaller and scarlet flowers, and a hairy ovary." 3s. 6d.

CYRTODEIRA (ACHIMENES) FULGIDA.

An extremely showy Gesneraceous plant from New Grenada. It has beautiful brownish green or olive-coloured metallic-looking leaves, ornamented with silver gray mid-rib and veins, and freely produces its charming bright scarlet flowers, which render it exceedingly attractive. 3s. 6d.

NEW AND CHOICE GLOXINIAS.

Those marked thus () have erect flowers.*

ACTON GREEN, lobes a pinkish blue, shaded with white and veined with violet, white throat, spotted at the top. 3s. 6d.

ADÈLE, white lobes, cream coloured throat, encircled with lilac at the mouth ; very pretty. 2s. 6d.

***ADVANCER**, dark blue lobes, edged with lavender, creamy white throat, the lobes intersected with pale lavender. 3s. 6d.

A. HAUT, sky blue, admirably dotted on pure white zone. 5s.

ALBA STRIATA, pure white, purple throat, dark lilac border, veined with white ; a very beautiful variety. 3s. 6d.

***ALB MAROUSE**, delicate rose, beautifully dotted with pure white. 5s.

***ALFRED DE MUSSET**, bright cochineal colour, striped with lilac. 5s.

***ALFRED DE VIGNY**, deep amaranth red, dotted with blue ; violet throat and mouth. 5s.

ALICE, an immense flower with large smooth limb of rich mauve, and clear yellow throat. 2s. 6d.

ANTONIO, throat cream colour, spotted with red at the base, lobes broadly margined with bright carmine ; an exceedingly handsome and attractive flower. 5s.

AUG. SIRAX, beautiful rose ; with cochineal mouth ; each lobe marbled white. 5s.

***BARONNE D'ITAJUBA**, large white flower, the lobes spotted with blue, rose throat, rayed and spotted with rosy carmine. 3s. 6d.

BELLE DE MEULAN, white tube and throat, purple violet lobes. 5s.

BERESFORD, bright rose, mouth surrounded with dark crimson, and encircled with plum. 3s. 6d.

BERGERONETTE, upper part of the flower fine rose, the three lower lobes pure white. 2s. 6d.

BLEU DE ROI, rich blue, shaded with violet ; cream coloured throat. 3s. 6d.

BYRON, a fine large white flower of good form ; the margin of the lobes amaranth, festooned with purple. 5s.

C. A. FASSIAUX, cream colour, margined and marbled with sky blue. 5s.

CAMOËNS, a very fine flower, marbled snow white and blue, and bordered with crimson. 5s.

***CANDEUR**, an exceedingly delicate pure white flower. 3s. 6d.

CERISE VIOLET, blue, shaded with violet. 2s. 6d.

NEW AND CHOICE GLOXINIAS—Continued.

CERVANTES, a very fine showy flower; white ground, the lobes marbled with cochineal, and ornamented with clear blue markings, which extend down to the bottom of the throat. 5s.

***CHATEAUBRIAND**, pure white undulated lobes, ornamented with a rose cochineal festoon; the whole throat attractively marked with beautiful delicate rose. 5s.

COMTE DE GOMER, white throat, rayed with rosy lilac, lobes lilac. 3s. 6d.

***COMTESSE DE BARRAL**, lobes white, maculated with violet blue, and tipped with rose, throat white, rayed and spotted with lilac rose. 2s. 6d.

***COMTESSE DE NADAILLAC**, pure white, of perfect form and good habit. 5s.

***CORDON CELÉSTE**, white, with light blue band. 2s. 6d.

***CORDON LAVANDE**, beautiful creamy white, very delicate, with a ribbon of lavender. 2s. 6d.

C. P. MONGENAST, violet; the lobes marked with a crimson horse-shoe; tube of a creamy white colour. 5s.

***DANTE**, a large sky blue flower, marbled with pure white and veined with clear blue. 5s.

***DE BOUCHAUD DE BUSSY**, a deep reddish purple colour, margined with pure white; novel and distinct. 5s.

DECISIVE, violet blue lobes, the mouth encircled with purple, throat white, spotted with crimson. 5s.

***DELPHINE GAY**, pure white, cream coloured throat dotted with lilac amaranth. 5s.

***DR. P. DECAISNE**, a very large velvety carmine flower; lilac throat, beautifully speckled with purple. 5s.

EBLOUSSANT, deep dazzling red, with white throat; a splendid variety. 3s. 6d.

***EMILE AUGIER**, pure white, with myriads of dottings; the lobes marked with blue; chocolate throat. 5s.

***EMPEREUR DU BRÉSIL**, tube and throat white, very lightly rayed and spotted with rosy carmine, lobes white, spotted with blue. A very free-flowering and beautiful variety. 2s. 6d.

***EVELINA**, blush, mottled with white, pencilled white throat. 3s. 6d.

FÉNÉLON, violet, shaded with black, throat cream colour; superb foliage; a very fine variety. 3s. 6d.

FLEUR DE FLANDRE, white throat, purple mouth, lobes marbled and netted with indigo blue, white edge. 2s. 6d.

***FRANKLIN**, a very large fine flower; dark blue, ribboned with blackish purple; ornamented tube. 5s.

***FRITZ GEBHARD**, white, festooned with bright scarlet. 5s.

GARDE À VOUS! A fine flower with large corolla, of a rich purple colour marked with white; broad throat, of a pure cream colour. 3s. 6d.

***G. DEMOULIN**, cochineal, bordered with white; the white marking in each lobe marbled with sky blue. 5s.

***GÉNÉRAL DAMMAN**, a novel and beautiful flower; blue, striped with white. 5s.

GEORGE SAND, white, delicately dotted with bright rose. 5s.

***GEORGIANA**, large flower, freckled, new colour. 2s. 6d.

***GÖTHE**, vermillion rose, with black throat; white ground. 5s.

***HENRI CONSCIENCE**, white; the mouth surrounded with cochineal; the lobes beautifully marbled with lilac. 5s.

***HENRI MURGER**, large light blue flowers, with white throat dotted with purple in the centre. 5s.

***HORTENSE**, ground colour creamy white; flower broadly and distinctly festooned with bright rose. 2s. 6d.

IDA, creamy white, broadly festooned with fine deep blue; a very fine large flower. 2s. 6d.

INSPECTOR, bright blue lobes, pure white mouth and throat. 3s. 6d.

ISABEL, white tube; lobes and throat violet mauve; all the lobes broadly, evenly and distinctly margined with white, which renders it extremely pleasing and attractive. 5s.

JOSEPHINE, white lobes, margined and marbled with pink; cream coloured throat, distinctly banded with violet rose, the base of the throat white, profusely spotted with rose; a charming flower. 3s. 6d.

***JULIE**, broad, smooth, and well-distended flowers of a snowy whiteness, with a broad circular band of tender rose. 2s. 6d.

JULIEN, a magnificent flower, broadly blotched with rich deep carmine, and edged with a narrow white band, the whole marbled to the extreme end of the corolla. 3s. 6d.

NEW AND CHOICE GLOXINIAS—Continued.

LAMARTINE, a very beautiful undulated flower, of magnificent shape and nearly erect; white-bordered rose limb, veering to cochineal, marbled with white, and elegantly veined with rose. 5s.

LEAH, lavender blue, shaded with violet; light throat, spotted with crimson, the whole of the throat minutely freckled; flowers large and well formed; an effective variety. 5s.

LÉON GOZLAN, cochineal, marked with violet and flaked with white; cream coloured throat. 5s.

***LÉONTINE FAY**, soft satiny rose, regularly dotted on a white ground. 5s.

LÉON VANDERWEE, bright carmine, the lobes maculated with black, and bordered with white. 5s.

LIBERTY, lobes blue, edged with lavender; throat creamy white, shaded with crimson at the base. 5s.

LOUISE, cochineal, edged with lilac and slate colour, and striped with white. 2s. 6d.

LYDIE, a very large flower; tube red, smooth pure white lobes, festooned at the mouth with rich mauve. 2s. 6d.

MADAME CHAVERONDIER, rosy lilac throat, rayed and spotted with dark lilac, lobes white, blotched with blue. 2s. 6d.

***MADAME COCHIN**, a large and well-formed flower; white lobes, marked with lilac at the division of each petal, yellow throat. 2s. 6d.

MADAME GUSTAVE GUILMOT, very dark purple, ribboned and marbled with white. 5s.

***MADAME GUSTAVE ROY**, white tube, dotted with lilac, carmine lobes, spotted with light rose. 3s. 6d.

MAMMOUTH, an enormous flower of a rich violet colour; the lower lobes marked with light crimson, and marbled with white. 5s.

***MAX NISSON**, rose, shaded with black and flaked with white; a very fine and attractive variety. 5s.

MEDINA, rose lobes, shaded with bright crimson, bright pink tube, violet month. 2s. 6d.

***MERY**, fine large well-formed flower, of a velvety scarlet colour, flaked with white; deep violet throat; ribboned with pure white. 5s.

***MILTON**, tender rose, with carmine star, ornamented with white flakes. 5s.

MINA, very bright cerise, with snow white mouth; very attractive. 3s. 6d.

***M. LUCY-SEDILLOT**, tube and throat pure white, lobes rosy lilac, striped with white; very floriferous. 3s. 6d.

***MONSEIGNOR FARIA**, clear lilac tube, lobes dark violet, bordered with clear violet; a well-formed flower. 2s. 6d.

***MONSIEUR ALPHAND**, tube white, throat spotted with violet, deep violet purple limb, with a clear stain on each lobe. 5s.

MONSIEUR DECAISNE, tube white, throat streaked, veined, and dotted with lilac, white zone, dotted with violet lilac at the mouth; azure blue limb, spotted with violet blue. 2s. 6d.

***MONSIEUR DE VASCONCELLES**, tube and throat white, the latter lightly rayed and spotted with lilac; azure blue limb, with white blotches, dotted with violet. 3s. 6d.

***MONSIEUR GAUSSIN**, white tube and throat, lightly spotted with violet, lobes rosy lilac, with white centre, striped with rose. 2s. 6d.

MONTFORT, pink, the under lobes shaded with intense vermillion, rich violet throat, spotted with dark crimson. 2s. 6d.

***MRS. JOHN SMITH**, a large fine white flower, ornamented with innumerable dots; lobes dark lilac, ribboned with amaranth. 5s.

OLINDA, pure white tube, pink lobes, dark violet month, base of the throat spotted crimson. 3s. 6d.

***ORIENTAL**, rosy purple lobes, white throat, densely speckled and spotted with crimson. 5s.

***OSWALD DE KERCHOVE**, a splendid variety, producing very large fine flowers of a rich dark purple colour; tube pure white, beautifully spotted with crimson; very attractive. 5s.

PAREPA, a fine well-formed flower, of good size and very effective; lobes a beautiful blue; month violet; throat white, freckled with maroon. 3s. 6d.

***PÉGASE**, each lobe three-coloured, dark vermillion horseshoe, the centre of which is lilac, widely bordered with pure white, throat marbled and spotted with white and carmine. 2s. 6d.

PERIM, pure white tube and throat, bright pink lobes, month encircled with lavender. 2s. 6d.

PIONEER, indigo blue lobes, rich purple month and white throat; a showy and attractive variety. 3s. 6d.

PORTIA, violet lobes, white throat, freckled with amaranth; novel and attractive. 5s.

NEW AND CHOICE GLOXINIAS.—Continued.

POURPRE DE TYR, large deep rich crimson flower ; lower part of the throat pure cream colour, speckled with amaranth ; a very fine variety. 3s. 6d.

PRES. GRÉVY, large cream coloured flowers, bordered with purple violet. 5s.

PRIMA DONNA, white tube and lobes, marbled with rosy crimson, pure white throat ; the interior of the tube banded midway with violet. 3s. 6d.

QUADRICOLORE, rose, flaked with white and spotted with cochineal ; lilac throat. 3s. 6d.

***RACHEL**, white tube, lightly spotted, violet lilac limb, with a white zone in the centre, the lobes also bordered with white. 3s. 6d.

RÊVE D'OR, pure white, neatly shaded with sky blue. 2s. 6d.

***ROMÉO**, white, prettily marked with delicate rose. 3s. 6d.

ROSE D'AMOUR, cream coloured throat, lobes bright rosy carmine, shaded towards the base with rose cerise. 2s. 6d.

***ROSE ET HERMINE**, pure white throat and mouth, lobes bright rose spotted with white. 5s.

ROSIÈRE, pure white, broadly festooned with very rich cochineal, and beautifully speckled with vermillion. 3s. 6d.

SARA, very deep rose, marbled with pure white ; broad cream-coloured throat. 2s. 6d.

***SCHILLER**, fiery cherry colour with violet star ; a large and beautiful flower. 5s.

SECADOR, white tube and throat, lobes bright blue, marbled with white. 3s. 6d.

SIBYL, lobes pink, tube white, the throat distinctly encircled with rose, and the interior of the tube attractively spotted with violet crimson. 5s.

***SIDONIE**, a very large fine flower ; white, striped with lavender-blue and ribboned with white. 3s. 6d.

SIMONDA, white tube, bright pink lobes, rich violet mouth, throat spotted with crimson. 2s. 6d.

***SOUVENIR D'HENRI**, a very fine large cream-coloured flower ; the lobes marked with white and festooned with dark blue. 2s. 6d.

***STAR**, white throat, very large violet lobes, maculated with white. 5s.

***SAUVIS**, a large well-expanded flower of fine form ; white ground very thickly covered with small dots of a tender rose colour. 5s.

SUZANNE, a beautiful rich blue shaded with mauve. 2s. 6d.

***THÉOPHILE GAUTIER**, very large white flowers minutely dotted with rose ; very fine. 5s.

TITIAN, rich violet lobes, the throat pure white, encircled with purple, and conspicuously spotted at the base with crimson ; a strikingly handsome and well-formed flower. 3s. 6d.

***TOPAZE**, tube and lobes pure white ; violet-mauve mouth, light throat. 2s. 6d.

***TRICOLORE COCHENILLE**, an extremely large and fine flower of a cochineal colour with lavender rays ; tricoloured tube. 5s.

VALÉRIE, a very distinct and novel variety, pure lilac colour, each petal having a mark like a horseshoe ; tube cream colour and thickly dotted with purple. 2s. 6d.

VALLERANDI, tube white, the throat also white, with lilac spots and stripes ; the limb white, with large deep bluish purple spots. 3s. 6d.

***VICOMTE DE BARRAL**, amaranth, bordered with violet ; tube marbled on a white ground. 5s.

***VICOMTE DE BOUSIES**, white, marbled and mottled with cochineal and rose. 5s.

***VICOMTE DE FORCEVILLE**, tube and throat white, the limb white, lightly spotted with rose, the mouth marked with rosy violet spots ; the lobes slightly bordered with lilac. 3s. 6d.

VIOLETTE MARBRÉE, violet, the lower lobes marbled with white, and the entire flower margined with white. 5s.

VIOLETTE NEIGEUSE, a very large rich violet flower, marbled all over with white ; golden yellow throat. 2s. 6d.

VLAANDEREN, white throat, ornamented with myriads of carmine spots, tube carmine, shaded with plum, lobes rich velvety purple. 2s. 6d.

***voie LACTÉE**, pure white ground, covered with myriads of small azure-blue spots. 2s. 6d.

WASHINGTON, very dark vermillion cochineal. 5s.

WILHELMINE, a very prettily marked white flower ; the mouth is ornamented with an azure-blue band, encircling innumerable blue dottings ; the whole of the throat speckled with rose. 3s. 6d.

Selections of other good kinds can be made from Mr. W. B.'s general collection, at 18s. and 30s. per dozen.

SHRUBBY GLOXINIA "IN SIGNIS."

This distinct variety produces its flowers during the autumn and winter ; colour bluish lilac, marked with a large crimson blotch at the base of the tube. 2s. 6d.

GLOXINIA MACULATA ROSEA CHIRITIFORMIS.

This novel hybrid will prove quite an acquisition, for it blooms during the whole of the winter. Its foliage is very beautiful, of a bronzy amaranth, and its flowers, which are produced abundantly, are of a beautiful bright rose, with a bluish tint. 2s. 6d.

GLOXINIA MACULATA SCEPTRUM.

A magnificent hybrid, with extra large erect foliage. It produces a rigid terminal inflorescence, exceeding 20 inches in height, which bears majestically its large clear lilac well-formed blooms. The leaves are cordate and pinked. 3s. 6d.

NEW AND CHOICE SPOTTED PELARGONIUMS.

These have been obtained by carefully hybridising the attractive French kinds with the best varieties of the most eminent English raisers, so that, while possessing the rich and varied colours of the French sorts, combined with their wonderfully free-flowering character, they partake of the shape of the English varieties; they have also the advantage of having the spots more clearly and purely defined than is usually the case with the foreign sorts.

ALGERNON, upper petals dark maroon, surrounded with crimson and edged with white; under petals blush white, spotted with dark crimson; novel and pretty. 7s. 6d.

AMBASSADOR, a beautiful variety; the upper petals intensely dark maroon, edged with bright scarlet, under petals very bright scarlet, with crimson shading, large light centre, shaded with violet; a splendid flower. 7s. 6d.

ANACREON, fiery crimson; upper petals blotched with dark maroon; under petals bright scarlet crimson; violet centre; all the petals prettily fringed. 10s. 6d.

ANNABELLA, an attractive flower, with large light centre; the upper petals of a rich crimson colour, blotched with very dark maroon; under petals rich bright crimson with violet shade. 5s.

ANTAGONIST, upper petals blotched with dark maroon, surrounded with violet crimson, and margined with white, under petals soft pink, spotted with violet crimson, white centre. 3s. 6d.

BALTIC, crimson upper petals, broadly margined with fiery scarlet, under petals vivid scarlet, spotted with crimson, centre shaded with violet. 2s. 6d.

BRIDAL BOUQUET, an extremely free-flowering and attractive variety, producing fine large trusses of beautiful pure white flowers; the two upper petals blotched with pink; admirably adapted for forcing. 5s.

CAPTAIN RAIKES, a splendid variety, producing very fine large full flowers; upper petals deep fiery crimson, flaked with purplish black, and bordered with carmine; lower petals clear bright fiery crimson. The flowers, which from their fullness appear double, are extremely attractive, and admirably adapted for bouquet making. 10s. 6d.

CASTANET, light pink, upper petals blotched with maroon, under petals cleanly spotted with bright crimson, light centre. 2s. 6d.

CERINTHUS, bright vermillion crimson, with rose edge; the upper petals slightly marked with maroon; a very striking and attractive flower. 7s. 6d.

CHARMER, bright crimson, upper petals blotched with dark crimson, under petals slightly spotted, white centre, surrounded with violet. 3s. 6d.

CLARENCE, maroon, upper petals margined with fiery crimson and edged with rose, under petals very bright rose, spotted crimson. 2s. 6d.

COMMANDER, bright rosy scarlet, the upper petals heavily blotched with maroon, under petals blotched with rich crimson, fine striking white centre; a magnificent flower. 7s. 6d.

COMPETITOR, upper petals black, edged with bright rose, under petals bright pink, blotched with maroon; fine shaped. 2s. 6d.

CONCORD, violet mauve, intersected with white and rose, white centre; a pleasing colour. 5s.

CONDUCTOR, bright carmine, the upper petals blotched with maroon, the under petals shaded with crimson, light centre. 5s.

CONSISTENCY, violet, margined with lavender, upper petals blotched with crimson, the under ones spotted with same colour. 5s.

DAUNTLESS, light rosy crimson, edged with white, and blotched on each petal with dark maroon; light eye. 5s.

DEBATE, violet mauve, upper petals blotched with maroon, light centre. 3s. 6d.

DOMITIUS, a very fine variety; the upper petals maroon, shaded with crimson, and edged with light rose; under petals light rose, spotted with dark crimson; all the petals are beautifully fringed. 10s. 6d.

NEW AND CHOICE SPOTTED PELARGONIUMS—Continued.

DRAGON, dark crimson, upper petals margined with bright red, under petals fiery carmine, lightly spotted with crimson, pure white centre. 5s.

ENSIGN, all the petals blotched with maroon, surrounded with crimson and margined with rose. 5s.

EUROPA, dark violet, all the petals blotched with maroon; novel colour. 3s. 6d.

FANTASTIC, an extremely distinct and attractive variety; the flower is curiously formed, and all the petals being unevenly cut and serrated, give it a ragged or fringed appearance; the upper petals are crimson maroon; the under petals fiery crimson, shaded with violet; light centre. 10s. 6d.

FIERY CROSS, upper petals very bright crimson, with dark blotch, under petals fiery carmine, slightly spotted, white centre, shaded with violet. 5s.

FIREFLY, fiery crimson, the upper petals blotched with maroon, the under petals slightly spotted with crimson, light centre, shaded with violet. 5s.

FREEDOM, maroon, upper petals margined with bright crimson, under petals fiery carmine spotted with crimson. 2s. 6d.

GENIUS, quite novel in colour; under petals violet mauve, upper petals shaded and margined with violet, pure white centre. 3s. 6d.

GERTRUDE, rosy lavender, with a slight crimson spot and feathering in the upper petals; very distinct and pleasing. 5s.

GRACE, maroon upper petals, edged with bright rose, under petals bright red, spotted with crimson. 2s. 6d.

HARMONY, upper petals purple maroon, surrounded with violet and edged with lavender; under petals lavender, shaded with pink and spotted with crimson. 7s. 6d.

HECTOR, bright carmine, all the petals spotted with dark crimson, light centre, shaded with violet. 3s. 6d.

HESPERIA, a splendid flower, large and of excellent form; colour a soft rosy carmine, the upper petals blotched with dark crimson, and all the petals beautifully edged with pale rose; white centre, surrounded with a violet shade. 15s.

HIAWATHA, upper petals very dark maroon, margined with crimson and edged with white; under petals rosy crimson, margined with blush and blotched with maroon; a fine large attractive flower. 5s.

HOLBEIN, dark maroon upper petals, margined with purple, purple under petals, blotched with crimson, violet centre. 1s. 6d.

HUNTSMAN, fiery crimson, upper petals blotched with maroon, dark spots on the under petals, violet centre. 3s. 6d.

KENNETH, upper petals rich dark purplish crimson, margined with light violet crimson and feathered with crimson maroon; under petals rich violet crimson edged with rosy lavender; light centre. 7s. 6d.

LAVINIA, white, tinted with blush, and spotted on all the petals with very dark maroon; a pretty flower. 5s.

LUCIBELLE, bright red, shaded with scarlet, upper petals spotted with crimson, light throat shaded with violet. 2s. 6d.

MAGNATE, a magnificent flower of a beautiful soft violet colour, the upper petals blotched with maroon, and the under petals lightly spotted with crimson, clean white centre. 7s. 6d.

MALVINA, scarlet maroon upper petals, margined with scarlet. 1s. 6d.

MARINER, upper petals rich crimson, blotched with maroon, and margined with violet rose, under petals bright carmine; light centre, attractively shaded with violet. 3s. 6d.

MEDINA, upper petals dark maroon, shaded with crimson and edged with rose, under petals rose, blotched with very dark crimson. 5s.

MODERN, bright rose, shaded with violet, upper petals blotched with maroon, under petals spotted with crimson. 3s. 6d.

MONARCH, maroon, upper petals shaded with crimson, margined with rose, under petals rose, richly spotted with dark crimson. 2s. 6d.

NIAGARA, French white, upper petals blotched with dark crimson, white under petals, lightly blotched with crimson. 2s. 6d.

OSCAR, upper petals crimson, margined with rose, and blotched with maroon, under petals rose, spotted crimson, light centre. 5s.

PATRICIAN, bright violet, the upper petals heavily blotched with dark maroon, under petals having a small blotch of dark maroon, light centre; an attractive variety. 7s. 6d.

PIONEER, fiery crimson, upper petals blotched with maroon, under petals slightly spotted with crimson, light centre. 5s.

PRECISION, beautiful light centre, shaded with violet, upper petals rich dark crimson, margined with rose, under petals carmine, spotted with crimson. 3s. 6d.

PRINCE OF PELARGONIUMS, large flower, with elegantly fringed margin, of a brilliant vermillion scarlet ground colour, finely relieved by a blush white centre with violet veins, and flushed with rich crimson in the upper petals. Very free blooming, of dwarf yet vigorous habit. 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

PURSUIT, bright rose, shaded with violet, upper petals blotched with maroon, under petals spotted with crimson. 5s.

QUEEN VICTORIA, *vide* page 9.

NEW AND CHOICE SPOTTED PELARGONIUMS—Continued.

REAPER, rosy scarlet, the upper petals blotched with maroon, the under petals spotted with dark crimson; light centre; an exceedingly pretty flower. 7s. 6d.

SALUTE, under petals soft rose, spotted with dark crimson, upper petals maroon, surrounded with crimson, with rose margins. 3s. 6d.

SCEPTRE, rose, the upper petals blotched with maroon and shaded with crimson, the under petals spotted with dark crimson. 3s. 6d.

SECRETARY, clear white centre, ground colour a beautiful bright rose, shaded with violet, blotched with maroon on the upper, spotted with red on the lower petals. 2s. 6d.

SENATOR, upper petals very dark maroon, bordered with crimson and edged with rose, lower petals rich crimson, blotched with maroon and edged with rose. 5s.

SOUVENIR, bright rose, upper petals blotched with maroon, under petals heavily spotted with maroon. 5s.

SPLENDOUR, scarlet, upper petals blotched with maroon and edged with rose, under petals spotted with crimson, light throat, shaded with violet. 2s. 6d.

SPORTSMAN, fiery crimson, upper petals blotched with dark maroon, under petals spotted with maroon. 5s.

TEMPLAR, a beautifully formed flower, of a rich soft shade of violet crimson; upper petals blotched with dark purple, under petals slightly marked with purple, light centre. 7s. 6d.

TENNYSON, upper petals dark maroon, margined with bright rose and edged with white; under petals pure clear white, with a small blotch of bright lake in the centre of each; a most distinct and attractive variety. 10s. 6d.

Selections of other good varieties can be made from Mr. W. B.'s general collection, 18s., 24s., and 30s. per dozen.

NEW AND CHOICE SHOW PELARGONIUMS.

ACHIEVEMENT, a pleasing large light variety of great merit, lilac rose lower petals, maroon spot on top; large white centre; distinct and of fine form. 3s. 6d.

ADMIRATION, pale lilac rose; medium black spot on top petals; large flower. 3s. 6d.

ALFRED, white centre, lilac rose lower petals, tinted with deep lake, rich maroon top, with narrow margin of carmine and rose. 1s. 6d.

ANATINA, upper petals dark maroon, edged with rosy crimson; under petals rose, shaded with crimson; light centre. 7s. 6d.

ANGELINA, rich maroon, upper petals margined with crimson, under petals bright rose, shaded with crimson, pure white centre. 2s. 6d.

TREASURE, glowing scarlet, upper petals spotted with crimson violet; very fine. 3s. 6d.

TROJAN, crimson, upper petals surrounded with bright rose and margined with pink, under petals blush, cleanly spotted with crimson. 5s.

TRUMPETER, dark crimson upper petals, margined with rose, bright rose under petals, blotched and shaded with crimson. 5s.

TYRIAN, very rich dark maroon, upper petals almost black, with narrow edge of deep rose, under petals shaded with rosy scarlet and blotched with crimson maroon; a very bright coloured and showy flower. 10s. 6d.

VANDAL, upper petals very dark crimson, blotched with very dark maroon, almost black, under petals crimson lake, spotted with dark crimson. 7s. 6d.

VANGUARD, rich violet mauve, upper petals blotched with crimson, light centre. 5s.

VELLEDA, rich deep velvety crimson, the upper petals blotched with maroon, and the under petals spotted with very dark crimson; a fine flower, bright and attractive. 3s. 6d.

VERONA, rich crimson, upper petals blotched with maroon, under petals fiery crimson, white centre, shaded with violet. 3s. 6d.

VICTORIOUS, orange scarlet, upper petals blotched with maroon, white centre, shaded with violet, under petals spotted crimson. 3s. 6d.

VIZIER, a fine large well-formed flower; upper petals very dark maroon, surrounded with rich violet crimson and margined with lilac; under petals rich bright crimson, blotched with maroon, and bordered with pale lilac. 15s.

WATCHFUL, lilac, shaded with violet, upper petals spotted with crimson, light centre; very attractive. 5s.

Selections of other good varieties can be made from Mr. W. B.'s general collection, 18s., 24s., and 30s. per dozen.

ARBACES, upper petals dark maroon, surrounded with light violet crimson and margined with white; under petals pale lilac blush; white centre. 10s. 6d.

ASTEROID, deep crimson rose, black spot, clear white eye. 3s. 6d.

BEACON, a large crimson flower; a very free-blooming variety of excellent habit. 2s. 6d.

BECEERA, upper petals dark maroon, shaded with bright crimson; under petals light rose; large white centre; a free-blooming and useful variety. 5s.

BLACK PRINCE, large clear white eye, lower petals rosy crimson, top petals black, with edge of bright carmine; very fine. 2s. 6d.

NEW AND CHOICE SHOW PELARGONIUMS—Continued.

BONNIE CHARLIE, lower petals rosy crimson, top black, with narrow wire edge of bright crimson, large clear white eye. 3s. 6d.

BRIGAND, clear cherry pink, with maroon spot on top petals, shaded to the margin with orange pink; clear white eye; fine. 3s. 6d.

BRIGANTINE, lower petals rosy purple; top petals dark maroon, narrow lilac margin; clear white eye. 3s. 6d.

BRILLIANT, crimson, black top petals, pointed narrow wire edge of fiery crimson; very fine, colour. 5s.

CADMUS, violet rose, with white centre; upper petals blotched with dark crimson maroon. 7s. 6d.

CARDINAL, deep rose scarlet, very attractive; maroon spot on top petals, rose edge. 2s. 6d.

CARILLON, bright rose; the upper petals blotched with dark maroon and shaded with vermillion; attractive white centre; a very fine showy flower. 7s. 6d.

CECILIA, a fine flower of excellent form; upper petals dark velvety maroon, surrounded with bright crimson and edged with rose; under petals rosy pink; clear distinct white centre. 10s. 6d.

CHARLEMAGNE, soft salmon peach, with medium spot on top petals; a large and finely-formed flower, of good quality. 2s. 6d.

CHARLES DICKENS, lower petals deep crimson, black top, crimson maroon margin, white centre; a rich flower of fine form and substance. 7s. 6d.

CHARLES TURNER, orange scarlet lower petals, upper petals scarlet orange, with shaded maroon spot, pure white centre. 3s. 6d.

CHARTER, rich maroon, upper petals margined with violet rose, under petals violet rose, shaded with crimson, large white centre. 5s.

CHEERFUL, pure white, with bright cherry spot in the upper petals. 3s. 6d.

CLARIBEL, pure white, with small spot of bright carmine on top petals; a lovely flower, and quite distinct. 3s. 6d.

CONDUCTOR, dark crimson, upper petals margined with bright rose, under petals delicate rose, pure white centre. 5s.

CONGRESS, quite unique in colour, white centre, shaded with deep maroon, dark shaded top; fine form and free bloomer. 2s. 6d.

CONQUEST, bright red, small maroon spot on top petals; fine shape and very effective. 7s. 6d.

CONSUL CAMERON, white centre, full warm rose lower petals, top shaded with maroon and carmine, rose margin, good form. 2s. 6d.

CORSAIR, bright purple, with pure white centre, top petals black, richly shaded to the margin, dwarf habit; a charming flower. 2s. 6d.

COSSACK, upper petals very dark maroon, almost black, surrounded with bright crimson; under petals bright rose; large white centre; a fine showy flower. 7s. 6d.

COUNSELLOR, dark crimson, upper petals broadly margined with pink, under petals salmon pink, white centre, good form. 3s. 6d.

CREUSA, light rose, the upper petals blotched with dark crimson, light centre. 7s. 6d.

DARDAN, upper petals dark maroon, bordered with rosy crimson; under petals light bright rose; large white centre. 7s. 6d.

DOMINGO, very dark maroon upper petals, margined with soft rose; under petals soft violet rose; white centre. 5s.

DUKE OF EDINBURGH, a rich dark flower, deep crimson lower petals, veined with maroon, black top petals; of good free habit. 3s. 6d.

ELDORADO, purple, with violet shade on the lower petals, black spot on top petals. 2s. 6d.

EMBLEM, bright rose, shaded with violet, upper petals blotched with dark crimson, light centre. 5s.

EMILY, clear white centre, all the petals delicate rose, medium black spot, with a shading of carmine; large flower. 1s. 6d.

ENVOY, white centre, warm rose lower petals, maroon top, shaded with carmine and rose, smooth and free. 2s. 6d.

EXCHEQUER, maroon upper petals, surrounded with bright crimson, and margined with rose, under petals rose, clean white centre. 5s.

EXEMPLAR, lower petals deep rose, with small maroon spot, top petals solid black, white centre. 2s. 6d.

FAVOURITE, white centre, rose lower petals, heavily painted with dark red, maroon top, narrow margin of bright rose. 1s. 6d.

GARNET, maroon upper petals, surrounded with crimson, and margined with violet rose, bright rose under petals, light centre. 5s.

GRANTA, maroon upper petals surrounded with rosy crimson and edged with lavender; under petals light rosy crimson; white centre. 7s. 6d.

GRATULATION, lower petals rose, maroon top, with black spot, shaded with crimson to a pale rose edge, white eye. 3s. 6d.

GREAT MOGUL, rosy pink, medium maroon spot on top petals; clear white eye; large and fine form. 7s. 6d.

HAROLD, deep crimson maroon, lower petals richly painted, black top, narrow wire edge of scarlet, clear white eye. 2s. 6d.

HERO, bright crimson; small maroon spot on top petals; bright and effective. 5s.

HEROINE, lower petals soft rosy pink, medium maroon spot on top, shaded orange rose to the edge, large white centre. 2s. 6d.

NEW AND CHOICE SHOW PELARGONIUMS—Continued.

HIGHLAND LASSIE, salmon rose, medium black spot shaded with orange, white eye ; very fine. 7s. 6d.

HOLKAR, very rich orange maroon, black top petals, with narrow fiery edge ; a fine flower of good substance. 2s. 6d.

HUMPHREY, upper petals very dark maroon, bordered with rose ; under petals bright deep rose, shaded with crimson ; a fine effective flower with large light centre. 7s. 6d.

IMPERATOR, a rich dark flower of fine form ; deep crimson lower petals ; black upper petals ; narrow crimson margin. 3s. 6d.

IRON DUKE, crimson lower petals, maroon top, white eye. 2s. 6d.

JEROME, crimson painted bottom petals, solid black top, with narrow wire edge of crimson ; a rich dark flower, white eye. 3s. 6d.

JOAN OF ARC, a novel orange pink flower, maroon spots on upper petals, with rays of bright orange, white centre. 2s. 6d.

JUBILEE, rose, rich maroon spot, shaded orange, lilac margin ; large white centre. 7s. 6d.

KING CHARLES, rosy purple, small maroon spot on top petals ; clear white eye, showy, and free. 5s.

KINGCRAFT, dark maroon top petals, richly painted lower petals ; white centre ; very rich and novel. 3s. 6d.

LADY OF THE LAKE, lower petals orange rose, painted with crimson, very dark maroon top petals, with a narrow even crimson edge, white centre ; a late sort. 3s. 6d.

LEGACY, lower petals rosy purple ; upper petals maroon ; bright margin ; very fine. 2s. 6d.

LESBIA, upper petals crimson maroon, surrounded with rosy lilac, under petals light rosy pink ; white centre. 7s. 6d.

LLEWELLYN, rich deep crimson, with black maroon spot, a fine glossy flower. 2s. 6d.

LORA, upper petals maroon margined with scarlet and edged with rose ; under petals rosy pink ; white eye. 7s. 6d.

LORD BYRON, rich crimson, slightly veined ; lower petals dark maroon crimson, purple edge ; large and fine form. 7s. 6d.

LORD NAPIER, a beautifully-formed flower, lower petals rich deep orange rose, dark maroon blotch on top petals, shaded with crimson, narrow rose edge, white centre. 2s. 6d.

MABEL, dark maroon top, narrow edge ; a heavily painted flower. 5s.

MAGNIFICENT, deep lilac rose, with black top petals and rose edge, white centre ; large and of fine form. 2s. 6d.

MAID OF ATHENS, pure white, blotched and feathered with violet crimson. 5s.

MAID OF HONOUR, dark crimson, upper petals edged with salmon, salmon under petals, light centre. 3s. 6d.

MARION WILKIE, pale rosy pink, maroon spot on top petals, with white eye ; a fine large flower. 2s. 6d.

MAY DAY, a smooth finely-formed flower, lower petals soft pink, black spot on top petals, with orange shade, large white eye. 2s. 6d.

MILTON, lower petals purplish, with large painted blotch, black top petals, narrow wire edge of rosy purple, large white eye. 2s. 6d.

MR. RASSAM, white centre, lower petals deep rosy scarlet, rich maroon top, with shaded carmine margin ; free bloomer. 2s. 6d.

MONARCH, cherry lower petals, maroon spot, richly shaded to the margin with crimson ; white centre. 7s. 6d.

MURILLO, maroon upper petals, surrounded with crimson, and margined with rose, under petals bright rose, pure white centre. 5s.

NATHALIE, clear white centre, rose tinted with carmine lower petals, maroon top, shaded rose margin. 2s. 6d.

NISUS, upper petals dark maroon, surrounded with fiery crimson and edged with violet rose ; under petals rosy pink ; white centre. 7s. 6d.

NONPAREIL, large white centre, rose lower petals, tinted carmine, maroon top, with shaded carmine margin, smooth and constant. 2s. 6d.

ORESTES, upper petals dark maroon crimson, surrounded with light crimson and margined with rose ; under petals bright rose ; attractive white centre. 10s. 6d.

OSSIAN, upper petals crimson maroon, edged with rose ; under petals rosy crimson ; white centre. 7s. 6d.

OTHELLO, lower petals dark crimson, black top, narrow edge of rose, light eye ; fine quality ; a rich dark flower. 7s. 6d.

PASHA, a richly-coloured flower, lower petals crimson, black spot on top petals, clear white centre ; very fine. 2s. 6d.

PATRONESS, white, with crimson blotch on top petals ; white margin. 2s. 6d.

PERICLES, a fine large flower with very dark upper petals, and French white under petals ; narrow light carmine margin. 2s. 6d.

PLANTAGENET, light rosy pink, lower petals rich maroon, medium spot, shaded with orange pink to the margin, white centre. 2s. 6d.

POLLIE, a novel flower, deep rich glossy crimson ; black spot on upper petals. 2s. 6d.

POMPEY, a very large flower, of rich colours and fine form ; orange lower petals, maroon top, orange margin, large white eye ; a grand variety. 3s. 6d.

PRELATE, lower petals dark purple maroon, black top petals, narrow purple margin, white eye ; fine substance. 3s. 6d.

NEW AND CHOICE SHOW PELARGONIUMS—Continued.

PRETENDER, fiery crimson, the lower petals painted scarlet, black top petals, narrow bright margin, smooth and good. 2s. 6d.

PRIME MINISTER, crimson lower petals, maroon top, shaded lilac margin, clear white eye. 3s. 6d.

PRINCE ARTHUR, lower petals rosy crimson, slightly marked; dark maroon top, shaded off to the eye, white centre. 7s. 6d.

PRINCE BISMARCK, very rich crimson maroon top; medium size. 5s.

PRINCE HUMBERT, white centre, warm rose lower petals, tinted with orange; fine and effective. 2s. 6d.

PRINCE LEOPOLD, very bright, a cross between *Charles Turner* and *Warrior*, a smooth and glossy flower. 7s. 6d.

PURPLE GEM, lower petals deep purple, top petals black maroon; margin of purple; very glossy; novel and fine. 7s. 6d.

QUEEN BESS, lower petals lilac pink, maroon top, mauve lilac margin, white centre. 2s. 6d.

QUEEN OF SCOTS, lively bright pink, suffused with rich orange, small maroon spots on top petals, shaded with orange, white centre. 2s. 6d.

QUEEN OF WHITES, pure white, with delicate carmine spots. 2s. 6d.

REDCAP, fiery carmine, upper petals blotched with dark crimson, under petals very bright carmine, attractive violet centre. 5s.

ROBIN HOOD, rich purple lower petals, maroon top; small spots and white eye; a rich flower. 7s. 6d.

ROB ROY, under petals rosy purple; upper petals black with purple edge; clear white eye. 2s. 6d.

ROSE CELESTIAL, rose, with maroon blotch on top petals. 2s. 6d.

ROSICRUCIAN, new shade of colour, rosy purple, maroon spot on top petals, shaded with purple; fine form. 3s. 6d.

ROVER, upper petals dark maroon, bordered with rose and edged with pale lavender, under petals very light rose, light centre. 5s.

ROYAL BRIDE, cherry, medium spot on top petals, shaded with orange, clear white eye; fine form, and new colour. 3s. 6d.

RUBENS, rosy purple, with spot on top petals; fine clear white eye. 2s. 6d.

RUBY, rich ruby; the upper petals shaded with maroon; very free. 2s. 6d.

RUTULIA, upper petals crimson maroon, bordered with rosy crimson; under petals rich scarlet crimson; light centre shaded with violet. 7s. 6d.

SPARTAN, a magnificent flower, of extremely attractive colouring and very effective; upper petals rich crimson, with central blotch of intensely dark maroon, almost black; under petals of a beautiful rich violet rose colour. 15s.

SPLENDENT, upper petals rich maroon, surrounded with scarlet, and edged with pink, under petals salmon rose, pure white centre; fine, large, well-formed flower. 7s. 6d.

SULTANA, lower petals rosy purple, top petals finely marked with black, narrow lilac margin, clear white centre. 2s. 6d.

SUPERB, lower petals rich crimson, top petals dark maroon; lilac edge, shaded with rose; a large and good flower. 5s.

SYREN, painted crimson lower petals, dark maroon top; narrow crimson edge, clear white centre; finest quality. 7s. 6d.

VELUTINA, purple, small spot on lower petals, top black, shading to a purple edge, white centre, new and smooth. 2s. 6d.

VICTORY, a pleasing pink, small spot on top petals, white eye, shaded off to the edge with orange; large and fine. 7s. 6d.

WARRIOR, a bright and fine flower; rich glossy crimson, black spot on upper petals, with margin of scarlet lake. 3s. 6d.

WILLIAM HOYLE, white centre, lower petals maroon, black top petals, with bright narrow carmine edge. 2s. 6d.

WINNER, upper petals bright carmine, margined with blush and blotched with crimson, under petals French white. 3s. 6d.

Selections of other good varieties can be made from Mr. W. B.'s general collection, at 18s., 24s., and 30s. per dozen.

NEW AND CHOICE FANCY PELARGONIUMS.

For new varieties, offered for the first time, see page 11.

ADONIS, upper petals dark maroon, edged with white, under petals crimson, shaded violet, and edged with white, pure white centre. 2s. 6d.

AGRIPPA, white, with large pale lilac spot on top petals, smaller on lower, very free. 2s. 6d.

ALICIA, upper petals very bright crimson, edged with pure white, and tinted in the centre with violet; under petals deep rose, margined with white; large white eye; a very pretty flower. 7s. 6d.

NEW AND CHOICE FANCY PELARGONIUMS—Continued.

ANGELIC, upper petals crimson, edged with white, under petals bright rosy violet, edged with white, attractive white centre. 5s.

ANN PAGE, crimson and violet, light throat and edges, fine form. 3s. 6d.

APPLAUSE, dark crimson, upper petals shaded with violet, and margined with white, under petals white, banded in the centre with deep rosy violet. 3s. 6d.

ASSEMBLY, upper petals rich maroon, edged with white, under petals rosy purple, margined with white, large white centre; flowers round and well formed. 5s.

BEATRICE, light flesh colour, blotched and spotted purplish crimson. 2s. 6d.

BELLE OF THE SEASON, ground colour French white, with distinct rosy purple spots on each petal; very free bloomer, form and substance perfect, and good grower. 2s. 6d.

BELLINI, a very distinct and pretty flower, of a beautiful soft violet rose colour, edged with white, light centre. 5s.

BERTHA, rich maroon upper petals, edged with white, lower petals rosy purple, margined with white, pure white centre. 2s. 6d.

BEWITCHING, a smooth round flower with distinct white centre; all the petals are of a beautiful soft clear lake colour, with a very narrow but well defined pure white edge. 5s.

BRIGHTNESS, deep rosy crimson, clear white centre and edges; free and attractive, fine habit. 2s. 6d.

CISSIE, clear rosy carmine, edged with pure white, the upper petals slightly shaded with violet; an exceedingly pretty flower, with attractive light centre. 7s. 6d.

CLOTH OF SILVER, white, with delicate rose blotch. 3s. 6d.

COMPACT, a good flower, round, smooth, and well formed; upper petals dark crimson, margined with lavender, under petals lavender, with crimson blotch on each petal. 5s.

CONFIDENT, crimson, shaded with violet, pure white centre. 3s. 6d.

DELIGHT, upper petals lake, edged with white, under petals white, tinted with violet rose; flower of good shape. 3s. 6d.

DUCHESS, maroon upper petals, edged with white, under petals violet crimson, margined with white, large pure white centre. 2s. 6d.

DUCHESS OF BUCCLEUCH, lilac, white throat and edges. 2s. 6d.

EAST LYNN, white ground, lower petals heavily marked with crimson purple, top rich crimson, shaded with violet, white eye. 3s. 6d.

EDGAR, dark maroon, nearly black, with a light throat. 2s. 6d.

ELIGIBLE, rosy crimson, upper petals with light blotch, shaded with violet, under petals violet lake, clean white centre, the entire flower edged with white. 3s. 6d.

ELLEN BECK, delicate lilac carmine, with bright throat and edges; of dwarf robust habit, and very free flowering; fine. 3s. 6d.

ELSIE, *vide* page 11

ENTERPRISE, dark maroon, all the petals margined with white, pure white centre, encircled with violet. 2s. 6d.

ETRURIA, upper petals soft rose, edged with white; under petals white, tinted with rose; a very clearly marked and pretty flower; exceedingly distinct and attractive. 10s. 6d.

EXCELSIOR, deep rose, with white eye and margin, very smooth and finely formed. 2s. 6d.

FANNY GAIR, rosy lake, suffused with purple, clear white centre and edges, fine form and substance. 3s. 6d.

FASCINATION, violet rose, edged with white, pure white centre. 2s. 6d.

FESTIVA, *vide* page 11

FORMOSA, rosy lake, shaded with lilac, clear white centre and edges; fine form. 2s. 6d.

GRACE, a very large flower, smooth and well formed; the upper petals very dark maroon, edged with white; the under petals dark crimson, bordered with white; large white centre. 5s.

LADY CARRINGTON, pale peach; top petals suffused with pale pink, white centre. 2s. 6d.

LADY DOROTHY NEVILL, deep rose upper petals, shaded violet, lower petals violet rose, pure white centre; fine shape. 3s. 6d.

LEOTARD, bright cherry rose, with clear white centre and edge; remarkable for its great substance and smoothness. 3s. 6d.

LIBERTY, crimson, light throat, dwarf habit; a most profuse bloomer, 2s. 6d.

LINDA, *vide* page 11

LORD OF THE ISLES, deep rosy purple, white centre and edges, dwarf free habit. 2s. 6d.

LUCY, crimson lake, shaded with violet; robust habit. 2s. 6d.

LYDIA, a fine showy variety, with beautiful flowers of good form; the upper petals dark maroon, bordered with white; under petals very dark purple crimson, edged with white; large clear white centre. 10s. 6d.

MADAME SAINTON-DOLBY, crimson lake, under petals mottled crimson. 2s. 6d.

MARMION, rich crimson top petals, shaded with purple, clear white eye, very narrow edge, and large. 3s. 6d.

MIRELLA, vivid rosy lilac, light throat and edges, free bloomer. 2s. 6d.

MIRIAM, *vide* page 11

NEW AND CHOICE FANCY PALARGONIUMS—Continued.

MISS-IN-HER-TEENS, cerise upper petals ; under petals mottled crimson. 2s. 6d.

MRS. ALFRED WIGAN, pink with clear white centre and edges ; very free. 2s. 6d.

MRS. DORLING, beautiful mottled lilac, white throat and edges, fine form, dwarf habit. 3s. 6d.

MRS. MENDEL, white, with delicate spots of rosy lilac ; a charming light variety. 2s. 6d.

MRS. PAXTON JERVOIS, rosy purple, with shade of lilac, white edges. 2s. 6d.

NEATNESS, lower petals crimson purple, crimson top petals, suffused with purple. 2s. 6d.

OLYNTHUS, very rich deep carmine, with violet shade, a most attractive colour ; the three lower petals are margined with white ; the flower is large and well formed, with distinct white centre. 10s. 6d.

PARISINA, upper petals maroon, bordered with violet crimson, and edged with white ; under petals white, with blotch of purplish crimson in the centre of each petal ; a very distinct and attractive variety. 7s. 6d.

PENTHEUS, a remarkably fine flower, of excellent form and substance, of a very rich and pure lake colour, with distinct white margin ; very large and effective white eye. 15s.

PINK OF PERFECTION, pink, of a pleasing new shade, light centre, very free, and of fine habit. 2s. 6d.

PLACIDA, *vide* page 11

PLEASANT, rich soft lake, the upper petals tinted with violet, and all the petals margined with white, large clean white centre. 5s.

PRIAM, upper petals dark maroon, shaded crimson, and margined with white, under petals white, with a blotch of dark crimson in the centre ; a very pretty flower. 5s.

PRINCESS HELENA, purplish rose upper petals, under petals veined. 2s. 6d.

PRINCESS TECK, white, with carmine spots, very smooth ; a profuse bloomer. 3s. 6d.

PRISCILLA, upper petals very dark maroon, with light margin, under petals rich dark crimson, with wide light edge ; distinct white centre ; a beautifully-formed smooth flower. 7s. 6d.

Selections of other good varieties can be made from Mr. W. B.'s general collection, at 18s., 24s., and 30s. per dozen.

PURSUIT, a very large fine flower, the upper petals bright maroon, edged with white, under petals bright violet crimson, margined with white, large white centre. 5s.

RESTITUTION, rich dark maroon, margined violet, light centre, encircled with violet. 5s.

ROI DE FANTASIES, rosy crimson, white centre. 2s. 6d.

ROSINA, rosy lake upper petals, edged with white, under petals rose, blotted with lake ; large white eye ; a very pleasing flower. 5s.

SARAH TURNER, deep crimson, suffused with purple, white eye. 2s. 6d.

SATIRE, maroon upper petals, surrounded with violet crimson and edged with white, under petals crimson, margined with white, large white centre. 5s.

SILVER MANTLE, silvery white, soft rosy lilac spots. 2s. 6d.

SIREN, *vide* page 11.

SONNET, a free-blooming variety, producing fine large trusses, upper petals dark maroon, surrounded with violet and edged with white, under petals light crimson, margined with white, and white centre. 5s.

SYLVIA, white, with delicate rose upper petals, under petals spotted. 2s. 6d.

THERESA, upper petals dark crimson, shaded with violet and edged with white, under petals crimson, margined with white ; large light centre. 10s. 6d.

TRIBUNE, violet peach, pure white centre, and all the petals edged with white. 5s.

UNDINE, very large rosy lake, with light throat and edges ; fine. 3s. 6d.

VALENTINE, fine large white flowers, the upper petals of which are blottedched with soft rose, and the under petals slightly marked with rose. 5s.

VICTOR HUGO, crimson, large light centre ; free. 2s. 6d.

VIVANDIÈRE, rich crimson ; very free and striking. 2s. 6d.

WINIFRED, upper petals rich crimson lake, shaded with violet and margined with white, under petals rosy lake, edged with white ; clear white centre ; a beautiful flower, very smooth and well formed. 15s.

Selections of other good varieties can be made from Mr. W. B.'s general collection, at 18s., 24s., and 30s. per dozen.

NEW HYBRID PERPETUAL PELARGONIUMS.

This new section is of Bavarian origin, and is recommended for its perpetual free-blooming character and the glowing colours of the flowers. The plants commence blooming in the spring and continue until the autumn.

APOTHEKER SCHRADE, fiery carmine red, veined with light violet and black ; a beautiful flower. 3s. 6d.

FREUND EBBE, bright carmine, with dark veins and spots ; very rich and attractive. 3s. 6d.

NEW HYBRID PERPETUAL PELARGONIUMS—Continued.

HOFGÄRTNER BRAUN, a beautiful flower of a very fine carmine colour, with intensely dark veins and spots. 3s. 6d.

HOFGÄRTNER KELLERMANN, a round close flower, the upper petals of a dark fiery carmine red colour, with strongly marked dark spots and veins, the under petals light carmine, lightly veined. 3s. 6d.

HOFGÄRTNER HUBER, a fine round flower; the upper petals rosy purple, darkly spotted and veined, the under petals rosy carmine, with light veins. 3s. 6d.

HOFGÄRTNER OTT, a beautifully-formed flower; upper petals fiery crimson, with dark veins and spots, under petals very bright crimson, with intensely black veins. 3s. 6d.

MADAME GLEVITZKY, a magnificent flower; upper petals of a fine vermillion colour, veined and spotted with purple, under petals light vermillion. 3s. 6d.

ÖBERBÜRGERMEISTER HEIM, rich velvety crimson, very darkly spotted; a splendid flower. 3s. 6d.

NEW AND CHOICE ZONAL PELARGONIUMS.

EXTRACT FROM THE *Gardeners' Magazine* :—

“Classifying all the good ones (Zonal Pelargoniums) according to their origin, I repeat what I have said three years ago, that Mr. WILLIAM BULL has sent out more good Zonal Pelargoniums than any other cultivator.”

For new varieties, offered for the first time, see pages 9 and 10.

ACMON, a remarkably fine round well-formed flower, of good substance, and of an exceedingly rich deep scarlet colour. 2s. 6d.

ADAH, a fine pure white flower; good truss; a useful variety. 2s. 6d.

ADELINA, an excellent flower, of good shape, of a very light pink, edged with bright rose; a novel and fresh colour. 1s. 6d.

ADELINA PATTI, *vide* page 9.

ADRASTUS, a magnificent flower, of immense size and excellent form, of a beautiful bright salmon colour, deepening in shade towards the centre of the flower. 3s. 6d.

ADRIAN, deep scarlet; an exceedingly rich colour; flowers of good shape and substance; a really good variety. 3s. 6d.

AGRIPPINA, very bright rich pink, slightly marked with white in the upper petals; one of the brightest in its class; trusses large. 1s. 6d.

ALFANO, *vide* page 9.

ANIMATION, a very pretty variety, freely producing good trusses of bright pink flowers, with white marking in the upper petals. 2s. 6d.

ANOMIA, a compact growing and free-flowering variety, producing large trusses of very pure white flowers. 2s. 6d.

ARABELLA, *vide* page 9.

ARETHUSA, rich deep salmon, suffused with rose; light eye; a large showy flower. 2s. 6d.

ARIADNE, deep peach, shaded with carmine, a beautiful colour, and quite distinct; flowers large, and of good form and substance; a novel and effective variety. 2s. 6d.

ARLEQUIN, a free-flowering variety, giving fine trusses of large well-formed flowers, of a bright salmon colour, striped and splashed with white and rosy lilac. 1s. 6d.

ARTHUR, rich crimson, suffused with magenta; a very fine, large, well-formed flower, with good thick broad petals. 1s. 6d.

ASPASIA, a fine large well-formed flower, of a dazzling bright vermillion colour; most attractive. 3s. 6d.

ATALANTA, pure white, the central half of the petals bright salmon colour; light centre; a large and attractive flower. 2s. 6d.

ATREUS, crimson, with a slight violet shade; fine large truss. 3s. 6d.

AURELIA, light pink, with white marking in the upper petals; a very large fine flower. 2s. 6d.

BELLA ROSA, light pink, with white marking in the upper petals; fine large flower and immense truss. 1s. 6d.

BEPPO, intensely bright scarlet; fine large flower. 3s. 6d.

BELLE COURTRAISIENNE, a very fine variety, producing immense trusses of attractive flowers, of a light lilac colour, with pretty rose marking; extremely distinct and striking. 3s. 6d.

BOMB, a very fine large bright scarlet flower, with good thick petals. 1s. 6d.

BULRUSH, a fine large effective flower, of a rich deep scarlet colour, shaded with carmine in the upper petals; very showy and attractive. 2s. 6d.

BUTTERFLY, *vide* page 10.

CAMBODA, *vide* page 9.

CANDAULES, bright vermillion scarlet, a fine large well-formed flower, with good thick petals. 2s. 6d.

CASILDA, bright scarlet; a very fine large showy flower. 2s. 6d.

NEW AND CHOICE ZONAL PELARGONIUMS—Continued.

CASTALIA, a lovely flower, very round and smooth; pure snowy white, with vermillion salmon centre; very fine. 3s. 6d.

CECILIA, a very rich bright scarlet flower, of good size and form. 1s. 6d.

CECROPS, very light blush pink, with rosy centre; upper petals marked with white; a distinct variety. 3s. 6d.

CECY, rich scarlet; an exceedingly attractive variety. 2s. 6d.

CERBERUS, rich carmine scarlet, with violet shade in the upper petals; a remarkably good flower; trusses of very large size. 3s. 6d.

CHICK, a very rich bright scarlet flower, of good size and form. 1s. 6d.

CICERO, deep violet rose, quite a novel colour, and very rich and showy; a fine smooth round flower, of good substance; a splendid variety. 2s. 6d.

CLIMAX, flowers of excellent substance and very fine form; colour a pure peach, with crimson shading in the upper petals. 1s. 6d.

COLUMBINE, *vide* page 10.

CONRAD, rosy peach; a pretty soft colour; very effective. 2s. 6d.

COQUETTE, flowers of a beautiful rose colour, striped with white. 1s. 6d.

CREUSA, very deep rich scarlet, with white eye. 3s. 6d.

CYPRIAN, a beautiful soft light rosy peach colour; a fine attractive flower. 2s. 6d.

DARDANUS, a magnificent flower, of splendid form, with large thick wax-like petals; colour a most intensely bright scarlet; it is extremely striking and effective. 2s. 6d.

DAY DREAM, light rosy pink, with violet tint or shade in the upper petals; a splendid flower of excellent form. 2s. 6d.

DION, rosy cerise; a very pretty colour; large truss. 3s. 6d.

DON PASQUALE, a magnificent flower, of quite a new shade of colour, rich violet peach; it is a free-blooming variety, of good habit, and exceedingly attractive. 1s. 6d.

DRYDEN, very bright rich scarlet; fine large round flat flower. 5s.

ECSTACY, salmon, blotched, striped, and flaked with white; an exceedingly attractive and remarkable variety. 1s. 6d.

ELFIN, *vide* page 9

ERNEST, an intensely rich dark scarlet; a fine large flower, of good substance. 1s. 6d.

FAGUS, *vide* page 9

FIREFLY, bright vermillion, flowers of good form, with thick shell-like petals, and fine large trusses. 1s. 6d.

FLORETTA, outer half of the petals blush, and the inner half bright salmon, with light eye; distinct and striking. 1s. 6d.

FLOURISH, this variety produces immense trusses of large well-formed flowers, of an exceedingly bright and rich vermillion colour, suffused with orange, and having a conspicuous white eye. 2s. 6d.

FORESTER, violet peach, with pink marking in the upper petals; a pleasing colour. 1s. 6d.

FORTUNA, an exceedingly pretty and distinct variety, of quite a novel colour; the upper petals are pink, suffused with lake and margined with salmon; the lower petals rose, suffused with orange. 3s. 6d.

GILBERT, very rich deep scarlet, with white eye; flowers of good shape and substance; pretty and distinct. 1s. 6d.

GRAND MONARCH, intensely bright vermillion scarlet, with violet shading in the upper petals, and conspicuous white eye. 2s. 6d.

GRAPHIC, a grand flower of the most beautiful shade of soft rosy peach colour. This is a very useful and effective variety. 2s. 6d.

HERON, *vide* page 10

HORISTAN, intensely bright dark scarlet, with large white eye; one of the darkest colours in the section. 5s.

HORTENSIA, a magnificent variety, with immense trusses of clear rose coloured flowers, marked with white in the upper petals. 2s. 6d.

IANTHE, bluish crimson, the blue predominating in the lower petals; flowers of large size, good shape and substance. 1s. 6d.

IANTHINA, a magnificent flower of splendid form, with thick wax-like petals of a bright scarlet colour; most effective. 3s. 6d.

IDYL, *vide* page 10.

JANUS, fine bright vermillion scarlet; an attractive variety. 2s. 6d.

ITHACA, rich soft salmon pink, with light centre; very pretty. 3s. 6d.

LAMUS, intensely bright dazzling fiery scarlet, a magnificent colour. 5s.

L'AVENIR, a remarkable novelty, freely producing immense trusses of extremely distinct and attractive large flowers of a clear salmon colour, with a white blotch on each of the five petals; the base of the upper petals scarlet, and the lower petals rayed with orange rose. 7s. 6d.

LAVINIA, a remarkably distinct flower, of a pure snowy white, with bright clean pink centre, and of perfect form. 1s. 6d.

LA VIVANDIÈRE, pure white, with a pink ring in the centre of the flower; a free blooming variety. 2s. 6d.

LESBIA, rich carmine; a fine flower and large truss. 3s. 6d.

LILLIA, very pure white, with beautiful light pink centre; a fine flower. 2s. 6d.

LITTLE NELL, blush white, with large and distinct bright pink centre. 1s. 6d.

NEW AND CHOICE ZONAL PELARGONIUMS—Continued.

LORNA, pure white, with rose pink centre ; a smooth clean flower. 1s. 6d.

MARCI, very rich deep scarlet ; a fine large flower of good thick substance. 1s. 6d.

MARGINELLA, deep rich scarlet, with attractive white centre ; a very pretty flower. 2s. 6d.

MARTIUS, *vide* page 10

MAUDE, rosy carmine ; a free-blooming effective variety, producing large trusses. 1s. 6d.

MELANIA, rosy lake, a charming shade of colour ; flowers large and fine ; trusses round, and of good size. 3s. 6d.

MENELAUS, rich deep bright scarlet, with cerise shading in the upper petals ; a very showy flower. 2s. 6d.

MINNISINK, pure white, the central half of each petal being of a bright and attractive salmon pink colour ; it is one of the prettiest varieties in its class. 3s. 6d.

MIRABEL, *vide* page 10

MOOR, a splendid flower of excellent form and substance ; and of a beautiful rich magenta crimson, the upper petals slightly marked with scarlet ; a most distinct and effective colour. 3s. 6d.

MORPHEUS, soft pink ; a most lovely shade of colour ; the upper petals marked with white ; a very fine variety. 5s.

MRS. GEORGE SMITH, *vide* page 9

MYSTERY, an intensely bright scarlet colour ; a fine large flower. 2s. 6d.

NABOB, bright rose, shaded with peach ; an extremely pleasing colour. 1s. 6d.

NERITINA, soft rosy peach, with pink shading in the upper petals ; a very attractive colour. 2s. 6d.

NOBLESSE, outer half of the petals white, and all the centre of the flower a most beautiful orange salmon colour. 1s. 6d.

NUREMBERG, a fine variety, producing immense trusses of flowers of a dazzling vermillion-scarlet colour. 2s. 6d.

OPAL, a fine large flower, of a very rich and bright self pink colour. 1s. 6d.

OPHELTES, deep rich crimson ; a splendid colour. 2s. 6d.

ORPHEUS, very rich deep rosy pink, with light marking in the upper petals ; a most lovely colour ; trusses immense. 2s. 6d.

PANTALOON, *vide* page 10

PEACOCK, a remarkably large round flower of good substance ; colour bright rosy cerise ; a most attractive variety. 2s. 6d.

PENATES, salmon rose ; all the petals edged with white ; very distinct. 2s. 6d.

PHILLIS, white, with light pink centre ; a very pretty flower. 2s. 6d.

PLINY, *vide* page 10

POMPEY, very rich deep scarlet ; a large fine effective flower. 2s. 6d.

PRIAM, very rich bright scarlet ; a fine large flower. 3s. 6d.

PRISCILLA, rich rosy carmine ; a fine flower ; trusses large, close and compact. 2s. 6d.

PUZZLER, a very bright and dazzling scarlet colour ; large flower and good truss. 2s. 6d.

QUADROON, very rich bright orange scarlet, with attractive white centre. 2s. 6d.

ROMOLA, a very beautifully-formed large flower of an extremely rich rosy peach colour ; good compact habit, very free bloomer. 1s. 6d.

RUBICON, *vide* page 10

RYMO, lake, with slight violet shade ; large truss ; a very free bloomer. 3s. 6d.

SABINA, a very fresh bright pink, with white marking in the upper petals. 1s. 6d.

SALAMIS, *vide* page 10

SANTLEY, *vide* page 9

SARACEN, very rich bright scarlet, with small but conspicuous white eye ; an extremely bright-looking and showy flower. 3s. 6d.

SAUCISSON, bright dazzling scarlet ; a large flower and good truss. 1s. 6d.

SECURITY, upper petals rose, margined with vermillion, under petals vermillion ; white centre. 1s. 6d.

SERAPH, a very clear and distinct flower, of a beautiful rosy pink shade. 1s. 6d.

SIGARETUS, rosy lake, with orange shading in the upper petals ; a lovely colour and well-formed flower. 2s. 6d.

SIR CHARLES NAPIER, fine brilliant dark scarlet ; flowers large and of good form. 3s. 6d.

SOUVENIR D'ETIENNE, a fine round flower ; white, shaded with pale rose, trusses large ; a very pretty variety. 1s. 6d.

SPARK, a very free-blooming variety, giving immense well-formed flowers, very round and smooth, composed of exceedingly large and thick waxy petals, of an extremely rich and bright scarlet colour. 2s. 6d.

SULTANA, bright salmon, with a well-defined broad margin of pure white ; flowers of good substance and form. 1s. 6d.

TEREBRA, rich rosy carmine ; a fine large showy flower. 2s. 6d.

THERESA, very pure white ; nice flowers, freely produced in fine large trusses. 2s. 6d.

TORQUIL, deep rich scarlet, a good flower of fine substance. 2s. 6d.

TOURBILLION, a fine large flower of a very rich carmine-scarlet colour ; trusses immense ; habit dwarf and compact. 2s. 6d.

VALENTINE, light salmon colour, shading off to a darker salmon in the centre ; flowers large and fine ; trusses of good size ; a very pretty variety. 2s. 6d.

VENETIAN, rich carmine scarlet, the upper petals blotched with rosy lake ; very distinct. 2s. 6d.

NEW AND CHOICE ZONAL PELARGONIUMS—Continued.

VERTAGUS, delicate salmony pink, with white centre; a nicely-formed round flower; very pleasing and attractive. 3s. 6d.

VILLETTA, a neat-habited variety, freely producing fine trusses of well-formed flowers of a very deep self pink colour. 2s. 6d.

VIRGIL, very rich and bright salmon colour; a good flower of nice form. 2s. 6d.

VIVIAN, rosy peach, shaded with pink; a pretty colour; flowers large and fine, and borne in immense trusses. 1s. 6d.

VIZIER, very rich bright scarlet; a fine large flower; extremely showy and attractive. 2s. 6d.

ADVANCER	1s.	HYPATICA	1s.	PEARL	1s.
AINEBLE	1s.	IMPROVEMENT	1s.	PEGASUS	1s.
ALBION	1s.	INEVITABLE	1s.	PERSEVERANCE	1s.
ANTAGONIST	1s.	INSTANCE	1s.	PHOEBUS	1s.
ANTICIPATION	1s.	JEAN SISLEY	1s.	PIONEER	1s.
ARDENT	1s.	JULIETTE	1s.	POETESS	1s.
BASILISK	1s.	KNIGHT TEMPLAR	1s.	PRECISION	1s.
BEWITCHING	1s.	LADY OF THE LAKE	1s.	PREMIER	1s.
BRITON	1s.	LEONARD	1s.	PURITY	1s.
CHARMING	1s.	L'ESPARANZA	1s.	RED GAUNTLET	1s.
CHERRY CHEEK	1s.	LIBERTY	1s.	RENOV	1s.
COLESHILL	1s.	LORD DERBY	1s.	RESPLENDENT	1s.
CONSTELLATION	1s.	LUCIUS	1s.	ROCO	1s.
CORONET	1s.	LUSTRE	1s.	ROSY MORN	1s.
COURTIER	1s.	MADAME JEAN SIS-		ROYALTY	1s.
DIRECTOR	1s.	LEY	1s.	SATURN	1s.
DUKE	1s.	MEZARD	1s.	SERVICEABLE	1s.
DUNBAR	1s.	MARGARETTA	1s.	SPANGLE	1s.
EMBLEM	1s.	MARMION	1s.	SPLENDOUR	1s.
ENGINEER	1s.	MEMORIAL	1s.	SPORTIVE	1s.
ERASMUS	1s.	MILDRED	1s.	STENTOR	1s.
ESCAPE	1s.	MINNIE	1s.	STIMULATOR	1s.
EXPEDITION	1s.	MIRANA	1s.	STORM KING	1s.
GARNET	1s.	MONICA	1s.	SUGGESTIVE	1s.
GRENADEIER	1s.	MUSKETEER	1s.	SUNNYSIDE	1s.
HARMONY	1s.	NATHALIE	1s.	THUNDERBOLT	1s.
HAROLD	1s.	NORA	1s.	TRANSCENDANT	1s.
HELEN	1s.	NYMPH.	1s.	UNION JACK	1s.
HOGARTH	1s.	OSCAR	1s.	VIOLANTE	1s.
HOLDFAST	1s.	PATRICIAN	1s.	VULCAN	1s.
HOMER	1s.	PEACH BLOSSOM	1s.		

NEW AND CHOICE NOSEGAY PELARGONIUMS.

This section is admirably adapted for bedding, as the flowers are borne in the greatest profusion, and in immense trusses, and hence produce great effect.

For new varieties, offered for the first time, see page 10.

ACTEON, a fine showy flower; the upper petals scarlet, shaded with carmine, and the under petals very bright scarlet; trusses immense. 2s. 6d.

ALARIC, bright orange scarlet; a fine showy flower. 2s. 6d.

ALMEIDA, *vide* page 10.

AMADEO, an attractive variety, producing huge trusses of fine bright rosy carmine flowers. 2s. 6d.

ANGUS, cerise shaded with scarlet; immense truss. 5s.

NEW AND CHOICE NOSEGAY PELARGONIUMS—Continued.

ANTONIO, very bright vermillion scarlet ; large flower and immense truss. 1s. 6d.

ARCHETTE, this novel and distinct variety gives freely very large trusses of fine flowers, of a most attractive and pleasing shade of rosy pink colour, suffused with carmine. 2s. 6d.

ARIADNE, rich violet crimson ; a beautiful colour ; large flower and immense truss. 2s. 6d.

ASTEROID, good-shaped flowers, produced in immense trusses ; colour a very bright orange scarlet. 1s. 6d.

ATHENIAN, a magnificent variety, producing immense trusses of large flowers ; the under petals are of a rich crimson colour ; the upper petals violet, suffused with scarlet. 3s. 6d.

AVOCA, *vide* page 10.

BASIL, the flowers of this variety are of a remarkably intense and deep shade of bright scarlet, large and well-formed, and borne in huge trusses. 3s. 6d.

BELLONA, flowers borne in immense globular trusses, large, and of fine form, and of the most lovely soft shade of rich magenta rose colour. 2s. 6d.

BELTANE, rich deep scarlet ; a very free bloomer. 3s. 6d.

BLACK DIAMOND, *vide* page 10.

BONDUCA, bright scarlet crimson, shaded with violet ; huge truss ; a distinct and attractive colour. 2s. 6d.

CADMUS, rich crimson, shaded with violet ; an exceedingly attractive colour. 2s. 6d.

CAMOENS, light rosy lake, shaded with cerise ; fine truss. 3s. 6d.

CARLOS, *vide* page 10.

CATARACT, flowers very large and fine ; trusses immense ; colour an intensely bright scarlet crimson ; extremely effective. 2s. 6d.

CAVALIER, orange vermillion, good flower and large truss ; a dazzling colour. 1s. 6d.

CHIEFTAIN, a fine large flower, of a dazzling orange vermillion colour, the upper petals tinted with violet ; robust and compact habit ; trusses immense. 1s. 6d.

CHROMIS, a fine flower, of a very novel and distinct colour ; clear lake, shaded with scarlet in the upper petals ; a very showy and useful variety. 2s. 6d.

CORSICAN, very bright and rich crimson scarlet ; exceedingly showy and attractive ; large globular truss and fine flowers. 3s. 6d.

CRACKER, a remarkably attractive variety, the upper petals being of a deep scarlet colour, and the under petals rich crimson ; trusses enormous. 1s. 6d.

CYCLADES, bright rosy cerise ; a very pretty flower ; trusses large and fine. 2s. 6d.

DELPHIAN, bright scarlet crimson shaded with peach ; a very fine flower and good truss. 2s. 6d.

DEVICE, brilliant scarlet crimson ; a very rich and striking colour ; it is a free-blooming variety, giving very large round trusses of fine flowers. 1s. 6d.

DIANA, a fine large flower, of a beautiful peach colour, suffused with carmine ; a novel, fresh-looking, and very pretty colour ; the trusses large, and of good form. 2s. 6d.

DIVAN, bright carmine scarlet ; fine large flower ; good truss. 3s. 6d.

DWARF BEDDER, a dwarf growing variety, of free and compact habit, producing most profusely large trusses of vivid scarlet flowers ; an excellent variety for bedding. 2s. 6d.

ERMAN, *vide* page 10.

ETRUSCAN, bright cerise scarlet ; very large truss. 2s. 6d.

EVANDER, rich deep bright crimson shaded with scarlet ; immense truss. 3s. 6d.

FESTIVAL, bright crimson ; flowers large, and borne in immense trusses. 2s. 6d.

FIGARO, truss fine and large ; flowers of a dazzling orange scarlet colour ; a showy variety. 1s. 6d.

FORMOSA, an extremely distinct variety, producing splendid flowers of a novel and beautiful colour ; rich crimson shaded with magenta. 3s. 6d.

GAIETY, a free-blooming variety, producing enormous trusses of bright orange scarlet flowers. 2s. 6d.

GIDOUR, light rosy scarlet ; a good flower and immense truss. 3s. 6d.

GRANTA, soft rosy lake ; a very pretty colour. 3s. 6d.

HYMETTUS, upper petals white ; under petals shaded blush ; a very novel variety ; trusses enormous. 2s. 6d.

ISIDORUS, large trusses of fine flowers of an intensely bright and dazzling vermillion scarlet colour ; an exceedingly useful and effective variety. 3s. 6d.

JASON, rich magenta crimson shaded with scarlet ; large truss. 3s. 6d.

JESSICA, blush shaded with salmon pink, darker towards the centre ; a very distinct and pretty variety. 3s. 6d.

JUVENAL, deep bright scarlet ; very free and effective. 2s. 6d.

NEW AND CHOICE NOSEGAY PELARGONIUMS—Continued.

LAWRENCE HEYWOOD, soft rosy crimson, with a violet shading; a fine large well-formed flower, and immense truss. 1s. 6d.

LEGISLATOR, a very fine variety of quite a new shade of colour, most pleasing and attractive; trusses immense; flowers of good size and form, of a beautiful soft violet lake colour. 3s. 6d.

LINA, bright rosy pink, shaded with carmine; large flower and good truss. 1s. 6d.

LYCUS, bright cerise scarlet; immense truss. 2s. 6d.

MADAME DURENNE, an exceedingly free-blooming variety, producing immense trusses of fine rosy pink flowers; it is of the same style as *Mademoiselle Nilsson*, but more floriferous. 1s. 6d.

MARSUS, very deep rich pink; upper petals slightly marked with white; good truss. 3s. 6d.

MEDEA, rosy carmine shaded with scarlet; distinct; good truss. 3s. 6d.

MEMNON, bright rosy carmine, shaded with violet in the upper petals; flowers large and of good substance; trusses enormous; a splendid variety. 1s. 6d.

MIRA, light pinky peach, shaded with vermillion towards the centre. 1s. 6d.

MODIOLA, rosy pink, shaded with salmon; a novel and extremely distinct variety, producing good trusses of large fine flowers. 3s. 6d.

MONARCH, rich crimson, shaded with violet; a remarkably attractive colour. 1s. 6d.

NUBIAN, a beautiful soft rosy pink colour, with a slight tint of violet in the upper petals; quite distinct and exceedingly pretty; the flowers are produced in immense trusses. 3s. 6d.

OLIVAR, *vide* page 10.

ONISClA, a most attractive novelty, producing huge trusses of fine flowers of a beautiful rosy magenta colour, shaded with dark crimson in the upper petals; it is extremely effective. 3s. 6d.

ORIENT, *vide* page 10.

PARGA, bright cerise scarlet, with violet shade in the upper petals; a very fine flower, and good truss. 2s. 6d.

PARNASSUS, rich deep pink, slightly shaded with violet; fine large truss. 2s. 6d.

PERICLES, light cerise pink; a very pretty colour. 2s. 6d.

PETRONIUS, bright pink, with white marking in the upper petals; a fine flower. 2s. 6d.

PHASIS, *vide* page 10.

PLATONA, *vide* page 10.

POLONIUS, *vide* page 10.

PRIMATE, violet crimson, very distinct and showy; fine flowers and immense bold trusses; 1s. 6d.

PROMETHEUS, rich deep crimson, shaded with dark scarlet; good truss. 3s. 6d.

RIALTO, bright magenta crimson; upper petals shaded with scarlet. 3s. 6d.

RHODA, deep rose, suffused with carmine; a fine flower, produced in large globular trusses. 2s. 6d.

SALVO, very rich deep violet crimson; a most useful and effective variety, of good compact growth; the flowers large and of fine form, and the trusses of enormous size. 2s. 6d.

SAPPHO, rosy peach, shaded with cerise; distinct and pretty. 3s. 6d.

SCIPIO, a magnificent variety and very free-flowering; flowers of large size and borne in immense trusses; colour rich violet rose, the base of the upper petals bright orange scarlet; very distinct and showy. 3s. 6d.

SONORA, *vide* page 10.

THALABA, bright cerise, with violet; a distinct and showy flower. 2s. 6d.

THALIA, rosy cerise, shaded with pink; a novel and attractive colour; flowers large and of good form; trusses of immense size. 3s. 6d.

TIMBUCTOO, rich violet crimson; a fine showy flower. 1s. 6d.

URANIE, *vide* page 10.

URSULA, a splendid variety, freely producing enormous trusses of fine large flowers, very distinct and of quite a new shade of colour; upper petals scarlet; under petals deep violet lake. 3s. 6d.

VERONA, an exceedingly effective and showy flower, of a rich deep violet crimson colour. 3s. 6d.

ACQUISITION . . . 1s.	GRAND DUKE . . . 1s.	REFULGENT . . . 1s.
ASCENDANT . . . 1s.	INDICATOR . . . 1s.	ROSE STELLA . . . 1s.
CLAUDIUS . . . 1s.	INQUISITOR . . . 1s.	SOLEIL . . . 1s.
CONQUEROR . . . 1s.	INTERCESSOR . . . 1s.	SONNET . . . 1s.
DAYBREAK . . . 1s.	MADAME ROEMPLER 1s.	TACTITIAN . . . 1s.
DICTATOR . . . 1s.	MADILLE NILSSON . 1s.	TRADITION . . . 1s.
DR. MURET . . . 1s.	MURILLO . . . 1s.	TRANSLATOR . . . 1s.
EMERALD . . . 1s.	PERA . . . 1s.	TRANSPARENT . . . 1s.
GAZELLE . . . 1s.	PRESIDENT . . . 1s.	TROPHY . . . 1s.
GERB . . . 1s.	PROFUSION . . . 1s.	WARRIOR . . . 1s.

NEW AND CHOICE IVY-LEAVED PELARGONIUMS.

"PELARGONIUM LATERIPES."

Ivy-leaved Pelargoniums, on account of their graceful drooping growth, are extremely useful for vases, and rustic or suspended baskets; the rich wax-like foliage alone is ornamental, but added to that they have pretty flowers, and the different varieties present a contrast and charm attained by few other plants.

For new varieties, offered for the first time, vide page 11.

AMY, a fine flower, blush tinted rose, the upper petals feathered with dark crimson. 3s. 6d.
ANGELO, a remarkably attractive variety, with fine flowers of a rich mauve colour. 2s. 6d.
ANNETTE, blush, upper petals cleanly blotched with rose and barred with crimson. 1s. 6d.
BLUSHING BEAUTY, blush, upper petals striped with dark crimson, and prettily blotched with violet crimson. 1s. 6d.
BUTTERFLY, bright rose, striped with crimson in the upper petals, and blotched with rosy violet. 1s. 6d.
CAPTIVE, rose, marked with pink in the upper petals, and feathered with carmine. 1s. 6d.
CASSIDY, rose pink, with white centre, blotched in the upper petals very conspicuously with purplish crimson; a very attractive flower. 2s. 6d.
CONSTANCE, mauve, striped with crimson in the upper petals; very distinct and pretty. 1s. 6d.
DIADEM, flesh, with four purple stripes in the upper petals. 1s. 6d.
DUCHESS, violet pink, feathered with bright red on the upper petals. 1s. 6d.
DUKE OF EDINBURGH. This Ivy-leaved variety partakes of the character and has a similar appearance to the old Mangles' variegated. For edging flower beds, or trailing on trellises, pillars, or rustic baskets, or for suspending in wire-work, it is very useful. 1s.
ECLIPSE, vide page 11.
ELIGIBLE, mauve, upper petals feathered and spotted with bright red, and shaded with violet. 1s. 6d.
ENSIGN, pink, feathered with bright red. 1s. 6d.
FASCINATION, blush white, the upper petals barred with maroon and feathered with crimson; a fine showy variety. 2s. 6d.
FELICITY, blush, barred and feathered in the upper lobes with crimson. 1s. 6d.
FLORENCE, pale blush, feathered with crimson in the upper petals. 2s. 6d.
FLORINDA, vide page 11.
GOLDEN GEM, vide page 11.
GRAND DUCHESS MARIA, light violet pink, the upper petals feathered and striped with dark crimson. 1s. 6d.
HEROINE, blush white, upper petals striped with dark crimson, and very prettily and distinctly spotted with bright red. 1s. 6d.
LADY EDITH, crimson flowers, tinged with purple; a fine variety for edging. 1s. 6d.
LAVINIA, soft lavender, upper petals feathered with violet, the under petals lavender, the central portion white. 1s. 6d.
LEONORA, a delicate soft pink, rather lighter in the centre; all the petals alike, without any blotch whatever; a very distinct and pretty flower. 5s.
LETITIA, vide page 11.
LIVELY, pink, feathered in the upper petals with bright red. 1s. 6d.
LURLINE, a fine flower of a deep rose colour, strikingly rayed with rose in the upper petals, the bases of which are dark crimson; very pretty and effective. 3s. 6d.
MANUAL, soft rose, feathered with crimson in the upper petals. 1s. 6d.
MEDINA, vide page 11.
MINSTREL, lavender, the centre portion of the under petals white, upper petals feathered with red, and spotted with violet. 1s. 6d.
NAIAD, vide page 11.
NATIONAL, French white, upper petals feathered and lightly spotted with violet. 1s. 6d.
NEATNESS, white, the upper petals largely and attractively feathered with violet rose. 2s. 6d.
NOVELTY, mauve, shaded with pink, the upper petals striped with bright crimson. 1s. 6d.
PAULINE, vide page 11.
PERCY, deep rose, shaded with violet, the upper petals prettily marked with crimson. 3s. 6d.

NEW AND CHOICE IVY-LEAVED PELARGONIUMS—Continued.

PRIMATE, beautiful rosy pink, the flowers prettily striped with crimson in the upper petals. 1s. 6d.
PRINCESS ALEXANDRA, light pink, the upper petals feathered with violet crimson. 1s. 6d.
PRINCESS THYRA, flesh, shading to a white centre, with four radiating crimson stripes in the upper petals; very large flowers. 1s. 6d.

PROFUSION, soft pink, the upper petals striped with crimson, and blotched with violet. 1s. 6d.
ROMANCE, a fine flower with broad petals of a beautiful mauve colour, with white centre. 2s. 6d.
SOUVENIR, light rose, upper petals feathered with crimson, and shaded with violet. 1s. 6d.
TESTIMONIAL, white, suffused with light violet rose, the upper petals feathered with violet maroon; good shape. 1s. 6d.

THERESA, beautiful soft violet tinted rose, feathered with crimson in the upper petals. 3s. 6d.

TREASURE, pure white, striped with maroon in the upper petals. 2s. 6d.

TROPHY, bright rosy pink, feathered with dark crimson in the upper petals; a good flower. 2s. 6d.
VIOLANTE, pretty rosy pink colour, with salmon shade in the centre of the flower; the upper petals neatly marked with crimson; a fine flower, very distinct and attractive. 5s.

WILLSII, a hybrid of compact growth, combining the fine thick leaves of the Ivy-leaved section with the flowers of the Zonals; the blossoms of this variety are of a good size and form, of a most beautiful deep violet rose, and freely produced in large trusses. 1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d.

WILLSII ROSEA. This variety is of similar growth and habit to the preceding, but the flowers, which are very large, are of a delicate rosy pink colour. 1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d.

NEW BEDDING PELARGONIUMS (UNIQUE).

UNIQUE AURORA, bright glowing crimson, the upper petals darkly spotted, also blotched with white and feathered with maroon. An improvement both in habit and flower on the parent variety, and a decided acquisition among bedding plants. 2s. 6d.

UNIQUE DIADEM, rich violet crimson, the upper petals darkly blotched and feathered, and the latter intersected with violet rose; flowers very large and fine, exceedingly effective. 2s. 6d.

NEW AND CHOICE DOUBLE-FLOWERED ZONAL PELARGONIUMS.

ABUNDANCE, bright orange scarlet; a remarkably dazzling colour; fine large flowers, produced freely in immense trusses; a splendid variety. 3s. 6d.

ALBA PLENA, this novelty is of very free dwarf growth, and extremely floriferous; the foliage is dark green with brown zone, and the beautiful double flowers are produced in immense globular trusses; they are pure white, becoming slightly tinged with rose when fully developed; and all the petals are finely laciniate. It is a very desirable acquisition. 3s. 6d.

ALICE CROUSSE, a remarkably distinct and attractive variety, of dwarf compact habit and extremely floriferous; the flowers are large, full, and of good form, white with salmon centre; before the flowers are fully expanded they appear perfectly white, the reverse of the petals being white. It is a most desirable novelty. 5s.

ALINE SISLEY, of excellent habit, dwarf and compact, with neat foliage, and remarkably free-flowering, producing fine globular trusses of white flowers, of moderate size. This variety will be of great service either for bedding or for cultivating in pots or vases, and especially for cutting, as the blossoms do not shed their petals as the single varieties do, and are therefore much more durable. 3s. 6d.

AMAZON, a fine full double flower of an exceedingly bright scarlet colour; very showy and attractive; trusses immense; habit free and compact. 3s. 6d.

ASA GRAY, an extremely free-flowering variety, of dwarf and robust habit, with foliage of moderate size and lightly zoned; the flowers are of large size, very full and double, of a Chamois colour, somewhat similar to the variety *Gloire de Corbeny*. Being a most distinct colour, this is an exceedingly desirable acquisition. 5s.

ASMODEUS, light rose; a very fine full and double flower; trusses large and of excellent form; a very useful and effective variety, and a profuse bloomer. 7s. 6d.

ASTEROID, a splendid variety of good habit, and a very free bloomer; the trusses are large and exceedingly compact, the flowers are very full and double, colour a vivid orange scarlet. This is one of the brightest and most attractive of the double-flowered section. 5s.

BASILISK, very rich bright pink; large, full, well-formed flowers, borne in enormous trusses; of free good habit and compact growth. 3s. 6d.

NEW AND CHOICE DOUBLE-FLOWERED ZONAL PELARGONIUMS—Continued.

BEATRICE, very rich rosy carmine, with a violet shade ; a remarkably fine full flower, large and double ; very free flowering, producing immense globular trusses. 5s.

BOUQUET, a lovely flower, of a similar colour to *Madame Lemoine*, but much brighter ; very large and double, and of a most peculiar formation, the outer petals being arranged flatly, and the central petals, which are much shorter than the outer ones, form a thick rosette-like centre to the flower. The plant is of good compact habit, and very free blooming. 7s. 6d.

BRIGADE, rich deep scarlet ; fine large flowers produced in immense trusses. 7s. 6d.

BRIGANTINE, a fine showy flower, of a very rich and dazzling bright scarlet colour, trusses large, and of good form ; habit free and compact. 5s.

BRILLIANT, a magnificent variety, of good branching growth, freely producing immense globular-shaped trusses of fine double flowers, of a very rich bright scarlet colour. 5s.

BUTTON, an extremely pretty rosette-like flower of a beautiful bright pink colour ; trusses large and round ; habit dwarf and compact. It is in the style of *Mary Elizabeth*, but is a great improvement on that variety. 5s.

CARDINAL, a very large flower, of a pretty and attractive shade of soft rosy carmine colour ; trusses very large ; habit dwarf and compact. 3s. 6d.

CAVALIER, very deep bright pink ; the plant is of good compact habit, and produces, in abundance, enormous trusses of fine well-formed flowers. 5s.

CHARLES LYELL, a pretty variety of neat dwarf habit and very floriferous ; the flowers are double, of moderate size, and of a dark Apricot colour, shaded with white on the borders of the petals. It is a rich and effective colour, and will prove an admirable and attractive variety, being quite distinct from any other kind. 5s.

COMET. This is one of the brightest and most dazzling scarlet flowers in the double section ; it is of excellent habit, and a most profuse bloomer ; the trusses are large and of good shape, and the individual flowers very full, double, and well formed, with fine broad petals. 7s. 6d.

COMMANDER, an extremely attractive variety, producing immense trusses of large, fine, full flowers, of a bright rosy carmine colour. 5s.

CONGRESS, light rosy scarlet ; a very fresh and bright looking colour : extremely effective. 7s. 6d.

CONSEILLER RAGON, trusses enormous and of a globular form ; flowers fine and large, of a rich orange red colour ; a very effective variety. 2s. 6d.

CROWN PRINCE, a fine variety, of great merit, the flowers having a greater depth of that beautiful hue of peach peculiar to *Marie Lemoine* ; good bushy habit, and free blooming. 2s. 6d.

DAUNTLESS, trusses large and of good form ; the individual flowers full and double, of an exceedingly clear and bright rosy carmine colour ; very attractive. 3s. 6d.

DECIMA, this variety gives enormous trusses of very fine, large, full, and double flowers, of a rich carmine crimson colour ; most effective. 5s.

DELIGHT, flowers bright rosy carmine ; an exceedingly free-blooming variety. It is of dwarf growth, and very free, throwing its huge trusses well above the foliage. 3s. 6d.

DRAGON, a very showy and effective variety, of good habit, and producing freely immense trusses of fine large double flowers, of a bright scarlet colour. 5s.

ENDYMION, very large flowers, full and of fine form ; colour an exceedingly pretty bright pink ; this is a most attractive variety, of good habit and very free flowering. 3s. 6d.

FLORIBUNDUM, an exceedingly free-flowering variety, of vigorous habit and compact growth ; flowers large and fine, of a rich dark red colour, and freely produced in immense trusses. 3s. 6d.

GLADIATOR, a magnificent variety, with very rich deep scarlet crimson flowers, which are full and double ; trusses enormous ; growth neat and compact. 3s. 6d.

GRENADE, an exceedingly fine, full, and well-formed flower, of a bright vermillion colour ; trusses fine and large, and freely produced ; it is a most showy and attractive variety. 3s. 6d.

HEROINE, very free and of good habit, the trusses are extremely large and round ; the individual flowers are of immense size, about 1½ inches in diameter, beautifully formed, very full and double, and of a pleasing deep rosy pink ; a most attractive shade of colour. 7s. 6d.

HESPERUS, rosy carmine, a most attractive shade of colour, very bright and fresh-looking ; the flowers are of good size, full, and of excellent form, expanding nicely ; the trusses are of immense size, and borne in great profusion ; it is an exceedingly useful and effective variety. 7s. 6d.

IANTHE, this is a charming flower, very full and of perfect form, and of a beautiful bright pink colour, much deeper and brighter than *Madame Lemoine*. It is of good compact habit, and very free blooming, producing immense globular trusses. 5s.

IMPERATOR, a splendid flower, large, full, very double, and well formed, of an intense scarlet crimson colour, very rich and attractive. The plant is of compact growth. 5s.

NEW AND CHOICE DOUBLE-FLOWERED ZONAL PELARGONIUMS—Continued.

JEWEL, dwarf and free flowering ; foliage slightly zonate ; trusses well-formed, of good size, but not coarse, and the flowers of a fine deep scarlet colour. Each pip is very double, and so beautifully and regularly formed as to have the appearance of a miniature *Senateur Veissé Rose*. 3s. 6d.

LINDA, very deep bright pink, with a rosy shade ; a good flower, full and well formed ; trusses very large. 5s.

LORENZO, a very fine variety, of robust and compact habit of growth, with neat foliage ; it is exceedingly free-flowering, producing immense globular trusses of fine large well-formed double flowers of a rich rosy scarlet colour ; exceedingly attractive. 10s. 6d.

LOUIS DELESALLE, a free and vigorous growing variety, producing enormous trusses of very large, fine, and beautifully-formed flowers, of a rich scarlet cerise colour, slightly shaded with carmine ; very showy and attractive. 7s. 6d.

L. THIBAUT, a variety producing enormous trusses of very double rich and bright cerise flowers, striped with white ; a striking and effective variety. 2s. 6d.

MACLEOD, very large well-formed flowers, full and double, of a beautiful shade of orange red ; very brilliant and effective ; the plant is of good compact habit, and remarkably floriferous. 3s. 6d.

MADAME BOULANGÉ, a beautiful variety, giving enormous trusses of fine full flowers of a showy red colour, shaded with rose. 2s. 6d.

MADAME CROUSSE, very large and well-formed double flowers of a rosy mauve colour, shaded with carmine violet ; an exceedingly distinct and attractive variety of dwarf compact habit, and very free blooming. 3s. 6d.

MADAME H. DELESALLE, a very effective variety, of extremely dwarf growth, freely producing fine trusses of beautifully-formed flowers of a remarkably fresh carmine rose colour, of quite a novel and distinct shade. 7s. 6d.

MADAME RENDATLER, an exceedingly distinct and most attractive variety, producing beautiful flowers of a pure mauve colour, the reverse of the petals white ; the plant is of compact habit and a free bloomer. 7s. 6d.

MADAME RUDOLF ABEL, of dwarf and compact habit, and very free flowering ; the flowers are well formed, and of a very bright rose colour. 2s. 6d.

MEMNON, immense trusses of large and full beautifully formed rosette-like flowers, of a bright and attractive rosy scarlet colour ; it is of good compact habit, and very free flowering. 3s. 6d.

MERVEILLE DE LORRAINE, a dwarf-growing variety, producing abundantly immense trusses of fine double flowers of a beautiful China Rose colour, shaded with carmine. 2s. 6d.

MONSIEUR CROUSSE, a magnificent variety of dwarf compact growth, freely producing enormous trusses of fine, large, full double flowers, of a rich purple carmine colour, shaded with scarlet ; all the petals edged with white. It is very distinct and attractive. 7s. 6d.

M. C. GLIJM, a very dwarf compact-growing kind, producing profusely immense trusses of well-formed flowers, of a bright orange scarlet colour ; a most attractive and useful variety. 2s. 6d.

M. DE ST. JEAN, a magnificent variety, with foliage slightly zoned ; trusses large, flowers full and double, of a beautiful rosy carmine colour, shaded with salmon. 2s. 6d.

M. HUGH LOW, a dwarf-growing variety, of robust habit, and very free flowering. The flowers, which are produced in large globular trusses, are of good form, very full and double, and of a rich reddish amaranth, shaded with rosy violet towards the centre. 3s. 6d.

M. ROEMPLER, a dwarf free-flowering variety, producing immense trusses of extra large and full flowers, of a rich clear cerise red ; a very beautiful variety. 3s. 6d.

MURILLO, fine large, full, and double flowers, produced in immense globular trusses—a single truss bearing as many as four dozen flowers ; colour a soft rosy pink, of a very pretty shade. 5s.

MUSKETEER, bright rosy carmine ; an attractive and showy shade of colour ; flowers very large and full. 7s. 6d.

NAVARINO, an exceedingly dwarf-growing and free-flowering variety, producing enormous trusses of beautiful rosy carmine flowers. 2s. 6d.

ORESTES, an extremely effective variety ; the flowers are of large size, very full and double and well-formed ; of a most attractive shade of rosy carmine, and freely produced in very large round trusses well above the foliage. 7s. 6d.

ORIFLAMME, an exceedingly handsome variety, of good compact habit, producing enormous globular trusses of splendidly-formed full and double flowers, of the most intensely bright and vivid scarlet colour. 7s. 6d.

OSCAR. This variety produces fine large globular trusses of full rich deep pink flowers ; it is of good habit and very free. 3s. 6d.

NEW AND CHOICE DOUBLE-FLOWERED ZONAL PELARGONIUMS—Continued.

PLACIDA, a magnificent variety of dense, close, compact habit, producing extraordinarily huge trusses of fine large, very double, bright pink flowers; the trusses are a great deal larger than those of *Madame Lemoine*, on which variety this is in every way a decided improvement. 7s. 6d.

PRETENDER, a beautiful soft shade of rose, very pleasing; fine trusses of large full flowers; a pretty variety. 5s.

PROBUS, a strikingly showy variety, freely producing immense trusses of fine large bright scarlet flowers, full, double, and of excellent form. 7s. 6d.

RED CAP, an exceedingly effective variety, on account of the intensely deep scarlet colour of its fine double flowers, which are freely produced in immense well-formed trusses. 5s.

REFULGENT, a magnificent variety, giving immense trusses of large well-formed flowers of a deep crimson colour; very rich and distinct. 3s. 6d.

ROVER, this variety is of free habit, producing immense trusses of fine large flowers, which are of a novel and peculiar reddish pink colour; very distinct and attractive. 3s. 6d.

SENATOR, very bright pink; an exceedingly large, full, and good-shaped flower; the trusses are round, and of immense size; it is a most useful and pretty variety. 5s.

SOUVENIR DE LYON, this magnificent variety produces fine large flowers of the most intensely bright rich deep scarlet colour; remarkably striking and effective. 5s.

TERRE PROMISE, trusses immense, flowers exceedingly full and double, well formed, and of a bright satiny red colour; of dwarf compact bushy growth, and very free flowering. 2s. 6d.

TH. CUIGNEAU, an extremely fine variety, of dwarf free habit; trusses immense; flowers large, and of excellent form; colour cinnabar red, shaded with bright carmine. 3s. 6d.

TITIAN, fine full double flowers of a very rich bright pink colour; trusses immense; habit dwarf and compact; an elegant and attractive variety. 3s. 6d.

TREATY, fine flowers, very full and double, of a rich scarlet colour, with rose shade; very free blooming; a pleasing variety. 2s. 6d.

TROJAN, an exceedingly useful and effective variety, producing in abundance enormous globular trusses of fine large flowers, of a very rich deep carmine scarlet colour. 3s. 6d.

VANGUARD, fine full and double flowers, of a rich carmine colour, very showy and attractive; the trusses are of good form, and very large; the habit of the plant dwarf and compact. 3s. 6d.

ZANGA, an excellent bedding variety, being of very dwarf neat growth; it partakes of the free compact habit of the *Tom Thumb*; flowers light scarlet, profusely borne in fine large trusses. 7s. 6d.

	s. d.		s. d.		s. d.
ANDREW HENDER-		KING OF DOUBLES	1 0	SONNET	. . . 1 6
SON	. . . 1 0	LE DUC DE SUEZ	. 1 0	SPLENDOUR	. . . 1 6
ASCENDANCY	. . . 1 6	LE NAIN	. . . 1 0	SUNSHINE	. . . 1 6
BEAUTE POITEVINE	1 0	LE VESUVE	. . . 1 0	TOM POUCE CERISE	1 0
CAMELLIAEFLORUM	1 0	MADAME BONDET	. 1 0	" "	ROSE . 1 0
CAPITAINE L'HER-		RACOUCHOT	1 0	TRIBUTE	. . . 1 6
MITE	. . . 1 0	ROSE CHAR-		TRIOMPHE DE LOR-	
CHANCELLOR	. . . 1 6	MEUX	. 1 0	RAINE	. . . 1 0
CONQUEROR	. . . 1 0	MARIÈ CROUSSE	. 1 0	TRIUMPH	. . . 1 0
CONSUL	. . . 1 6	M. D. SAINT PAUL	. 1 0	TROUBADOUR	. . . 1 0
EMILE LEMOINE	1 0	M. E. G. HENDERSON	1 0	VICTOIRE DE LYON	1 0
EMULATION	. . . 1 6	NATIONAL	. . . 1 0	VICTOR	. . . 1 0
GLOIRE DES DOU-		OCTAVIE	. . . 1 0	VICTOR (SMITH)	. . . 1 0
BLES	. . . 1 0	PIONEER	. . . 1 6	VICTOR LEMOINE	. 1 0
IMPÉRATRICE EU-		REVIEW	. . . 1 0	VISITOR	. . . 1 6
GÉNIE	. . . 1 0	ROSETTA	. . . 1 0	VIVIAN	. . . 1 0
JEANNE DE SAINT-		ROSEUM PLENUM	. 1 0	ZELINDA	. . . 1 0
MAUR	. . . 1 0	SIGNET	. . . 1 0		

NEW AND CHOICE VARIEGATED PELARGONIUMS.

ACHIEVEMENT. This very bright and rich variety is most refined in its marking, smooth, and in every respect a superior kind, and is generally considered one of the most beautiful of the Golden Tricolors. 2s. 6d.

ACME, a great improvement on *Mrs. Pollock*; the leaf margin bright lemon yellow, with a red zone, darkly banded, which strikingly contrasts with the green leaf disc. 2s. 6d.

NEW AND CHOICE VARIEGATED PELARGONIUMS—Continued.

AVALANCHE, dark green leaves, edged white ; pure white flowers. 3s. 6d.

BEACON, a splendid variety, of vigorous yet compact habit. The foliage is large and fine ; the leaf disc is small, dark green, and surrounded with a narrow but distinct and extremely well-defined vandyked zone of dark chocolate colour, flamed with rich bright red ; the leaf margin is of a rich golden yellow. 10s. 6d.

BEATRICE, a very distinct and effectively marked variety, with flat smooth even leaves ; the centre of a bright green, surrounded with a fine richly coloured zone of dark bronze, interspersed with bright reddish crimson. It is of vigorous and branching habit, and the flowers are of a deep scarlet colour ; very showy and attractive. 7s. 6d.

BELLA, an attractive variety, with remarkably clean and bright looking foliage ; the leaves are round and smooth, with light green disc, occasionally splashed with golden yellow, and surrounded by a fine distinct zone of bright crimson, interspersed with rich rose and dark maroon ; leaf margin golden yellow. 10s. 6d.

BERTHA, a free growing variety ; creamy white margin, with rosy-carmine zone. 10s. 6d.

BLUSHING BRIDE, a first-class variety, with fine foliage, and pretty white flowers, slightly tinged with blush ; the leaves have a large green centre, with an unusual broad edging of creamy white ; it is very free, and of compact growth. 3s. 6d.

BRILLIANT, a very fine and distinct golden tricolor variety, with remarkably bright and richly marked zone ; of good compact habit. 3s. 6d.

CHARMING BRIDE, habit robust and free ; leaves large, with rich bronze zone, barred with bright rose carmine ; flowers brilliant scarlet, fine truss ; a splendid variety. 1s. 6d.

COL. SCOTT, a very attractive tricolor variety ; the centre of the leaves is bright green, surrounded with a dark maroon band, which is interspersed with bright crimson ; the flowers are of a deep bright scarlet colour. 10s. 6d.

DAYBREAK, a very fine variety of good compact habit, with bright green leaves, which are broadly and distinctly margined with creamy white ; the flowers, which are of a bright rosy carmine colour, are of good form, and produced abundantly ; it is exceedingly effective for bedding. 2s. 6d.

DIADEM, white margined leaves, flowers bright carmine. 2s. 6d.

EDWARD MILNER, a fine showy golden tricolor variety, of very free growth. 2s. 6d.

EDWARD RICHARD BENYON, a variety in the style of *Mrs. Pollock*, but more brilliant and effective in its very rich and broad flame scarlet zone ; it is of free and vigorous habit. 5s.

E. H. REYNARD, a fine variety, with extremely brilliant scarlet flamed zone, and rich gold margin. 7s. 6d.

ERNEST, a beautiful variety with vandyked foliage ; the centre deep green, surrounded with a well-defined belt, almost black, and relieved with bars of rich crimson maroon ; it is of excellent habit, and is exceedingly attractive ; the flowers are freely produced, of a rosy scarlet colour. 5s.

ETTIE BEALE, a splendid golden tricolor variety, with a rich and attractively-marked zone, and pure golden yellow margin. 3s. 6d.

EXCELLENT, a fine variety, with very smooth leaves, zoned with rich crimson, shaded deep rose ; white margin. 3s. 6d.

FLAMBEAU, a fine variety, with very beautiful colouring, and of exceedingly free habit ; the leaves are round, flat, and of perfect form, and the zone is remarkably bright ; it is one of the most useful and effective of the tricolor section. 2s. 6d.

FLORENCE, broad distinct zone, fringed with dark crimson and maroon ; the leaf is large and has a well defined green centre, which is shown off to great advantage by the rich and deep glowing colour surrounding it. 2s. 6d.

GERTRUDE, light green, bordered with a broad margin of creamy white ; rosy carmine flowers ; a pretty variety. 3s. 6d.

HOWARTH ASHTON, a rich and beautifully marked variety, leaves of circular outline and great substance, with a rich golden margin, the disc surrounded with a small bronze zone, brilliantly suffused with flamed scarlet ; an improvement in the style of *Lucy Grieve*. 2s. 6d.

IMPÉRATRICE EUGÉNIE, a free-growing variety, with pure white margin, and fine rosy carmine zone. 2s. 6d.

INTERNATIONAL, an exceedingly pretty, neat, and compact-growing plant, the leaf margins very broad, pure white, the young leaves prettily zoned with pink ; from its distinct character it is one of the most desirable of the silver-margined section. 3s. 6d.

ITALIAN BEAUTY, a fine variety, with very dark zone, edged with rose. 2s. 6d.

JESSIE, a pretty variety ; the leaves have a deep green centre ornamented with dark maroon bands, interspersed with flame red, and are edged with bright gold. 3s. 6d.

JOHN D. BASSETT, a fine showy golden tricolor, with very richly marked foliage. 5s.

NEW AND CHOICE VARIEGATED PELARGONIUMS—Continued.

LASS-O'-GOWRIE, leaf margin white, with inner broad zone of brilliant carmine rose ; a very effective variety. 2s. 6d.

LIZZIE, centre deep green, surrounded by a broad zone of maroon, barred with rich glowing crimson, and occasionally striped with yellow, the outer leaf margin is of a bright yellow shade. 3s. 6d.

LUCY GRIEVE, rich velvety golden-margined leaves, exquisitely figured on the inner side by a broad and brilliant surface zone of bright crimson on a bronze ground. 2s. 6d.

MABEL MORRIS, a fine silver tricolor, with attractive bright red zone. 2s. 6d.

MAGDALA, very fine large leaves, with small light green disc, and broad rich zone of dark maroon, interspersed with bright rosy scarlet and fiery crimson ; the margin is of a pure golden colour. This most showy and attractively marked variety is of free compact growth, and has been awarded a First Class Certificate by the Floral Committee of the Royal Horticultural Society. 1 guinea.

MARY HADWIN, deep green leaf centre, surrounded by a rich red crimson zone, and outwardly belted with a bright canary yellow leaf margin. 3s. 6d.

MAY FLOWER, large leaves broadly margined with white ; black zone bordered with rose ; very fine. 7s. 6d.

MISS BATTERS, a remarkably effective variety of extremely dwarf and compact growth ; foliage margined gold and attractively zoned. 5s.

MISS GORING, a very attractive variety, by its richly flamed red zone, dark green disc, and golden leaf margin ; it is very striking and effective. 3s. 6d.

MISS POND, a very effective variety, with bright crimson zone and broad white margin. 2s. 6d.

MR. RUTTER, a very fine and showy variety, with richly coloured golden tricolor foliage ; the zone is dark and effective. 2s. 6d.

MRS. COL. WILKINSON, leaves flat, with narrow zone of bright carmine, and white edge ; a very pretty silver tricolor. 3s. 6d.

MRS. DIX, a showy variety, with fine richly-marked foliage, dark zone, and clear golden margin. 2s. 6d.

MRS. DUNNETT, a splendid tricolor, with very compact habit, and flat salver-shaped leaves, with intensely dark zone. 3s. 6d.

MRS. GRIEVE, broad rich flame crimson zone, with dark bronze bars and golden leaf margin ; a free and effective variety. 7s. 6d.

MRS. HEADLEY, a splendid golden tricolor variety, maintaining its great beauty during the whole season. The colouring is very bright, and well defined. 3s. 6d.

MRS. H. LITTLE, an exceedingly beautiful, rich, and distinct variety ; golden margin, with broad well-defined zone of rich flamed scarlet ; vigorous and compact habit. 7s. 6d.

MRS. JOHN CLUTTON, a dwarf and free-growing variety ; very clearly and distinctly marked white edge, and broad crimson zone. 2s. 6d.

MRS. JOHN MARSHALL, large smooth leaves, margined with pure silver ; bronze and carmine-lake zone ; an excellent variety, of good compact habit. 5s.

MRS. MAXWELL MASTERS, a robust and strong-growing variety ; the leaves are margined with creamy white ; the dark zone is surrounded with beautiful bright rosy carmine. 15s.

MRS. ROUSBY, a robust habited silver tricolor, with leaves round and remarkably flat ; colouring well defined. 2s. 6d.

PETER GRIEVE, a variety with rich gold-margined leaves, of correct outline, brilliantly zoned with flamed scarlet, blending the beauty of *Lucy Grieve* with the growth of *Mrs. Pollock*. 2s. 6d.

PRINCE OF WALES, one of the finest tricolors ever offered, of most vigorous habit, and intensely brilliant colours. 3s. 6d.

PRINCESS BEATRICE, foliage deeply indented, margin pure white, scarlet zone. 2s. 6d.

PRINCESS OF WALES, leaf margin sulphur, zone of rich magenta and black, foliage ample, habit free and compact ; a truly beautiful variety. 3s. 6d.

QUEEN OF HEARTS, a silver-edged bedding variety, with bright rose belted zone, of close compact growth. 5s.

ROYALTY, pure silver margin, with deep carmine zone ; a fine variety of free robust growth. 3s. 6d.

SALAMANDER, a golden tricolor variety, of very free growth ; with bright red zone, retaining its gay colours during the summer and winter months. 3s. 6d.

SIGNET, leaves bright green, with rich dark zone, and broadly margined with yellow ; very compact. 3s. 6d.

SILVER RAY, a distinct and effective variety, of free compact growth ; the foliage is remarkably fine, the leaves very flat and smooth, bright green, with broad clear snowy white border. The flowers are of a rich scarlet colour, well formed, and produced in fine large trusses. 3s. 6d.

NEW AND CHOICE VARIEGATED PELARGONIUMS—Continued.

SILVER SPLASH, an attractive variety ; the leaves having a dark green centre ornamented with a vandyke zone of dark bronze and bright pink, leaf margin pure silvery white ; flowers of a pretty cerise colour. 10s. 6d.

SIR ROBERT NAPIER, a dark-leaved tricolor, with intensely dark broad zone, indented with brilliant scarlet vandyke blotches and deep golden margin ; flowers of a clear flesh colour, with rose centre. 2s. 6d.

STAR, very pure and bright yellow ground colour, small dark green disc, which is surrounded with a distinct and attractive zone of dark chocolate colour, interspersed with flame red. 10s. 6d.

TREASURE, a compact-growing and exceedingly handsome variety, the bright green leaves being brilliantly zoned with dark bronze, and flamed with bright crimson, and the margin being of a pure golden colour. The flowers are bright scarlet. 7s. 6d.

TROPHY, bright green leaves, with well-defined zone of dark chocolate colour flamed with crimson, and rich yellow margin. The plant is of free habit, and the foliage is extremely showy and striking. 10s. 6d.

UNIQUE. This has the same rich glowing tints as seen in *Lady Cullum*, with a rich green centre, the outline of each leaf being very distinct and handsome. 3s. 6d.

VICTORIA REGINÆ, a vigorous and free-growing variety, with broad golden leaf margin, and proportionately bright flame crimson zone ; leaves of fine substance, size, and outline. Of good habit, and very effective. 2s. 6d.

WELCOME, a variety of free growth, producing large foliage, very attractively marked ; the leaves have a bright golden margin, and light green centre, surrounded with very broad and distinct dark bronzy zone, flamed with bright fiery crimson. 10s. 6d.

BEAUTY OF GUEST—

WICK 1s.
BRIGHT STAR . 1s. 6d.
BRILLIANTISSIMUM 1s.
COUNTESS OF CRAVEN . 1s. 6d.
COUNTESS OF TYR- CONNEL . 1s. 6d.
FLOWER OF SPRING 1s. 6d.

GLEN EYRE BEAUTY 1s.
GOLDEN HARKAWAY 1s.
ITALIA UNITA . . 1s.
LADY CULLUM . . 1s.
LOUISA SMITH . . 1s.
MAY QUEEN . . 1s.
MISS WATSON . . 1s.
MRS. BENYON . . 1s.
MRS. TURNER . . 1s. 6d.

QUEEN OF QUEENS 1s.
QUEEN OF TRICOLOR 1s.
QUEEN VICTORIA . 1s.
ROSALIND . . . 1s.
SOPHIA CUSACK . 1s.
SOPHIA DUMA- RESQUE . . . 1s.
STAR OF THE WEST 1s.
SUNSET . . . 1s.

NEW AND CHOICE BRONZE, GOLD, AND SHADED YELLOW PELARGONIUMS.

For new varieties, offered for the first time, see pages 10 and 11.

ACIS, a splendid variety, of vigorous and compact habit ; fine round smooth leaves, of a bright gold ground colour, with distinct and striking intense crimson zone ; exceedingly handsome. 5s.

ADMIRAL, a compact-habited variety with neat foliage ; the disc is small and of a rich gold colour ; the zone very large and broad, dark crimson colour, with distinct yellow margin. 5s.

ADVANCER, a variety with vandyke foliage and deep scarlet flowers ; the ground colour of the leaves is rich gold, the zone rich dark bronze. 2s. 6d.

AGATHA, an exceedingly attractive variety ; the centre of the leaves is clear yellow, banded with a well-defined dark chestnut vandyke zone, and margined with pure golden colour. 5s.

ALEXIS, *vide* page 10.

AMBROSIA, sulphur yellow disc, surrounded with a broad and well-defined zone of pale reddish brown, clean light yellow margin ; a fine handsome variety. 5s.

ANNESLY, a compact-growing close-habited variety ; leaf disc light yellow, surrounded with a smooth, well-defined, dark crimson zone, neatly margined with yellow. 5s.

ANNETTE, fine large bold foliage, with pure golden ground and very broad light bronzy zone. 3s. 6d.

ANTAGONIST, a splendid variety with fine bold foliage, ground colour rich yellow, with a broad dark chocolate zone ; the flowers are of a rich crimson colour. 3s. 6d.

ARCHETTE, an exceedingly effective variety, the rich golden tint of its ample foliage being relieved by a profusion of pink flowers, with light marking in the upper petals. 5s.

ARTIST, a robust and vigorous-growing variety, producing pretty light scarlet flowers ; leaves large and fine ; ground colour rich yellow, with very dark belt. 2s. 6d.

NEW AND CHOICE BRONZE, GOLD, AND SHADED YELLOW PELARGONIUMS—Continued.

AUSPICIOUS, a variety with small neat foliage, of a yellow ground colour, with broad dark bronze zone ; very attractive. 5s.

BARASSA, pale yellow ground colour, with rich chocolate zone ; very striking and effective. 7s. 6d.

BELLONA, bright golden yellow disc ; small zone of a rich cinnamon colour ; the leaf margined with golden yellow. A fine showy variety. 5s.

BETA, a splendid variety, with very richly marked foliage ; the leaf has a large yellow centre, surrounded with a well-defined dark bronze zone, and narrow, but distinct, yellow margin. 5s.

BRUIN, a variety with beautifully marked neat compact foliage ; the leaf has a small round yellow disc, very broad dark chestnut zone, and narrow margin of bright yellow. 5s.

CALYPSO, a very rich and attractive variety, with fine bold foliage, of a beautiful golden yellow colour ; ornamented with a most effective zone of brownish crimson. 5s.

CECROPS, bright golden ground colour, with rich bronzy crimson zone. 7s. 6d.

CELEBES, *vide* page 10.

CHIEFTAIN, leaves round and flat, the centre yellow, surrounded by a broad dark bronzy zone, and distinctly margined with yellow ; a compact-growing and effective variety. 2s. 6d.

CIRCLE, deep golden yellow disc, surrounded with a broad dark bronze zone, margined with pale greenish yellow. 5s.

COMELENESS, the disc deep yellow, and outer leaf margin yellowish green, with a splendid vandyke zone of rich chestnut ; flowers bright scarlet, produced in large trusses, and contrasting well with the rich bronzy foliage. 2s. 6d.

COMUS, a most attractively marked leaf, having a very broad dark bronze zone, encircling a small yellow disc, and margined with a narrow yellow edge. 5s.

CONGRESS, pale yellow ground colour, with attractive bright crimson belt ; a fine variety, freely producing showy orange carmine flowers. 5s.

CORINTH, leaves round and well formed, of a pure pale yellow ground colour, ornamented with a distinctly marked dark chocolate zone ; very rich and attractive. 5s.

CORONATION, yellow centre, surrounded by a dark chocolate zone, and margined with greenish yellow ; a distinct and showy variety. 5s.

DAMON, nice round smooth foliage, the leaf disc pure yellow, heavily belted with dark bronzy crimson, and margined with bright yellow ; a very showy and useful variety. 5s.

DAWN. This variety has a fine smooth leaf, very regular in shape, with a broad and bright reddish bronze zone on a golden ground. The habit of the plant is vigorous and compact, and the flowers, which are bright scarlet, are borne on stout footstalks well above the foliage. 2s. 6d.

DECIMA, a neat-growing variety ; small golden disc, broad chocolate zone, and narrow even margin of bright golden yellow ; very distinctly marked. 5s.

DECISIVE, leaves of great substance and good even outline, ground colour deep yellow, with a very broad rich brown zone ; flowers fine and large, of a bright scarlet colour. 2s. 6d.

DIAN, an exceedingly attractive variety, with pure golden coloured foliage, freely producing pretty flowers of a deep rosy pink colour. 7s. 6d.

DINORAH, *vide* page 10.

DISPLAY, medium-sized leaves, with bright golden disc, and well-defined rich crimson zone, the outer margin of the leaf bright yellow. The habit of the plant is dwarf and very compact, and the flowers large and fine, of a glowing scarlet colour ; an exceedingly handsome variety. 3s. 6d.

DRAGON. This plant is of compact and vigorous growth ; the leaves are round and flat, of perfect form, with broad and bold zone of rich chestnut brown, on a pure golden ground ; the flowers are of a beautiful salmon blush, freely produced, and borne well above the foliage. 3s. 6d.

EMBLEM, ground colour of the leaves pale yellow, with a very distinct and cleanly marked vandyked zone of dark bronze ; the habit of the plant is robust, and it produces freely in large trusses its bright scarlet flowers. 2s. 6d.

EMULATION, rich carmine flowers, produced in fine trusses, and borne well above the attractive foliage ; the ground colour of the leaves is a light greenish yellow, with a broad and well-defined dark bronze zone. 2s. 6d.

ENCOUNTER, bright golden disc, yellow leaf margin, zone of intense chestnut ; the leaves large, and of beautiful outline, and the bright rosy scarlet flowers very attractive. 3s. 6d.

ENVOY, this variety has small round and flat leaves, with very heavily marked dark bronze zone ; it is a free bloomer ; colour of the flowers bright scarlet ; very attractive. 3s. 6d.

ERNEST, a variety with finely marked and distinct foliage ; yellow disc, broad dark chocolate zone, and greenish yellow margin. 3s. 6d.

EXPANSE, very deep scarlet flowers, contrasting admirably with the foliage, which is of a greenish yellow ground, with dark vandyked zone of bronzy crimson. 2s. 6d.

vide page 10.

NEW AND CHOICE BRONZE, GOLD, AND SHADED YELLOW PELARGONIUMS—Continued.

EUGENIE, *vide* page 10.

EVANDER, golden yellow leaf ground, ornamented with a smooth evenly defined rich dark bronze zone; an extremely showy and effective variety. 5s.

FABIUS, a very compact neat-habited variety, with fine effective foliage, of a rich gold colour, ornamented with smooth, even, well-defined broad zone of rich bronzy crimson. 5s.

FASCINATION, disc and margin pure yellow, dark bronzy zone, leaf round and flat. 1s. 6d.

FANTASY, a very effective and useful variety, freely producing its pretty deep pink flowers, which form a charming contrast with the pure golden colour of the foliage. 7s. 6d.

FLORA, very handsome foliage, with bright golden centre, banded with a well-defined rich dark crimson zone, and evenly margined with yellow. 3s. 6d.

GASPAR, ground colour light yellow, with bronzy crimson zone, fine smooth round leaves; a compact-growing useful variety. 5s.

GENERAL, a magnificent variety, with very rich markings, the deep golden ground of the leaves being relieved with a bold and broad zone of dark bronzy crimson. 3s. 6d.

GERTRUDE, yellowish green centre, broad bronzy crimson zone, margined with a narrow edge of yellow. This variety is of neat compact habit, and very effective. 5s.

GIDOUR, a very prettily marked variety, of neat and compact habit; the ground colour of the leaf is pale yellow, and the zone of an extremely dark bronzy hue. 5s.

GLADIATOR. This variety has a very dwarf and compact style of growth; the leaves are round and flat, well formed, with a broad and very dark crimson zone on a pure yellow ground. 2s. 6d.

GOLDEN BANNER, a very fine golden self variety, freely producing pretty pink flowers. 5s.

HONOUR, a fine variety, with very richly coloured gold and bronze foliage, and beautiful rosy carmine flowers. 5s.

HORISTAN, this variety has extremely rich and attractive foliage; the centre of the leaf is rich golden yellow, surrounded with a bright reddish crimson zone, and beautifully margined with bright yellow. 5s.

ICARUS, a remarkably distinct and handsome variety; leaves bright yellow, with rich chocolate brown zone, habit free and robust. 5s.

INFANTA, a very beautiful variety, the foliage being of a yellow ground, and very richly and attractively marked with a well-defined zone of reddish cinnamon colour. 5s.

JAMES RICHARDS, a clear and very beautifully marked hybrid bronze zonal variety; the centre of the leaves is of a bright golden colour, surrounded with a dark maroon belt, and margined with yellow. The flowers are of a bright scarlet colour. 5s.

JESSICA, bright golden disc, surrounded with very dark bronzy crimson zone, and edged with bright yellow, leaves round and smooth; a very useful and effective variety. 5s.

JULIUS, light gold ground colour, with dark crimson zone, very clearly marked, and well defined; flowers of a rich bright scarlet, of fine form; very effective. 5s.

LINA, a variety of compact growth; the foliage is of a remarkably bright golden yellow, forming a telling contrast with the flowers, which are of a very bright scarlet colour. 5s.

LOTHAIR, a remarkably distinct and striking variety; the leaves, which are very round and smooth, are of a pale lemon ground colour, with a very rich and effective zone of dark chocolate. 5s.

LUMINATOR, a remarkably attractive variety, the foliage distinct and striking, having a splendid chocolate brown vandyked zone, on a bright golden ground. It produces large trusses of finely formed cerise flowers, shaded with scarlet. 3s. 6d.

LUMINOUS, bright yellow foliage, with neat cinnamon coloured zone; a very distinct and effective variety, of dwarf and compact habit, giving a profusion of pretty rosy cerise flowers. 2s. 6d.

LYCURGUS, centre of leaf rich yellow; zone very broad, and of a dark bronze colour; very wide yellow margin; a bold-habited and effective variety. 5s.

MALCOLM, *vide* page 10.

MAGNUS, a useful and attractive variety, of good compact habit; golden leaf disc, surrounded with very distinct dark bronzy crimson zone; leaf margin rich yellow. 5s.

MANTLE, pure golden yellow leaves, with narrow, but evenly defined, distinct bright crimson zone, the bright colours of the zone forming an admirable contrast with the rich golden hue of the other portion of the leaf. 5s.

MILDRED, a variety producing large scarlet flowers, contrasting well with the light greenish yellow ground colour of the leaves, which are round and flat, and zoned very distinctly and effectively with dark chocolate. 3s. 6d.

MIRA, a splendid variety, freely producing fine trusses of beautiful rosy carmine flowers, contrasting admirably with the pale yellow leaves, which are marked with a fine dark bronzy zone. 5s.

NEW AND CHOICE BRONZE, GOLD, AND SHADED YELLOW PELARGONIUMS—Continued.

MONARCH, fine large pure yellow leaves, heavily zoned with a broad belt of dark chocolate ; the flowers are of a rich deep scarlet colour. 2s. 6d.

MURILLO, beautiful round flat leaves, with rich yellow centres, surrounded by a well-defined showy bronze zone, and margined with golden yellow ; fine and showy. 5s.

NECTAR, very large, round, and flat leaves of a pure gold colour, with rich bronzy crimson zone ; a most showy and useful kind. 5s.

NIMROD, a beautiful variety with very handsome foliage, light yellow disc, heavy bronze zone, with narrow even margin of golden yellow. 5s.

NOBLESSE, the foliage of this variety is remarkably large and fine, of a bright yellow ground colour, with a broad rich crimson belt ; the colour of the flowers, which are freely produced in large trusses, is a bright orange scarlet ; very showy and attractive. 3s. 6d.

OBERON, the foliage of this variety is very rich and attractive ; the ground colour of the leaf is bright yellow ; the zone is well-defined and very distinct, of a rich dark crimson colour, changing to dark bronze. 5s.

OLYMPUS, pure golden yellow centre, surrounded with a very pretty zone of a rich brownish crimson colour ; the margin of the leaf is deep golden yellow. 5s.

ORESTES, this variety is remarkable on account of its intensely dark bronzy crimson zone, which is very broad and effective ; the centre of the leaf and the margin are pure yellow. 5s.

ORISSA, *vide* page 11.

ORLA, very neat foliage ; centre of the leaf golden yellow ; very distinct and clearly defined chocolate coloured zone ; narrow even yellow margin. 5s.

PASHA, *vide* page 11.

PAULO, *vide* page 11.

PORTIA, the foliage of this variety is strikingly handsome ; the ground colour of the leaves is bright gold, with a fine bold dark crimson zone ; the flowers are of a beautiful rosy pink colour. 3s. 6d.

PRESIDENT, the zone of this variety is of a remarkably rich bronze tint, and shows well on the light yellow ground of the leaves, which are of perfect form. The flowers are of a bright rosy cerise colour, and the habit of the plant is dwarf and free. 2s. 6d.

PRETENDER, a variety with fine large foliage, of a light golden yellow ground colour, with a strikingly attractive belt of bright crimson. 5s.

PRIMATE, a variety with small and very darkly zoned foliage, and fine flowers of the most intensely deep scarlet colour. 3s. 6d.

PURSUIT, disc and outer leaf margin bright yellow, with a broad and bold chocolate zone, beautifully defined ; flowers freely produced in large trusses, of a brilliant scarlet colour. 2s. 6d.

PUZZLER, a variety with very fine foliage, and of dense compact growth ; ground colour of the leaves pure yellow, ornamented with a dark and well-defined maroon or chocolate band. 3s. 6d.

QUEEN MAB, leaves round, smooth, of perfect form, and of a light golden yellow ; the flowers are of a pleasing light pink shade, and produced in great profusion. 5s.

REALITY, a very fine and handsome variety, the deep crimson flowers shaded with orange, finely formed, and of good substance, contrasting well with the pale yellow leaves, which are distinctly zoned with rich reddish chocolate colour. 2s. 6d.

ROMEO, the disc and leaf margin of this pretty variety are of a pure golden yellow colour, while the zone is of a rich crimson, not very broad, but exceedingly distinct and effective. 3s. 6d.

ROSETTA, flowers bright orange scarlet, ground colour of the leaves yellowish green, with zone of bright chocolate ; a handsome variety, of excellent habit, and robust style of growth. 2s. 6d.

SABINE, *vide* page 11.

SECRET, a very distinct and pretty variety, with round smooth leaves, of a bright golden ground colour ; the zone is very distinct and prominent, of a dark reddish brown colour, surrounded with a narrow but effective margin of bright golden yellow. 5s.

SHYLOCK, the leaves of this variety are of beautiful form, very round and flat ; ground colour pale greenish yellow, ornamented with dark bronze zone. 3s. 6d.

SILAS, *vide* page 11.

SPECTRE, a showy variety, of good compact habit, with fine bold foliage, bright golden yellow disc and leaf margin ; the zone is of a rich coppery hue, very broad, and well defined. 3s. 6d.

SUMMIT, flowers bright scarlet, with white eye, leaves large and smooth, of a pale yellow ground, distinctly and effectively zoned with a broad band of rich chocolate. 3s. 6d.

TALISMAN. This variety is of neat and compact habit, and is a profuse bloomer ; the flowers are rich carmine, borne in large trusses, and contrast well with the foliage, which is of a yellow ground, with rich vandyked zone of dark crimson. 3s. 6d.

NEW AND CHOICE BRONZE, GOLD, AND SHADED YELLOW PELARGONIUMS—Continued.

THEOBALD, *vide* page 11.**THYRZA**, a splendid variety, with fine distinct and effective foliage ; ground colour bright yellow, relieved with a bold broad zone of a rich chestnut brown colour. 5s.**TRANSPARENT**. The disc of this splendid variety is a beautiful golden yellow, the zone very attractive, of a bright reddish crimson colour, exceedingly well defined, the outer leaf margin of bright yellow ; the leaves are smooth, and of perfect form, the habit free and compact. 2s. 6d.**TREATY**, bright golden ground colour, with reddish bronze zone ; leaves flat and smooth. 3s. 6d.**TROJAN**, leaves round and of good substance, pure sulphur disc, with bright yellow leaf margin, and bold effective broad zone of bright chestnut brown. The flowers are bright carmine, and borne well above the foliage, which retains its splendid colours to the very last. 2s. 6d.**TROPHY**, a splendid variety, with rich and attractive foliage ; bright golden leaf discs, surrounded with a broad distinctly marked zone of dark bronzy crimson, and margined with yellow. 5s.**VERONA**, a free-flowering variety, giving immense trusses of fine large rich pink flowers, which are borne well above the clear yellow leaves ; it is most effective for bedding. 5s.**VIVIAN**, fine bold foliage, having a small yellow disc, surrounded with an exceedingly broad dark bronzy crimson zone, and having a narrow even leaf margin of pure gold colour. 2s. 6d.**WEBER**, *vide* page 11.**WESTENA**, a magnificent variety ; the leaf discs of a deep golden yellow, surrounded with a fine broad zone of intense crimson, and margined with bright golden yellow. 2s. 6d.**ZELINDA**, large, well-formed, round, and flat leaves, of a lemon yellow ground colour, ornamented with a very broad and prominent dark chocolate zone. 3s. 6d.**ZILLAH**, fine showy foliage ; golden disc ; broad rich bronzy zone ; distinctly marked yellow margin. 7s. 6d.

	s. d.		s. d.		s. d.
ADMIRATION	1 0	DAYBREAK	1 6	MEMNON	1 6
ARDENT	1 0	DELIGHT	1 0	MODEL	1 0
ARTHUR H. WILLS	1 0	DIRECTOR	1 6	NEATNESS	1 0
BEAUTY	1 0	FIREBRAND	1 0	NEPTUNE	1 6
BEAUTY OF CAL- DERDALE	1 0	GOLDEN BEAUTY	1 6	NORA	1 6
BRIGADE	1 6	LITTLE GOLDEN		PAINTED LADY	1 0
BRIGHTNESS	1 6	CHRISTINE	1 0	PERILLA	1 0
COMPACTUM	1 0	MARINER	1 6	REFULGENS	1 0
CONFIDENCE	1 0	MARMION	1 6	THE SULTAN	1 0
DAUNTLESS	1 6	MARVEL	1 6	VIVACITY	1 0
		MASTERPIECE	1 6		

PELARGONIUMS WITH FINELY SHAPED FLOWERS.

BRONZE AND GOLD SECTION.

The flowers in the Bronze and Gold Section of Pelargoniums were at first not remarkable for quality. The following varieties, however, are offered as much for the perfection of their flowers as for the beauty of their foliage. The petals are of thick wax-like substance, and the flowers of excellent symmetrical form, equal to some of the best in the Zonal class, and infinitely superior to anything before offered in the Bronze and Gold Section.

ACUSHLA, a beautiful variety with pure golden ground, and very narrow light crimson zone ; fine large well-formed flowers of a rich rosy scarlet colour. 5s.**AMBASSADOR**, flowers round and perfect in shape, of a rich vermillion colour ; very attractive. The foliage gold, with bronzy crimson zone, very rich and showy. 3s. 6d.**ANTONIO**, this variety produces large trusses of fine rosy carmine flowers ; the leaves are small, round, and flat, with greenish yellow ground, and a distinct well-defined dark bronze zone. 2s. 6d.**BEACON**, a magnificent variety, with remarkably rich and attractive foliage, and producing immense trusses of very rich and bright carmine flowers. 2s. 6d.**BOOKWORM**, fine large compact trusses of beautiful light scarlet flowers, borne well above the foliage, which is rich gold, with very dark bronzy zone. 5s.**BRITON**, intense crimson flowers, of perfect form and good substance ; leaves rich yellow, with large dark bronzy zone. 2s. 6d.**CAPTIVE**, dazzling orange scarlet flowers with distinct white eye ; leaves of a pale yellow ground colour, with rich dark chocolate zone ; a striking variety. 2s. 6d.**CLIMAX**, the flowers of this variety are of an exceedingly attractive rosy peach colour, large and well formed ; the foliage very rich dark bronze and gold. 3s. 6d.

NEW AND CHOICE BRONZE, GOLD, AND SHADED YELLOW PELARGONIUMS—Continued.

DICTATOR, a magnificent flower of a rich bright vermillion colour; very showy and attractive. The leaves rich yellow, with broad and prominent zone of dark bronzy crimson. 5s.

DUNBAR, bright crimson flowers of good shape and substance, foliage of a light yellow ground colour, with rich bronze zone. 3s. 6d.

ERASMIUS, splendid foliage of a golden yellow ground, with exceedingly rich bronzy crimson zone; flowers deep crimson, with distinct white eye; very attractive. 5s.

ERNEST, very rich deep scarlet flowers of good form and substance; bright golden leaves, with broad dark zone of bronzy crimson. 3s. 6d.

GALLANT, bright golden foliage, heavily marked with a dark bronze zone; fine large flowers of a rich scarlet colour. 3s. 6d.

IMPERATOR, rosy cerise flowers, shaded with carmine, a very beautiful tint of colour; the foliage is of a rich yellow ground, with bright bronzy crimson zone; a magnificent variety. 3s. 6d.

LEONIE, this variety is of bold free growth, with very fine rich golden foliage zoned with cinnamon; the flowers are large and of good shape, colour a light rosy scarlet. 5s.

MAGWITCH, rich scarlet flowers of good shape and size; small round gold leaf disc, surrounded by an immense rich chocolate zone and narrow margin of bright yellow. 5s.

META, a variety with very beautiful peach pink flowers, which are freely produced well above the rich and attractively marked gold and bronze foliage. 5s.

MONA, very fine and large bright crimson flowers; rich and attractive foliage of a bright golden ground colour, with very dark bronze zone; of good habit, and very free blooming. 5s.

OBAN, a neat foliaged and compact-growing variety producing large and well-formed rich scarlet flowers; the leaves are of a bright golden ground colour, heavily zoned with dark chestnut. 5s.

PHOEBUS, fine large flowers of a dazzling scarlet colour, borne well above the foliage, which is of a pale yellow ground colour, with dark bronze zone. 3s. 6d.

POMPEY, a free-flowering and very attractive variety, giving good tufts of fine bright scarlet flowers; the foliage is darkly zoned; small golden leaf centre and distinct yellow margin. 5s.

TROUBADOUR, flowers of a lovely rosy pink colour, shaded with peach, and of good form; the leaves round and flat, of a rich gold colour, with bold dark crimson zone. 5s.

PELARGONIUMS WITH BLOSSOMS OF NEW COLOURS IN THE BRONZE AND GOLD SECTION.

Hitherto the flowers in the Bronze and Gold Section of Pelargoniums have merely been of the ordinary scarlet and carmine colours. The following varieties are offered as a group of pretty light flowers, embracing those beautiful shades of pink, blush, salmon, and rose colours, so rare in this class, but which form such an admirable and telling contrast with the richly marked foliage of this highly popular and useful section of Pelargoniums.

ADELINA, light yellow ground colour, with dark bronze zone; the flowers of a beautiful salmon rose colour. 2s. 6d.

ASCENDANT, richly marked bronze and gold foliage, with pretty blush flowers. 3s. 6d.

AUTOCRAT, a fine foliaged variety, producing beautiful blush flowers, shaded with salmon; the leaves marked with a rich bronzy crimson zone on a golden ground. 2s. 6d.

BEPPO, beautiful formed flowers of a soft rose colour, shaded with carmine; very distinct; leaf disc bright golden yellow, broad cinnamon zone, and narrow rich yellow edge. 5s.

CASILDA, this variety produces freely its very pretty flowers, blush with white centre; the foliage is neat and small; rich yellow ground, darkly zoned. 3s. 6d.

CONSTANCE, very neat bright golden foliage, with dark bronze zone; fine flowers of a light shade of salmon pink. 3s. 6d.

COURTIER, a free bloomer, producing medium-sized flowers of a very pale blush colour, with pink centre; fine rich dark bronze and gold foliage. 2s. 6d.

CYNTHIA, beautiful light yellow foliage, with small but well-defined dark chocolate zone; flowers of a lovely salmon pink colour. 3s. 6d.

DIANA, this variety produces bright rosy pink flowers, which contrast well with the dark and very richly marked bronzy foliage. 2s. 6d.

ECSTASY, fine foliage, with very rich broad bronze belt; flowers of a beautiful rosy peach colour. 3s. 6d.

ELVIRA, pure salmon colour flowers, contrasting admirably with the richly coloured leaves, the ground colour of which is a pale yellow, having a fine well-defined dark crimson zone. 3s. 6d.

ETHEL, rich, bold, striking foliage; very attractive flowers of a bright salmon colour, darker towards the centre. It is an exceedingly distinct and effective variety. 5s.

NEW AND CHOICE BRONZE, GOLD, AND SHADED YELLOW PELARGONIUMS—Continued.

FLORETTA, leaves rich yellow, with broad dark bronzy zone ; the flowers salmon colour, with pink centre, and freely produced on large trusses. 2s. 6d.

HELEN, a compact-growing variety, with fine pink peach flowers and neat foliage ; the ground colour of the leaves yellow, with a well-defined dark bronze zone. 2s. 6d.

HEROINE, light gold foliage, with bronze zone ; flowers of a most delicate and beautiful shade of rose peach. 2s. 6d.

JOSEPHINE, pretty salmon pink flowers, freely produced well above the foliage, which is of a rich golden ground colour, darkly zoned. 2s. 6d.

JUANITA, a free-growing and conspicuous variety with light salmon pink flowers, forming an admirable contrast to the rich gold foliage, which is banded with dark bronzy crimson. 5s.

LAURA, very dark bronze zone on a light yellow ground ; beautiful light pink flowers with white marking on the upper petals ; fine large truss. 7s. 6d.

LAVINIA, leaves round and flat, yellow ground, with medium-sized bronzy crimson zone ; flowers of a beautiful fresh pink colour, with light marking in the upper petals. 2s. 6d.

LILLIA, this variety produces fine well-formed flowers of a lovely bright pink peach colour ; the foliage is of a rich golden ground colour, heavily belted with dark bronzy crimson. 5s.

MARCIA, the leaves of this variety are of great substance ; ground colour yellow, with a brown and chocolate zone ; the flowers are of a light flesh colour ; very distinct and pretty. 5s.

OPAL, beautiful light salmon coloured flowers, freely produced in large trusses, and contrasting well with the foliage, which is of a light yellow ground, with dark bronzy chocolate zone. 5s.

ORACLE, very narrow distinct dark crimson zone on a pale lemon yellow ground ; the flowers of a beautiful salmon pink colour. 3s. 6d.

PRISCILLA, this variety is of neat habit ; the leaves have a rich golden centre and margin, with dark brown crimson zone ; the flowers are of a lovely pink colour, and of good form. 5s.

ROMANCE, fine trusses of salmon coloured flowers, borne well above the richly marked gold and bronze foliage ; good compact habit. 2s. 6d.

ROSCHEN, fine bold effective foliage, of a rich yellow, with magnificent bronzy crimson zone, very rich and dark ; the flowers are of an attractive shade of rosy pink. 3s. 6d.

SENATOR, beautiful blush flowers, with salmon centre, freely produced in fine trusses well above the handsome gold and bronze richly marked foliage. 2s. 6d.

TRIBUTE, fine gold foliage, with rich maroon zone ; the flowers are large and well formed, of a beautiful salmon pink colour. 2s. 6d.

UNDINE, leaves large and flat, of a pure gold colour, with rich dark crimson zone ; the flowers of a beautiful rich rosy pink colour, and freely produced in fine trusses. 3s. 6d.

VINDICATOR, deep salmon flowers, produced in fine trusses, and contrasting well with the rich foliage, the ground colour of which is a deep yellow, and the zone dark chocolate. 2s. 6d.

WAVERLEY, a neat-foliaged variety, with beautiful salmon pink flowers ; the leaves are round and flat, of a light yellow ground colour, with fine dark crimson zone. 3s. 6d.

WONDER, this variety has remarkably novel and attractive flowers, of a beautiful pink peach colour ; the foliage is light yellow, ornamented with a rich bronzy zone. 2s. 6d.

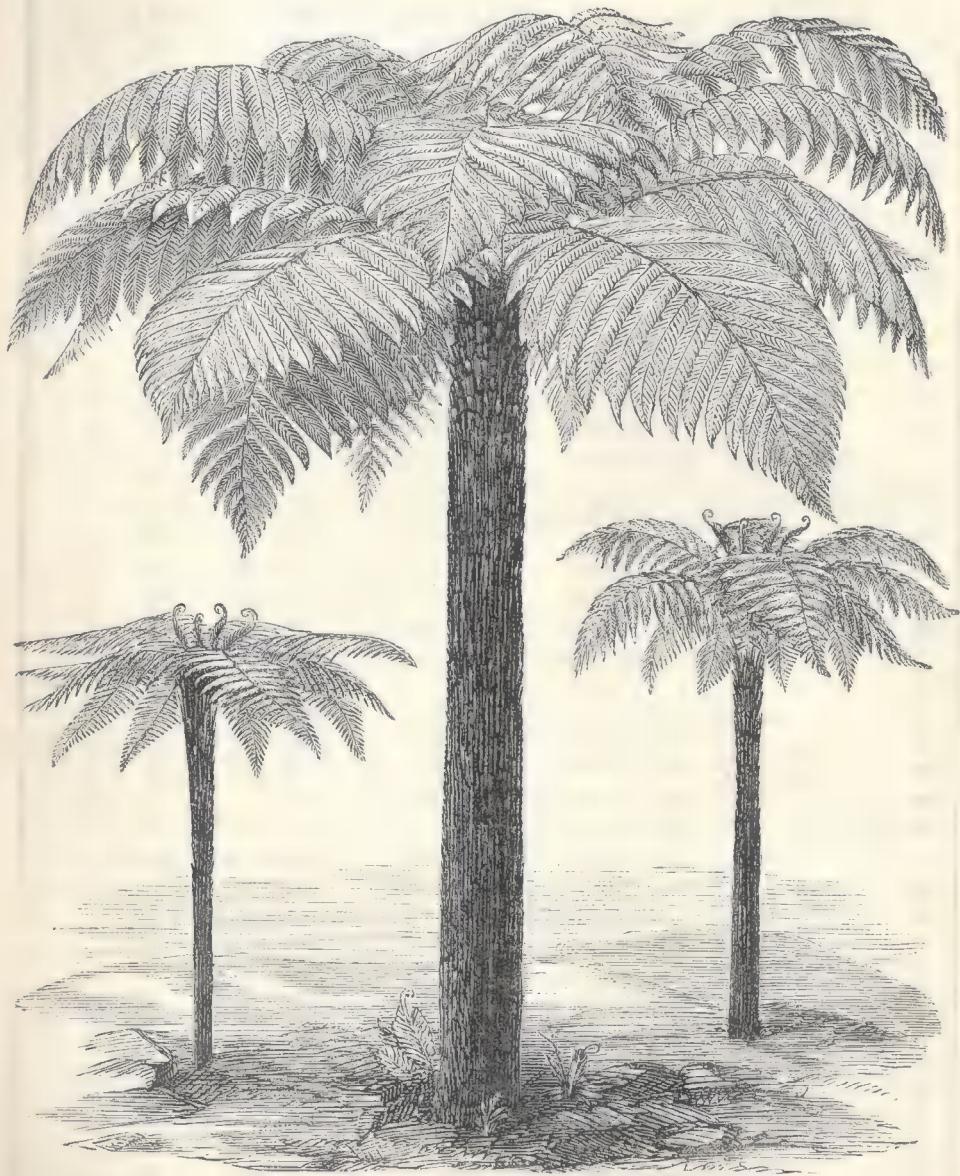
TREE FERNS.

Of these majestic plants the stock is very large. They have stems varying in height from 1 foot to 10 feet, and having been imported from Australia and New Zealand, they are such as will succeed well in any ordinary greenhouse. Their fine graceful habit and singularly distinct appearance render them peculiarly adapted for the decoration of conservatories. They range in price according to sorts, sizes, and strength of the specimens.

Nos.	NAMES.	Size of Pot or Tub.	Height of Stems.	Height of Head.	Price.
1	DICKSONIA antarctica	Tub, 1 ft. 8 in.	2 ft. 4 in.	2 ft. 6 in.	6 guineas.
2	"	Tub, 1 ft. 6 in.	1 ft. 10 in.	2 ft. 6 in.	5 "
3	"	Tub, 1 ft. 7 in.	3 ft.	3 ft.	8 "
4	"	Tub, 1 ft. 8 in.	3 ft. 6 in.	3 ft.	10 "
	(This)	and No. 23 form	a very	handsome	pair.)

TREE FERNS—Continued.

Nos.	NAMES.	Size of Pot or Tub.	Height of Stems.	Height of Head.	Price.
5	DICKSONIA antarctica.	Tub, 1 ft. 8 in.	4 ft.	2 ft. 9 in.	12 guineas
6	"	Tub, 2 ft.	4 ft. 9 in.	3 ft.	18 "
7	"	Tub, 2 ft.	5 ft. 9 in.	2 ft. 6 in.	25 "
8	"	Tub, 1 ft. 9 in.	7 ft. 6 in.	2 ft. 9 in.	30 "
9	"	Tub, 1 ft. 10 in.	6 ft.	3 ft.	20 "
10	" (This)	Tub, 2 ft. and No. 27 form	6 ft. a very	3 ft. 3 in. handsome	25 " pair.)
11	"	Tub, 2 ft. 2 in.	4 ft. 3 in.	2 ft. 6 in.	20 "
12	"	Tub, 1 ft. 6 in.	4 ft.	2 ft. 10 in.	18 "
13	" (This)	Tub, 1 ft. 9 in. and No. 22 form	4 ft. 4 in. a very	3 ft. handsome	15 " pair.)
14	"	Tub, 2 ft.	4 ft.	3 ft.	18 "
15	"	Tub, 1 ft. 10 in.	5 ft. 9 in.	2 ft. 6 in.	18 "
16	"	Tub, 2 ft. 1 in.	8 ft. 1 in.	2 ft. 6 in.	30 "
17	" (This)	Tub, 2 ft. 1 in. and the preced	8 ft. 6 in. ing form a	2 ft. 6 in. most magni	30 " ficent pair.)
18	" (This)	Tub, 1 ft. 9 in. and No. 29 form	3 ft. 6 in. a very	2 ft. 6 in. handsome	10 " pair.)
19	"	Tub, 1 ft. 8 in.	3 ft. 6 in.	2 ft. 6 in.	10 "
20	"	Tub, 1 ft. 10 in.	3 ft. 9 in.	3 ft. 6 in.	14 "
21	"	Tub, 2 ft. 2 in.	4 ft.	3 ft. 6 in.	15 "
22	" (This)	Tub, 1 ft. 9 in. and No. 13 form	4 ft. 4 in. a very	3 ft. handsome	10 " pair.)
23	" (This)	Tub, 1 ft. 8 in. and No. 4 form	3 ft. 7 in. a very	3 ft. handsome	25 " pair.)
24	"	Tub, 1 ft. 10 in.	6 ft. 3 in.	2 ft.	15 "
25	"	Tub, 1 ft. 7 in.	4 ft. 8 in.	2 ft. 9 in.	6 "
26	"	Tub, 1 ft. 6 in.	2 ft. 8 in.	3 ft.	25 "
27	" (This)	Tub, 2 ft. 2 in. and No. 10 form	6 ft. a very	3 ft. 3 in. handsome	9 " pair.)
28	"	Pot, 1 ft. 2 in.	3 ft.	2 ft. 8 in.	10 "
29	" (This)	Tub, 1 ft. 7 in. and No. 18 form	3 ft. 8 in. a very	2 ft. 6 in. handsome	12 " pair.)
30	"	Tub, 2 ft.	3 ft. 2 in.	2 ft. 6 in.	10 "
31	"	Tub, 1 ft. 8 in.	3 ft.	2 ft.	6 "
32	"	Tub, 1 ft. 6 in.	2 ft. 3 in.	2 ft.	9 "
33	"	Tub, 1 ft. 5 in.	3 ft. 4 in.	2 ft. 6 in.	10 "
34	"	Tub, 1 ft. 8 in.	2 ft. 6 in.	2 ft.	35 "
35	"	Tub, 2 ft.	10 ft.	2 ft. 9 in.	20 "
36	"	Tub, 1 ft. 10 in.	8 ft. 10 in.	2 ft. 6 in.	35 "
37	"	Tub, 1 ft. 10 in.	4 ft.	2 ft. 6 in.	20 "
38	"	Tub, 2 ft. 2 in.	8 ft. 6 in.	2 ft. 9 in.	30 "
39	"	Tub, 2 ft. 2 in.	9 ft. 9 in.	2 ft. 9 in.	30 "
40	"	Tub, 2 ft.	11 ft.	3 ft.	35 "
41	"	Tub, 2 ft. 1 in.	10 ft.	2 ft. 9 in.	30 "
42	"	Tub, 2 ft. 2 in.	9 ft. 6 in.	2 ft. 9 in.	30 "
43	"	Tub, 2 ft.	11 ft. 6 in.	3 ft. 6 in.	40 "



CYATHEA SMITHII.

CYATHEA DEALBATA.

DICKSONIA ANTARCTICA.

TREE FERNS—Continued.

Nos.	NAMES.	Size of Pot or Tub.	Height of Stems.	Height of Head.	Price.
44	DICKSONIA antarctica	Tub, 2 ft.	9 ft. 3 in.	3 ft.	30 guineas.
45	"	Tub, 1 ft. 8 in.	4 ft. 4 in.	2 ft. 6 in.	15 "
46	"	Tub, 1 ft. 9 in.	7 ft. 3 in.	3 ft. 3 in.	25 "
47	"	Tub, 2 ft. 2 in.	4 ft. 6 in.	3 ft. 6 in.	20 "
48	"	Tub, 2 ft.	6 ft. 6 in.	3 ft.	30 "
49	"	Tub, 2 ft.	6 ft. 4 in.	2 ft. 9 in.	25 "
50	"	Tub, 1 ft. 10 in.	6 ft. 10 in.	3 ft.	25 "
51	"	Tub, 1 ft. 8 in.	6 ft. 4 in.	3 ft.	25 "
52	"	Tub, 1 ft. 8 in.	4 ft. 10 in.	3 ft. 6 in.	18 "
53	"	Tub, 1 ft. 6 in.	3 ft. 3 in.	2 ft. 9 in.	12 "
54	"	Tub, 1 ft. 8 in.	2 ft. 6 in.	2 ft. 6 in.	9 "
55	"	Tub, 1 ft. 8 in.	5 ft. 10 in.	3 ft.	14 "
56	"	Tub, 1 ft. 4 in.	4 ft. 6 in.	2 ft. 6 in.	10 "
57	"	Tub, 1 ft. 10 in.	6 ft. 10 in.	2 ft. 9 in.	25 "
58	"	Tub, 1 ft. 6 in.	3 ft.	2 ft. 6 in.	6 "
59	"	Tub, 1 ft. 10 in.	5 ft. 3 in.	3 ft.	18 "
60	"	Tub, 2 ft.	8 ft.	3 ft. 3 in.	20 "
61	"	Tub, 1 ft. 9 in.	6 ft. 3 in.	3 ft.	20 "
62	"	Tub, 1 ft. 8 in.	7 ft. 4 in.	2 ft. 9 in.	20 "
63	"	Tub, 1 ft. 9 in.	6 ft. 2 in.	2 ft. 9 in.	18 "
64	"	Tub, 1 ft. 10 in.	4 ft. 4 in.	3 ft.	20 "
65	"	Tub, 1 ft. 10 in.	6 ft. 10 in.	3 ft. 6 in.	20 "
66	"	Tub, 1 ft. 8 in.	7 ft.	3 ft.	25 "
67	"	Tub, 1 ft. 6 in.	6 ft.	2 ft. 9 in.	20 "
68	"	Tub, 1 ft. 7 in.	8 ft. 2 in.	3 ft.	25 "
69	"	Tub, 1 ft. 8 in.	3 ft. 6 in.	3 ft. 6 in.	14 "
70	"	Tub, 1 ft. 5 in.	6 ft.	3 ft.	20 "
71	"	Tub, 1 ft. 4 in.	5 ft.	3 ft. 3 in.	12 "
72	"	Tub, 2 ft.	6 ft. 9 in.	3 ft. 6 in.	20 "
73	"	Tub, 1 ft. 6 in.	3 ft. 6 in.	3 ft.	9 "
74	"	Tub, 1 ft. 7 in.	6 ft. 6 in.	3 ft. 3 in.	18 "
75	"	Tub, 1 ft. 7 in.	7 ft. 7 in.	3 ft.	25 "
76	"	Tub, 1 ft. 10 in.	6 ft. 6 in.	3 ft.	20 "
77	CYATHEA dealbata	Tub, 1 ft. 8 in.	5 ft. 8 in.	2 ft. 6 in.	15 "
78	"	Tub, 1 ft. 6 in.	6 ft. 3 in.	2 ft.	18 "
79	"	Pot, 1 ft. 4 in.	3 ft.	2 ft. 6 in.	10 "
80	"	Pot, 1 ft.	4 ft.	2 ft.	12 "
81	"	Tub, 1 ft. 11 in.	6 ft. 9 in.	2 ft.	25 "
82	"	Pot, 1 ft. 4 in.	2 ft. 9 in.	2 ft.	8 "
83	"	Tub, 1 ft. 8 in.	5 ft. 6 in.	2 ft. 9 in.	18 "
84	"	Tub, 1 ft. 5 in.	3 ft. 2 in.	2 ft. 6 in.	12 "
85	"	Tub, 1 ft. 11 in.	3 ft. 8 in.	3 ft.	18 "
86	"	Tub, 1 ft. 5 in.	2 ft. 10 in.	2 ft. 6 in.	10 "
87	"	Tub, 1 ft. 9 in.	6 ft. 3 in.	2 ft. 9 in.	25 "
88	"	Tub, 1 ft. 8 in.	5 ft.	3 ft. 3 in.	20 "
89	"	Tub, 1 ft. 5 in.	4 ft.	2 ft. 6 in.	18 "
90	"	Tub, 1 ft. 5 in.	2 ft. 8 in.	2 ft. 2 in.	8 "

TREE FERNS—Continued.

No.	Names.	Size of Pot or Tub.	Height of Stems.	Height of Heads.	Price.
91	<i>Cyathea dealbata</i>	Tub, 1 ft. 4 in.	3 ft. 2 in.	3 ft.	14 guineas
92	“	Tub, 1 ft. 4 in.	2 ft. 9 in.	2 ft. 3 in.	12 “
93	“	Tub, 1 ft. 6 in.	2 ft. 5 in.	2 ft. 9 in.	7 “
94	“	Pot, 1 ft.	3 ft. 3 in.	2 ft. 9 in.	18 “
95	“	Tub, 1 ft. 6 in.	3 ft. 8 in.	2 ft. 9 in.	20 “
96	“	Tub, 1 ft. 6 in.	3 ft. 4 in.	3 ft.	16 “
97	“	Tub, 2 ft.	4 ft. 8 in.	2 ft. 9 in.	25 “
98	“	Tub, 1 ft. 8 in.	4 ft. 10 in.	2 ft. 9 in.	15 “
99	“	Tub, 1 ft. 4 in.	2 ft. 4 in.	2 ft. 6 in.	10 “
100	“	Tub, 1 ft. 6 in.	3 ft. 4 in.	2 ft. 9 in.	12 “
101	<i>Smithii</i>	Tub, 1 ft. 4 in.	5 ft. 3 in.	1 ft. 6 in.	14 “
102	“	Tub, 1 ft. 6 in.	5 ft. 6 in.	2 ft. 6 in.	18 “
103	<i>medullaris</i>	Tub, 2 ft. 2 in.	3 ft. 6 in.	5 ft.	25 “
104	“	Tub, 1 ft. 6 in.	3 ft.	2 ft. 6 in.	12 “
105	<i>Alsophila Leichardtiana</i>	Pot, 1 ft. 5 in.	7 ft.	1 ft. 6 in.	15 “
106	<i>australis</i>	Tub, 1 ft. 11 in.	6 ft. 6 in.	3 ft.	6 “
107	<i>Dicksonia squarrosa</i>	Tub, 1 ft. 6 in.	6 ft. 8 in.	2 ft. 6 in.	15 “
108	“	Tub, 1 ft. 6 in.	6 ft. 8 in.	2 ft. 9 in.	18 “
109	“	Tub, 1 ft. 6 in.	6 ft. 6 in.	2 ft. 6 in.	18 “
110	“	Tub, 1 ft. 6 in.	6 ft. 9 in.	2 ft. 6 in.	12 “
111	“	Tub, 1 ft. 6 in.	6 ft.	2 ft. 3 in.	10 “
112	“	Tub, 1 ft. 6 in.	4 ft. 7 in.	2 ft.	10 “

CHOICE STOVE FERNS.

Mr. WILLIAM BULL'S general collection of these elegant decorative plants is of immense extent, and comprises kinds that are moderate in price, as well as many that are extremely rare and unique.

Selections for the Stove can be supplied at 18s., 30s., 42s., and 60s. per dozen; when taken by the hundred, say in 50 sorts, £10, the selection would include many new and expensive kinds.

ADIANTUM AMABILE.

A very elegant species, with fronds of a beautiful light green colour, small and elegant in regard to the size and form of their ultimate divisions. It has been introduced from Peru, and is a free-growing cool stove Fern, attaining the height of from 15 to 18 inches. The fronds average 14 inches in length by 10 inches in width, and when young possess a most agreeable perfume. 3s. 6d. and 5s.

ADIANTUM CARDIOCHLÆNA, 5s. & 7s. 6d. | *ADIANTUM CONCINNUM*, 1s. 6d. & 2s. 6d.
CAUDATUM, 3s. 6d. | *“* | *“* | *“* | *LATUM*, 3s. 6d.

ADIANTUM FARLEYENSE.

The most magnificent variety of this handsome family; the fronds are of the size and form of *A. trapeziforme*, but pendent, and all the large pinnules are deeply fringed and crisped. 7s. 6d., 10s. 6d., and 15s.; fine plants, 1, 1½, and 2 guineas.

ADIANTUM HENDERSONI.

A novel and handsome variety, about 12 to 18 inches in height, with elegant well-expanded doubly-winged fronds, about 8 or 9 inches wide. Its young fronds are very attractive, being of a rich bronzy crimson colour, changing to dark green as they acquire age. It is of very distinct habit, the fronds being of a semi-drooping habit, and thus giving the plant a most graceful appearance. 15s. and 1 guinea.

ADIANTUM CURVATUM, 5s. and 7s. 6d.
" **GHIESBREGHTII** (SCUTUM), 5s. and 7s. 6d.
" **INTERMEDIUM**, 5s.

ADIANTUM MACROPHYLLUM, 3s. 6d. and 5s.
" **PERUVIANUM**, 10s. 6d.
" **SANCTÆ CATHERINÆ**, 3s. 6d.

ADIANTUM PENTADACTYLON.

A very beautiful and elegant variety, of strong and vigorous growth, and easily cultivated. 5s. and 7s. 6d.

ADIANTUM SEEMANNI.

A very fine stove Fern, with bold pinnate fronds, which in their early stages are suffused with a reddish purple tint, as if stained with red wine. In the seedling plants the fronds are ovate, acuminate, cordate at the base, and strongly serrated. In the more mature state the fronds are pinnate (sometimes the lower pinnae are divided), with a few broad ovate, acuminate, unequal-sided pinnae, bearing on the margins a series of elongated sori, and attached by black polished stalks an inch long. It is related to *A. Wilsoni* and *A. macrophyllum*; and has been lately introduced from Central America by Dr. Seemann, after whom it was named some years since by Sir William Hooker. It is figured in *Hooker's Species Filicum*, and has received a First Class Certificate from the Floral Committee of the Royal Horticultural Society. 10s. 6d. and 15s.

ADIANTUM TINCTUM, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

ADIANTUM TRAPEZIFORME, 5s. & 7s. 6d.

ADIANTUM VELUTINUM.

A noble species from Columbia, remarkable for the large size of its fronds, which are supradecompound, the ultimate pinnules deorsely falcate and somewhat acuminate, and the sori oblong-reniform, situated at the edge of the pinnules. A striking peculiarity of this plant is, that the rachis, especially on the upper surface, is clothed with a felt of whitish brown cobwebby hairs, which gives it a pale velvety appearance. The same appearance is continued, though in a less degree, throughout the stipes. 15s. and 1 guinea.

ANEMIDICTYON PHYLLITIDIS.

A very useful and effective flowering Fern. 1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d.

ANEMIDICTYON PHYLLITIDIS LINEATA.

This novel form of the limited and interesting class of flowering stove Ferns resembles *A. Phyllitidis* in general character, but has a pale yellowish green band down the centre of the pinnae, which gives it a variegated appearance. An elegant plant, growing 2½ feet high, with the sterile pinnae obliquely oblong-acuminate, and the fertile spikes as in *A. Phyllitidis*. It is a native of South America. 5s.

ANEMIA FRAXINIFOLIA, 3s. 6d.
ASPLENIUM BELANGERII, 3s. 6d.
" **CICUTARIUM**, 3s. 6d.
" **FERNANDEZIANUM**, 5s.
" **PROLONGATUM**, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

ASPLENIUM SHEPHERDII, 2s. 6d. & 3s. 6d. of sorts, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.
BLECHNUM BRASILIENSE, 3s. 6d. and 5s.
" **POLYPODIOIDES**, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.
CHEILANTHES HIRTA ELLISII, 3s. 6d.

CYATHEA PRINCEPS.

One of the most handsome and noble Tree Ferns yet introduced; exceedingly fine for exhibition purposes. It has been generally known as *Cibotium princeps*. Fine strong specimens, 1½, 2, and 3 guineas.

DAVALLIA MOOREANA.

This most beautiful Fern is a native of Borneo. The stipes are from a foot to a foot and a half long, quite smooth and pale coloured. The fronds are from 2 to 3 feet long, and from 1 to 2 feet wide at the base, triangular and pointed, of a graceful arching habit of growth, and most elegantly cut into a multitude of small blunt oblique soriferous segments; their colour is a pale green, and they are very remarkable for the dotted appearance presented by the upper surface from the prominence of the sori. 5s., 7s. 6d., and 10s. 6d.

DAVALLIA HEMIPTERA, 5s.
" **PARVULA**, 5s.

DAVALLIA PENTAPHYLLA, 5s.
" **POLYANTHA**, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

DAVALLIA TENUIFOLIA STRICTA.

An extremely elegant free-growing Fern. 3s. 6d., and 5s.

DAVALLIA (HUMATA) TYERMANII.

One of the most beautiful of all the Ilare's-foot Ferns, of dwarf compact habit, and very suitable for growing in ornamental baskets or for any decorative purpose, as well as for exhibition. It is an ever-green species, having deltoid, tripinnate, rich dark green fronds, some 7 or 8 inches long, and nearly as much broad at the base. The rhizomes are somewhat slender, and densely clothed with large silvery white chaffy scales, which contrast charmingly with the deep green of the fronds. It is said to have been introduced from Africa. It has received a First Class Certificate from the Royal Horticultural Society. 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.

DIDYMOCHLÆNA LUNULATA, 5s.**DORYOPTERIS NOBILIS**, 5s.,, **PALMATA**, 2s. 6d.**DORYOPTERIS SAGITTIFOLIA**, 3s. 6d.**DRYNARIA IRIOIDES MAJOR**, 10s. 6d.,, **SACCATA**, 3s. 6d.**ELAPHOGLOSSUM HERMINIERI.**

This handsome aerostichoid Fern was introduced from the gold regions of Central America by Dr. Seemann, who compares its long, drooping, shining, somewhat iridescent fronds to clusters of silvery eels, whence he proposes for it the popular name of Eel Fern. It has a stout, short, creeping rhizome, thickly clothed with long reddish brown scales. The sterile fronds are from a foot and a half to 3 feet long, sessile, sword-shaped, tapering gradually to each end, very thick in texture, with a glossy surface of an iridescent glaucous green colour. The fertile fronds are much shorter, 3 to 4 inches long, and oblong in outline. It has been previously known as a native of the West Indies and some parts of Guiana and Brazil; it is well adapted for basket culture, which will show its peculiar features to advantage, and can be recommended as distinct in appearance and ornamental in character. 15s. and 1 guinea.

GONIOPHLEBIUM SUBAURICULATUM, **GYMNOGRAMMA CHRYSOPHYLLA**

3s. 6d.

GYMNOGRAMMA CHRYSOPHYLLA,

1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d.

AUREA, 3s. 6d. & 5s.**DECOMPOSITA**, *vide*

page 6.

GYMNOGRAMMA LAUCHEANA.

The best Gold Fern in cultivation, and highly esteemed for decorative purposes. 2s. 6d., 3s. 6d., and 5s.

GYMNOGRAMMA LAUCHEANA GIGANTEA.

An exceedingly handsome vigorous-growing variety of *Laucheana*, of compact habit; the fronds are richly powdered with gold on the under surface. 5s. and 7s. 6d.

GYMNOGRAMMA PARSONSII, 3s. 6d. and **GYMNOGRAMMA PULCHELLA**, 3s. 6d.

5s.

,, **TARTAREA**, 3s. 6d.**GYMNOGRAMMA PERUVIANA ARGYROPHYLLA.**

Beautifully silvered above and below the fronds, and of neat and compact habit. 2s. 6d., 3s. 6d., and 5s.

GYMNOGRAMMA WETENHALLIANA.

An exceedingly handsome species, richly powdered with sulphur, and having the ends of the fronds finely tasseled. 3s. 6d.

HEMIONITIS PALMATA, 3s. 6d.**LEUCOSTEGIA CHÆROPHYLLA**, 5s.**HYMENODIUM (ACROSTICHUM) CRI-****NITUM**, 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.**LASTREA QUINQUANGULARE.**

A very handsome ornamental Fern. 3s. 6d.

LOMARIA GIBBA.

This is one of the most beautiful and useful Ferns in cultivation, and admirably adapted for exhibition or decorative purposes. 1s. 6d., 2s. 6d., and 3s. 6d.; fine plants, 10s. 6d. to 1 guinea.

LOMARIA GIBBA BELLII.

A handsomely crested and tasseled variety of *Lomaria gibba*, exceedingly striking and attractive, either for exhibition or the decoration of the conservatory. 1 and 1½ guinea.

LOMARIA GIBBA CRISPA.

A beautiful Fern of a remarkably ornamental aspect, very distinct and novel, which character is imparted to it by the strongly marked undulation or curling of the margins of the segments of its densely leafy fronds. 3s. 6d. and 5s.

LYGODIUM SCANDENS.

Nice little plants of this pretty climbing Fern. 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

LONCHITIS EXCELSA, 5s. and 7s. 6d.
MARATTIA COOPERII, 1½ guinea
NEPHROLEPIS PECTINATA, 3s. 6d.
PHLEBODIUM GLAUCUM, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

PLATYCYERIUM GRANDE, 15s. and 21s.
" **STEMMARIA**, 10s. 6d.,
" 15s., and 21s.
PLEOCNEMIA LEUZEANA, *vide* page 8.
PTERIS, of sorts, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

CHOICE GREENHOUSE FERNS.

Selections of good kinds can be supplied from Mr. W. B.'s general collection, at 18s., 30s., 42s., and 60s. per dozen.

ADIANTUM CAPILLUS-VENERIS DAPHNITES.

The Fern differs in a remarkable degree from all other varieties of the "English Maiden Hair," the pinnules of each of the branches being confluent (united), and the apex of the rachis dilated, spreading out the ultimate confluent pinnules into a crest-like crispy mass, often to the width of 1½ to 2 inches. Erect in habit, the pinnae ascending, and the frond attaining a height of 14 inches. The stipes are ebony coloured, and stouter than in any other form, and the pinnae are of a blue green. This is the most distinct and remarkable variety ever yet sent out. It has been awarded a First Class Certificate by the Royal Horticultural Society. Every grower of Adiantums should possess it. 10s. 6d.

ADIANTUM CAPILLUS-VENERIS MAGNIFICUM.

The fronds of this really useful and attractive Fern are much larger than those of *A. Capillus-Veneris*, being from 12 to 15 inches long, by 4 inches broad, and curving over the sides of the pot. The pinnae are of a beautiful soft green, and are almost as large as those of *A. farleyense*, and, like that variety, they gracefully overlap each other with finely incised and fringed edges. The chief value of this plant is its hardiness and adaptability to the temperature of the greenhouse, whereas *A. farleyense* can only be cultivated in a stove. 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.

ADIANTUM AFFINE, 2s. 6d.

" **CAPILLUS-VENERIS INCISUS**, 2s. 6d.
" **SUM**, 2s. 6d.
" **COLPODES**, 3s. 6d.

ADIANTUM CUNEATUM, 1s. 6d.

" **DECORUM**, 5s. and 7s. 6d.
" **FORMOSUM**, 2s. 6d.
" **FULVUM**, 2s. 6d.

ALSOPHILA AUSTRALIS.

A large-growing, noble-looking Fern, suitable for conservatory decoration. 2s. 6d., 3s. 6d., and 5s. *Vide* also page 144.

ALSOPHILA LEICHARDTIANA, *vide* page 144.

ASPLENIUM BULBIFERUM, 2s. 6d.

ASPLENIUM EBENEUM, 3s. 6d.

BRAINEA INSIGNIS, 5s.

BALANTIUM CULCITUM, 5s. and 7s. 6d.

CIBOTIUM REGALE.

An exceedingly beautiful Fern, very remarkable from the stems and young fronds having a thick silky covering of pale yellow hair-like scales. 10s. 6d., 15s., and 1 guinea.

CIBOTIUM BAROMETZ, 5s., 7s. 6d., & 10s. 6d.
CIONIDIUM MOOREI, 7s. 6d.CYATHEA BURKEI, *vide* page 4." DREGEI, *vide* page 4.

CYATHEA DEALBATA.

This is the Silver Fern of New Zealand. 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d. For large plants, *vide* page 143 & 144.

CYATHEA FUNEBRIS.

An extremely handsome Fern from New Caledonia, with large dark green fronds, coriaceous and glabrous on the upper surface, borne on stout black stipes. It is a very fine and effective plant. 1 and 1½ guinea.

CYATHEA MEDULLARIS, 5s. and 7s. 6d.
" to 1 guinea. *Vide* also page 144.

" **SMITHII**, 1 and 2 guineas. *Vide* also page 144.

DAVALLIA NOVÆ ZEALANDIÆ, 3s. 6d.
" and 5s.

PYXIDATA, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

DICKSONIA ANTARCTICA, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

For large plants, *vide* pages 140 to 143.

" **FIBROSA**, 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.
" **SQUARROSA**, *vide* page 141.

CYRTOMIUM CARYOTIDEUM, 3s. 6d.
" **FORTUNEI**, 3s. 6d.

DAVALLIA CANARIENSIS, 3s. 6d.

LASTREA GLABELLA.

A dwarf and remarkably elegant evergreen Fern, with small finely-cut bipinnate fronds, admirably adapted for a Wardian case. 2s. 6d.

LITO BROCHIA VESPERTILIONIS, 3s. 6d. | LOMARIA FLUVIATILIS, 5s.
LOMARIA GIBBA, *see* page 146.

LOMARIA CILIATA.

A very distinct and elegant dwarf-growing Tree Fern, the stems, in full grown specimens, attaining a height of 1 foot. The fronds are pinnately parted, the pinnae being linear oblong, and frequently bifid or emarginate, and ciliately toothed, the fertile fronds pinnate, sometimes pinnatifid, with lateral segments about $\frac{3}{4}$ of an inch long. 3s. 6d.

LOMARIA CYCADÆFOLIA.

Fine strong imported plants with good trunks. 3 guineas.

MARATTIA ELEGANS, 10s. 6d. and 15s.

NEPHRODIUM MOLLE CRISPUM, 5s.

“ CRISTATUM, 5s.

“ DENSUM, 5s.

“ GRANDICEPS, 5s.

“ RAMOSISSIMUM, 5s.

“ RAMOSUM, 5s.

ONYCHIUM JAPONICUM, 2s. 6d.

PLATYCYERIUM ALCICORNE, 3s. 6d.

POLYSTICHUM VESTITUM, 7s. 6d.

POLYPODIUM EFFUSUM, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

POLYPODIUM TRICHODES (LASTREA TENERICAULIS), 3s. 6d., 5s., and 7s. 6d.

PTERIS ARGYREA, 1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d.

“ CRETICA ALBO-LINEATA, 1s. 6d.

“ FLABELLATA, 3s. 6d.

“ SCABERULA, 3s. 6d.

“ SERRULATA CRISTATA, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

“ GATA, *vide* page 8.

VARIE-

PTERIS SERRULATA TENUIFOLIA.

This is a pigmy variety of one of the most useful of greenhouse Ferns, *Pteris serrulata*. The fronds are divided as in the type, but the whole plant is dwarfed, and greatly reduced in size. The fronds are about 6 inches high, while the pinnae and segments are reduced to about one-eighth of an inch in breadth, and are unequally serrated at the edge. It will form a remarkably elegant little plant for small Wardian cases. 5s.

PTERIS STRAMINEA, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

“ TREMULA, 1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d.

THAMNOPTERIS (NEOTTOPTERIS)

AUSTRALASICA, 5s. and 7s. 6d.

TODEA BARBARA (AFRICANA).

A large free-growing species, of easy culture. 5s., 7s. 6d., and 10s. 6d.

TODEA (LEPTOPTERIS) HYMENOPHYLLOIDES.

This pretty New Zealand Filmy Fern, commonly called *Todea pellucida*, can be supplied in nice plants at 5s., 7s. 6d., and 10s. 6d.



TODEA (LEPTOPTERIS) SUPERBA, for description and price, *vide* page 149.

TODEA (LEPTOPTERIS) SUPERBA.

Any attempt at description must fall far short of conveying an adequate notion of the exquisite beauty of this lovely Fern, which is unquestionably one of the most handsome yet known. It should be seen to be justly appreciated.

The fronds, which are 15 to 18 inches in length, are of a pleasing green, of transparent texture, and of a lanceolate outline, spreading, beautifully arching, and feathered down to the very base; the pinnae are crowded, and cut into narrow segments, which, instead of lying flat as in *Todea pellucida*, are turned upwards, giving the frond a frilled surface, and producing an effect distinct from that of any Fern in cultivation.

This is probably the most beautiful of all the dwarf-growing New Zealand Ferns. For illustration, *vide* page 148. Fine imported plants, 1, $\frac{1}{2}$ and 2 guineas.

TRICHOMANES RADICANS.

(THE IRISH BRISTLE FERN OR KILLARNEY FERN.)

This is a British species, but it must, as far as culture is concerned, be included among the green-house kinds, as it is almost impossible to succeed with it if treated as an ordinary hardy Fern. 10s. 6d.; handsome specimens, 2, 3, and 4 guineas.

WOODWARDIA JAPONICA, 5s.| *WOODWARDIA RADICANS*, 3s. 6d.

CHOICE HARDY FERNS.

Selections of good kinds can be supplied from Mr. W. B.'s general collection, at 18s., 30s., 42s., and 60s. per dozen; when taken by the 100, say in 50 sorts, £7 10s., the selection would include many new and expensive kinds.

ATHYRIUM FILIX-FÆMINA AMPLUM, 5s.

	s.	d.
„	CONTORTUM	3s. 6d.
		and 5s.
„	CORONATUM	3s. 6d.
„	DIFFISSO - MULTI-	
	FIDUM	2s. 6d.
„	FRIZELLIAE	1s. 6d.
„	INTERMEDIUM	
		5s.
„	IRREGULARE	3s. 6d.
		and 5s.
„	MULTICEPS CRIS-	
	TATUM	3s. 6d. and
		5s.
„	MULTIFIDUM	3s. 6d.

„ *LASTREAS*, of sorts; *POLYSTICHUMS*, of sorts; *SCOLOPENDRIUMS*, of sorts, &c., &c., 18s., 30s., and 42s. per dozen.

*ATHYRIUM FILIX-FÆMINA PINNA-**TUM*, 2s. 6d.

„	PINNATUM	MUL-
		TIFIDUM
„	PULCHERRIMUM	
		7s. 6d.
„	RAMO-CRISTATUM	
		7s. 6d.
„	RUBRICAULE	2s. 6d.
„	SAGITTATUM	3s. 6d.
		and 5s.
„	THYSSANOTUM	
		2s. 6d.
„	VICTORIAE	2s. 6d.
		and 3s. 6d.

SELAGINELLAS (LYCOPODIUMS).

G, greenhouse; *H*, hardy; *S*, stove.

	s.	d.	s.	d.
<i>S AFRICANA</i> (Vogelii)	2	6	<i>S LÆVIGATA</i> (<i>cæsia arborea</i> and <i>altissima</i>)	3 6
<i>S ALBO-SPICA</i>	3	6	<i>S LEPIDOPHYLLA</i>	3s. 6d. & 5 0
<i>S APODA</i>	1	6	<i>S LOBBII</i>	2 6
<i>S ATROVIRIDIS</i>	2	6	<i>S MARTENSII</i>	1 6
<i>S CONFERTA</i>	2	6	<i>S — ALBO-VARIEGATA</i> , 2s. 6d. & 3 6	
<i>S CUSPIDATA</i> (<i>pallescens</i> and <i>circi-</i> <i>nalis</i>)	2	6	<i>S POULTERI</i>	2 6
<i>S DELICATISSIMA</i> (<i>microphylla</i>)	2	6	<i>S RUBRICAULIS</i>	2 6
<i>S ERYTHROPOUS</i> (<i>umbrosa</i>)	2	6	<i>S SERPENS</i> (<i>mutabilis</i> , <i>variabilis</i> , and <i>jamaicensis</i>)	1 6
<i>S FILICINA</i> (<i>dichrouus</i>)	2	6	<i>S SETOSA</i>	5 0
<i>S GALEOTTII</i> (<i>Schottii</i>)	2	6	<i>S TRIANGULARIS</i>	2 6
<i>S INÆQUALIFOLIA</i>	1s. 6d. &	2	<i>S UNCIINATA</i> (<i>cæsia</i>)	1 6
<i>H JAPONICA</i>	2s. 6d. &	3	<i>S WALLICHII</i>	3 6
<i>G KRAUSSIANA</i> (<i>hortensis</i>)	1	6	<i>G WILDENOVII</i> (<i>pubescens</i>)	2 6
<i>G — VARIEGATA</i>	2s. 6d. &	3		

PALMS, CYCLANTHS AND CYCADS.

Including ENCEPHALARTOS, MACROZAMIA, &c.

The Palms constitute the most noble family in the vegetable kingdom, and afford sufficient diversity of character to allow of selections being made from them for the greenhouse, stove, or conservatory, to either of which Palms impart a richer tropical appearance than any other plants. Some of the miniature dwarf-growing kinds are, from their light and graceful forms, admirably adapted for table decoration, for vases, or for almost every purpose in which ornamentation is desired. The more hardy and larger kinds can be used for sub-tropical gardening, to which they impart a most luxuriant grandeur, evidence of which has been given at Battersea Park, and in other places where Palms have been used.

Selections of Stove Palms, at 6, 9, and 12 guineas per dozen.

Selections for the Greenhouse at 6, 9, and 12 guineas per dozen.

Large specimens, from 2, 3, 4, 5, to 10 guineas each.

Those marked with an asterisk are kinds that will succeed in a greenhouse.

ACANTHORHIZA ACULEATA (Chamærops stauracantha)	1½ and 2 guineas
" WARSCEWICZII	2 and 3 guineas
ACROCOMIA SCLEROCARPA	1½ and 2 guineas
ARECA ALBA	10s. 6d., 15s., & 1 guinea
" AUREA, a very fine graceful Palm, with yellowish stenus	1 and 1½ guinea
" BAUERI (Seaforthia robusta)	10s. 6d., 15s., & 1 guinea
" CATECHU (The Betel Nut Tree)	15s. and 1 guinea
" CONCINNA	1 and 1½ guinea
" FURFURACEA	15s., 1, and 1½ guinea
" HORRIDA, <i>vide</i> Oncosperma fasciculatum	
" LUTESCENS	7s. 6d., 10s. 6d., to 1½ guinea
" MADAGASCARIENSIS	5s. and 7s. 6d.
" MONOSTACHYIA	15s., 1, and 1½ guinea
" NENGA, a stove Palm, slender and elegant in the young state, in which the leaf-stalks are smooth and terete, and the leaf-blades are two-lobed, with elongate lanceolate lobes about an inch long. It has been raised from seeds received from Java.	15s. and 1 guinea
" RUBRA	5s., 7s. 6d., to 1 guinea
" SAPIDA	5s., 7s. 6d., and 10s. 6d.
" SPECIOSA, <i>vide</i> Hyophorbe amaricaulis	
" VERSCHAFFELTII, <i>vide</i> Hyophorbe Verschaffeltii	
ARENGA BONNETTII	1 and 1½ guinea
" OBTUSIFOLIA	1½ and 2 guineas
" SACCHARIFERA	15s. and 1 guinea
ASTROCARYUM MEXICANUM	1, 1½, and 2 guineas
" ROSTRATUM	1 and 1½ guinea
ATTALEA COMPTA	1 and 1½ guinea
" GRANDIS	1 and 1½ guinea
" LIMBATA, a very distinct-looking Palm, introduced from Central America, and raised from seed sent to England by Dr. Seemann	1½ and 2 guineas
" SPECTABILIS	15s. and 1 guinea
BACTRIS MARAJA	15s. and 1 guinea
BENTINCKIA CODDAPANNA	3 guineas
BORASSUS MADAGASCARIENSIS	2 guineas
BOWENIA SPECTABILIS, this is a most distinct and remarkable plant, being the only known Cycad with bipinnate fronds. It has a short thick sub-cylindrical caudex, from the crown of which are developed one or two large and remarkably handsome leaves. The petioles are long, slender, roundish, and of a deep green colour. The lamina is bipinnatisect and spreading, each of the branches looking very much like a portion of the frond of <i>Asplenium falcatum</i> , the pinnules, which are firm in texture, being obliquely falcate-lanceolate with an acuminate point, and traversed by parallel forked veins. The whole frond is of a deep full green. The cones of the male plant are small; those of the female many times larger. It is a native of Queensland.	2, 3, and 4 guineas

<i>BRAHEA DULCIS</i> (<i>Thrinax tunicata</i>)	1 and 1½ guineas
“ <i>EGREGIA</i>	1 and 1½ guineas
<i>CALAMUS ADSPERSUM</i> (<i>asperimus</i>)	2 and 3 guineas
“ <i>AFRICANUS</i> , <i>vide Eremospatha Hookeri</i> .	
“ <i>CILIARIS</i>	3 guineas
“ <i>ELEGANS</i>	1½ and 2 guineas
“ <i>MICRANTHUS</i>	10s. 6d., 15s., & 1 guinea
“ <i>NITIDUS</i>	2 and 3 guineas
“ <i>ROXBURGHII</i>	1½ and 2 guineas
“ <i>SPECIOSUS</i>	15s. and 1 guinea
“ <i>SPECTABILIS</i> , a slender-growing elegant-habited Palm, raised from seeds obtained from Malacca. In the young state, which only is known, the leaf stalks are green, furnished with numerous short conical white spines tipped with brown, and much resembling those borne on the surface of cucumbers; while the leaves are pinnate, with a few pairs of smooth linear-lanceolate three-ribbed leaflets, measuring 6 to 8 inches long. It is a Palm of an exceedingly ornamental character.	2 guineas
“ <i>ZEYLANICUS</i>	2 guineas
<i>CALYPTROGYNE ELATA</i>	1 and 1½ guinea
<i>CARLUDOVICA PALMATA</i> , a very grand and useful Cyclanth	7s. 6d., 10s. 6d., and 15s.
<i>CARYOTA CUMINGII</i>	1 and 1½ guinea
“ <i>ELEGANS</i>	1 and 1½ guinea
“ <i>FURFURACEA</i>	1 and 1½ guinea
“ <i>HUMILIS</i>	15s. and 1 guinea
“ <i>PROPINQUA</i>	2 guineas
“ <i>SOBOLIFERA</i>	1 and 1½ guinea
“ <i>SPECIOSA</i>	2 guineas
“ <i>URENS</i>	10s. 6d. and 15s.
<i>CATAKIDZAMIA MACLEAYI</i>	2 and 3 guineas
<i>CEROXYLON ANDICOLA</i>	2 and 3 guineas
“ <i>NIVEUM</i> (<i>Diplothemium caudescens</i>)	15s. and 1 guinea
<i>CHAMÆDOREA ATROVIRENS</i>	7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.
“ <i>ELEGANS</i>	1 and 1½ guinea
“ <i>ERNESTI-AUGUSTI</i> (<i>simplicifrons</i>)	1 and 1½ guinea
“ <i>GLAUCIFOLIA</i>	1 and 1½ guinea
“ <i>GRAMINIFOLIA</i>	15s. and 1 guinea
“ <i>OBLONGATA</i> (<i>lunata</i>)	15s. and 1 guinea
“ <i>OPTABILIS</i> , an elegant-growing South American species, of handsome decorative aspect	15s. and 1 guinea
“ <i>SARTORII</i>	10s. 6d. and 15s.
“ <i>SPECTABILIS</i> , a neat-growing plant, with bright green foliage, well adapted for table decoration	7s. 6d., 10s. 6d., and 15s.
* <i>CHAMÆROPS EXCELSA</i>	7s. 6d., 10s. 6d., and 15s.; fine plants, 1, 2, 3, and 4 guineas each
* “ <i>FORTUNEI</i> (<i>sinensis</i>). In all sizes, from 5s., 7s. 6d., 10s. 6d., 15s., and 1 guinea to 2, 3, 4, and 5 guineas each	
* “ <i>HUMILIS</i> , this useful decorative Palm can be supplied in all sizes, from 5s., 7s. 6d., 10s. 6d., 15s., and 1 guinea to 2, 3, and 4 guineas each	
“ <i>ROBUSTA</i>	15s. and 1 guinea
“ <i>TOMENTOSA</i>	15s. and 1 guinea
“ <i>SINENSIS</i> , <i>vide C. Fortunei</i> .	
“ <i>STAURACANTHA</i> , <i>vide Acanthorhiza aculeata</i> .	
* <i>COCOS AUSTRALIS</i> (<i>Diplothemium campestre</i>)	15s. and 1 guinea
* “ <i>CHILENSIS</i> , <i>vide Jubæa spectabilis</i> .	
“ <i>COMOSA</i>	1½ and 2 guineas
“ <i>CORONATA</i>	15s. and 1 guinea
“ <i>FLEXUOSA</i>	10s. 6d. and 15s.
“ <i>PROCPEANA</i>	1 and 1½ guinea
“ <i>ROMANZOFFIANA</i>	1 and 1½ guinea
“ <i>WALLISII</i>	2 and 3 guineas



COCOS WEDDELLIANA. Perhaps the most elegant of all the smaller Palms, of which so many charming species are now to be found in cultivation. Its slender erect stem is not of rapid growth, but is freely furnished with its gracefully arching leaves, made up of innumerable long narrow pinnae or segments, of a rich green colour. The name of *Leopoldinia pulchra* is sometimes applied in error to this species. 2 and 3 guineas

COPERNICIA (CORYPHA) CERIFERA, an elegant Brazilian Palm, of very distinct character, amongst the palmatifid species. It is one of the Wax Palms of tropical America, secreting the wax from the underside of its leaves. The plant is rather slender, with semi-terete slightly-channelled leaf-stalks, furnished with reflexed spines, regularly set at about $\frac{1}{4}$ inch intervals, the blades sub-orbicular, with numerous narrow segments 10 to 12 inches long, connected for about 2 inches at the base, the outer ones approaching each other, so that the leaf has a vase-shaped outline. The leaves are palmate, and the flowers produced on axillary spadices..... 15s. & 1 guinea

*	"	LITTORALIS	.....	1 $\frac{1}{2}$ and 2 guineas
"	"	TECTORUM	.....	1 $\frac{1}{2}$ and 2 guineas

***CORYPHA AUSTRALIS**, *vide* *Livistona australis*.

CORYpha CERIFERA, *vide* Copernicia cerifera.

"	GEBANGA	15s. and 1 guinea
"	MACROPODA	1 and 1½ guinea
"	SPINOSA	1½ and 2 guineas
"	UMBRACULIFERA	10s. 6d. and 15s.
CYCAS ARMSTRONGII		4 and 5 guineas
"	CIRCINALIS	2, 3, and 4 guineas
"	GRACILIS	1 and 1½ guinea
"	REVOLUTA	10s. 6d., 1, and 2 guineas
"	RIUMINIANA	5 guineas

DÆMONOROPS PALEMBANICUS, for description and price, *vide* page 154.

CYCLANTHUS NOBILIS, a distinct and bold-habited stove plant, of ornamental palm-like character. The stout leaf-stalks are from a foot to a foot and a half long, and support the broad spreading leaves, the blade of which is parted nearly to the base into two lobes, which are six inches broad, and from $1\frac{1}{2}$ to $2\frac{1}{2}$ feet in length 10s. 6d. and 15s.

DÆMONOROPS CINNAMOMEUS $1\frac{1}{2}$ and 2 guineas

" **FISSUS**. This extremely elegant Palm is a native of the Island of Borneo. It is of stout growth, producing ovate leaves, which are cinnamon brown while young, and consist of numerous linear pinnæ. The leaf-stalks are armed with short thick dark-coloured spines, set in rings, or scattered, a single row being continued up the back of the rachis. The upper surface of the leaves bears scattered black bristles, as in *D. palembanicus*, but in this plant the spines are stouter than in that species 10s. 6d., 15s., and 21s.

" **MARGINATUS** $1\frac{1}{2}$ and 2 guineas

" **MELANOCHÆTES** 1 and $1\frac{1}{2}$ guinea

" **PALEMBANICUS**, one of the most elegant of Palms, and, together with *D. periacanthus*, exceedingly appropriate for table decoration and other ornamental purposes. The leaves are broadly ovate, pinnate, consisting of numerous narrow elongated segments, and they are supported by leaf-stalks bearing numerous deflexed spines, which latter are thickened at the base. The young leaves are of a bright cinnamon brown, and the contrast between this warm colour and the deep green of the matured leaves renders the plants exceedingly beautiful at the time they are in course of development. It is a native of Java. For illustration, *vide* page 153 $1\frac{1}{2}$ and 2 guineas

" **PERIACANTHUS**. This remarkably graceful Palm, a native of Java, bears a general resemblance to *D. palembanicus*, being, like it, exceedingly elegant in habit, and having short pinnate leaves and prickly leaf-stalks. It differs, however, in having a greater abundance of spines on the petioles, and these have a tendency, more marked as the plants become older, to group themselves together so as to form irregular rings around the petiole, a circumstance which has doubtless suggested the name; they differ also in the young leaves being almost straw coloured instead of cinnamon coloured, and thus the two plants, while sufficiently resembling each other to form an excellent pair, are yet strongly and effectively contrasted by the different hues assumed by their partially developed leaves 1, $1\frac{1}{2}$, and 2 guineas

" **PLUMOSUS**. This is one of the most elegant of the Palm family, and being of small growth, is admirably adapted for vases and table decoration. Its leaves are of a rich dark green, and handsomely plumed, hence its name. 2 & 3 guineas

" **TRICHROUS** 10s. 6d. and 15s.

DESMONCUS GRANDIFOLIUS 1 and $1\frac{1}{2}$ guinea

" **MAJOR** 15s. and 1 guinea

DICTYOCARYON WALLISII $1\frac{1}{2}$ and 2 guineas

DIPLOTHÉMIUM CAMPESTRE, *vide* *Cocos australis*.

" **CAUDESCENS**, *vide* *Ceroxylon nivéum*.

* " **LITTORALE** $1\frac{1}{2}$ and 2 guineas.

" **MARITIMUM** 1 guinea

ELÆIS GUINEENSIS, this is the Oil Palm of Africa 15s. and 1 guinea

* **ENCEPHALARTOS (Zamia) CYCADÆFOLIUS**

" **HELLINCKII** (*gracilis*). This remarkably elegant greenhouse plant has been received from South Africa, and proves to be quite distinct from the species previously known in cultivation. The fronds are erect, slender, 3 to 4 feet long, and 6 inches broad in the widest part, linear-lanceolate in outline, pinnate, with the rachis rounded behind, and channelled on each side where the pinnæ are set on. The pinnæ are narrowly linear and mucronately pointed, set on at intervals of one-fourth of an inch, convex on the upper, concave on the lower surface, woolly as is the rachis, with white cobwebby hairs while young, the hairs becoming at length straightened and appressed. The lower pinnæ gradually diminish into short mucronate points. It has received a First Class Certificate from the Floral Committee of the Royal Horticultural Society. Price on application.

HORRIDUS

***ENCEPHALARTOS** (*Zamia*) **VILLOSUS**. A noble greenhouse Cycad, with a stout trunk or caudex, covered with densely imbricated scales, and supporting a head of from five to twelve erect pinnate fronds, which are from 3 to 6 feet long or more, and of which the stout rachis is densely clothed with cottony wool ; the pinnae or segments number from eighty to ninety on each side, and are narrowly elliptic-linear, the margin being distantly spinoso-denticulate. It has been found in, and introduced from, the interior of South Africa.

2, 3, 4, and 5 guineas

VILLOSUS AMPLIATUS, *vide* page 6.

EXPANSUS

"	EREMOSPATHA HOOKERII (<i>Calamus africanus</i>)	1 and 1½ guinea
"	EUTERPE ANTIOQUIENSIS	15s. and 1 guinea
"	EDULIS (<i>Oreodoxa Sancona</i>)	7s. 6d., 10s. 6d., and 15s.
"	OLERACEA	15s., 1, and 1½ guinea
"	GAUSSIA PRINCEPS	2 guineas
"	GEONOMA PUMILA	15s. and 1 guinea
"	SCHOTTIANA	1½ and 2 guineas
"	SPIXIANA	10s. 6d. and 15s.
"	VERSCHAFFELTII	2 and 3 guineas
"	GLAZIOVA INSIGNIS	2 and 3 guineas
"	GUILIELMA SPECIOSA	1½ and 2 guineas



KENTIA, *vide* page 157.

GUILIELMA UTILIS. A fine and lofty Palm of Costa Rica, requiring the temperature of the stove. It has a slender trunk, crowned with a noble head of handsomely pinnated leaves, the trunk being spiny. In the young plants the leaves are only biparted, with broad divisions, the ribs on the upper surface and the costa beneath being furnished with needle-shaped spines, the petioles also being densely spiny. The seeds are edible, and have the flavour of chestnuts 2 and 3 guineas

HYOPHORBE AMARICAULIS (*Areca speciosa*) 15s. and 1 guinea

" **(Areca) VERSCHAFFELTII.** This is a remarkably graceful Palm, forming a triangular stem from which the not very numerous leaves spring up on nearly erect petioles, and are pinnate, with a few long drooping leaflets, which are decurrent at the base, and are of a deep green colour with whitish ribs. The comparatively few, but decidedly drooping, segments of the frond give it a particularly graceful aspect, which renders it one of the most effective plants that can be chosen for decorative purposes 10s. 6d., 15s., and 21s.



HYOSPATHE CHIRIQUENSIS	1 and 1½ guinea
HYPHÄNE DEALBATA	15s. and 1 guinea
IRIARTEA SEEMANNI	1 and 1½ guinea
* JUBÆA SPECTABILIS (<i>Cocos chilensis</i> , <i>Molinia chilensis</i>)	5s., 7s. 6d., and 10s. 6d.
* KENTIA AUSTRALIS . For illustration, <i>vide</i> page 155	15s. and 1 guinea
* " BELMOREANA	1½ guinea
* " FOSTERIANA	15s. and 1 guinea
* LATANIA AUREA (<i>Verschaffeltii</i>)	15s., 1, and 1½ guinea
BORBONICA (<i>Livistona sinensis</i>). Mr. W. B. can supply this useful decorative-Palm in all sizes, from 5s., 7s. 6d., 10s. 6d., 15s., and 1 guinea to 2, 3, 4, & 5 guineas each.	
COMMERSONI	7s. 6d., 10s. 6d., & 1 guinea
GLAUCOPHYLLA	7s. 6d., 10s. 6d., & 1 guinea
RUBRA	2 and 3 guineas
LEOPOLDINIA PULCHRA , <i>vide</i> <i>Cocos Weddelliana</i> .	
LEPIDOCARYON GRACILE	1½ and 2 guineas
* LEPIDOZAMIA PEROFFSKYANA . This name is adopted for the Australian <i>Macrozamia Denisoni</i> , on the authority of Dr. Regel, who describes and figures the mature plants as having a stout, short, scaly trunk, supporting a crown of long-stalked leaves, having a lanceolate outline, and formed of numerous linear leaflets, which are decurrent, and neither callose nor articulated. The cones of the female plant are large, ovate-globose, and subsessile. The young plants are very elegant, having ovate horizontal leaves, with decurved linear attenuate leaflets, 4 inches long, and supported on erect terete footstalks a foot in length. A most interesting and beautiful greenhouse Cycad.	
2 guineas	
LICUALA PELTATA	15s. and 1 guinea
" SPINOSA	15s. and 1 guinea
LIVISTONA ALTISSIMA	1½ and 2 guineas
(<i>Corypha</i>) AUSTRALIS . This useful Palm can be supplied in all sizes, from 5s., 7s. 6d., 10s. 6d., 15s., and 1 guinea to 2, 3, 4, and 5 guineas each	
5s., 7s. 6d., 10s. 6d., 15s., and 1 guinea to 2, 3, 4, and 5 guineas each	
" HOOGENDORPI . A fine stove Palm, of spreading habit, forming a stout stocky stem. The leaves, which are nearly 3 feet broad, are palmately divided, the segments being broad, and giving the leaves a bold and distinctive character. The leaf-stalks are abundantly furnished at the margins, with stout sharp spines	1½ guinea
" HUMILIS	5s., 7s. 6d., and 10s. 6d. to 2 guineas
" ROTUNDIFOLIA (<i>subglobosa</i>)	5s. and 7s. 6d. to 2 and 3 guineas
" SINENSIS , <i>vide</i> <i>Latania borbonica</i> .	
MACROZAMIA AMABILIS	
" CORALLIPES , a very remarkable new Cycadaceous plant introduced from New South Wales. The trunk is sub-spherical, with a truncate base; the leaves form a very contracted crown, and are diverging below, then sub-erect, rigid, twisted and flexuous, linear, pinnate; petiole deep green, smooth but not polished, reddish brown towards the base, where it is slightly and bluntly two-edged; pinnae, about fifty pairs, opposite and alternate, 5 to 7 inches long, one-third of an inch broad, very narrow linear-lanceolate, acute but hardly pungent, dark green, with a bright red petiolule. It is a very distinct and handsome greenhouse plant. For illustration, <i>vide</i> page 156. 3, 4, and 5 guineas	
" CORALLIPES GYRATA , a fine variety of this remarkable Cycad, having the same kind of subspherical trunk. The leaves are pinnate, three to four feet in height, erect, rigid, and spirally twisted, so that the leaflets instead of lying in one plane, spread out in all directions from the smooth terete rachis. The leaflets, of which there are from about forty to fifty pairs, are smooth dark green, linear, ending in a bluntnish point, about 6 inches long, tapering downwards into a short coral-red petiole, which is slightly decurrent. It is a very distinct form from the true <i>corallipes</i> on account of the scattered direction of the leaflets, and equally elegant in all other respects... 3, 4, and 5 guineas	
" CYLINDRICA , <i>vide</i> page 7	
" DENISONI , <i>vide</i> <i>Lepidizamia Peroffskyana</i>	
" ELEGANTISSIMA , a most elegant Australian species of Cycad, having the short stems ovate, with a long narrow neck, which is partially villose. The leaves (few on the plants imported) have a small terete green petiole, a foot long, and a pinnatisect ovate limb, from 18 to 20 inches long, and about	

14 inches broad, the segments being a dark green colour, coriaceous, linear, tapered to the point, the lower ones also narrowed towards the petiolule, which throughout the frond is thickened and pallid—almost white, and is evident both on the upper and under surfaces; the segments are distant (about five in a space of three inches), and the lower ones somewhat deflexed. The leaves have a peculiarly elegant arching habit. It is one of the most beautiful of the family	4 and 5 guineas
MACROZAMIA EXIMIA	
" FRASERI	
" PLUMOSA , <i>vide</i> page 7	
" PULCHRA	
" SPIRALIS	3, 4, and 5 guineas
" EBURNEA , a grand Australian Cycad, with sub-globose trunks, a foot or more in diameter. The leaves are from 4 or 5 to 7 feet long, lanceolate, with a semi-terete petiole of about a foot in length; they are pinnate, the segments being linear, acute, rigid, 8 inches long, and somewhat narrowed down to the thickened ivory-white base. It is a remarkably fine and elegant plant, the leaves being composed of from 45 to 50 pairs of segments or pinnae	5 and 7 guineas each
" SPIRALIS FUSCIPES	
" PRINCEPS	
MALORTIEA FENESTRALIS (<i>simplex</i>)	1 and 1½ guinea
" LACERATA , a neat-growing stove Palm, of distinct character, and of a dwarf and close habit of growth. The leaf-stalks are broad and sheathing at the base, flattened and slender upwards, and angular on the dorsal side. The leaf-blades are broad and bilobed, with an excurrent thread in the sinus, the lobes (in the young plants) upwards of an inch across, and lacerately split at the apex, while the surface is ribbed so as to appear plicate. Its dense close habit of growth recommends it as a useful and distinct decorative Palm. It is a native of Central America, whence seeds were brought home by Dr. Seemann.	
" SPECIOSA	10s. 6d., 15s., and 1 guinea
MARTINEZIA EROSA	15s. and 1 guinea
" GRANATENSIS , <i>vide</i> page 7	2 and 3 guineas
" LINDENIANA	1½ and 2 guineas
MAXIMILIANA REGIA	1½ and 2 guineas
* MOLINIA CHILENSIS , <i>vide</i> <i>Jubaea spectabilis</i>	
GENOCARPUS DEALBATUS	1½ and 2 guineas
ONCOSPERMA FASCICULATUM (<i>Areca horrida</i>)	1½ and 2 guineas
OREODOXA OLERACEA (The Cabbage Palm of the West Indies) 5s. and 7s. 6d.	
" REGIA	10s. 6d., 15s., and 1 guinea
" SANCONA , <i>vide</i> <i>Euterpe edulis</i> .	
* PHœNIX DACTYLIFERA (The Date Palm)	7s. 6d., 15s., and 1 guinea
* " FARINIFERA , a Sago-producing Palm	15s., 1, and 1½ guinea
* " HUMILIS	1½ and 2 guineas
* " PUMILA	15s. and 1 guinea
* " RECLINATA	7s. 6d., 10s. 6d., to 1 guinea
* " SYLVESTRIS , a Sugar-yielding Palm	15s. and 1 guinea
* " TENUIS	15s. and 1 guinea
PHYTELEPHAS MACROCARPA . This Palm yields the Vegetable Ivory of commerce. 2 guineas	
" MICROCARPA	2 guineas
PINANGA KUHLII	2 guineas
PLECTOCOMIA ANDERSONI , <i>vide</i> page 8	
PRITCHARDIA PACIFICA	4 guineas
* PTYCHOSPERMA ALEXANDRIÆ	15s., 1, and 1½ guinea
" CUNNINGHAMII . This plant is usually cultivated under the erroneous name of <i>Seaforthia elegans</i> . It a most useful conservatory or cool greenhouse plant, for it will stand a low temperature with impunity, and it is of the highest decorative character; scarcely anything can equal the effect of a large plant of this noble Palm	7s. 6d., 10s. 6d., 15s., 1, 2, and 3 guineas
" RUPICOLA	1½ and 2 guineas

<i>RAPHIA TÆDIGERA</i> (<i>Sagus Ruffia</i>)	1½ and 2 guineas
<i>REGELIA PRINCEPS</i> , <i>vide Verschaffeltia splendida</i>	
<i>RHAPHIS FLABELLIFORMIS</i>	15s. and 1 guinea
<i>SABAL (Trithrinax) MAURITIÆFORMIS</i>	10s. 6d. and 15s.
" <i>MOCCINII</i>	10s. 6d. and 15s.
" <i>UMBRAULIFERA</i> (<i>Blackburniana</i>), a noble and very distinct Palm	10s. 6d. and 15s.
<i>SAGUS RUFFIA</i> , <i>vide Raphia tædigeria</i>	1 and 1½ guinea
<i>SCHEELIA EXCELSA</i>	1 and 1½ guinea
" <i>REGIA</i>	1 and 1½ guinea
<i>SEAFCORTHIA ELEGANS</i> , <i>vide Ptychosperma Cunninghamii</i>	
" <i>ROBUSTA</i> , <i>vide Areca Baueri</i>	
<i>STANGERIA SCHIZODON</i> . Of this interesting Cycad, which has been imported from Natal, only young plants are yet known in this country. These have, as in the original <i>Stangeria paradoxa</i> , a bluntly rounded or napiform stem, the crown of which is slightly elevated above the soil, and from which the pinnate leaves arise. These leaves (in the plant before us, evidently immature) consist of three pairs of pinnae or leaflets, which are of an ovate-lanceolate form, and irregularly inciso-serrate at the margin, the larger teeth being irregularly cut down into a variable number of smaller teeth, thus forming a deeply but irregularly toothed margin, instead of the simply spinulose-serrate margin of <i>S. paradoxa</i>	1½ guinea
<i>PARADOXA</i> . Mr. W. B. having imported from Africa this hitherto extremely rare plant, can offer it in strong specimens	at 1½ and 2 guineas
<i>SYAGRUS BOTRYOPHORA</i>	1½ and 2 guineas
" <i>COMOSA</i>	1½ and 2 guineas
" <i>MAJESTICA</i>	1 and 1½ guinea
<i>THRINAX ARGENTEA</i>	1, 1½, and 2 guineas
" <i>ELEGANS</i> , very handsome for exhibition purposes; fine specimens.	1 and 1½ guinea
" <i>ELEGANTISSIMA</i> , an exceedingly elegant and graceful miniature-growing Palm	1 and 1½ guinea
" <i>GRACILIS</i>	1½ and 2 guineas
" <i>GRANDIS</i>	2 and 3 guineas
" <i>MARTII</i>	1½ and 2 guineas
" <i>PARVIFLORA</i>	10s. 6d., 15s., and 21s.
" <i>ROBINII</i>	1½ and 2 guineas
" <i>TUNICATA</i> , <i>vide Brahea dulcis</i>	
<i>TRITHRINAX MAURITIÆFORMIS</i> , <i>vide Sabal mauritiæformis</i>	1, 1½, and 2 guineas
<i>VERSCHAFFELTIA MELANOCHÆTES</i>	
" <i>SPLENDIDA</i> (<i>Regelia princeps</i>), a magnificent and very distinct new Palm, from the Island of Seychelles	2 and 3 guineas
<i>WALLICHIA CARYOTOIDES</i>	1½ and 2 guineas
" <i>PORPHYRACEA</i>	15s. and 1 guinea
<i>WELFIA REGIA</i> , a very distinct and beautiful stove Palm, recently named by M. Wendland. The stipes are smooth and slender, supporting a handsome pinnated leaf, which is parted into a few broadish or oblong acuminate lobes. The fresh leaves are of a pleasing bronzy hue, which adds much to the beauty of the plant	1, 1½, and 2 guineas
<i>ZALACCA EDULIS</i>	2 and 3 guineas
<i>ZAMIA CYCADÆFOLIA</i> , <i>vide Encephalartos cycadæfolius</i>	1, 2, and 3 guineas
" <i>FURFURACEA</i>	1½ and 2 guineas
" <i>ROEZLII</i>	
" <i>TENUIFOLIA</i> . This species has been imported from Queensland, where it grows some 250 miles north of Brisbane. It has a short stout stem, about 6 inches in diameter, and a foot and a half long, spindle-shaped below, and producing from the crown remarkably elegant fronds, which are erect and somewhat spirally twisted, the smooth bright green pinnae being narrow, flat, and drooping, of an ivory white colour at their point of juncture with the rachis	1 guinea.
" <i>VILLOSA</i> , <i>vide Encephalartos villosus</i>	

NEW AND CHOICE AZALEAS (INDICA).

—o—

Mr. WILLIAM BULL'S selection, 30s. and 42s. per dozen; New Varieties,
5s. and 7s. 6d. each.

A. BORSIG	DUCHESSE ADELAIDE DE NASSAU	KINGHORNII
ADMIRATION	DUKE OF CAMBRIDGE	LA DÉESSE
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— — — PLENA	EDOUARD MAERTENS	— — — PAIX
— — — MAGNA	ELEGANTISSIMA	— — — SURPRISE
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AMENA	ÉTENDARD DE FLANDRE	LEVIATHIAN
ANTOINE CHANTIN	ÉTOILE DE GAND	L'IMPÉRIAL
ANTOINETTE THELEMANN	EUGÈNE MAZEL	LION BELGE
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— — — SUPRÈME	FIELDER'S WHITE	LOUIS NAPOLEON
BEAUTY OF REIGATE	FLAG OF TRUCE	LUDWIG H. WOLF
BELLE GANTOISE	FLOWER OF THE DAY	MADAME ALEX. HARDY
BERNARD ANDREA	FORGET-ME-NOT	— — — VAN LANGENHOVE
BIJOU DE PARIS	FORMOSA	— — — A. VERSCHAFFELT
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DELECTA	INCOMPARABLE	MONARCH
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DISTINCTION	IVERYANA	— — — THIBAUT
DOMINIQUE VERAENE	— — — ALBA-CINCTA	MONSTRUOSA ALBA
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DUCK ADOLPHE DE NASSAU	JENNY LIND	NONPAREIL
— — — DE BRABANT	JULIANA	
— — — MALAKOFF		

AZALEAS—Continued.

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OTTO FORSTER	QUEEN OF BEAUTIES	HAUT
PAULINE MARDNER	— — — — — PERFECTION	— — — — — L'EXPOSITION
PERFECTA ELEGANS	— — — — — ROSES	— — — — — UNIVERSELLE
PERFECTION	— — — — — THE WHITES	— — — — — MIELLEZ
PERRYANA	— — — — — VICTORIA	— — — — — PRINCE ALBERT
PETUNIAEFLORA	QUENTIN DURWARD	— — — — — VAN PEENE
PRÉSIDENT	REINE DES BELGES	— — — — — SPLENDIDISSIMA
— — A. VERSCHAFFELT	— — — — — BLANCHES	STANDARD OF PERFECTION
— — CLAËS	— — — — — DOUBLES	STANLEYANA
— — HUMANN	— — — — — PANACHÉES	STELLA
— — VICTOR VAN DEN HECKE	— — — — — PAYS BAS	STRIATA FORMOSISSIMA
PRINCE ALBERT	— — — — — LOUISE	SYMMETRY
— — FRANCIS JOSEPH	RHENANIA	TANNHAUSER
— — IMPERIAL	ROI DES BEAUTÉS	TEUTONIA
— — OF ORANGE	— — — — — DOUBLES	THE BRIDE
— — PRUSSIA	— — — — — d'HOLLANDE	THEODORE KÖRNER
PRINCESS ALEXANDRA	— — — — — LEOPOLD	THUSNELDE
— — ALICE	ROSÆFLORA PLENA	TOILETTE DE FLORE
— — HELENA	ROSEA ALBA	TRICOLOR
— — MARY OF CAMBRIDGE	— — — — — ILLUSTRATA	TRIOMPHE DE GAND
— — ROYAL	— — — — — PUNCTATA	— — — — — LEDEBERG
PRINCESSE BATHILDE D'AN-	ROSY CIRCLE	TROTTERIANA
HALT DESSAU	RUBENS	VARIEGATA SUPERDA
— — FRÉDÉRIC D'ANHALT DES-	SALMONEA ALBO-CINCTA	VESUVIUS
SAU	SCHÖNE MAINZERIN	VICOMTE DE FORCEVILLE
— — HILDA D'ANHALT DESSAU	SECRÉTAIRE CLAUS	VIOLACEA SUPERBA
— — MARIE GALITZIN	SEMI-DUPLEX MACULATA	VIRGINALIS
— — STÉPHANIE-CLOTILDE	SENATOR KESSLER	VITTATA
PRINZ FRANZ-JOSEPH	SINENSIS	— — ELEGANS
PROFESSEUR LEMAIRE	SIR CHARLES NAPIER	VIVID
PROFESSOR KOCH	— II. HAVELOCK	VULCAIN
PUNCTULATA	SOPHIE VERAENE	WAXWORK
— — OMNICOLOR		WILLIAM BULL
— — VARIEGATA		— — TELL.

CAMELLIAS.

Mr. WILLIAM BULL has a magnificent lot of Specimen Camellias of symmetrical pyramidal form. The names and sizes of a few are annexed, but an inspection of the Stock is invited.

CAMELLIA ADONIS	Height.	Price.
“ ALBA PLENA	5 ft.	3 guineas
“ ARCHIDUCHESSE AUGUSTA	7 ft.	18 guineas
“ BORSIG	5 ft.	4 guineas
“ CHANDLERI ELEGANS	4 ft. 6 in.	3½ guineas
“ COMTE DE GOMER	4 ft. 2 in.	2 guineas
“ FERRANDI	3 ft.	2½ guineas
“ GÉNÉRAL DROUOT	3 ft.	3½ guineas
“ IMBRICATA	2 ft. 6 in.	2 guineas
“ INCOMPARABLE	5 ft. 4 in.	10 guineas
“ ITALIANA	3 ft.	3 guineas
“ JENNY LIND	7 ft. 6 in.	10 guineas
“ LAVINIA MAGGI ROSEA	2 ft. 9 in.	2 guineas
“ MARCHIONESS OF EXETER	4 ft.	8 guineas
“ MATHOTIANA	7 ft. 6 in.	12 guineas
“ MONARCH	6 ft.	10 guineas
“ PICTA	6 ft.	6 guineas
“ PRINCE ALBERT	3 ft.	2½ guineas
“ ” DE CANINO	3 ft. 9 in.	3 guineas
“ PRINCESSE MARIE	5 ft.	8 guineas
	6 ft.	9 guineas

CAMELLIAS—Continued.

		Height	Price.
CAMELLIA PROCRASTINANS	.	4 ft. 6 in.	3 guineas
“	QUEEN OF ENGLAND	6 ft.	6 guineas
“	QUEEN VICTORIA	5 ft. 6 in.	3 guineas
“	ROSA MADIA	4 ft. 4 in.	3 guineas
“	TERESA NEGRI	7 ft. 6 in.	10 guineas
“	VALERIO	3 ft. 6 in.	2 guineas
“	“	2 ft.	2 guineas
“	WILDERI	4 ft. 8 in.	8 guineas

CAMELLIAS.

Selections of well-known good sorts, in fine plants, can be made from Mr. W. B.'s general collection, at 2, 3, 4, and 6 guineas per dozen. New varieties 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d. each.

PRINCESS MARY, a most superb variety, the flowers have great regularity of outline, and fine thick shell-like petals, which are exceedingly smooth and full. The colour is handsome and attractive, a pleasing shade of bright reddish crimson.

Added to exceedingly handsome flowers, this Camellia possesses the great advantage of having an excellent habit, and remarkably broad rich-looking thick foliage. First Class Certificate from the Floral Committee of the Royal Horticultural Society for its exceptional merit. 15s., 1, and 1½ guineas.

ADRIEN LEBRUN	CENTIFOLIA	DUNLOP'S AMERICANA
A. J. DOWNING	CESARE FRANCHETTI	EIZIANO
ALDA CASORETTI	CHANDLERI	ELEGANS
— FENESTRATA	— ELEGANS	— CHANDLERI
— ORNATISSIMA	COLLETTI	ELIZABETH HERBERT
— PERFECTA	COMMENDATORE BETTI	ELIZA CENTURIONI
— PLENA	COMPACTA ALBA	ELVIRA BIANCHINI
ALBERTUS	COMTE DE FLANDRES	EMILIA CAMPIONI
AMABILIS	— GOMER	GAVAZZI
ANDREA DORIA	— PARIS	ETOILLE POLAIRE
ANGELO COCCI	— TOLL	EUGÉNIE DE MASSÉNA
ANNETTE FRANCHETTI	COMTESSE NEGRI	EXIMIA
ANTONELLI	— NENCINI	FANNY SANCHIOLI
APUÆFORMIS	CONTE BERNARDINO LECHI	FAUSTINE
ARCHDUC ETIENNE	CONTESSA LAVINIA MAGGI	FEASTII
ARCHIDUCHESSE AUGUSTA	— MARIANA	FIMBRIATA
— MARIE	— OTTOLINI	FLORIDA
ARIOSTO	— PAOLINI MAGGI	FORMOSA
ASMODÉE	COQUETTI	FRA ARNOLDO DA BRESCIA
ASPASIA	CORA L. BARTON	FRANCOFURTENSIS
AUGUSTE DELFOSSE	CORRADINO	FULGENS PLENISSIMA
AUGUSTINA SUPERBA	COUNTESS CORRADINO	GARIBALDI
BARON DE VRIÈRE	— OF DERBY	GÉNÉRAL CIALDINI
BRALII	— ELLESMORE	— DROUOT
— ROSEA	— ORKNEY	— LAFAYETTE
BELLA DI FIRENZE	CRUCIATA	— WASHINGTON
— VILLA PAMFILI	CUP OF BEAUTY	GIARDINO FRANCHETTI
— ROMANO	DANIEL WEBSTER	GIOBERTI
BELLE JEANNETTE	DE LA REINE	GIOVANNINA MASSINIANA
BENNEYI	— ROSEA	GIOVANNI NENCINA
BERGAMA	DON BERNARDO LECHI	— SANTARELLI
BIANCA GERARDINI	DONCKELAARI	GRANDIS
BICOLOR DE LA REINE	DR. BOISDUVAL	GRÉTRY
BIOMI GERARDINI	DUC D'AUMALE	GUILLAUME III.
BONOMIANA	— DE BRETAGNE	GUTHRIANA
CAMILLO GALLI	— CHARTRES	HALLEYI
CANDIDISSIMA	— LITTA	HENDERSONI
CANDOR	DUCHESSE DE BERRI	HENRI FAVRE
CARDINAL ANTONELLI	— NASSAU	IL CYGNO
CAROLINE SMITH	— NORTHUMBERLAND	— DISINGANNO
CARSWELLIANA	— D'ORLEANS	— 22 MARZO
CARYOPHYLLOIDES	DUKE OF LANCASTER	— ROBERTI

CAMELLIAS—Continued.

IL TRAMONTO
IMBRICATA
— ALBA
IMPÉTRATRICE EUGÉNIE
JACKSONI
JAPONICA VARIEGATA
JARDIN D'HIVER
JEFFERSONI
JENNY LIND
JUBILEE
LA CONSTITUTIONE
LADY HUME'S BLUSH
LA ESMERALDA
LANDRETTI
LA PAPE
— SPERANZA
L'AVENIR
LA VERTOLE
LAVINA MAGGI
— ROSEA
LEEANA SUPERBA
LEMIGHEZII
LÉON LEGUAY
LEOPOLD I.
L'INSUBRIA
L'ITALIA
L'ITALIANA
LOMBARDO
LOWII
MACTLOSA
MADAME AMBROISE VERSCHAF-
FELT
— DE STREKALOFF
— LEBOS
— MIELLEZ
— PÉPIN
— PICOULINE
MADONNA
MAIDEN'S-BLUSH
MALVINA
MARCHIEZA PEPOLI
— TIENERA D'AMBRA
MARCHIONESS OF EXETER
MARGUERITE GUILLOON
MARIE MORREN
— THERESA
MARMORA NOVA
MATHOTIANA
— ALBA
MAZEPPE
MAZUCHELLI
MELPOMENE
MICHEL ANGELO
MINERVA POZZESI

MINIATA	— STRIATA	QUERCIFOLIA
— MONARCH	MONSIEUR D'OFFOY	RÉ
— MONTIRONI	MRS. ABBY WILDER	REGINA DEI GIGANTI
— COPE	— COPE	REINE DES BEAUTÉS
— DOMBRAIN	MYRTIFOLIA	— BELGES
NADINA	NAPOLÉON III.	— FLEURS
NAPOLÉON III.	NASSINIANA	— MARIE HENRIETTE
NAZIONALE	NEGRI	RETICULATA
NEGRI	NINFA DELL'ARNO	— FLORE PLENO
NIOBE	— DELL'TEBRO	RISTORI
NONPAREIL	— ÉGERIA	ROI DES BELGES
OCHROLEUCA	OPTIMA	RUBENS
PAOLINA MAGGI	PALMER'S BEALII	SACCOI NOVA
PAREPA	— PERFECTION	S. DISINGANNO
PEARL	PAMFILIANA	SARAH FROST
PICTA	PAOLINA MAGGI	SASANQUA ALBA
PIE IX.	PAREPA	— FOI. VAR.
PIRZIO	PEARL	ROSEA
PLANIPETALA	PICTA	SEBASTOPOL
PRESIDENT BUCHANAN	PIE IX.	SOLFATARA
PRINCE ALBERT	PIRZIO	SOLFERINO
— DE ROHAN	PLANIPETALA	SORRISO DI AMORE
— FREDERICK WILLIAM	PRESIDENT BUCHANAN	SOUVENIR D'ÉMILE DEFRESNE
PRINCESSE BACIOCCHI	PRINCE ALBERT	STELLA POLARE
— DE PRUSSE	— DE ROHAN	STORYI
— MARIE	PRINCESSE BACIOCCHI	STRIATA PAMFILIA
PRINCESS FREDERICK WILLIAM	— DE ROHAN	TARGIONI
PRINCIPESSA	— FREDERICK WILLIAM	— ROSEA
— CLOTHILDE	— DE PRUSSE	TEUTONIA
— RUBRA	— MARIE	— ROSEA
— DORIA NOVA	PRINCESS FREDERICK WILLIAM	TERESA
— MARIA PIA	PRINCIPESSA	TORNIELLI
— ROSPIGLIOSA	— CLOTHILDE	TRICOLOR
PROFESSORE FILIPPE PARLATORE	— RUBRA	— DE MATHOT
— GIOVANNI SANTARELLI	— DORIA NOVA	— IMBRICATA PLENO
PULASKY	— MARIA PIA	TRIOMPHE DE WONDELGHEM
PUNICEA	— ROSPIGLIOSA	TRIOMPHE DI LODDI
QUEEN OF BEAUTIES	PROFESSORE FILIPPE PARLATORE	UNICA
— DENMARK	— GIOVANNI SANTARELLI	VALTEVAREDA
— ENGLAND	PULASKY	VAN DYCK
— ROSES	PUNICEA	VARIEGATA
— VICTORIA	QUEEN OF BEAUTIES	VENERE

NEW AND CHOICE CALADIUMS.

Mr. WILLIAM BULL'S selection of 12 varieties . . . 24s., 30s., 42s., and 60s.
New Varieties 5s., 7s. 6d., 10s. 6d., and 15s. each.

ADOLPHE ADAMS, green leaf ground, densely speckled with white, and rose coloured mid-ribs. 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

ALCIDE MICHAUX, dark green leaves, marked with white spots, and crimson rayed centre. 3s. 6d.

ALFRED BLEU, leaf rich green, with pure white spots and flesh coloured centre; distinct. 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

NEW AND CHOICE CALADIUMS—Continued.

ALPHAND, green, spotted with red, crimson centre. 7s. 6d.

ALPHONSE KARR. 3s. 6d.

ARGYRITES. 1s. 6d. & 2s. 6d.

AUBER, green ground, densely marked with white spots and central pink ones. 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

AUGUSTE RIVIÈRE, white centre and rays upon a light green ground, interspersed with crimson spots. 3s. 6d. and 5s.

BARAQUINII. 3s. 6d.

BARILLET, very bright rosy crimson centre and ribs, on a pale yellowish-green ground, with broad margin of bright green; very distinct. 7s. 6d.

BARON DE ROTHSCHILD, rich blood red centre and spots on mottled green leaf ground. 7s. 6d.

BARRAL, bright green, with a fine red centre, and large spots of rose. 5s.

BEETHOVEN, ground colour white, intersected and veined with green, centre rib delicate rose. 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

BELLEYMEI. 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

BELLINI, mottled pale green ground, with rosy centre and spots. 3s. 6d.

BICOLOR SPLENDENS. 2s. 6d.

BOIELDIEU, like *Bicolor splendens*, and very superior to it. 5s.

BRONGNIARTII. 3s. 6d.

BUREL, an attractive variety, with fine long foliage, borne on short stems. The leaves are of a dark bluish green colour, veined with bright rose, and marked on each side of the veins with rosy violet; also thickly spotted with orange red. 10s. 6d.

CANNÆRTII. 3s. 6d.

CHANTINII. 2s. 6d.

CHANTINII FULGENS, dark green ground, with a brilliant crimson centre and white spots. 5s.

CHARLES VERDIER, fine green, with blush pink centre and spots. 3s. 6d.

CHELSOMI, bright glossy green, suffused with brilliant red, and blotched with crimson. 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

DE CANDOLLE, rich green, with beautiful rose coloured spots and creamy white centre rays. 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

DE HUMBOLDT, a fine variety, having glossy green leaves, spotted with scarlet. 3s. 6d. and 5s.

DEVINCK, leaves heart-shaped, with delicate pink centre ribs, interspersed with white spots. 3s. 6d.

DONIZETTI, a seedling from *C. Neumannii* and *C. bicolor*, but quite distinct from either in its form and colour; the red centre and green border are both much darker than in *C. bicolor*, and the numerous rosy coloured spots are much larger than those in *C. Neumannii*. 10s. 6d.

DR. BOISDUVAL, centre finely rayed with crimson, and snow white blotches on a green ground. 3s. 6d.

DR. LINDLEY, crimson centre, the green ground marked with rose blotches. 3s. 6d. and 5s.

DUC DE MORNY, deep green leaf borders, with large and beautiful crimson rayed centre. 3s. 6d.

DUC DE NASSAU, brilliant red centre and ribs, white scattered spots on emerald green leaf borders. 5s.

DUC DE RATIBON, green ground, with red mid-ribs marked with white spots. 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

DUCHARTRE, leaf ground white, flushed rose, green veins and red spots. 3s. 6d.

EDOUARD ANDRÉ, green ground, with rose centre, crimson ribs, and ornamental pink blotches. 3s. 6d.

EDOUARD MOREAUX, mottled green ground, with rich lake centre. 3s. 6d.

ELVINA, bright green, gray centre, with radiating veins of gray; all the leaf blotched with rich red. 5s.

E. G. HENDERSON, rich green leaves, finely marked with transparent rose spots and brilliantly mottled crimson rays and centre. 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

EMMELINE, light green, surface dispersely spotted with white and crimson. 3s. 6d.

ETOILE D'ARGENT, very rich bright green; the mid-ribs and veins creamy white, shaded with gray on each side; a very distinct and effective variety. 10s. 6d.

GOLDEN QUEEN, leaves large, pale green or yellow, uniform in colour; very handsome, and of a remarkably chaste appearance. 7s. 6d.

HELEVY, white mid-ribs, and marked with crimson blotches on a green ground. 3s. 6d.

HENRI DOUCET, a magnificent variety, all the centre of the leaf of a dark crimson colour; the mid-rib and veins bright reddish crimson; outer portion of the leaf dark green. 10s. 6d.

HOULETTII. 2s. 6d.

HRUBYANUM. 5s.

HEROLD, dark carmine veins, surrounded by light green zone, blotched with pure white spots, and margined with bright dark green. 7s. 6d.

IMPÉRATRICE EUGÉNIE, light glaucous green, with grayish pink centre, and rose coloured veins; distinct. 3s. 6d. and 5s.

ISADORA LEROY, rich metallic green, with crimson red centre rays. 5s.

JULES PUTZEYS, ground colour of the leaf rich dark green, with which the rich crimson of the mid-rib and veins contrasts admirably; central portion of the leaf mottled gray, and the whole surface beautifully marked with irregular red blotches. 7s. 6d.

KETELEER, spotted white upon emerald green; large crimson centre. 3s. 6d.

NEW AND CHOICE CALADIUMS—Continued.

LAINGII, centre of the leaf reddish carmine colour, surrounded with yellowish green, and the whole of the leaf thickly sprinkled with pure white spots. A cross between *C. A. Bleu* and *C. Ketelceer*. 10s. 6d.

LAMARTINE, large leaf, with deep crimson centre and dense white spots. 5s.

LAVINIA, bright green, gray centre, with radiating veins of gray. 3s. 6d.

LEOPOLDII, rich crimson rayed centre, deep green leaf border; style of *Bicolor*. 5s.

LEPESCHKINEI, central part of the leaves of a very rich red colour, somewhat similar to *C. Ketelceer*, but rather brighter than in that variety; the leaves also thickly marked with large effective spots of a rich rose colour. It is a cross between *C. Ketelceer* and *C. A. Bleu*. 10s. 6d.

LEPLAY, a cross between *C. pucille* and *C. Belleynei*; leaves attractively marked with white, somewhat in the style of *C. Belleynei*, and beautifully veined with rosy violet. 10s. 6d.

LOUISE POIRIER, crimson leaf ground, with green margin and white spots. 3s. 6d.

LOWII, *vide* *Alocasia*.

LURLINE, light green, profusely blotched and spotted with white. 3s. 6d.

MADAME ANDRIEUX, crimson centre rays, with pink spots. 5s.

MADAME DUTEIL, green ground, rose blotches. 5s.

MADAME HOULLET, large leaves, with clustered blush white blotches on the opposite leaf margins. 5s.

MARQUISE DE CAUX, red centre and veins, with rose tinted blotches on the green margins. 3s. 6d.

MARS. 3s. 6d.

MAXIME DUVAL, fine broad crimson centre and ribs, green margin. 10s. 6d.

MAX KOLB, light green ground, with pale centre; novel and distinct. 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

MERCADANTE, pale copper coloured centre and veins, bordered with green. 10s. 6d.

MEYERBEER, white leaf ground, with green veins and red mid-ribs. 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

MILTONI, red veins on a gray centre, the marginal portion of the leaves dark green, large blotches of crimson on the surface. 5s.

MIRABILE. 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

MOZART, delicate rose centre and veins on green ground. 5s.

MRS. DOMBRAIN, leaves large, centre and ribs pale yellowish green, shaded with rose, surface covered with large white spots, and occasionally with rose. 7s. 6d.

MURILLO, centre and veins metallic red, with large crimson blotches, very broad margin of lustrous bronzy green. 7s. 6d.

NAPOLEON III., flamed crimson centre, with forked rays, and carmine red spots on a rich green ground. 5s.

PETSCHKAUI. 5s.

PICTURATUM. 3s. 6d.

PECILE. 3s. 6d.

PRESIDENT, light crimson centre, dark green margins slightly mottled with gray; fine, very distinct. 7s. 6d.

PRINCE ALBERT EDWARD, leaf stems of a rich dark ebony hue, streaked and barred with gray white; leaf blades dark emerald green, with a rich crimson mid-rib, radiating from the centre towards the margins, the intervening spaces being densely spotted with ivory white.

As the leaves attain maturity, the small thread-like green veins form an elegant tracery over the upper surface. 3s. 6d. and 5s.

PRINCESS ALEXANDRA,

The leaf is of a pure rosy salmon colour, with a con-

spicuous green centre rib, richly bordered with magenta crimson. The leaf margin is bounded throughout by a green belt, having a picturesque light pink chain running parallel through its centre. 5s. and 7s. 6d.

PRINCESS OF TECK, one of the finest of the golden-leaved Caladiums, of free and robust growth; the ground colour of the leaf is a bright orange yellow, which towards the veins is suffused with rich deep red. 10s. 6d.

PRINCESS ROYAL, leaves large, of a pale green or yellow, with crimson centre, in the style of *C. Bongniartii*; very handsome. 7s. 6d.

QUADRICOLOR, centre of leaf pale yellowish green, ribs white, edged rich rosy crimson, and margined with bright green; distinct. 7s. 6d.

RAULINII, rich red centre and veins, finely spotted with white. 3s. 6d. and 5s.

REGALE, broad silvery gray centre, and rosy red mid-ribs, with vermillion red spots on green ground. 3s. 6d.

REINE VICTORIA, style of *Belleynei*, with elegant green veins and margins, densely spotted or marbled between with white and scattered rich crimson. 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

RICCI, pale greenish white centre, shaded with rosy crimson; broad margin of bright green, densely spotted with bright crimson; very distinct and fine. 7s. 6d.

ROSSINI, large leaf, with pale centre, pink mid-ribs, and red blotches. 3s. 6d. and 5s.

ROUILLARD, a distinct variety with large flat leaves, having a glossy green margin, pale green centre, and mid-rib and rays of a rich violet plum colour; the whole of the leaf also spotted with deep crimson. 10s. 6d.

SIEBOLD, rich green, with fiery red crimson rayed centre, green spaces densely spotted with claret red. 5s.

NEW AND CHOICE CALADIUMS—Continued.

SCHMIDTII. 2s. 6d.**STRIATUM**, a distinct variety; the white centre veins and mid-rib forming a striking contrast to the dark green colour of the other portion of the leaf. 5s. and 7s. 6d.**TESTONI**, a splendid variety with rich crimson centre, ribbed with red and bordered with green. 7s. 6d.**THELEMANNI**. 3s. 6d.**THIBAUTII**, a fine large leaf, with rich crimson veins on a red ground. 3s. 6d. and 5s.**TRIOMPHE DE L'EXPOSITION**, crimson centre, with red ribs and green border; very fine. 3s. 6d.**TROUBETZKOYI**, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.**VEITCHII**, *vide Alocasia.***VERSCHAFFELTII**. 3s. 6d.**VESTA**, a novel and distinct variety, raised from *C. A. Blen* and *C. Ketelaer*, remarkable for its greenish white veins, which contrast strongly with the surrounding crimson colour; the outer portion of the leaf is very clear green dotted with dark green; the whole of the leaf is spotted with bright rose. 10s. 6d.**WIGHTII**. 2s. 6d.

BEGONIAS.

TUBEROUS-ROOTED SECTION.

The following novel and beautiful varieties will be found admirably adapted for the summer and autumn decoration of the Greenhouse and Conservatory; for they produce in the utmost profusion magnificent flowers of very large size, and great variety in colour. They do not require stove cultivation, but will succeed well in a Greenhouse. The tubers rest during the winter months, similar to Gloxinias, and can be easily re-started into growth in the spring. Their profuse flowering quality, and the charming variety of colour of their blossoms, render them extremely showy and effective. 3s. 6d., 5s., and 7s. 6d. each. Choice Selections made at 30s., 42s., and 60s. per dozen.

ANACREON, bright deep crimson, a beautiful flower, with very long petals; exceedingly attractive.**AURELIA**, a very large fine flower, of a cinnamon-rose colour; very distinct.**AURORA**, a splendid variety freely producing fine large flowers of an extremely attractive shade of orange-scarlet colour; very showy and effective.**BOLIVIENSIS**, foliage light green, flowers bright glossy red, very freely produced, generally in pairs, but sometimes in whorls of three. The male blossoms are as large again as the females, and of a compressed bell-shaped form.**BRILLIANT**, very rich bright orange; a dazzling colour; flowers large and fine; very showy and attractive.**CARDINAL**, a magnificent variety, producing fine large flowers of a rich deep magenta-rose colour.**CARMINATA**, the leaves are stained with a coppery brown tint between the veins, while the flowers are large, of a pretty delicate salmony hue tinged with rose.**CARNEA ELEGANS**, a charming variety, with vivid brown stems, and oblong acuminate doubly-serrated glossy leaves. The flowers are a rich rosy salmon colour, suspended on long gracefully-drooping pedicels or flower stems.**CAROLINE**, deep rosy pink, a very fine showy flower, with broad petals.**CLIMAX**, deep rich rosy carmine; the two outer petals extremely broad; a beautiful variety.**CORSAIR**, rosy salmon; a most profuse blooming variety.**DAZZLE**, bright reddish crimson; a fine flower, with short broad petals.**DRAGON**, a beautiful flower, with very fine large long petals; colour rich bright rose; very effective.**DR. MASTERS**, a beautiful and effective variety, with very rich carmine-crimson drooping flowers, suspended on salmon-tinted pedicels or flower stalks.**ECLIPSE**, a magnificent variety, producing fine large flowers of a very bright and rich carmine-scarlet colour; extremely showy.**EMBLEM**, a very attractive variety, giving fine large showy flowers with extremely broad petals, of a deep rose colour shaded with magenta.**ENSIGN**, bright pink; a beautiful shade of colour; flowers large and fine; a very elegant variety.

BEGONIAS—Continued.

GEM, light cream colour, the reverse of the petals light pink ; an extremely distinct and attractive variety.

GLITTER, vivid orange-scarlet ; an extremely bright and showy colour ; fine large flower.

HERMINE, light orange cinnamon, a very distinct and attractive shade of colour ; a pretty flower ; large and well formed.

INTERMEDIA, a remarkably fine hybrid, of free-branching strong upright growth. The flowers are of the size and form of *B. Veitchii*, which they also resemble in colour, but are of rather a darker shade.

LOTHAIR, a splendid variety, producing fine large showy flowers with short broad petals, of a deep rose colour ; very fine.

LUCINDA, an extremely attractive variety, producing very large and fine flowers with remarkably long petals, of a deep rose colour.

MAGNET, beautiful light pink, the reverse of the petals deep pink ; a very beautiful variety, producing fine large flowers with good petals.

MAZEPPO, very light cream colour, the reverse of the petals tinted with orange pink ; extremely distinct and pretty.

METEOR, intense scarlet vermillion, very bright and showy ; a magnificent variety.

MINIATA, a fine showy variety, producing flowers of a bright rosy carmine colour ; very elegant and distinct.

MRS. MASTERS, a very effective and ornamental variety, producing bright rose carmine blooms in great profusion upon salmon-tinted drooping pedicels or flower stalks.

OCTOPETALA, this magnificent new species has been introduced from the Andes of Peru. Its rich dark green leaves are very large, of orbicular form and deeply lobed. It produces splendid flowers of enormous size, which are composed of eight petals ; these attractive blossoms are white, with the reverse of the petals of a bright rosy carmine colour. It is an extremely showy and effective novelty.

PEARCEI, flowers large, bright yellow, and borne on slender stems well above the foliage.

PEARCEI GRANDIFLORA, a remarkably fine and attractive variety, with rich dark olive green leaves, which contrast admirably with the very large and fine flowers, which are of a bright golden yellow colour.

PHYLLIS, a most beautiful variety, with flowers of a delicate sulphur colour tinted with pink ; an extremely distinct and charming flower.

PROFESSOR THISELTON DYER, a highly ornamental variety, giving a profusion of brilliant scarlet flowers with lance-shaped petals borne in elegant drooping clusters.

ROSEA ALBA, a very elegant variety, with glossy rich green-veined leaves, and numerous terminal projecting racemes of white blossoms suffused with rich rose.

RUBESCENS, a fine hybrid variety of neat robust branching dwarf habit, giving a profusion of elegant half-drooping racemes of large rich salmon-tinted red blossoms.

RUBRA SUPERBA, a very beautiful and effective plant of a free branching habit, and graceful open outline ; flowers large, of a brilliant carmine red, melting into a rich lake.

SEDENII, a fine variety of free growth, with large leaves, the veins of which are slightly tinted with rose colour. The flowers are of the richest magenta, and of large size.

SERAPH, a dwarf-growing variety of neat and compact habit, freely producing fine flowers of a soft pink colour, the exterior part of the two outer petals suffused with rose.

STARLIGHT, a beautiful variety of dwarf compact habit, and a profuse bloomer ; the flowers are large and effective, of a pretty shade of blush pink.

SUNRISE, a magnificent variety, quite intermediate between *B. boliviensis* and *B. Sedenii* ; it is a very free bloomer, producing fine large flowers of a bright rosy scarlet colour ; extremely showy and attractive.

SURPRISE, a beautiful and effective variety, producing extremely pretty bright pink flowers in great profusion.

TROJAN, an extremely distinct and effective variety, freely producing fine flowers of a lovely light rosy pink colour.

VEITCHII. This remarkable and beautiful plant, which was discovered near Cuzco in Peru, introduces quite a new feature into the now well-known family of Begonias. It differs in all respects from any other Begonia yet known, in having immense blooms of a vivid vermillion or cinnabar red, and in being comparatively hardy.

VIVICANS, a very graceful plant, approaching in habit *B. insignis* or *B. Sedenii*, with semi-transparent stems, its leaves slightly villose or hairy, and numerous drooping brilliant orange scarlet bell-shaped flowers, with acuminate petals, on carmine tinted flower stalks. The free open-branched habit of this variety is very elegant and effective.

BEGONIAS.

Variegated-foliaged Section.

These are remarkable for their variegated and beautifully coloured ornamental foliage. 3s. 6d. each.
36s. per dozen.

ACTEON
ADRIEN ROBINE
AMABILIS
BIJOU DE ROUGEMONT
DELIGHTFUL
DIADEM
DISCOLOR MARMOREA
DR. REGEL
DUCHESS
EMILE CHATÉ
EXIMIA
FIGARO
FLORA
GLOIRE DE MONTEREAU

HELENA UHDER
INIMITABLE
L'ABBÉ SERODINO
LALLA ROOKH
LORENZO
LOUIS BOUTARD
LOUIS LIGNOT
LOUIS SCHWEITZER
LOUIS TISSERAND
MADAME CROUSSE
MADAME DE CAUVILLE
MADAME PERRIER
MARMION

MARQUISE DE NADIL.
LAC
MARQUISE DE ST.
INNOCENT
MIRABILIS
M. KETELEER
NIVEA SPLENDENS
PICTURATA
PRINCESSE CHARLOTTE
PROFESSOR GASPARINI
REI FERNANDO
SÉCRETAIRE MORREN
SPECTABILIS
SPLENDENS.

The following species and varieties are useful and effective for decorative purposes. 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d. each.

ALBA RUBRA
ERECTA CRAIGIANA
ERECTA MULTIFLORA
FOLIOSA
HYBRIDA FLORIBUNDA
FUCHSIOIDES

INGRAMII
MASSILIENSIS
PARVIFLORA
METALLICA
RICHARDIANA
SAGITTATA

RICINIFOLIA MANI-
CATA
SAUNDERSIANA
SEMPERFLORENS
SMARAGDINA
WELTONIENSIS.

NEW AND CHOICE FUCHSIAS.

ALICE, flowers large and fine ; tube and sepals pure white ; the sepals well reflexed ; corolla of a bright rosy scarlet colour, sometimes edged with a deeper shade. The plant is of good strong habit, and is a very free bloomer. It is a remarkably fine and effective variety for exhibition, for although the flower is of a large size there is nothing coarse about it. 5s.

AMBASSADOR, deep violet purple corolla, tube and sepals crimson, the latter elegantly reflexed ; a showy flower. 2s. 6d.

AMPHION, a beautiful flower, of perfect form and much expanded ; the tube and sepals are of a rich deep crimson colour, the tube short, and the sepals well reflexed ; fine handsome corolla, of a very dark purple colour. 3s. 6d.

ANOMIA, short tube ; broad thick and very elegantly reflexed sepals ; both tube and sepals of a most rich and bright crimson ; fine large long corolla of an exceedingly rich shade of dark purple crimson. 5s.

ARABELLA IMPROVED. This magnificent variety is an improvement in every way on that excellent old one, *Arabella*. Its flowers are of the same colours, but much larger, and the habit is similar, but stronger. 1s. 6d.

ARCHETTE, tube and sepals scarlet crimson, corolla dark bluish purple, tube short, and sepals beautifully reflexed ; rather a small flower, but of perfect form. 3s. 6d.

AUTOCRAT, tube and sepals very bright crimson, the tube short, and the sepals completely recurved, fine full well-formed corolla of a rich satiny plum colour, marked with crimson at the base ; a large showy flower. 2s. 6d.

AVALANCHE, very double, compact, and beautifully formed flowers, corolla pure white, of extra size, with long carmine filaments, tube and sepals carmine scarlet. 1s. 6d.

BASILISK, long thick white tube ; broad horizontally reflexed sepals, blush white tipped with green ; corolla bright light scarlet, very showy and attractive. 5s.

BEACON, deep rose tube and sepals, bright carmine corolla, shaded with violet, and marked with rose at the base ; the sepals have light tips and are horizontally reflexed, the corolla is of immense size and good substance. 2s. 6d.

BEAUTY OF KENT, a very fine dark variety, with rich dark blue corolla, and bright red tube and sepals ; very free. 2s. 6d.

BELLA, deep rose tube and sepals, the latter very broad and completely reflexed, corolla very full and double, of a bright bluish purple colour, striped with rose at the base. 3s. 6d.

BRIGADE, tube and sepals deep rose, the latter tipped with green and reflexed ; very large, stiff, and ample corolla of a bright rose colour, shaded with violet ; a large fine flower. 1s. 6d.

NEW AND CHOICE FUCHSIAS—Continued.

CAMERON, tube and sepals bright crimson, the latter very wide and of good substance, very fine long rich deep blue corolla; a really attractive flower. 3s. 6d.

CERBERUS, short tube and broad thick sepals, both of a bright crimson colour; the sepals completely reflexed; corolla of excellent form, and of a deep rich satiny purple colour; a very free bloomer. 5s.

CHAMPION, tube and sepals of good substance and of an intense crimson colour; sepals very thick, broad, and symmetrically reflexed; corolla of immense size and most perfect in form, dark violet plum colour, changing to rich crimson as the flowers acquire age. 2s. 6d.

CHIEFTAIN, short tube and well-reflexed sepals of the brightest crimson colour, fine large well-formed corolla of a rich plum colour, shaded at the base with rosy crimson; a fine flower. 3s. 6d.

CLARISSA, tube and sepals pure white, the sepals horizontally reflexed and tipped with green; the finely formed corolla is of a beautiful soft violet rose colour, becoming white towards the base, and margined with rosy carmine. 2s. 6d.

COMA, a very distinct and nicely formed flower, with bright deep crimson tube and sepals of good substance; the sepals elegantly recurved; the corolla is blue, shaded with rose at the base of the petals; it is an attractive variety of good compact growth. 3s. 6d.

COMPACT, a very distinct variety, with bright crimson tube and sepals, and long white corolla; each petal beautifully veined with bright rosy crimson; the tube short; sepals long and elegantly reflexed. 3s. 6d.

CORINTH, rosy crimson tube and sepals, large corolla of a bluish purple colour; an effective variety. 3s. 6d.

CORSAIR, a double-flowered variety, of excellent compact habit; the tube, as well as the sepals, which are well reflexed, are bright crimson; the corolla is of a rich bright purple colour, marked with crimson at the base. 2s. 6d.

DELIGHT, a charming variety of remarkably free growth and a profuse bloomer. In form the flowers somewhat resemble *Rhodocistis Dhu*; the corolla is large and bell-shaped, and most pure white; the tube and sepals are bright crimson. 3s. 6d.

DICTATOR, bright red tube and sepals, the latter tipped with green, and completely reflexed; large, ample, and well-formed corolla of a bright violet plum colour, marked with rose at its base. 2s. 6d.

DIONE, rosy crimson tube and sepals; the tube short, and the sepals horizontally reflexed; corolla bluish purple, slightly marked with rose at the base of the petals, and fully expanded. 3s. 6d.

DOMINGO, large double corolla of great length; colour a rich purplish crimson, distinctly striped with rose; the sepals, which with the tube are of a deep crimson colour, are completely reflexed, thus fully exposing the fine full double corolla. 3s. 6d.

ELFRIDA, tube and sepals very bright crimson, tube short, sepals broad and well reflexed; fine double corolla of a violet plum colour, marked with rose at the base. 2s. 6d.

ENCHANTRESS, tube and sepals bright rose; the sepals broad and reflexed; immense double white corolla, tinted with violet crimson at the base. 1s. 6d.

ENSIGN, tube and sepals bright red, the tube short and the sepals well reflexed, showing a large irregular bright blue double corolla, some of the petals of which are attractively blotched with bright rose. 2s. 6d.

ERNEST, tube and sepals crimson, the latter completely reflexed; corolla very full and double, of a rich dark violet colour, marked with rose at the base. 1s. 6d.

ETHEL, a distinct and attractive variety, producing extremely fine long tubed flowers; both the tube and sepals are pure white, and the corolla, which is of rather a distinct and peculiar formation, is of a very pleasing shade of soft rosy violet. 3s. 6d.

ETRURIA, tube and sepals bright rose; tube short and sepals broad and well reflexed; corolla light bluish purple rayed with rose at the base of the petals. 3s. 6d.

EUSTACE, bright crimson tube and sepals, corolla rich purple, short thick flowers; a very free-blooming variety. 2s. 6d.

FAVOURITE, tube and sepals pure white; fine corolla, of a rich orange scarlet colour; good habit. 2s. 6d.

GEM, a very pretty variety, with pure white long corolla, of beautiful form; tube and sepals glowing red; very fine. 3s. 6d.

GERTRUDE, dark crimson tube, well-reflexed sepals, very dark purple plum corolla. 1s. 6d.

GRENADIER, monstrously large corolla, of a violet blue colour, with pink marking; tube and sepals rich crimson, the sepals broad and elegantly reflexed, the tube short and thick. 2s. 6d.

HARMONY, tube and sepals rich crimson, the latter very long, broad, and horizontally reflexed; corolla violet blue, a very pretty colour. 1s. 6d.

HARRY GEORGE HENDERSON, large broad bright coral scarlet sepals, and very large parachute-formed corolla, of a rich plum blue tint, merging into violet red, the margin being slightly revolute. 1s. 6d.

NEW AND CHOICE FUCHSIAS—Continued.

HILDA, tube and sepals deep rosy red, the tube short, and the sepals also short, very wide and horizontally reflexed ; the corolla, which is of immense size, and very full and double, is of a rich purplish plum colour, marked with rose at the base. 3s. 6d.

IANTHE, tube and sepals bright crimson ; tube short, sepals wide and well reflexed ; corolla of a very rich and bright plum colour. 2s. 6d.

INSTIGATOR, fine lavender blue corolla, very much expanded, in some instances appearing almost flat ; tube and sepals rich dark crimson, tube short, sepals broad and well reflexed. 1s. 6d.

IRENE, rosy crimson tube and sepals, the latter very broad and of good substance ; corolla bluish purple, striped with rose ; very full and double ; a fine flower. 3s. 6d.

JESSICA, bright rosy crimson tube and sepals, which are well reflexed ; corolla very full and double, of a rich purple colour, striped and blotched with bright rose. 2s. 6d.

KING OF THE FUCHSIAS, an immense flower, with rich dark purple corolla of fine form ; a splendid variety. 1s. 6d.

KING OF THE STRIPES, a splendid variety in the style of *Lucrezia Borgia*. One of the best and most regularly striped kinds ever sent out. 1s. 6d.

LAVINIA, short tube and well-reflexed sepals, of a bright rosy crimson colour ; full double corolla, of a purple plum colour ; a good flower. 2s. 6d.

LEAH, tube and sepals white, the tube very stout, and the sepals of good substance and well reflexed ; the corolla is large and well formed, of a rich purplish crimson colour, margined with bright crimson. 2s. 6d.

LEONARD, a short thick flower, with bright crimson tube and sepals, and rich purple corolla striped with rose at the base. The sepals are well recurved, and the corolla is very full and double. 2s. 6d.

LEWALD, a very pretty flower, with fine well-expanded corolla, of a rich violet purple colour ; the tube is short, and the sepals are completely recurved, both tube and sepals being of a very bright crimson colour. 3s. 6d.

LILLAH, a well-formed flower, with short thick tube, of a deep crimson colour, very broad, thick, and horizontally reflexed sepals, also of a rich crimson colour, and a handsome rich satiny purple corolla. 3s. 6d.

LINA, bright crimson tube and sepals, the latter very long and most elegantly reflexed ; fine dark purple corolla ; very distinct. 2s. 6d.

MAID OF HONOUR, both corolla and tube very long, the latter with the sepals bright rose, corolla pure white, prettily striped with violet rose at the base, the sepals recurved and reflexed. 1s. 6d.

MANDARIN, a remarkably attractive variety, tube and sepals deep crimson, tube short, sepals of good substance, nicely reflexed and prettily curled in a peculiar manner ; corolla very full and double, of quite a distinct colour, light bluish purple, shaded with violet, the petals peculiarly formed. 3s. 6d.

MANTLE, short crimson tube, and fine well-reflexed sepals of the same colour ; corolla a rich plum colour ; of good habit. 1s. 6d.

MAORI CHIEF, tube and sepals scarlet, the latter broadly and nicely reflexed ; corolla of a rich dark plum colour. This is one of the best of dark Fuchsias ; in habit everything that could be desired, short-jointed, of good free growth, and a remarkably profuse bloomer. 5s.

MARATHON, rich crimson tube and sepals ; tube rather short, and sepals completely and elegantly reflexed ; fine bold corolla of a rich purplish plum colour, shaded at the base with rose. 3s. 6d.

MARMION, bright crimson tube and well-reflexed sepals, exceedingly pure white corolla ; a very pretty and distinct variety. 1s. 6d.

MEDINA, a variety with a very full and double corolla, of a rich purplish crimson colour ; tube and sepals bright crimson, the latter very broad and well reflexed. 1s. 6d.

MEMNON, tube and sepals bright rose, the latter horizontally reflexed ; the corolla double, of a bright violet blue colour, attractively blotched with rose towards the base. 2s. 6d.

MENTOR, very deep rich purple corolla, short but thick and double ; tube and sepals rich crimson, the latter horizontally reflexed. 3s. 6d.

MIRANA, deep rose tube and well-reflexed sepals ; bluish purple corolla, marked with rose at the base ; a very pretty flower. 2s. 6d.

MODEL, bright red tube and sepals, the latter broad and elegantly reflexed ; corolla dark purple, flamed with brilliant carmine. 1s. 6d.

MODIOLA, light bright rosy crimson tube and sepals, the latter well reflexed ; long waxy white corolla, striped with rosy crimson at the base of the petals. 3s. 6d.

MONA, rich crimson tube and sepals, the latter elegantly reflexed ; deep purple corolla ; very full and double. 2s. 6d.

MONARCH, enormous flowers, with bright red tube and sepals, and rose coloured corolla shaded with violet. The corolla is very large, of good substance, and well expanded, and the sepals are immensely long and elegantly reflexed. 2s. 6d.

MR. DISRAELI, tube and sepals very bright scarlet, perfectly reflexed ; corolla of a most intensely bright mauve colour, very large and of a most elegant shape. 1s. 6d.

NEW AND CHOICE FUCHSIAS.—Continued.

MRS. J. LYE, a very fine light variety ; short tube and long sepals, well reflexed ; dark red corolla shaded with purple, of good shape ; very free. 3s. 6d.

MRS. SHIRLEY HIBBERD, pure waxy white tube and sepals, not a particle of green on the tips of the sepals ; fine large bright pink corolla, suffused with purple. 1s. 6d.

NIMROD, bright crimson tube and broad sepals ; fine full double corolla of a purplish plum colour. 1s. 6d.

NUBIAN, short crimson tube ; broad sepals of a deep rose colour ; large double globular-shaped corolla of a rich purplish crimson colour, marked with rose at the base. 3s. 6d.

OCTAVIE, a distinct variety, with a beautiful light blue semi-double corolla, and bright rose tube and sepals. 2s. 6d.

OLYNTHUS, tube and sepals bright rich crimson ; tube very short ; sepals broad and symmetrically reflexed ; fine large corolla of a deep rich violet purple colour. 5s.

ORACLE, long double corolla, of a rich violet purple colour, marked with bright pink at the base ; the tube, which is very long, and the broad horizontally reflexed sepals are of a bright crimson colour. 2s. 6d.

PASHA, very deep rose tube and petals ; fine, full, and double corolla of a rich purplish plum colour. 3s. 6d.

PATRICIAN, tube and sepals rich crimson, the latter very broad and well reflexed ; fine corolla of a deep purple colour. 1s. 6d.

PENTHEUS, rich deep crimson tube and sepals ; short tube, and very broad horizontally reflexed sepals ; large open saucer-shaped corolla of a rich dark purple plum colour ; very distinct. 5s.

PERSUASIVE, tube and sepals deep crimson, the latter well reflexed ; corolla very rich violet purple. 1s. 6d.

PETRARCH, tube and broad sepals, bright crimson ; fine large and long semi-double corolla of a rich purplish crimson colour marked with rose at the base. 3s. 6d.

PICCO, a fine flower, with very large double corolla of a rich purplish plum colour ; tube and sepals rich crimson, the latter broad and well reflexed. 3s. 6d.

PLATO, deep rosy red tube and sepals ; the tube very short, and the sepals very wide and horizontally reflexed ; very fine large full double corolla, of an exceedingly rich purple plum colour. 3s. 6d.

PRIAM, short tube and broad reflexed sepals, of a rich crimson colour ; corolla very thick and double, of a violet purple colour, blotched with carmine. 2s. 6d.

PRIDE OF WOOLWICH, beautiful dark blue corolla ; bright coral red tube and sepals, the latter well reflexed ; a fine flower. 2s. 6d.

PRINCESS OF WALES, a fine flower, with double pure white corolla and beautifully reflexed sepals ; it is of fine habit, and a most abundant bloomer. 2s. 6d.

PYRENE, a remarkably fine flower, of beautiful formation ; the tube and sepals are of a very deep crimson colour, the sepals long and most elegantly recurved ; while the corolla is of an exceedingly rich and attractive dark violet purple colour. 3s. 6d.

RESPLENDENT, dark scarlet tube and sepals, of good substance and well reflexed ; fine large dark purple corolla. 3s. 6d.

ROMOLA, rosy red tube and sepals, white corolla, striped with rose at the base of the petals ; a fine flower, with elegantly reflexed sepals. 3s. 6d.

ROSCHEN, tube and sepals bright crimson, the sepals horizontally reflexed ; rich bluish purple corolla, of good size. 3s. 6d.

ROYAL PRINCE, very bright tube and sepals, handsomely reflexed ; large corolla, very bright purple, veined carmine ; fine. 1s. 6d.

RUSTIC, tube and sepals dark crimson ; tube short, and sepals of immense breadth and well reflexed ; fine large double corolla, of a rich dark purple colour, marked with rose at the base. 2s. 6d.

SILISTRIA, dark crimson tube and sepals, the latter broad and completely reflexed ; fine dark purple corolla, marked with light crimson at the base. 3s. 6d.

SPARTAN, dark crimson tube and sepals, the latter broad and horizontally reflexed ; full double corolla of a purplish plum colour. 3s. 6d.

STANDARD, a magnificent large showy flower, and extremely distinct ; light rosy pink tube of great length, sepals very broad, and about 2 inches long, of a rich cherry pink, tipped with white ; large and fine corolla of a rich violet purple colour, flamed with deep rose. 2s. 6d.

STRIATA PERFECTA, a constant and beautiful striped kind ; the tube and sepals scarlet, and the corolla light mauve, striped with scarlet. 1s. 6d.

STUPENDOUS, very large and fine flowers ; tube and sepals bright scarlet, the latter beautifully reflexed ; immense corolla, of a dark purple plum colour. 3s. 6d.

THE RIGHT HON. J. BRIGHT, a splendid variety, of strong growth but bushy habit ; very stout tube and sepals of a bright coral scarlet colour ; the sepals well reflexed ; beautiful mauve corolla of excellent form. 2s. 6d.

NEW AND CHOICE FUCHSIAS—Continued.

TREASURE, this variety produces fine double flowers, of good form and substance ; the short tube and thick well-reflexed sepals are of a rich crimson ; the corolla is very full, and of a rich violet plum colour. 2s. 6d.

TRIBUNE, the sepals, which, with the tube, are of a splendid crimson hue, are large, long, and well reflexed ; the corolla is a rich plum colour, shaded with violet, well formed, and of immense length. 2s. 6d.

TRITON, a free-blooming variety, producing pretty flowers of good shape and substance ; the corolla, which is of large size and fully expanded, is of an exceedingly rich purplish crimson ; tube short and sepals completely reflexed, both of a very bright crimson colour. 3s. 6d.

TROUBADOR, crimson tube and sepals, the latter of extraordinary width and substance, and elegantly recurved ; corolla very full and double, of a rich purple colour, attractively marked with crimson at the base. 1s. 6d.

ADELA	1s.	GEORGE FELTON	1s.	MAY FELTON	1s.
ALBERTA	1s.	GIANT	1s.	MAY QUEEN	1s.
ALLIANCE	1s.	HERALD	1s.	MONTROSE	1s.
ANGELIC	1s.	HOGARTH	1s.	PRESIDENT	1s.
ANNETTE	1s.	INSPECTOR	1s.	PRESTIGE	1s.
ASSEMBLY	1s.	INSTANCE	1s.	PRIVATEER	1s.
BACCHUS	1s.	KING OF THE FUCH-		PURPLE PRINCE	1s.
COMMANDER	1s.	SIAS	1s.	REGALIA	1s.
ELEGANT	1s.	LURLINE	1s.	RESOLUTION	1s.
EMBLEM	1s.	LUSTRE	1s.	SOCIAL	1s.
EMPEROR	1s.	M. ACKERMANS	1s.	STARLIGHT	1s.
EMPERESS	1s.	MAJESTIC	1s.	SULTAN	1s.
ENCOUNTER	1s.	MARINER	1s.	SYMBOL	1s.
FREUND J. DÜRR	1s.	MARKSMAN	1s.	THERESA	1s.
GENERAL	1s.	MARVEL	1s.	ZELINDA	1s.

HYBRID FUCHSIAS.

CANARY BIRD, a showy and attractive variety of good free growth, and well adapted either for conservatory decoration or for bedding. The foliage is very effective, being of a golden yellow colour, and the leaves are prettily veined. The flowers are well formed ; tube and sepals scarlet, the latter broad and finely reflexed ; the corolla is of a rich dark purple colour. 3s. 6d.

GOLDEN FLEECE, an extra fine bedding variety, of dwarf and compact habit, with golden yellow foliage. 1s. and 1s. 6d.

GRACILIS VARIEGATA, an elegant variety of good habit, with small leaves broadly margined with white. 1s. 6d.

PILLAR OF GOLD, an attractive and useful variety, with golden variegated leaves. 1s. 6d.

PUMILA, a beautiful little gem, of dense compact habit, giving a profusion of pendent rich glossy crimson bell-shaped blossoms ; it is well adapted for edgings and small beds. 1s. 6d.

REGALIA, an exceedingly attractive variety, with beautiful golden leaves, shaded with bronze, and distinctly veined with crimson ; flowers well formed ; tube and sepals rich crimson, corolla deep purple. 1s. 6d.

SPLENDENS, a free-blooming attractive species, producing rich crimson flowers with the ends of the sepals light green. It is of free growth and easy cultivation, continues a long time in beauty, and is very useful as a winter-flowering plant. 3s. 6d.

SUNRAY, a most beautiful plant, with colours as rich and clear as in any Tricolor Pelargonium ; the leaves, which are very large, are of a rich bright crimson, white, and bronzy green, in about equal parts. The flowers are of fine form ; scarlet tube and sepals, with light purple corolla. It is of good habit and growth, and a most useful and effective decorative plant. 2s. 6d.

UMPIRE, short tube and wide reflexed sepals, of a rich crimson colour, and short, thick, full corolla of a very blue purple, attractively blotched with bright rosy carmine. 2s. 6d.

VERONA, tube and sepals of the most intensely bright crimson colour, the latter long and well reflexed ; very pure and clear white corolla, striped with crimson at the base. 2s. 6d.

VESTA. This variety has a large and smooth white corolla, with carmine tube and sepals. 1s. 6d.

VICTOR, corolla rich blue, of double formation ; the petals are peculiarly arranged, and being expanded have the appearance of a fine single corolla, with a surrounding frill ; the sepals, which with the tube are of a crimson colour, are prettily reflexed. 2s. 6d.

VIRGO, tube and sepals pure white, the latter gracefully reflexed and forming a perfect crown above the corolla, which is of a beautiful magenta colour, quite a novel shade. The flowers are of medium size, and borne in great profusion. 5s.

NEW AND CHOICE BEDDING AND SOFT-WOODED PLANTS.

**ABUTILON NIVEUM AUREO-MARMO-
RATUM**, 5s.

ABUTILON THOMPSONI, 1s. 6d. and
2s. 6d.

ALTERNANTHERAS.

AMABILIS, 1s. each; 9s. per doz.

“ **TRICOLOR**, 1s. each; 9s. per doz.

AMENA, 1s. 6d. each; 12s. per doz.

MAGNIFICA, 1s. each; 9s. per doz.

PARONYCHIOIDES, 9d. each; 6s. per doz.

SPATHULATA, 1s. each; 9s. per doz.

VERSICOLOR (TELEIANTHERA), 1s.
each; 9s. per doz.

These are small-growing pretty little variegated plants from Brazil, adapted for planting out in summer, and especially suitable for small beds, edgings, &c.; their leaves are variously and brightly coloured—crimson, pink, amber, red, and chocolate brown.

BOUVARDIA CANDIDISSIMA.

One of the finest of the white flowered group, distinct from all in that section by its remarkably neat, open, shrub-like habit. Its peculiar divergent style of growth displays its numerous terminal racemes of pure white trumpet-shaped blossoms to great advantage. The lobes are at first evenly expanded, afterwards gracefully decurved. The flowers diffuse a pleasant odour during the evening and morning hours. 3s. 6d. and 5s.

BOUVARDIA HUMBOLDTII CORYMBIFLORA.

This splendid hybrid is a great improvement on *B. Humboldtii*, for, instead of one solitary flower on each branch as in that variety, it produces large thyrsse-like racemes of large fine snow-white flowers, which are exquisitely scented, similar to orange blossoms. This fine variety will be found the greatest acquisition yet made to this charming tribe of plants, being equally well adapted for the decoration of the drawing-room or conservatory and bouquets. 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.

BOUVARDIA JASMINOIDES LONGIPETALA.

A distinct hybrid variety, of similarly free vigorous growth to *B. jasminoides*, and flowers half as large again. It is very floriferous, producing compact terminal thyrsse-like racemes of large pure white trumpet-like blossoms, which are delightfully fragrant. It will make a useful succession variety to *B. jasminoides* for winter bouquet bloom, by retarding its growth in close cool pits, or by open ground culture until late autumn. 5s. and 7s. 6d.

BOUVARDIA LONGIFLORA FLAMMEA.

This beautiful variety is an improved type of *B. longiflora* in its free, vigorous, and well branched habit, but distinguished from it by its dark olive-brown tinted branches and stem, and also by its obscurely pilose or fringed leaves. The flower-trusses are terminal, large, and effective. The tube is rosy blush, forming a very elegant contrast with the broad, well-expanded, starry, bright, salmon-coloured lobes. The blossoms are deliciously fragrant. 3s. 6d. and 5s.

BOUVARDIA UMBELLATA ALBA.

A handsome hybrid variety, intermediate between *B. Hogarth* and *B. jasminoides*, of free, sub-erect, neat, well-branched habit. The flowers are produced in terminal and axillary compact clusters, the terminal ones much larger; the flower tubes cream-tinted, with broad pure white petal lobes. It is a most desirable and effective free-blooming variety. 3s. 6d. and 5s.

BOUVARDIA VREELANDII.

A beautiful variety, somewhat similar to *B. Hogarth* in habit and form, but of the purest white colour. The flowers are of excellent substance and stand well, thus rendering the plant invaluable for decorative purposes. It is an admirable plant for winter blooming. 1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d.

CANNA INDICA BRENNINGSII.

A new and distinct variety, of dwarf habit, with lanceolate foliage, which is of a deep green colour, attractively striped with white and yellow. Being of a short compact style of growth, it is admirably adapted for planting around beds of some of the taller-growing varieties, and its beautifully striped foliage renders it exceedingly ornamental. 5s.

CANNAS.

These striking foliage plants, so effective for sub-tropical gardening and border grouping, 12s., 18s., and 30s. per dozen.

COLEUS.

The utility of the Coleus for ornamental purposes, whether for bedding or for decoration, where coloured-leaved or variegated plants are desired, is well known ; they are easily grown and make fine specimens in a short time. Price 12s. and 18s. per dozen.

COPROSMA BAUERIANA VARIEGATA.

This is a very useful variegated-foliated bedding plant, and for border or riband planting is extremely effective ; indeed, it is one of the most attractive and useful of summer bedding plants.

It has moderate-sized glossy obovate leaves, which are bright green in the centre, with very broad white marginal variegation, the marginal portion of the leaf creamy yellow in a young state ; which diversity adds much to the beauty of the plant. 1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d.

DAHLIAS.

Choice Exhibition Varieties, 9s., 12s., 18s., and 30s. per dozen.

Choice Exhibition Varieties, Fancy flowers, 9s., 12s., 18s., and 30s. per dozen.

Dwarf Bedding Varieties, 9s. and 12s. per dozen.

Bouquet or Pompon Varieties, 9s. and 12s. per dozen.

DELPHINIUMS.

These handsome flowering perennials are extremely showy and effective ; the various shades of blue in their fine spikes of blossom, render them one of the most attractive features in a garden. 18s., 30s., and 42s. per dozen.

ECHEVERIA ABYSSINICA.

This succulent, of branching shrubby habit, was brought from Abyssinia by Major Leveson at the time of the Abyssinian War. The plant has much the habit of some of the large-leaved shrubby Sempervivums, but being described by my correspondent as bearing red flowers, it has been doubtfully referred to Echeveria, with which it sufficiently accords in habit. The stems are as thick as one's finger, and terminate in flattened rosulate heads of spatulate acute leaves, 3 to 4 inches long, of a pale glossy green colour, and finely ciliated at the margin. The plants form a branched conical mass a foot and a half high, and as much through, and will be a welcome addition amongst succulents. 3s. 6d.

ECHEVERIA CARINATA.

A fine greenhouse succulent of hybrid origin, obtained by crossing *E. metallica* and *E. atropurpurea*. It has leaves of the purpuraceous glaucous hue of those of *E. metallica*, but they are longer and ovate in outline, and are folded so as to be deeply channelled or keeled—whence the name. 7s. 6d.

ECHEVERIA GLAUCA-METALLICA.

A very distinct and fine hybrid between *E. secunda glauca* and *metallica* ; the leaves are nearly as large as in *metallica*, and intermediate in colour between the parents, having the deep glaucous hue of the former, with the bronzy tint of the latter. The plants, which are stemless, are formed of rosulate tufts of leaves, similar to those of *E. glauca*, but much larger. 1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d.

ECHEVERIA PRUINOSA.

A very distinct hybrid, between *E. linguifolia* and *E. coccinea* ; it has obovate-lanceolate foliage, green, covered with a white pubescence, which is more apparent on the central leaves. 10s. 6d.

ECHEVERIA RETUSA GLAUCA.

A distinct hybrid between *E. retusa* and *secunda glauca* ; the plants, which are stemless, form neat tufts, and produce freely, for many months in succession, stout flower stems about 18 inches high, surmounted with corymbs of bright red flowers having yellow centres. 1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d.

ECHEVERIA SECUNDA GLAUCA MAJOR.

A fine hybrid between *E. secunda glauca* and *metallica* ; the leaves and general character of the plant resemble those of *E. secunda glauca*, but are much larger than in that variety ; the plants are stemless, and form rosulate tufts, about 12 inches in diameter. It is very distinct and free-growing. 1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d.

ECHEVERIA SPATHULATA.

A robust-growing variety, with very glaucous foliage. The leaves are very thick, of large size and spatulate form. The flowers are white, the extremities of the petals tinted with carmine. 15s.

ECHEVERIA ATROPURPUREA, 1s. 6d.
and 2s. 6d.
" **GLAUCIA**, 9d. each ; 6s. per doz.
" **METALLICA**, 1s. 6d. & 2s. 6d.
" **SECUNDA**, 9d. each ; 6s. doz.
FERDINANDA EMINENS, 2s. 6d. & 3s. 6d.

GNAPHALIUM LANATUM FOL. ELEGANTER VARIEGATIS, 1s. 6d.
HUMEA ELEGANS, 1s. and 1s. 6d.
IRESINE ACUMINATA, 9d. each ; 6s. per doz.
" **LINDENII**, 9d. each ; 6s. per doz.
LANTANAS, of sorts, 9s., 12s., and 18s. per dozen.

LOBELIA ERINUS.

This dwarf-growing section of the Lobelias is exceedingly useful and effective. Their neat and compact habit, and the redundancy with which their blossoms are produced, render them almost invaluable for bedding, especially for edgings and riband borders.

ANNETTE, lilac, with white eye prettily spotted with lilac. 1s. 6d.

BLUE BONNET, bright blue, with white centre, spotted with dark blue. 1s. 6d.

CELESTIAL, celestial blue, with white centre, attractively spotted with indigo blue. 1s. 6d.

IMPERIAL, a splendid variety, of a lovely turquoise blue colour, with clean attractive white centre ; close compact habit. 1s. 6d.

OMEN, a beautiful rose-coloured flower, with distinct white eye. 2s. 6d.

PEERLESS, very blue, with small white eye ; exceedingly attractive. 1s. 6d.

SERENA, pure white, with upper lobes and tube light blue. 1s. 6d.

VIOLETTA, a charming light blue, with distinct white eye spotted with blue ; a fine large flower, very effective and pretty. 1s. 6d.

LOBELIA PUMILA FLORE-PLENO.

This splendid variety produces in the greatest profusion fine large double flowers of a beautiful blue colour. It is a most desirable acquisition, and an exceedingly attractive and valuable bedding plant. 1s. and 1s. 6d.

HERBACEOUS LOBELIAS.

CARMINATA, rosy carmine ; an attractive variety. 2s. 6d.

CHARM, bright blue, the individual blossoms of good size and substance. 3s. 6d.

ELVINA, fine bright pink ; a beautiful variety, throwing very fine spikes. 3s. 6d.

MARVEL, puce, with light centre ; an exceedingly attractive and well-formed flower. 3s. 6d.

MATCHLESS, rich purple, with bright rose suffused through each petal. 3s. 6d.

RINGLEADER, light purple, a very pretty colour ; free grower. 1s. 6d.

SIPHILITICA GRANDIFLORA, very light pink, with white eye ; a pretty flower. 1s. 6d.

UMPIRE, violet puce, with light centre ; dwarf habit, throwing fine spikes of flower. 3s. 6d.

MESEMBRYANTHEMUM CORDIFOLIUM VARIEGATUM.

An exceedingly attractive variegated-foliaged plant, remarkably well adapted for out-door summer bedding. The branches are furnished with flat fleshy heart-shaped leaves, distinctly margined with cream colour, and form a diffuse yellowish mass, entirely covering the surface of the ground. The flowers are bright rosy purple. 1s. 6d. each ; 12s. per dozen.

MIMULUS.

The new and improved varieties in this section are very handsome, many of them blotched or freckled and spotted, on white, sulphur, and yellow grounds ; the lobes margined with crimson and maroon. Selections at 9s., 12s., and 18s. per dozen.

MIMULUS TILINGII.

A showy species discovered by Dr. Tiling, near Nevada city, in the Sierra Nevada of California. Standing in beds together, the plants are of perfectly erect growth, but when standing singly the out-side branches assume a more spreading habit, so as to form a more or less broad pyramid, terminated by flower spikes thickly set with pure golden yellow finely-shaped flowers. 1s. 6d.

NEW DOUBLE-FLOWERED PANSY, PURPLE GEM.

An exceedingly attractive variety, producing large deep purple flowers, which are extremely full and double. This novelty will be found a most desirable acquisition, both on account of its free blooming propensity and its rich and handsome flowers. 5s.

PENTSTEMONS.

As an attractive and decorative plant, either for flower beds or borders, the Pentstemon has scarcely any rival with so many advantages in its favour. Its cultivation is of the easiest description, it is suitable to almost any soil, and its large and showy flowers are given with a remarkable redundancy from June to September. Choice sorts, 12s., 18s., and 30s. per dozen.

NIEREMBERGIA FRUTESCENS, 1s. 6d.
PELARGONIUMS, *vide* Index.

**PERISTROPHE ANGUSTIFOLIA AU-
 REO-VARIEGATA**, 1s. 6d.

NEW VARIEGATED-FOLIAGED PETUNIA, ERMENCE REVEIL.

This remarkably novel and handsome variety is of free and robust growth, producing fine large flowers of a beautiful bluish-lilac colour; the leaves are of large size, and of a dark green colour, attractively bordered with bright yellow, which variegation renders the plant extremely showy and effective. 3s. 6d.

PETUNIAS.

Choice selections of double-flowered kinds, including blotched, fringed, and variegated varieties, 12s., 18s., and 30s. per dozen.

Choice selections of single-flowered kinds, including striped, blotched, and reticulated varieties, 12s., 18s., and 30s. per dozen.

NEW STRIPED PHLOX, CROIX D'HONNEUR.

An extremely attractive variety, giving immense spikes of large well-formed flowers of a beautiful rosy mauve colour; each petal being distinctly and effectively margined with white, thus giving the flower the appearance of a cross. 5s.

PHLOXES (HERBACEOUS).

Selections of good and choice kinds at 12s., 18s., and 30s. per dozen.

SALVIA GRAHAMI PURPURATA.

This splendid variety has very fine flowers of a rich purplish crimson. They resemble in form the flowers of *S. Grahami*, but far exceed that variety in richness of colour. 1s. 6d.

SALVIA HEERII.

A useful winter-blooming variety, producing showy bright scarlet flowers. 1s.

SEMPERVIVUM ARACHNOIDEUM , 9d.	SEMPERVIVUM GLUTINOSUM , 3s. 6d.
" ARBOREUM ATRO-	" HIRTUM , 9d.
" PURPUREUM , 3s. 6d.	" PITTONI , 9d.
" CALIFORNICUM , 9d. & 1s.	" SOBOLIFERUM , 9d.
" CILIATUM , 1s. 6d.	" TECTORUM , 9d.
" GLOBIFERUM , 9d.	UHDEA BIPINNATIFIDA , 3s. 6d.

THYMUS CITRIODORUS AUREO-MARGINATUS.

(LEMON-SCENTED GOLD-EDGED THYME.)

An exceedingly pretty Thyme, with large leaves of a bright dark green colour in the centre, and with a broad golden yellow marginal variegation, rendering it very handsome and attractive. It is very effective as an edging for flower beds or borders, or riband planting, as well as for growing in masses on banks, or in other varied forms. 1s. 6d. each; 12s. per dozen.

VERBENAS.

CHOICE KINDS, for bedding and pot culture, at 9s. and 12s. per dozen.

VERONICA CHAMÆDRYS AUREA.

A golden-leaved form of this pretty plant, which for garden decorative purposes will be an acquisition. 2s. 6d.

WIGANDIA CARACASANA, 3s. 6d.

WIGANDIA MEXICANA, 3s. 6d.

ROSES.

Mr. WILLIAM BULL will be happy to supply choice selections of Roses at the following prices:—

PER DOZEN.

NEW VARIETIES	42s.
SUPERIOR SELECTED STANDARDS , in fine varieties	18s., 24s., & 30s.
HALF STANDARDS , in fine varieties	18s. & 24s.
DWARFS , in fine varieties	12s. & 18s.
CLIMBING , in pots, the best, selected from Noisette, Banksian, Macartney, Hybrid China, Ayrshire, Boursault, and Evergreen	12s. & 18s.
Tea-scented, in pots	18s., 24s., & 30s.
HYBRID PERPETUALS , finest varieties, in pots	18s., 24s., & 30s.

Extra-sized plants of the best varieties of Roses, in pots, for Exhibition or Forcing, at 3s. 6d., 5s., and 7s. 6d. each.

SALTER'S CHRYSANTHEMUMS.

The Metropolitan District Railway Company having taken Messrs. John Salter & Son's Nursery Grounds at Hammersmith, and Messrs. Salter & Son having retired from business, Mr. WILLIAM BULL will execute orders for the Japanese and other Chrysanthemums that have from time to time been introduced by Messrs. Salter & Son, their stock having been transferred to Mr. W. B.

JAPANESE CHRYSANTHEMUMS.

GENERAL COLLECTION.

When in Japan Mr. Fortune selected and sent to this country seven remarkable Chrysanthemums, which proved exceedingly distinct in size, form, or colour, from the ordinary kinds grown here. From the types then introduced, have been raised the following, which are still more remarkable for their diversity, possessing as they do either enormous size, peculiarity of form, or novelty of colour. Although of a distinct type from the Chrysanthemums in general cultivation, no difference of treatment or soil is necessary to secure a succession of flowers from November until January or February. "Many of them remain longer in bloom, and bloom later than the Chinese kinds, so that we may have our greenhouses gay with them all through the dull winter months, when flowers are scarce." The effect produced in the conservatory by their fantastic forms and brilliant colours is most novel and pleasing, many of their immense blooms having more the appearance of tassels formed of the gay plumage of tropical birds than of flowers.

ADMIRANDA, flesh colour, with dark carmine centre ; a fine flower. 1s. 6d.

ALLIANCE, dark bronze colour. 1s.

APOLLO, orange buff or amber ; flower-heads of great size, and very double, composed of long strap-shaped florets ; a noble flower. 2s. 6d.

ASTEROID, bronze and yellow, with a lighter back ; flower-heads very large and full, formed of curled strap-shaped florets. 2s. 6d.

AURANTIUM, clear golden yellow, with broad and massive wax-like florets. 1s.

BERNARDIN DE LÉOUBE, rich yellow, florets large and recurved. 1s.

CHANG, very large flower-heads, with broad twisted and curled florets of a dark orange red colour, yellow at the back. 1s.

CHROMATELLA, bright chrome or orange yellow, a very rich and intense shade of colour, good habit, free blooming and double ; a valuable late-blooming variety. 1s.

CHLORINDE, a fine flower, with very long florets ; rich red, with yellow centre. 1s. 6d.

CI SYANG, dark crimson, maculated with pure white ; very novel and showy. 1s. 6d.

COMET, bright orange yellow, changing to chestnut red, florets very long, curiously twisted and curled, so as to give it the appearance of a large bunch of gold thread. 1s.

CRY KANG, a fine large flower, with long quilled florets of a beautiful lilac violet colour, the interior surface white ; a novel colour. 1s. 6d.

DR. MASTERS, a very distinct and showy variety, with long sword-like florets, opening with a large centre of bright yellow, the exterior being formed of showy red florets, and the centre changing to red as the flower heads expand, the florets then becoming tipped with gold. 1s.

EMPEROR OF CHINA. The flower-heads as they expand are rosy white ; when mature they are clear white, having the centre tinted with rosy buff ; much like the common Honeysuckle. 1s.

ERNEST, fine bright pink. 1s.

GARNET, bright blood red or garnet ; the flower-heads, which are of large size, are composed of long curled florets, which form a kind of drooping fringe round an anemone centre. This is a new type in the Chrysanthemums. Illustrated in the *Floral Magazine*. 2s. 6d.

GEORGE F. WILSON, dark golden yellow, very large and double, composed of long ribbon-shaped florets of great breadth and substance, remaining in perfection a long time. 1s.

GLITTER, vivid red scarlet, with a gold line round each floret ; flower-heads double, and of medium size. This is the most splendid coloured Japanese Chrysanthemum yet raised. 2s. 6d.

GLOIRE D'OR, very large full double flowers, with quilled petals of a very bright golden yellow colour ; a most magnificent flower of excellent form. 3s. 6d.

GLOIRE DU VAR, a superb variety, producing very large full double flowers of a dark reddish amaranth colour. 5s.

GLORIOSA, flower-heads of large size, composed of very long slender florets of bright orange, curiously twisted and curled. 1s.

HERO OF MAGDALA, blood red, the reverse of the florets orange buff ; the florets in their young state reflex, but as they advance in age the centre florets take an upward or incurved direction, while the remainder reflex, thus showing two distinct colours in the same flower-head. 1s.

JAPANESE CHRYSANTHEMUMS—Continued.

JAMES SALTER, clear lilac or mauve, shaded towards the centre ; flower-heads very double and of immense size, and composed of a multitude of broad florets, which, as they expand, become curled or twisted in a most curious manner, unlike any other Chrysanthemum. 1s.

JANE SALTER, white, bordered and striped with rosy lilac ; flower-heads of large size, and composed of long broad curled florets ; early, and very free flowering. Illustrated in the *Floral Magazine*. 2s. 6d.

J. ULRICH, imbricated florets, light brown, passing into dark brown. 1s.

LEOPARD, bright Indian red, with large yellow spots covering the surface of the florets, a very novel and singular combination of colour. 1s.

MAGNUM BONUM, rosy lilac, with lighter back ; the flower heads, which are very large, are composed of broad flat fringed florets. 2s. 6d.

MANDARIN, clear canary yellow, florets very broad and curled. 1s.

MARGINATUM, a large flower of a clear lilac colour, maculated with pure white ; an exceedingly curious variety. 1s. 6d.

MEG MERRILIES, sulphur white, large and of curious form, belonging to the Dragon section. 1s.

METEOR, bright golden yellow, changing to orange ; florets very long and curiously curled ; a very early and free-blooming variety of the actinoid class. 1s.

M. CHARLES HUBERT, an enormous flower, with vertical florets, very double, of a canary yellow colour ; producing large trusses of from eight to ten flowers ; a very fine flower. 5s.

MUTUAL, violet crimson, flower-heads fringed. 1s.

NEC PLUS ULTRA, dark chamois, spotted with yellow, well formed and very double. 1s.

NEGRO, splendid dark maroon, with long curled thread-like florets. 1s.

ORACLE, dark rose purple ; very large and showy : free and early. 2s. 6d.

PLANTAGENET, yellow, shading into bright orange, with broad upright florets, curling inwards ; very double and attractive. 2s. 6d.

PURPUREUM ALBUM, rich purple, mottled and spotted white ; flower-heads of medium size, and not unlike a bunch of purple and white ribbon formed into a loose tassel. 1s.

PYRAMIDALE, a very full flower, with erect quilled florets, of a canary yellow colour passing to brick red ; it is very free, of dwarf habit, and exceedingly attractive. 1s. 6d.

RED DRAGON, red chestnut, tipped with yellow, and sometimes spotted with gold, flower-heads very double and of immense size ; good habit, and very free flowering. 1s.

REINE DES ISLES SANDWICH, light maroon, the florets quilled, open at the apex, and tipped with dark maroon. 1s.

ROBERT FORTUNE, bright orange or amber, large and very full ; a splendid flower of the actinoid or thread-flowering class ; it is a late blooming variety. 1s.

ROB ROY, tubular florets of purple red, with the expanded portions pale amber, like the colours of the wild Honeysuckle. 1s.

ROSETTA, dark rose purple ; back of the florets, which are of great length and twisted and curled in the most fantastic manner, of a silver lilac colour ; a novel and curious variety. 5s.

SIMON DELAUX, very large flower-heads, of a bright reddish salmon colour, with long irregular florets shaded with rich gold colour. 1s. 6d.

SOL, clear citron yellow, with long wax-like florets. 1s.

SPLENDENS, transparent chrome yellow, tinted with orange ; florets very long and broad, curling inwards ; flower heads double and of immense size ; a free blooming and very dwarf variety. 5s.

STAR, very large orange yellow florets, of great breadth and length, radiating from a golden disc. 1s.

THE DAIMIO, pale pink, changing to rosy lilac, flower-heads very large, double, and of great substance ; a showy and attractive variety of the ribbon-formed section. 1s.

THE MIKADO, golden yellow, changing to orange as the flower-heads advance, very double, and of immense size, composed of long spreading siliform florets, slightly curled. 1s.

THE SULTAN, flower-heads of immense size, composed of a mass of bright rosy purple florets, with a lighter back ; a highly ornamental plant. 1s.

TRIOMPHE D'HYÉRES, clear rose, very large fine flower-heads, of perfect form. 1s.

VICEROY OF EGYPT, deep rosy crimson and white back, first row of florets quilled, the rest very broad and curled inwards. 1s.

VILLE D'HYÉRES, a fine large double flower with vertical florets, of a dark reddish maroon colour, regularly pointed with golden yellow ; extra fine. 5s.

WIZARD, one of the most beautiful of the actinoid class, flowering in the form of loose tassels, of a bright red maroon colour ; dwarf habit, free blooming and early. 1s.

Y KANG KANG, enormous flower-heads, very full, golden yellow, shaded with lilac. 2s. 6d.

CHINESE OR LARGE-FLOWERED CHRYSANTHEMUMS.

GENERAL COLLECTION.

For new varieties, offered for the first time, see page 12.

ABBÉ PASSAGLIA, brassy amber, broad incurved florets ; a beautiful show flower. 1s.

AIMÉE FERRIÈRE, silver white, beautifully tipped rose pink, incurved and very fine. 1s.

ALFONSO, *vide* page 12.

ALFRED SALTER, delicate pink, a very large, fine, and beautifully incurved flower. 1s.

ARIADNE, cream and rose, new and pleasing colour ; large and fine for specimens. 1s.

AUREUM MULTIFLORUM, bright pure yellow, incurved, of medium size, dwarf, and fine. 1s.

AURORE, very large and extremely full flowers, produced in immense trusses ; colour buff yellow, the reverse of the florets lilac. 5s.

BARBARA, an exceedingly fine variety, of a very rich and bright golden yellow colour ; it is a splendid show flower, very full and double, and perfectly symmetrical ; the florets are stiff, smooth, and finely incurved ; a most effective variety. 2s. 6d.

BEAUTY OF STOKE, yellow, suffused with amber, which becomes darker with age, very large and beautifully incurved. Figured in the *Floral Magazine*. 1s.

BEETHOVEN, bronzed red, with slight golden tips on the under surface ; florets broad, stiff, and finely incurved ; very double, and of free habit. 1s.

BELLA DONNA, delicate lilac, with light centre, large, and finely incurved. 1s.

BERNARD PALISSY, bright fiery orange, very distinct ; dwarf habit, and good pot plant. 1s.

BEVERLEY, large ivory white broad incurved florets of exquisite form ; a splendid show flower. 1s.

BRONZE JARDIN DES PLANTES, bronzed orange, with yellow centre ; a fine incurved sport of *Jardin des Plantes*. 1s.

BUTTERFLY, purple, bronze and gold back, incurved ; a novel combination of colours. 1s.

CAPTIVATION, cream, shaded and heavily bordered with carmine ; a very fine double flower. 1s.

CASSANDRA, white, with rosy tips, incurved ; an extra fine large show flower. 1s.

CHERUB, golden amber, with rosy tint, large and finely incurved. 1s.

CHEVALIER DOMAGE, bright gold, splendid colour. 1s.

CHIEFTAIN, a distinct and attractive flower, of a cinnamon red colour, and of good shape. 2s. 6d.

CHRISTINE (NE PLUS ULTRA), rosy blush, fine large flower heads. 1s.

CLARISSA. This is a beautiful flower, of a very delicate violet pink colour, with lighter centre ; the flower-heads are full, incurved, and well formed. 2s. 6d.

CLEOPATRA, blush, with rosy shade, beautifully incurved. 1s.

CONRAD, *vide* page 12.

DAPHNE, sulphur, incurved, fine pot plant. 1s.

DELIGHT, *vide* **LUTEUM FORMOSUM**.

DIDO, sulphur white, with stiff incurved florets, very double, dwarf, compact habit, and very fine. 1s.

DR. BROCK, reddish orange, incurved and fine. 1s.

DR. LINDLEY, large, dark orange, with amber centre, broad incurved florets. 1s.

DR. ROZAS, rose crimson, incurved and very fine. 1s.

DUKE OF EDINBURGH, rose lilac, with lighter centre, very large and finely incurved. 1s.

EMBLEM, a fine large flower of a light rosy purple colour ; very showy and effective. 2s. 6d.

EMPERRESS OF INDIA, *vide* **WHITE QUEEN OF ENGLAND**.

ENAMEL, delicate blush white, wide incurved florets, very double and free. 1s.

ENSIGN, cinnamon, shading off to yellow ; very full and fine incurved form. 2s. 6d.

ETOILE POLAIRE, golden yellow, incurved and fine. 1s.

EVE, sulphur yellow, incurved, and delicate flower. 1s.

FAUST, bronze crimson purple, incurved and very full, extra fine dwarf habit and foliage. 1s.

FELICITY, pure white, with a lemon centre ; florets broad, stiff, and finely incurved ; habit dwarf and compact. 2s. 6d.

FINGAL, large, rose violet, with lighter back, very double and symmetrical, florets wide and finely incurved ; a noble show flower. 1s.

FLORA, bright lilac peach, shading off to white ; florets broad and finely incurved. 2s. 6d.

FLORENCE NIGHTINGALE, pale sulphur, very beautifully incurved ; excellent for cut blooms or specimen plants. 1s.

FORMOSUM, pale sulphur, incurved, fine show flower. 1s.

GARIBALDI, red chestnut, very large attractive flower-heads. 1s.

GAZELLE, *vide* page 12.

CHINESE OR LARGE-FLOWERED CHRYSANTHEMUMS—Continued.

GENERAL SLADE, Indian red, tipped bright orange, large and beautifully incurved. 1s.

GEORGE PEABODY, pearl white; back of florets dark lilac purple, beautifully incurved, and very double; one of the most novel Chrysanthemums ever raised; a first-rate show flower. Illustrated in the *Floral Magazine*. 2s. 6d.

GLOBE WHITE (WHITE GLOBE), incurved and fine. 1s.

GLOBOSUM, dark Indian red, of very fine incurved form and dwarf habit. Figured in the *Floral Magazine*. 1s.

GLORIA MUNDI, brilliant golden yellow, beautifully incurved, very high in the centre, fine dwarf habit, and very free; a seedling from *Jardin des Plantes*, possessing the same glowing colour as its parent, with an improved form. 1s.

GOLDEN BALL, bright orange, with golden back and tips, beautifully incurved. 1s.

GOLDEN BEVERLEY, a fine golden canary sport of the much esteemed *White Beverley*; a beautifully incurved show flower. 1s.

GOLDEN CHRISTINE, golden buff, large and fine for specimens, a sport of *Christine*. 1s.

GOLDEN DR. BROCK, a bright golden yellow sport of the highly-esteemed variety, *Dr. Brock*; a beautifully incurved show flower. 1s.

GOLDEN EAGLE, Indian red and orange, beautifully incurved, and fine habit. 1s.

GOLDEN JOHN SALTER, golden yellow, changing to amber; a fine sport of *John Salter*. 1s.

GOLDEN QUEEN OF ENGLAND, golden canary, a sport of *Queen of England*, very large and fine. 1s.

GOLDEN TRILBY, a fine sport of *Trilby*, with clear yellow flowers, finely incurved. 1s.

GUERNSEY NUGGET, clear primrose yellow, very full and beautifully incurved, of immense size and great substance, fine habit and ample foliage. 1s.

HERCULES, very large red carmine, incurved; this, when well grown, is the largest variety known. 1s.

HERMINE, blush, tipped purple; incurved, and extra fine. 1s.

HEROINE. This is an exceedingly pretty flower, all the florets, which are of a delicate blush colour, being attractively tipped with sulphur yellow; good shape. 2s. 6d.

IONA, bright citron yellow, beautifully incurved, high centre, and a model of form. 1s.

ISABELLA BOTT, delicate pale white, tinted with rosy lilac, having a wax-like appearance, very double, large, and conical, with finely incurved florets. 1s.

JARDIN DES PLANTES, bright golden orange, splendid colour, and finely incurved. 1s.

JOSIAH WEDGWOOD, bright rose carmine, distinct colour, close, and beautifully incurved. 1s.

JULIE LAGRÈVE, dark velvety crimson, finer colour than *Bob*; extra fine. 1s.

KING OF DENMARK, bright rosy lilac, incurved and fine. 1s.

LADY CAREY, large rosy lilac, with silvery back, incurved; a beautiful show flower. 1s.

LADY HARDING, delicate rose pink, tipped blush, large and finely incurved. 1s.

LADY PALMERSTON, bright primrose yellow, large and globular, florets broad and finely incurved; a late-flowering variety. 1s.

LADY TALFOURD, delicate rose lilac, with silvery back, florets beautifully incurved, and of a shell-like form, very double, and of medium size. 1s.

LEDA, large white; fine late-flowering variety. 1s.

LE GRAND, extra large, florets broad and stout, elegantly incurved, colour delicate rosy peach, shading to fawn, the florets next the centre faintly striped. 1s.

L'EMIR, light red crimson, incurved and fine. 1s.

LORD DERBY, very dark purple, florets broad and finely incurved, flower-heads globular or cone-shaped; a most splendid variety either for cut blooms or specimens. 1s.

LORD PALMERSTON, rose amaranth, tipped silvery blush, incurved, distinct and fine. 1s.

LORD STANLEY, large orange amber, finely incurved. 1s.

LUNA, golden yellow, with small brown tips, incurved; a fine show flower. 2s. 6d.

LUTEUM FORMOSUM (DELIGHT), fine incurved golden yellow. 1s.

MAC MAHON, an enormous flower, with large broad florets; colour a beautiful rosy lilac, with white backs; a very fine free-flowering dwarf-growing variety. 5s.

MARCEAU, hybrid rose, bordered with white; very beautiful. 1s.

MARÉCHAL DUROC, fine rose and lilac, incurved. 1s.

MEMNON, a remarkably good flower, with very fine and broad incurved florets; colour a rich rosy purple; good for exhibition. 2s. 6d.

MEYERBEER, rosy purple, with lighter back, very finely incurved. 1s.

CHINESE OR LARGE-FLOWERED CHRYSANTHEMUMS—Continued.

MISS HOPE, delicate lilac, shading off to white in the centre, very fine form. 1s.

MISS MARÉCHAUX, pure white, with finely incurved florets of great breadth and substance. 1s.

MODEL, bright rosy pink, large, very double, and finely incurved; a model of form. 2s. 6d.

MONARCH, dark Indian red; back of the florets golden yellow; finely incurved and of immense size; a magnificent show flower. 5s.

MOUNT EDGCUMBE, transparent sulphur white, delicately tinted with rose; very large, double, and beautifully incurved. Illustrated in the *Floral Magazine*. 2s. 6d.

M. NARDY AINE, a fine large flower, of a very bright rosy salmon colour, with the reverse of the florets white; an extremely dwarf and free-flowering variety. 5s.

MR. BRUNLEES, large Indian red, with tips incurved; a fine show flower. 1s.

MR. EVANS, very dark chestnut, with lighter centre, beautifully incurved, very dwarf and free flowering; well adapted for either cut blooms or specimen growing. 1s.

MR. GLADSTONE, dark red chestnut, incurved. 1s.

MR. MURRAY, velvet rose, very full and fine. 1s.

MR. WYNES, violet puce, incurved; a beautiful colour. 1s.

MRS. E. MILES, bright yellow, very double, and finely incurved. 1s.

MRS. G. RUNDLE, white, beautifully incurved. 1s.

MRS. HUFFINGTON, beautifully medium-sized flower-heads, blush white, with large and distinct tips of purple, finely incurved, and of good habit. 1s.

MRS. MOGGRIDGE, silver lilac, with higher centre, compact medium-sized flower-heads. 1s.

MRS. W. HOLBORN, ivory white, large, and finely incurved. 1s.

MRS. WREFORD MAJOR, deep rose, very close and compact, fine form and dwarf habit. 1s.

MULBERRY, dark mulberry, not large, but incurved, fine and very distinct. 1s.

NE PLUS ULTRA, *vide CHRISTINE*.

NORMA, ivory white, with short stiff florets; a very fine conservatory and pot plant. 1s.

NOVELTY, large blush, beautifully incurved, but requires good cultivation. 1s.

ONDINE, cream, tipped rose lilac, and lighter centre, fine incurved form. 1s.

ORANGE ANNIE SALTER, a distinct and beautiful sport of the well-known *Annie Salter*, with bright orange flowers; well-adapted for specimen plants or the conservatory. 1s.

OSSIAN, large rose, incurved, very double and free; an attractive conservatory plant. 1s.

PELAGIA, bright orange cinnamon, large, double, of dwarf habit. 1s.

PINK PEARL, delicate pink, with silvery shade, finely incurved. 1s.

PINK PERFECTION, soft pink, the lower florets tinted with a darker shade; flower-heads large and of exquisite form, composed of broad incurved wax-like florets of great substance. 1s.

PIO NONO, Indian red and gold points, incurved; a fine show flower. 1s.

PLENIPO, rose purple, with silvery shade; very double, close, and of large size. 1s.

POUDRE D'OR, reddish orange, very early and full. 1s.

PRINCE OF WALES, dark purple violet, with lighter shade, beautifully incurved. 1s.

PRINCESS, a beautiful variety, the flower-heads, which are of good form and nicely incurved, being of a soft lilac pink colour. 2s. 6d.

PRINCESS BEATRICE. This variety has grand incurved flower-heads, of the finest form and style, and the colour is a beautiful lively tint of rosy pink; a splendid show flower. 1s.

PRINCESS LOUISE OF HESSE, rose pink, incurved blush, fine dwarf conservatory plant. 1s.

PRINCESS MARIE, rose, incurved; a fine show flower. 1s.

PRINCESS OF TECK, pure white, very large, full, and beautifully incurved, of superb form and dwarf habit; a fine plant either for cut blooms or specimens. 1s.

PURPUREUM ELEGANS, rich purple violet or crimson, with half-incurved florets, of medium size, very double and free; a scarce and most attractive shade of colour. 1s.

QUEEN OF THE WHITES, large, white, full, and incurved. 1s.

RENNOWN, bright orange, and lighter centre; flower-heads very large, full, finely incurved. 2s. 6d.

RIFLEMAN, dark ruby, beautifully incurved, fine for cut blooms or specimens. 1s.

RIVAL LITTLE HARRY, dark yellow or golden amber, very double and finely incurved; a seedling from *Little Harry*, with broader florets and more robust habit, but equally dwarf. 1s.

ROBERT JAMES, vivid cinnamon and orange, very broad florets, finely incurved. 1s.

ROSA MUTABILIS, delicate peach, veined rose, broad incurved florets, dwarf habit. 1s.

ROTUNDIFLORUM, pearl white, changing to pale lilac as the flower-head expands, when it becomes a complete ball; florets broad, stiff, and finely incurved; a sport from *Beverley*. 1s.

SAINT PATRICK, ruby red, finely incurved, large, free, and fine for cut blooms. 1s.

SAM SLICK, ruby, with bronze points, very double, of dwarf habit; distinct and fine. 1s.

CHINESE OR LARGE-FLOWERED CHRYSANTHEMUMS—Continued.

SAMUEL BROOME, red cinnamon, with orange centre ; incurved ; a fine late-blooming variety. 1s.
SANGUINEUM, light red crimson, broad incurved florets ; distinct and fine. 1s.
SAUMAREZ, bright chestnut red, with short, stiff, broad, incurved florets. 1s.
SERAPH, sulphur, with yellow centre, finely incurved. 1s.
SIR STAFFORD CAREY, dark brown chestnut, with golden points, large, and finely incurved ; a very distinct and striking flower. 1s.
STAFFA, golden yellow, with stiff incurved florets of wax-like appearance. 1s.
STELLARE, amber, with a distinct yellow tip ; florets smooth and finely incurved, cone-shaped ; novel in colour, and fine for cut blooms or exhibition. 1s.
STELLARIS GLOBOSEA, carmine crimson and white, incurved ; a beautiful show flower. 1s.
SULPHUREUM SUPERBUM, clear sulphur yellow, very double, and fine for specimens. 1s.
TALBOT, rose purple, tipped with blush, beautifully incurved ; very distinct and fine. 1s.
THE GLOBE, fine incurved blush. 1s.
THEMIS, fine rose, incurved. 1s.
VENUS, large lilac peach, beautifully incurved. 1s.
VESTA, ivory white, incurved, a fine show flower. 1s.
VOLUNTEER, amaranth violet, with close incurved florets, dwarf and fine habit. 1s.
WHITE CHRISTINE, cream white ; a sport of *Christine* ; second to none as a specimen plant. 1s.
WHITE EVE, pure white, of exquisite form and wax-like appearance. A fac-simile, except in colour, of the much-admired *Eve*, of which it is a sport. 1s.
WHITE GLOBE, *vide GLOBE WHITE*.
WHITE QUEEN OF ENGLAND (**EMPERESS OF INDIA**), a sport of *Queen of England*, ivory white, finely incurved. 1s.
WILLIAM EDWARD, canary yellow, with short, stiff, and finely incurved florets. 1s.
YELLOW KING, a sport of *King*, large yellow, incurved ; a noble late flower. 1s.
YELLOW PERFECTION, golden yellow, incurved and of splendid form. 1s.
ZEPHYR, salmon red and yellow, incurved and fine. 1s.

Mr. WILLIAM BULL will be happy to make good selections of 100 in
 50 varieties for 75s.

CHRYSANTHEMUMS.—ANEMONE-FLOWERED.

ACQUISITION, bright rose lilac and yellow disc ; guard florets broad and regular ; centre very high and round ; a splendid flower. 2s. 6d.
BIJOU, bright rose purple ; guard florets broad and stiff ; disc high and finely formed ; a splendid variety. 5s.
EMPEROR, large blush and sulphur centre, changing to dark cherry. 1s.
FAIR MARGARET, delicate rose pink, distinct colour. 1s.
FINETTE, a delicate lilac peach, with lighter centre ; guard florets broad and well arranged. 1s.
HANDEL, dark rose, with wide incurved florets. 1s.
KING OF ANEMONES, large, crimson purple ; very fine and distinct. 1s.
LADY MARGARET, large white anemone, with double row of guard florets. 1s.
LOUIS BONAMY, large lilac, with high centre, very fine. 1s.
MADAME GODERAU, fine sulphur. 1s.
MARGARET OF NORWAY, light red and gold centre. 1s.
MISS EYRE, blush, with yellow centre, medium size, dwarf habit, and very free. 1s.
MISS MARGARET, a very pure white, with fine and full high centre. 1s.
PRINCE OF ANEMONES, large lilac blush, and fine high centre. 1s.
PRINCESS CHARLOTTE, rosy blush, with high centre of darker colour ; dwarf and free. 1s.
PRINCESS LOUISE, delicate rosy lilac, with a full high centre ; very fine. 1s.
PRINCESS MARGUERITE, lilac pink, with lighter centre. 1s.
PRINCESS THYRA, white with high sulphur centre ; guard florets broad and well formed. 1s.
VIRGINALE, pure white ; a very dwarf late-flowering variety. 1s.

CHRYSANTHEMUMS.—POMPONS, LILIPUTIANS,
AND HYBRIDS.

For new varieties, offered for the first time, see page 12.

ADÈLE FRISETTE, fringed lilac ; fine. 1s.**AMPHILLA**, *vide* page 12.**AMY**, clear yellow, dwarf habit, fine form and free. 1s.**ANDROMEDA**, cream, with brown points, very free, dwarf, and fine for specimens. 1s.**AIGLE D'OR**, hybrid, splendid canary yellow. 1s.**APOLLO**, chestnut and yellow ; a fine incurved variety. 1s.**ARABELLA**, hybrid, blush. 1s.**AURORE**, very fine bright orange coloured flowers of perfect form. 5s.**BARON D'ULIMBERT**, a splendid flower, of a rich dark violet purple colour. 1s. 6d.**BARRA**, *vide* page 12.**BERROL**, golden yellow ; extra fine for specimen plants. 1s.**CANARY BIRD**, clear yellow, very dwarf, and fine habit. 1s.**CAPELLA**, dark red chestnut, with orange centre, very dwarf and attractive. 1s.**CENDRILLON**, a full double flower of a rosy lilac colour, the reverse of the florets white ; a dwarf-growing and early-flowering variety. 5s.**CHAMPS ELYSÉES**, an attractive flower of a rich violet amaranth colour ; extra fine. 5s.**CITRONELLA**, pure clear yellow, very dwarf ; a fine incurved hybrid. 1s.**DANÄE**, bright gold, very dwarf, abundant bloomer, and fine for specimens. 1s.**DIOGÈNE**, a beautifully imbricated flower of a showy amaranth colour. 5s.**DRIN DRIN**, clear yellow ; very fine. 1s.**ERNEST BENARY**, an extremely full well-formed flower, white, tinted with rose ; very dwarf and free. 5s.**FABIOLA**, a very dwarf-habited variety, freely producing large corymbs of pretty lilac flowers, with fine broad florets. 5s.**FAIREST OF THE FAIR**, lilac blush, with silvery tips, dwarf habit and very fine. 1s.**FAIRY**, lemon, with dark orange border. 1s.**FAIRY NYMPH**, pure white, wide round florets : free, and first-rate for specimen plants. 1s.**FLORENCE**, dark cherry, very fine : a most attractive colour, and abundant bloomer. 1s.**GÉNÉRAL CANROBERT**, pure yellow ; very fine for specimens. 1s.**GOLDEN AURORE**, beautiful bright golden sport of *Aurore Boréale*, and first-rate for specimen plants. 1s.**GOLDEN CIRCLE**, bright golden orange, of dwarf habit, and fine for specimen plants. 1s.**HECLA**, *vide* page 12.**HÉLÈNE**, fine rosy violet. 1s.**IDA**, pale clear yellow ; very fine. 1s.**IRIS**, white, tipped with bright pink, double and fine form. 1s.**JULIA ENGELBACK**, yellow and brown points, very distinct and fine. 1s.**LA FOUDRE**, a fine full flower of a dark fiery red colour : somewhat of the form of a Ranunculus. 5s.**LA VOGUE**, bright gold ; fine. 1s.**LE NAIN BÉBÉ**, rosy lilac, with the odour of violets. 1s.**LEONORA**, *vide* page 12.**LE PARNASSE**, clear violet ; an extremely effective flower. 5s.**LITTLE BEAUTY**, white, bordered with delicate rose pink ; very full and fine. 1s.**LITTLE CREOLE**, brown orange, very dwarf compact habit, and free. 1s.**LITTLE KATE**, blush, with primrose centre, fine form and compact habit. 1s.**LIZZIE HOLMES**, canary yellow, with rosy tint, of exquisite form, free and dwarf. 1s.**LUCIEN CABOCHE**, light rose pink, new colour and fine. 1s.**LUCINDA**, rosy lilac and blush, full and fine. 1s.**LUCRÈCE**, a splendid variety producing finely-formed fimbriated flowers of a very brilliant orange colour shaded with reddish brown. 5s.**MADAME DE VATRY**, rose lilac and white. 1s.**MADAME EUGÈNE DOMAGE**, pure white, very fine. 1s.**MADAME FERRAND**, clear rosy lilac, all the florets finely embroidered with pure white, flower medium, reflexed ; a very fine variety. 1s.**MADAME FOULD**, cream, splendid form ; a very fine variety. 1s.

POMPON, LILIPUTIAN, AND HYBRID CHRYSANTHEMUMS—Continued.

MADAME RIVAL VERNE, a very dwarf and free-flowering variety, producing fine trusses of full well-formed creamy white flowers; excellent for bedding. 5s.

MADEMOISELLE MARTHE, very fine, dwarf, white. 1s.

MADEMOISELLE OPOIX, a semi-double flower of a very bright yellow colour; dwarf and free, and well adapted for bedding. 5s.

MARC AURÈLE, a variety of dwarf growth, producing a profusion of purple flowers, all the florets of which are tipped with gold. 5s.

MIRANDA, bright rose fringed, extra fine, and very distinct, with the odour of violets. 1s.

MISS JULIA, dark chestnut, fine and distinct. 1s.

MODÈLE, fine white. 1s.

MR. VAN HOUTTE, very fine chestnut, almost a ball. 1s.

MRS. CAMPBELL, white, bordered with cherry, fine. 1s.

MRS. DIX, blush, bordered with rose, full size; very double; the finest flower of this colour. 1s.

M. ULRICH, a very fine full flower, of a reddish amaranth colour tipped with white. 5s.

MUSTAPHÀ, dark brown crimson, very free. 1s.

PABLO, *vide* page 12.

PERICLES, rich purple, bordered with golden yellow; extra fine. 5s.

POLYCARP, *vide* page 12.

PRÉCOCITÉ, a remarkably free-flowering variety, producing its pretty light yellow flowers in the utmost profusion. 1s. 6d.

PRÉSIDENT DECAISNE, rosy carmine, fine violet scented. 1s.

PRINCE KENNA, rose pink, and lighter centre, full, round, and very pretty. 1s.

PRINCE VICTOR, dark red maroon, double and fine. 1s.

PYGMIE, bright gold, very double, and of dwarf habit; a most curious little Liliputian, and the smallest Chrysanthemum ever seen. 1s.

RAJAH, *vide* page 12.

ROSE D'AMOUR, clear rose, full size, very fine and free, and of dwarf habit. 1s.

ROSE TREVENNA, rosy blush, extra fine. 1s.

ROSINA, *vide* page 12.

SAINT JUSTIA, red and orange, fine. 1s.

SAINT MICHAEL, very bright gold, equal in colour to *Jardin des Plantes*, dwarf habit. 1s.

SALAMON, dark rose carmine, very free and fine. 1s.

SINDBAD, bronzed rosy purple, very double and fine form. 1s.

SUNSET, orange and bronze, fine. 1s.

THE COUNTESS, blush, tinted lilac; a beautiful little Pompon, flowering in compact bouquets. 1s.

THE LITTLE GEM, delicate peach blush; a lovely variety, remaining in bloom until after Christmas. 1s.

TIMOUR, *vide* page 12.

TROPHÉE, rose mottled, fine. 1s.

URANIE, amaranth, pencilled white, very fine. 1s.

WHITE TREVENNA, a fine white sport of the well-known *Rose Trevenna*, so highly prized for its exquisitely formed flowers. 1s.

CHRYSANTHEMUMS—ANEMONE-FLOWERED POMPON.

ASTRÉA, hybrid, lilac blush and gold centre; free and fine. 1s.

GALLIOPE, bright ruby red, with full high centre, very fine. 1s.

CEDO NULLI, hybrid, white, with brown points. 1s.

EUGÈNE LAUJAULET, hybrid, yellow, with orange centre, fine. 1s.

FIREFLY, bright capucin scarlet, with high centre, a very distinct and striking colour. 1s.

GRACE DARLING, fine lilac, and blush centre. 1s.

LILAC CEDO NULLI, rose lilac, fine for specimens. 1s.

MADAME MONTELS, hybrid, white, with yellow centre, very distinct and beautiful. 1s.

MARIE STUART, lilac blush, with high sulphur centre; very fine. 1s.

MISS NIGHTINGALE, blush, with white centre, very full and fine. 1s.

MR. ASTIE, golden yellow, dwarf, and splendid form. 1s.

MRS. WYNES, rose lilac, high centre, free and fine. 1s.

SIDONIE, lilac, with high blush centre, full-sized, 1s.

The following are a few of the Specimens in Mr. WILLIAM BULL'S Winter Garden and other Plant Houses.

Mr. W. B. has a large stock of smaller sizes of most of the plants quoted, as also of many others. Sizes and prices can be had on application.

AGAVE AMERICANA, leaves, 1 to $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft. long. 8 guineas

AMERICANA VARIEGATA, a fine pair, in slate tubs; leaves from 3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft. long. 15 guineas the pair

AMERICANA VARIEGATA, leaves 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft. long. 8 guineas

AMERICANA VARIEGATA, leaves about 2 ft. long. 6 guineas

ARAUCARIA BIDWILLII, about $10\frac{1}{2}$ ft. high. 10 guineas

CUNNINGHAMII, about 7 ft. high. 10 guineas

ARECA SAPIDA, about $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft. high. 5 guineas

CALAMUS ADSPERSUS, 4 to 5 ft. high. 6 guineas

CAMELLIAS, *vide* pages 161 and 162.

CHAMÆROPS EXCELSA, $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft. high. 4 guineas

EXCELSA, 3 to 4 ft. high. 5 guineas

EXCELSA, 4 to $4\frac{1}{2}$ ft. high. 6 guineas

EXCELSA, about 5 ft. high, a handsome plant. 12 guineas

EXCELSA, about $6\frac{1}{2}$ ft. high, and spreading about 7 ft., circumference of trunk at base nearly 2 ft. 30 guineas

FORTUNELI, 5 to 6 ft. high, and spreading 6 to 7 ft. 20 guineas

HUMILIS, trunk 3 to 4 in. high, head about $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft. high. 12 guineas

HUMILIS, trunk about 2 ft. high, and about 2 ft. in circumference, head about 2 ft. 3 in. high. 30 guineas

HUMILIS ELEGANS, about $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft. high. 6 guineas

COCOS NUCIFERA, *Cocoa Nut Palm*, about 3 ft. 6 in. high. 8 guineas

CORYPHA AUSTRALIS, about 3 ft. high. 3 guineas

AUSTRALIS, 3 to 4 ft. high. 4 guineas

AUSTRALIS, about 4 ft. high. 5 guineas

AUSTRALIS, 4 to 5 ft. high. 8 guineas

CYCAS REVOLUTA, trunk about 4 ft. high. 25 guineas

DEMONCROPS MELANOCHÆTES, 3 to 4 ft. high. 4 guineas

MELANOCHÆTES, 5 to 6 ft. high. 6 guineas

DASILYRION LONGIFOLIUM, about 3 ft. 6 in. high. 7 guineas

SERRATIFOLIUM, 4 to 5 ft. high. 5 guineas

DRACÆNA AUSTRALIS, about 5 ft. high. 4 guineas

AUSTRALIS, about 6 ft. high. 5 guineas

AUSTRALIS, 7 to 8 ft. high. 7 guineas

AUSTRALIS LATIFOLIA, about 10 ft. high. 15 guineas

AUSTRALIS LINEATA, 4 to 5 ft. high. 5 guineas

AUSTRALIS LINEATA, 5 to 6 ft. high. 7 guineas

AUSTRALIS LINEATA, 6 to 7 ft. high. 8 guineas

AUSTRALIS LINEATA, about 7 ft. high. 10 guineas

AUSTRALIS VEITCHII, 4 ft. high. 6 guineas

ENCEPHALARTOS GHELLINCKII, trunk 1 ft. high, and about $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft. in circumference; fronds about 4 ft. long. 20 guineas

HORRIDUS, trunk about 1 ft. 9 in. high, and about 3 ft. in circumference; fronds nearly 3 ft. long. 15 guineas

VILLOSUS, handsome specimens, 5 and 7 guineas each; extra fine specimens of this exceedingly beautiful plant, 8 and 10 guineas each

VILLOSUS AMPLIATUS, trunk about 11 in. high, and $2\frac{1}{4}$ ft. in circumference; fronds 5 to 6 ft. long. 15 guineas

EUTERPE EDULIS, about 4 ft. high. 5 guineas

SPECIMEN PLANTS—Continued.

EUTERPE [EDULIS] , 4 to 5 ft. high.	6 guineas	MACROZAMIA SPIRALIS , trunk $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft. high, and 3 ft. 9 in. in circumference; fronds 3 to 4 ft. long, an unique specimen.
„ EDULIS , about 7 ft. high.	8 guineas	20 guineas
FERNS, TREE , <i>vide</i> pages 140 to 144		
FOURCROYA BEDINGHAUSII , a matchless pair, about 3 ft. high; 10 guineas each; 15 guineas the pair		
GEONOMA PUMILA , 4 ft. high.	5 guineas	
HYOPHORBE VERSCHAFFELTII , about 4 ft. high.	7 guineas	
„ VERSCHAFFELTII , 4 to 5 ft. high.	8 guineas	
„ VERSCHAFFELTII , about 5 ft. high.	10 guineas	
LAPAGERIA ROSEA , on a trellis 3 ft. 9 in. high, 1 ft. 3 in. through.	10 guineas	
„ ROSEA , on a trellis about $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft. high and 1 ft. 9 in. through.	12 guineas	
„ ROSEA , on a balloon-shaped trellis about 3 ft. 6 in. high, and 2 ft. 3 in. wide.	20 guineas	
LATANIA BORBONICA , about 3 ft. high.	3 guineas	
„ BORBONICA , from 3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft. high.	4 guineas	
„ BORBONICA , about 5 ft. high.	5 guineas	
„ BORBONICA , 5 to 6 ft. high.	8 guineas	
„ BORBONICA , about 7 ft. high.	10 guineas	
„ BORBONICA , a magnificent specimen, about 5 ft. high, and spreading 8 to 10 ft.	15 guineas	
„ BORBONICA , a magnificent specimen, about 6 ft. high, and spreading 8 to 10 ft.	15 guineas	
MACROZAMIA SPIRALIS , trunk about 1 ft. high, and about 3 ft. in circumference; fronds 3 to 4 ft. long.	8 guineas	
„ SPIRALIS , trunk 1 ft. high, and $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft. in circumference; fronds 4 to 5 ft. long.	10 guineas	
HANDSOME STANDARD BAYS , with symmetrical heads, for terrace gardens and conservatories, 4, 5, $7\frac{1}{2}$, 10, and 15 guineas each.		
HANDSOME PYRAMIDAL BAYS , 5, $7\frac{1}{2}$, and 10 guineas each.		

The above are usually supplied in pairs.

Mr. W. BULL has a staff of thoroughly experienced packers, so that plants of any size or in full bloom can be safely sent any distance without the least injury.

Mr. WILLIAM BULL'S SEED CATALOGUE,

Published in January, contains descriptions and prices of all the most desirable novelties in Flower Seeds, saved from extra fine carefully selected stocks, including the following :—

Asters	Cyclamens	Pelargoniums	Portulaccas
Balsams	Fuchsias	Petunias	Primulas
Begonias	Hollyhocks	Phlox	Stocks
Calceolarias	Lobelias	Picotees	Wallflowers
Carnations	Marigolds	Pinks	Zinnias
Cinerarias	Pansies	Polyanthus	&c., &c.

Also Ornamental-foliaged Plants so much used now for sub-tropical gardening.

Descriptions and prices of the best and most popular seeds that can be offered for the Kitchen Garden, Farm, Flower Garden, Conservatory, &c., &c.

BULB CATALOGUE,

Published in September, contains selected descriptive priced lists of all the best Dutch, English, and various other Flower Roots, including Hyacinths, Tulips, Crocus, Narcissi, Lilliums, &c., &c.

CHOICE GLADIOLUS.

This beautiful tribe of plants should be largely planted everywhere, because :—

They are perfectly hardy and easily grown.

They are gorgeously beautiful.

Their handsome spikes of flowers are useful for cutting.

When cut and placed in water, the flower buds expand and last a long time.

Planted in pots they are effective for conservatory decoration.

In borders among Evergreens they are charming.

Planted by hundreds among Rhododendrons, they brighten and enliven the beds during the summer and autumn months; inexpensive kinds can be supplied for this purpose.

For decorating vases and epergnes, Gladiolus spikes are invaluable.

Gladiolus flowers have so many recommendations, that :—

Scarcely too much can be said in their favour.

Orders for the above are booked throughout the year at the following prices, and the bulbs supplied in January, February, or March.

No.		£	s.	d.
1	Assortment of 12 Fine varieties by name	6s.	and 0	9 0
2	12 Choice varieties, by name	0	12	0
3	12 Extra choice varieties, by name	0	18	0
4	12 New and extra choice varieties, by name	1	10	0
5	25 Extra choice varieties, by name	1	5	0
6	50 Extra choice varieties, by name	2	10	0
7	25 New and extra choice varieties, by name	2	10	0
8	50 New and extra choice varieties, by name	5	0	0

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Plants, Seeds, &c., for transmission abroad, selected and packed with the greatest possible care in Bull's Patent Plant Cases or close boxes, according to the nature of the goods, and despatched by the best Routes, Mail Steamers, Clipper Ships, and Railways, to any part of the world.

A remittance must accompany all Foreign Orders.

EXPORTING.

Mr. W. B. is continually receiving the most gratifying accounts of the excellent condition in which both the plant and seed orders entrusted to him reach their destinations, and the satisfaction given by the selections made.

Post-Office Orders to be made payable at KING'S ROAD, CHELSEA, S.W.

Cheques to be crossed "LONDON JOINT STOCK BANK."

WILLIAM BULL, F.L.S.,

RESPECTFULLY INVITES THE NOBILITY AND GENTRY AROUND TO FURNISH
CONSERVATORIES TO AN INSPECTION OF THE

MAGNIFICENT SPECIMEN ORNAMENTAL PLANTS

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SOME OF WHICH ARE THE HANDSOMEST IN EUROPE;

THEY COMPRIZE

VARIEGATED ALOES AND YUCCAS
MAJESTIC TREE FERNS AND DRACÉENAS
UNIQUE MACROZAMIAS AND ENCEPHALARTOS
NOBLE PALMS AND MUSAS
BEAUTIFUL CAMELLIAS AND LAPAGERIAS
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CURIOUS CYCAS AND AGAVES
PICTURESQUE PHORMIUMS AND ARAUCARIAS,

AND

HANDSOME STANDARD BAYS,

WITH SYMMETRICAL HEADS,

For Terrace Gardens or Conservatories.



Amateurs having plants that have grown too large for their Greenhouses or Conservatories, can have them exchanged for New and Rare Plants, on application to Mr. WILLIAM BULL, who will also be happy to take any duplicates or large plants of the older sorts of Orchids in exchange for small plants of the newer kinds, or other New Plants.

ESTABLISHMENT FOR NEW AND RARE PLANTS,
KING'S ROAD, CHELSEA, LONDON, S.W.

PRIZES FOR NEW PLANTS.

Mr. WILLIAM BULL having offered, through the Royal Horticultural Society,

THREE HUNDRED POUNDS

for New Plants of his own introduction, begs to announce that the second annual series of prizes, amounting to £100, will be distributed in Silver Cups, this year, as follows:—

FOR PRIVATE GROWERS.

1st Prize, a SILVER CUP, value £12.
2nd Prize, a SILVER CUP, value £8.
3rd Prize, a SILVER CUP, value £5.

FOR NURSERYMEN.

1st Prize, a SILVER CUP, value £12.
2nd Prize, a SILVER CUP, value £8.
3rd Prize, a SILVER CUP, value £5.

The above Six Silver Cups will be given at the principal Show to be held at Kensington, June 4th and 5th, 1874, and Six Silver Cups will also be given at the Provincial Show of the Royal Horticultural Society, 1874, as follows:—

FOR PRIVATE GROWERS.

1st Prize, a SILVER CUP, value £12.
2nd Prize, a SILVER CUP, value £8.
3rd Prize, a SILVER CUP, value £5.

FOR NURSERYMEN.

1st Prize, a SILVER CUP, value £12.
2nd Prize, a SILVER CUP, value £8.
3rd Prize, a SILVER CUP, value £5.

The plants available for these prizes to comprise only those announced in Mr. W. BULL's Catalogues, as sent out by him for the first time since the commencement of 1871. The Catalogues can be easily referred to, or a list of the plants had on application.

Mr. WILLIAM BULL will also give the following prizes this year, for 12 New Plants of his introduction, since the commencement of 1871:—

FOR PRIVATE GROWERS.

MANCHESTER. A SILVER CUP, value 10 guineas.
MANCHESTER. A SILVER CUP, value 6 guineas.
LEEDS . . . A SILVER CUP, value 6 guineas.
YORK . . . A SILVER CUP, value 6 guineas.
GLASGOW . . . A SILVER CUP, value 6 guineas.
DUBLIN . . . A SILVER CUP, value 6 guineas.
BELFAST . . . A SILVER CUP, value 6 guineas.

FOR NURSERYMEN.

MANCHESTER. A SILVER CUP, value 10 guineas.
MANCHESTER. A SILVER CUP, value 6 guineas.
LEEDS . . . A SILVER CUP, value 6 guineas.
YORK . . . A SILVER CUP, value 6 guineas.
GLASGOW . . . A SILVER CUP, value 6 guineas.
DUBLIN . . . A SILVER CUP, value 6 guineas.
BELFAST . . . A SILVER CUP, value 6 guineas.

For Plants available for the above Cups, vide pages 191 and 192.



PRIZE CUP.

Specially designed by Messrs. ELKINGTON & Co., to be awarded for Mr. WILLIAM BULL's
New Introductions, *vide* pages 189, 191, and 192.

LIST OF PLANTS AVAILABLE FOR EXHIBITION

FOR MR. WILLIAM BULL'S SILVER CUPS, *vide* page 189.

NEW PLANTS SENT OUT IN 1871.

AGAVE BULBOSA	ELAPHOGLOSSUM HERMINIERI	MACKAYA BELLA
ALLIAMANDA CHELSONI	ERYTHRINA COMPACTA	MUSA AFRICANA
BEGONIA CARMINATA	FICUS ELEGANS	— ASSAMICA
BERTOLONIA GUTTATA ALBA	GASTRONEMA SANGUINEUM	ONCIDIUM CRYPTOCOPIA
— SPLENDENS	FLAMMEUM	PANDANUS FURCATUS
— SUPERBA	GLADIOLUS CRUENTUS	— LAIS
— PUNCTATA	GOODYERA DAWSONIANA ATRO-	— VEITCHII
BIGNONIA ROEZLIANA	VIRIDIS	PRIMULA JAPONICA
CAMPSIDIUM (TECOMA) VALDIVIANA	— PICTA	SYNGONIUM ALBO-LINEATUM
CURCULIGO RECURVATA STRIATA	HELICONIA VINOSA	TACSONIA TOMENTOSA SPECIOSA
DRACONTIUM ELATUM	JONESIA DECLINATA	TYDAEA DISPLAY
	LIBONIA PENRHOSIENSIS	UTRICULARIA MONTANA.

NEW PLANTS SENT OUT IN 1872.

ADANTUM CAPILLUS-VENERIS	DRACENA SULCATA	MARCGRAAVIA PARADOXA
DAPHNITES	ECHEVERIA ABYSSINICA	OCHROSIA ELLIPTICA
ALOCASIA MARSHALLII	— CARINATA	PANDANUS CERAMENSIS
ARECA NENGA	GARDENIA CHARTACEA	— LABYRINTHICUS
BARLERIA ARNOTTIANA	GUILIELMA UTILIS	PLATANTHERA RADIATA
— DICHOTOMA	HIBISCUS (ROSA-SINENSIS) ALBO-	PHILODENDRON ROEZLII
— MACKENII	VARIEGATUS	PHORMIUM NIGRO-PICTUM
BRACHYSEMA MELANOPETALUM	— CARMINATUS PER-	PRIMULA JAPONICA ALBA
CALOCHORTUS ELEGANS	PECTUS	— CARMINATA
COSTUS HIRSUTISSIMUS	— MINIATUS SEMI-	— LILACINA
CROTON FUCATUM	PLENUS	— ROSEA
— GRANDE	KENTIA CANTERBURYANA	— SPLENDIDA
CYRTANTHERA CHRYSOSTEPHANA	KOHLERIA RUPESTRIS	SIPHOCAMPYLOUS LANTANIFLO
DEMONOROPS PALEMBANICUS	LILIUM PARDALINUM	LIUS
— PERIACANTHUS	MACROZAMIA CORALLIPES	— ALBUS
DAMMARA PURPURASCENS	MARANTA MAKOVANA	STANGERIA SCHIZODON
DRACENA METALLICA	— PRUINATA	TURREA HETEROPHYLLA
— SPLENDENS	— SEEMANNI	ZAMIA TENUIFOLIA.

NEW PLANTS SENT OUT IN 1873.

ALOCASIA ILLISTRIS	ASTRAGALUS SERICEO-SUL-	CARICA AURANTIACA
ALPINIA VITTATA	PHUREUS	COPERNICIA (CORYPHA) CERI-
ARALIA GUILFOYLEI	BIGNONIA RETICULATA	FERA
ARISTOLOCHIA GALEATA	BOMAREA BOGOTENSIS	CROTON LIMBATUM
ASTRAGALUS SERICEO-ALBUS	BOWENIA SPECTABILIS	CYATHIA BURKEI

NEW PLANTS SENT OUT IN 1873—Continued.

CYATHEA DREGEI	GLADIOLUS PURPUREO-AURATUS	ODONTOGLOSSUM ROEZLII
DIEFFENBACHIA NOBILIS	GREVILLEA FORSTERII	PASSIFLORA CAPSULARIS
DIOSCOREA ILLUSTRATA	HIBISCUS (ROSA-SINENSIS)	PHAIUS BERNEYSII
DORYANTHES PALMERI	CRUENTUS	PHYLLANTHUS NIVOSUS
DRACÉNA BAPTISTII	— FULGIDUS	POINSETTIA PULCHERRIMA
— COMPACTA	— PUNICEUS	ROSEO-CARMINATA
— FRASERI	IRIS TOMILOPHIA	STADMANNIA AMABILIS
— IMPERIALIS	MACROZAMIA CORALLIPES	STROBILANTHES CONSANGUI-
— INSCRIPTA	GYRATA	NEUS
— ORNATA	MACROZAMIA SPIRALIS EBUR-	TABERNÆMONTANA WALLICH-
— SHEPHERDII	NEA	IANA
ERYTHRINA BOGOTENSIS	— ELEGANTISSIMA	VRIESIA RETICULATA
— INDICA ALBA	NIDULARIUM SPECTABILE	— TRICOLOR.

NEW PLANTS SENT OUT IN 1874.

ANTHURIUM SCHERZERIANUM	DRACÉNA NIGRO-STRIGATA	MARTINEZIA GRANATENSIS
— ALBUM	— PICTA	MEDINILLA AMABILIS
ARALIA GRANATENSIS	— PRINCEPS	NOTONIA GRANDIFLORA
BERBERIS CORDIFORMIS	DYCKIA LEMAIREANA	PEDILANTHUS TITHYMALOIDES
BIGNONIA AURANTIACA	ENCEPHALARTOS VILLOSUS AM-	VARIEGATUS
BILLBERGIA SAUNDERSII	PLIATUS	— CUCULLATUS
BORONIA MEGASTIGMA	ERANTHEMUM MARMORATUM	PELARGONIUM QUEEN VICTORIA
CAMPSIDIUM FILICIFOLIUM	ERYTHRINA PARCELII	PHYLLOTÉNIUM MIRABILE
COFFEA LIBERICA	GONOLOBUS CUNDURANGO	PLECTOCOMIA ANDERSONI
CROTON MAJESTICUM	GYMNOGRAMMA DECOMPOSITA	PLEOCNEMIA LEUZEANA
— SPIRALE	HIBISCUS (ROSA-SINENSIS) KER-	PTERIS SERRULATA CRISTATA
— VOLTUM	MESINUS	VARIEGATA
DIOSCOREA ARGYREA	HIPPEASTRUM VITTATUM HAR-	SPATHIPHYLLUM PICTUM
DIPLADENIA BREARLEYANA	RISONIE	STENOTAPHRUM GLABRUM VA-
DRACÉNA ALBO-ROSEA	IRIS KOROLKOWII	RIEGATUM
— FORMOSA	MACROZAMIA CYLINDRICA	STEUDNERA DISCOLOR
— GRANDIS	— PLUMOSA	TILLANDSIA MUSAICA
— ILLISTRIS	MARANTA CONCINNA	UTRICULARIA MONTANA ROSEA.

NEARLY 50,000 SUPERFICIAL FEET OF GLASS FILLED WITH
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